"Berry's for Clothes."

What Boys Like.

We've the kind of togs that the boys like.

We believe it was one of the best things for our business when we began catering to the boys. The boys you know, are just as proud of good clothes as the men.

We begin clothing them at the age of about three years.

Our Children's Department contains a wide variety of choice "togs" for the youngsters of that age, and we fix the prices so they will appeal strongly to the boy's mother. Consequence is, we get their trade on the start and we hold it as they grow up.

'Twould take a lot of hunting to find a better Children's Department anywhere than ours. Here you'll find every desirable style of suit that proud mothers might want for their boys—Vestee, Norfolk, Russian Blouse, and Double Breasted. You'll find, too, suits at any price that mothers want to pay—$1.45 to $9 a suit.

Then there's Hosiery, Boys' Waists, and Shirts, Ties, Gloves, Hats and Caps, Knee-Breeches and Overcoats—well, what boys wear we have, and what we have the boys will have.

O. H. Berry & Co.,

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

THE CHARLESTON EXPOSITION.

Secretary Long Invited to It—Probably a Warship There.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 31.—Captain F. W. Wagener, president of the Charleston Exposition, was at the Navy Department to-day, to extend to Secretary Long and other officials a cordial invitation to attend that exposition. The Secretary promised to do all in his power to contribute to the success of the exposition.

The management of the fair is anxious to have a war vessel sent to Charleston during the exposition, and the department probably will comply with this wish.

The Governor's Message.

Governor Tyler has nearly completed his message to the General Assembly. He will have to get some figures from the heads of departments before he can complete the document. Governor Tyler is at his home, at Radford, now. He will be back here Tuesday night. A report printed in another paper yesterday that he was ill somewhat nettled his Excellency. He is in fine health.

Wedding Announcement.

Invitations have been received here to the marriage of Miss Emma Louise Swift to Mr. Charles Belling Holladay, the ceremony to take place November 14th, at Wilmington, Del. The bride-elect is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Swift, of Delaware. Mr. Holladay is a son of Professor Alexander Q. Holladay, formerly of Richmond, now of Raleigh, N. C., and fills an important position with the Richmond Trust Company.

The Big Dock Nearing the Passes.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., October 31.—The Cromwell Line steamer Proteus, Captain Gager, from New York, reports: "At 12:30 A. M., October 20th, passed the New Orleans navay dry-dock in tow of two tugboats; appeared to be proceeding easily."

Captain Gager says that if the good weather prevailing in the Gulf continues, the dock should reach the Passes by Saturday, November 2d.

V. P. I. Defeats Clemson, 17 to 11.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 31.—The Virginia Polytechnic Institute defeated Clemson College in a well-played foot-ball game to-day, 17 to 11. A large crowd was present.

Plague Re-Appears at Glasgow.

GLASGOW, October 31.—The bubonic plague has reappeared here during the week. Four suspected cases were removed from the Central Station Hotel, belonging to the Caledonian railway, and one of the patients died to-day. The hotel has been closed, and all guests have been warned to leave by noon to-morrow.

Italian Quarantine at Liverpool.

ROME, October 31.—The port of Liverpool, England, has been declared infected with the bubonic plague. Arrivals from Liverpool at Italian ports will undergo the customary disinfection.

Cebu Insurgents Surrender.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 31.—An important cablegram was received at the War Department this afternoon, from General Chaffee. It follows, in part:

"Manila, October 31.—Adjutant-General, Washington:

"The following from Brigadier-General Hughes:

"'Insurrecto forces Cebu Island have come in and laid down arms in good faith, in obedience to demaid of people for peace; 130 rifles, eight brass pieces, sixty officers, 470 men. Affairs not yet satisfactory, Bohol Island; may move additional troops there to force settlement.'

"This settles, for the present at least, disturbances heretofore existing in Cebu. Further disorders on that island will be made by deliberate action of inhabitants, as peace may be easily preserved if people are disposed to do so. Shall advise Hughes to waste no time, but to move on Bohol immediately.

(Signed) "CHAFFEE."

Fresh Troops for the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 31.—General Miles has recommended that the Eleventh Cavalry and the 28th Infantry be sent to the Philippines. Two regiments are all that the Secretary desires to order to the Philippines at present. These regiments are to take the place of regiments in the Philippines to be brought home, which have been serving there three years or more, and the terms of enlistment of whose men are about to expire.

The order will not interfere with the department's plans for reducing the army in the Philippines. The regiments which are to be returned as soon as the transports are ready, are the Fourth, Seventeenth, Twentieth, and Twenty-second Infantry. These regiments have been longest in the islands.

Atlantic-Coast Line Railroad Company, Weldon, N. C., Fair.

For the above occasion this line will sell tickets to Weldon, N. C., at rate of one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents, for one admission to the Fair Grounds. Tickets to be sold October 28th, to November 1st, inclusive, final limit November 4, 1901.

For further information apply to any agent of the company; or

C. S. CAMPBELL,
Division Passenger Agent,
828 east Main street,
Richmond, Va.

FOR NORFOLK.

"The Atlantic Limited" via C. & O. Route.

"The Atlantic Limited," with Parlor Car, leaves Richmond 4:45 P. M. except Sunday; arrives Norfolk 7:20 P. M., and Old Point 6:35 P. M.. Stops only at Williamsburg and Newport News. Additional trains for Norfolk and Old Point leave Richmond 9 A. M. and 8:45 P. M. daily.

WELCOME TO MR. BURROWS.

T. P. A. Business Manager Royally Greeted by Richmond Post.

The smoker at the Travellers' Protective Association headquarters last night to welcome Mr. Burrows, the business manager of the association, to the city, was largely attended. Mr. Burrows made an address, explaining the work of the association. The talk excited much enthusiasm. A number of the members of the association made short talks.

Miss Essie Phillips delighted the audience with vocal and instrumental selections. Mr. E. H. Clowes sang several selections, and then the members and guests adjourned to the dining-room, where they partook of an elegant repast. The Ladies' Auxiliary prepared the lunch.

Mr. Burrows will leave this morning for Norfolk, to visit Post B, of that city. He will be accompanied by President C. Walton Saunders, who is also a member of the National Board of Directors. These two gentlemen will pay an official visit to all the posts of the Virginia Division. They will then leave the State together, to attend the National Board of Directors' meeting, which convenes in St. Louis on the 9th of November.

DR. STARR'S PLIGHT.

Richmond Medicine Man Violently Assaulted by Williamsburg Negro.

"Dr." H. Starr, of the Starr & Co. medical concern, No. 123 Brook avenue, seems to have had lots of trouble in Williamsburg last night. He wasn't killed, but the timely aid of the police seems to have been all that prevented a tragedy.

It seems that Starr proposed to sell a bottle of his medicine for $1.50 and to give away a bottle as a premium. He was giving a free show on the street in Williamsburg last night. The negroes thought they were being cheated in some way, and demanded money instead of medicine. A great row followed. Starr jumped out of his buggy. He was pounced on by a dozen negroes, with cries of "Kill him!" and other exclamations expressive forced Starr to return to the wagon and of the indignation they felt. The negroes give back their money. The Dispatch correspondent says he was so badly rattled that he gave back at least $50 more than he took in.

The "Doctor" was kept at the Raleigh Hotel all night, under the protection of the police.

Masons Against Liquor Traffic.

MACON, GA., October 31.—The Grand Lodge of Georgia Masons, which concluded its annual convention here to-day, approved the report of the Committee on Jurisprudence, recommending that those engaging in the sale or manufacture of liquor after joining a lodge shall be expelled. The report does not apply to druggists selling liquor for medicinal or scientific purposes.

Heavy Penalties Demanded.

DALLAS, TEX., October 31.—Suits filed by Attorney-General Bell against the corporations accused of violating the Texas anti-trust law, call for penalties approximatnig $85,000,000.

Mexia Will Case Settled.

DALLAS, TEX., October 31.—The famous Mexia will case has been finally settled out of court. Mrs. Mary Gray Mexia, and her daughter, Amanda Luze Mexia, of Paterson, N. J., the contestants, get one fourth of the million-dollar estate of the late General E. A. Maxia, the Mexican soldier-statesman, who died in the City of Mexico in 1896. The balance of the estate goes to the defendants, three daughters by another wife.

Richmonders in New York.

NEW YORK, October 31.—(Special.)—G. W. Stevens, C. E. Bolton, W. J. Payne and wife, C. E. Wenford, Waldorf; S. Galeski, Fifth-Avenue; R. Gwathmey, Astor; H. Estes, St. Dennis; O. J. Sands and wife, Herald Square; M. D. Brooks, Netherlands.

Jefferson-Banneker.

(Washington Star.)

To the Editor of the Evening Star:

In your issue of October 21st W. A. L. says: "The author of the Declaration of Independence during his presidency invited Banneker to dine with him at the Executive Mansion, which he did." This may be so, but I would respectfully ask D. A. L. to give his authority for the the statement. In 1845 John H. B. Latrobe prepared a sketch of Banneker for the Maryland Historical Society, and in this there was no mention of such an incident. Mrs. Tyson, of Maryland, wrote a history of Banneker, published in 1884, and in that no such fact is recorded. It is, however, mentioned in that history that Banneker, who assisted in the survey of the Federal District, as the District of Columbia was first called, and who also assisted in locating the Capitol, President's House, Treasury, and other public building, was of such deportment as to secure for him the respect of the commissioners and their staff, and was invited to sit at table with the engineering corps, but his characteristic modesty, however, induced him to decline. A separate table was then prepared for him in their dining-room, and his meals were served at the same time as the others. Mrs. Tyson also says that this was the only occasion of Banneker's being away from home, save once. Banneker lived near Ellicott's Mills, Md. The incident of Banneker's sending Mr. Jefferson a copy of his (Banneker's) first almanac, and Jefferson's transmitting it to the Academy of Science of Paris, was told alike by Latrobe and Mrs. Tyson. Banneker's letter transmitting the almanac and Jefferson's very gracious reply to Banneker are a part of each narrative.

B.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE
at
15c. PER HUNDRED
at the
DISPATCH OFFICE

THE TIME OF THE WHITE MAN'S DELIVERANCE IS AT HAND DECLARE—MESSRS. CAMERON AND THOM.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

broken and violated eevry pledge it made from Lincoln down, he said, in referring to the promises as to the war. He enumerated the history of the party from a period antedating the war to the trowning perfidy of negro enfranchisement and suffrage.

In reiterating the determination of the whites to rule, Colonel Cameron declared with great earnestness that as sure as the sun rises to-morrow the negro will be kept down. Let us do it legally, constitutionally, before the worst comes; before we have to use other means. Every experiment in negro government ever made had been a dismal failure, ending in bloodshed and disaster; and in supoprt of his asertion the speaker traced the history of the negro government in Haiti and described the excesses committed under the miserable attempt. "Fit for government! Why it is a travesty on government wherever it has been attempted. The negro is not fit for self-government, and it is useless to try to hold the tottering edifice up, for it will crumble to ruin when the white man's supporting hand is removed," declared the speaker.

In closing, Colonel Cameron said: "You have Montague, and a white man, and the white man's friend; you have Willard, a white man, and the white man's friend; you have Anderson, whose privilege it was to shed his blood as a pledge of his fidelity to his people and to bear through life from young manhood to age this crippled limb as a mute testimony to that fidelity.

"The time has come for us to stand together and to win a victory on the 5th of November, which will mean liberty to all th good people of Virginia.

A feature of the speech of ex-Governor Cameron was a graceful tribute to Senator Daniel, his rival for the governorship twenty years ago. The magnanimity of this voluntary eulogy no less than the merits of the subject contributed to evoke splendid applause.

When the applause that followed Mr. Cameron's speech had subsided, Mr. Pollard presented Mr. Thom, whom he characterized as a man possessing those qualities of practical statesmanship for which Virginia had been noted.

MR. THOM'S SPEECH.

Mr. Thom was greeted with great applause, which testified that his reputation was already well known to his hearers. "Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Citizens of Virginia.—For the first time in many years a real and an active issue confronts our people. Forty years ago we were in the throes of the greatest revolution of modern history." This opening sentence, delivered with impressive solemnity, at once enchained the attention of the audience, and the speaker easily held it to the close and won frequent expressions of approval. He pictured the prostrate condition of the State at the end of the struggle, and described the new Constitution framed at such a time, characterizing it as a curse that has left its imprint on our character and hampered intellectual development and deprived the people of Virginia of their leadership in the affairs of the nation so prominent in our early history. It is inevitable, said Mr. Thom, when we consider the fact that it has never been possible within the present generation for Virginians to think or act without referenc to the problem at their doors. The tariff, currency, insular policy, centralization, and all the great problems of government were pressing for solution, and Virginians should have a share in solving them and directing the nation's destinies. But a black cloud had arisen and was threatening our peace, and we had to step back into the ranks and surrender anything like intellectual freedom. The fastening of the negro problem upon the South the speaker characterized as one of the greatest crimes ever perpetrated upon a people by the hand of relentless power.

VIRGINIA THEN AND NOW.

With thrilling and fervid eloquence, the speaker reviewed Virginia's contribution to the greatness of this country up to the time of Reconstruction, mentioning some of the great men she had given to the country and their conspicuous part in shaping its destiny. What is our contribution to-day, he asked, drawing the antithesis sharply and clearly. What do we do to influence its destinies or to shape its policies? The contrast fills one with sadness and humillation. "We have not," said Mr. Thom, "become degenerates, we are not less intellectually; it is merely that we have less opportunity to use our influence in governmental affairs than formerly, owing to the engrossment problem at home. We are not free to act save on one question—whether the whites or the blacks shall rule the destinies of this people. In order for us at the South to protect our civilization, our homes, our women, it is necessary to resort to any method of conquering this negro vote. We are raising up our sons to believe it is right to resort to any means of averting this evil. The time has come to liberate the honest heart of this people from all servitude. That's what we are trying to do. It is our purpose to eliminate the negro, root and branch, as a political factor in Virginia, and, God helping us, we propose to stay in that capital until we achieve that result. The convention could have framed a makeshift and adjourned in a few weeks, but we of the black belt determined that we would accept nothing but a solution, and no mere whitewashing in the matter."

A SIGNIFICANT STATEMENT.

Referring to the suffrage plan of the convention the speaker said: "We of the black belt are willing to make sacrifices, but every plan that affected the white man was then and there abandoned. Let me tell you here and now, with full appreciation of the responsibility I assume, that it is an unfailing test of any plan proposed that it shall preserve inviolate the white suffrage; but we are not going away from that capital until we disfranchise the blacks. Intellectual freedom will be secured thereby, and that alone will open the doors of opportunity to the men of Virginia."

There are men in that convention whose interests are being sacrificed every day for the people of the State. There is no disposition to prolong the sessions unnecessarily; but, whatever the personal sacrifices, the patriotic service must be performed of emancipating the white people, morally and intellectually, from the curse put upon them by their conquerors. He declared with great earnestness that many members of the convention would go to their homes at its conclusion never to enter the public service again. Here was a great crisis, a great opportunity, and these men had made sacrifices for the benefit of their State and their fellow men.

"I appeal to you to hold up the hands of those men," continued Mr. Thom. "I give you my pledge, Virginia shall be free and free forever. There are diversities of opinion in the convention, but none on the question of enfranchising the whole white vote and of disfranchising as many blacks as possible. The convention is unanimous in that. We stand in the relation of trustees to generations yet unborn. Our children and our children's children shall be free from this curse under which we have lived. We have a past that calls for our highest emulation. We are not degenerates; there are men among us capable of great contributions to history. We were leaders of thought and action in the nation up to the time negro suffrage was put upon us."

A BEAUTIFUL PERORATION.

Mr. Thom concluded his masterly address with a beautiful peroration, in which he eulogized Washington and Jefferson and the other patriots of their time and since, and declared with impassioned eloquence that Virginia had illuminated all the pages of glory when Pickett and his men had mounted that hill at Gettysburg and captured the temple of glory. He classed Jackson along with the Caesars and Alexanders and Napoleons, and declared that when the columns of immortals shall form, if one star differs in glory from another, Robert E. Lee shall march at the head of that legion. The arms of this people is not shortened that they cannot achieve. All that is needed is opportunity.

Mr. Thom concluded: "The issue of this campaign is whether the work of this convention shall be intrusted to Democrats or to Republicans to be put into execution; whether Hoge shall be Governor or Montague. That is the great issue confronting you. Virginia will be true, as she has always been."

AT TRIGG YARDS TO-DAY.

Kelley and Wallace to Address the Workers—Political Gossip.

Hon. S. L. Kelley will speak at the Trigg ship-yard at noon to-day. Mr. Jefferson Wallace will accompany, him, and will also speak if there is sufficient time for two speeches. Each of these gentlemen is regarded as peculiarly strong on the stump, especially when speaking to workingmen, and the City Committee has been using them this week in the shops.

Mr. Wallace will address a meeting in Henrico county at Terry's Hall to-morrow night at 8 o'clock.

On Monday, at noon, Mr. Wallace will speak at the Richmond Locomotive Works. This will be the third and last meeting at that shop during the campaign. The locomotive men have heard from Colonel Anderson, Mr. Folkes, and Mr. Kelley, and Mr. Wallace is expected to close the shop campaign.

Colonel George Wayne Anderson and Mr. James B. Doherty will address the Democrats of Newport News to-night. Both gentlemen are well known in the ship-building city and will doubtless have a fine audience.

Mr. Jefferson Wallace and Mr. S. L. Kelley were the speakers at a midday meeting of the employees of the Richmond Locomotive-Works yesterday. Mr. Wallace introduced Mr. Kelley in a short speech and "the King" talked for half an hour on the issues of the campaign. The meeting was held in the boiler shop.

The Democrats have arranged for a meeting at Gifford's Hall on the Government road in Henrico, at 8 o'clock tomorrow night. Congressman Lamb, Mr. S. P. Waddill, and Mr. E. C. Folkes will be the speakers.

GOOE WORK BY OUR SPEAKERS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

been delivered here in this campaign.

AN ANECDOTE OF HOGE.

He Used to Think It Disgraceful Not to Be Democratic.

PAMPLIN CITY, VA., October 31.—(Special.)—Quite a number of years ago, during a presidential election, a fine-looking, well-dressed man came into the store of Mr. James M. Durphey and said, "I want to get a horse and buggy to go to Charlotte Court. I have to make a speech there to-day."

"Well," replied Mr. Durphey, who kept the only livery stable in the place, "before you can get a horse and buggy of me, I want to know on which side you are going to speak."

"Can't you tell a gentleman when you see him?" said the stranger, drawing himself up proudly to his full height, and leaving Mr. Durphey to draw his own inference.

"I think you look like a good Democrat," said Mr. Durphey.

"I am J. Hampton Hoge, of Montgomery," he replied.

Mr. Durphey grasped his hand warmly, introduced him to the bystanders, and soon had the horse and buggy at his disposal.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spencer, of Lynchburg, are guests of Mr. P. P. Pankey, father of Mrs. Spencer.

Mrs. S. H. Franklin, of Lynchburg, is staying at Mr. J. R. Franklin's.

The corn crop is generally housed, and proves to be better than the average, except on low grounds.

CAMPAIGN IN WARREN.

Meetings Held by Both of the Parties.

FRONT ROYAL, VA., October 31.—(Special.)—Both Democrats and Republicans held political meetings here to-night. Mr. R. W. Dickenson, the Republican candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and Hon. Thomas Lee Moore, member of the Constitutional Convention, addressed in the Opera House, at 8:45 o'clock, an audience of Republicans consisting of eleven white persons and some thirty or forty negroes. At the same time the court-house was filled with a large audience of representative citizens who listened with great interest to the exposition of Democratic doctrine by Hon. Joseph E. Willard and W. B. Richards, Esq. Mr. Willard was introduced by W. H. Turner, county chairman, and made an excellent speech, which was frequently punctuated by the applause of his audience. Mr. Willard, convincingly demonstrated the benefits which Virginia has derived from Democratic government and made a forcible plea for the maintenance of white rule in the old Commonwealth. His speech was an effective and pleasing one.

After the conclusion of Mr. Willard's speech there were calls for Mr. W. B. Richards, of this place, who responded in an earnest appeal to Warren county voters to aid the cause of Democracy in the coming election. His speech aroused much enthusiasm and elicited great applause. The character of the audiences at the two meetings was a practical demonstration of the Democratic reason for refusing joint discussions. The prospects are that Warren county will give a good account of herself in the next election, and that the regular Democratic majority will not be lessened.

SPEAKING AT STUART.

The Democrats Have a Fine Crowd.

(Correspondence of the Dispatch.)

STUART, VA., October 29.—In anticipation of a discussion of the issues of the present campaign by the orators booked for this place, and it also being county court day, quite a large number of our citizens was on hand to-day. The Democrats were represented by Colonel P. H. Dillard and Judge Samuel W. Williams. The Republicans had B. A. Davis, A. L. Pedigo, and John W. Hartwell, who spoke to a small crowd in the court-house yard.

The Democrats occupied the court-house. The announcement was made that speaking would be had in the court-house by the Democrats exactly at 12 o'clock. Hon. S. A. Thompson, in a very eloquent manner, introduced Colonel Dillard, who spoke to an attentive audience for nearly an hour, and in conclusion introduced Judge Williams, who came forward, amid tremendous applause. He spoke for two hours to the most enthusiastic audience that your correspondent has ever seen in this county. Judge Williams's speech was a masterly effort throughout. By his unanswerable argument and matchless eloquence he held his audience spellbound for more than two hours, while the Republicans on the outside tried in vain to make a yell to attract the attention of the crowd that filled the spacious court-house to the utmost capacity.

AUGUSTA POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Tremendous Activity But in a Quiet Way—That U. S. Judgeship.

STAUNTON, VA., October 31.—(Special.) There has been less activity in Staunton and Augusta in politics this year, so far as public speaking is concerned, than at any general State election for twenty years.

And yet the local candidates for the Legislature and the local party managers have been busy in getting in names on the registration books, which closed Saturday, and both parties are doing a lot of still hunting.

For the first time since Gilbert C. Walker was a candidate the candidates for the office of Governor have given Augusta and Staunton the "go by."

The reason, apparently, is that the State managers think that it is "up to" Lieutenant-Governor Edward Echols, who was a candidate for Governor, to see that this corner of the Democratic garden is well worked, and that a fruitful Democratic majority is garnered.

Mr. Echols is now county chairman, and may be relied on to relax in no effort to land a majority for the Democratic candidates.

In all his long public career, Mr. Echols has never yet failed in any of his political undertakings, with the single exception of his candidacy this year for the Democratic nomination for Governor.

There is a like attitude in State headquarters towards the Republicans. Staunton is the home and office of United States Marshall Colonel S. Brown Allen, and Messrs. Allen, Heber Kerr, John A. Noon, and Robert Emmett Kinney are expected at Republican State headquarters to see to it that this point in the battle line is well taken care of.

THAT UNITED STATES JUDGESHIP.

The Staunton Republicans to-day are laughing at the rumor that Harry Tucker should now be seriously considered by anybody as Mr. Roosevelt's appointee for the United States district judgeship to succeed Judge John Paul, who is now in a moribund condition.

In discussing the matter with the Dispatch correspondent this morning, prominent Republicans said that they had plenty of good legal lumber in their own yard, and need not go outside of the party for a judge for this district.

They say that Hampton Hoge would rather have it even than to be Governor of Virginia, for the judicial position is a lifetime job, as against a four-years' residence in the Governor's Mansion.

Hon. George A. Revercomb, of Covington; Hon. Henry Clay McDowell, of Wise, and Hon. A. P. Gillespie, of Tazewell, member of the Constitutional Convention and candidate before the Republican convention for the office of Attorney-General at Roanoke—these four prominent Republican lawyers, it is generally believed here will be petitioners for the judgeship, which is expected soon to be at Mr. Roosevelt's disposal.

ORATORS IN HAMPTON.

Speeches by Barksdale, Cummings, Eason, and Peterson.

HAMPTON, VA., October 31.—(Special.) Senator William P. Barksdale, of Halifax county; Hon. S. Gordon Cummings, the local nominee for the Legislature; Hon. I. W. Eason, and Marshall R. Peterson, Esq., of Norfolk, spoke to a crowd of four hundred people in Armory Hall to-night.

The assembly was a representative one in all respects, and the Democratic leaders are much encouraged at the enthusiasm demonstrated during the speaking.

Hon. John Goode was advertised as the orator of the evening, but was forced to remain at his home on account of illness, a fact which was deeply regretted by the large audience that assembled to hear him.

Mr. Goode, in his message stating his illness, said he was suffering very much from the effects of a cold and sore throat, and expressed the belief that he was bordering on incipient grippe. He deeply lamented his inability to come.

Senator Barksadle made an especially strong argument, and the impression prevails that his address will mean much in the vote of next Tuesday.

BAKER VERSUS BALL.

Legislative Candidates Debate in Westmoreland County.

WARSAW, VA., October 31.—(Special.) Politics are waxing warm in Westmoreland county this week. Baker, the Democrat, and Ball, the Republican, candidates for the House of Delegates, are stumping the county and are having joint discussions wherever a crowd can be secured.

To-night these candidates met at Oldham. The attendance was large, and Baker carried things by storm. Ball was game, but his opponent was too good a campaigner for him.

JONES AT FREDERICKSBURG.

Congressman Addressed an Unusually Large Crowd—Aaron Graves Dead.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., October 31.—(Special.)—Congressman W. A. Jones tonight addressed the Democrats of this city. The audience was the largest of any political meeting of the campaign, and much enthusiasm was manifested. Among the crowd were only two negroes.

Aaron Graves, a prominent young man of Stafford county, died suddenly to-day. He was 24 years of age. Two sisters and two brothers survive him.

THE PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

Its Sober Second Thought Admits Press Representatives.

MEXICO CITY, October 31.—The Pan-American conference has received from the Spanish colony at Buenos Ayres, a cablegram congratulating it on the sentiments favorable to Spain, expressed by General Rafael Reyes, delegate from Colombia, at the municipal banquet. The session this morning, which finally resolved on the admission of representatives of the press to the sessions of the Pan-American conference, was very interesting. The first proposition submitted was that of Peru, whose delegates asked that as many of the press representatives as the hall would hold be admitted, their number being left to the discretion of the president of the congress. This proposition was rejected by the votes of Chile, Colombia, Uruguay, the United States, Mexico, Brazil, Hayti, Guatemala, Honduras Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica, twelve votes against seven.

The next proposition, presented by Chile, differing slightly from that of Peru, was taken up. It had been expected that Peru and its allies would vote against Chile's proposal, which, united to the votes of the delegates hostile to the admission of the press in any form, would have defeated it, thus excluding newspaper representatives from the sessions. However Senor Alzamora, for Peru made a very able speech in supporting Chile's proposal. "We consider principles not persons," he said. Senor Carbo, of Ecuador, jumped to his feet, and said that the last expression was a reflection on the other delegations, and called on the speaker to withdraw his words. This was declined, and the incident was assuming a somewhat threatening character, when the president of the congress, Senor Raigosa, intervened, saying that he saw nothing censurable in Alzamora's words. Chile's proposal, owing to the action of Peru, was adopted.

Vicious Attack in Samar.

MANILA, October 31.—Advises just received from Catbalogan, Island of Samar, say that twelve men of Company G, of the Ninth Infantry, under command of Sergeant Willford, who had been sent from Basey to San Antonio to investigate and report in regard to the number of bolomen in the vicinity, were viciously attacked by 140 insurgents, who rushed on them with great violence, killing two of the soldiers, and wounding two others. Willford remained cool and collected during the attack, and the survivors say he acted splendidly. Fourteen of the insurgents were killed.

Captain Bookmiller, of Company G, recommends Willford for a medal of honor, and Privates Swanton and Vero for certificates of merit.

THE THOM SUFFRAGE PLAN.

There is Great Likelihood of Its Adoption by the Convention.

A prominent member of the Constitutional Convention expressed the opinion last night that the Thom suffrage plan was certain of adoption. He did not think there was any likelihood of Senator Daniel's returning to the convention; he was confident the Senator would not make a fight for his plan.

Senator Daniel has been very ill. He is better now. But his friends think he will not come back to the convention. Mr. Thom will make a fight for his plan, with many chances in his favor. The advocates of this plan are confident of its adoption.

To Observe All-Saints' Day.

This is All-Saints' Day, and there will be special services in the Catholic and Episcopal churches of the city. There will be solemn high mass at St. Peters's Cathedral at 11 o'clock, following mass at 6 and 8 o'clock. Very Rev. Father Bowler will celebrate the mass, and Father Waters will preach the sermon.

To-morrow is All-oSuls' Day, and will be celebrated by mass in all the Catholic churches of the city at 6 and 8 o'clock. There will be high mass at St. Peter's at 9 o'clock to-morrow. Services will be held in Mount Calvary Cemetery after the 9 o'clock mass.

The Holy Communion will be administered at St. Paul's Episcopal church at 11 o'clock this morning.

Briefs and Personals.

The subject of Dr. Calisch's sermon at Beth Ahaba this evening will be "Angels Unawares."

—

The New York Herald of yesterday says: Mr. and Mrs. Powell Evans gave a dinner this evening for Lieutenant Victor Blue, United States navy, and Mrs. Blue, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Riely, of Richmond, Va.

—

Miss Louise Cabell Loving is the guest of Miss Page Nichols, of Petersburg, where she went to attend the marriage of Miss Lillian Nichols.

—

Mr. J. T. L. Troodman, who was operated on at the Retreat for the Sick, is reported by his phpsicians, Drs. Carrington and Nelson, to be improving.

—

Miss Mamie Lynn, of Loudoun county, the sponsor for the Ninth District to the recent Confederate reunion in Petersburg, is visiting friends in Richmond.

—

Miss Hockaday, of south Fourth street, has as her guest Miss Stella C. Edwards, of King William.

—

Dr. Alfred Bagby, Jr., of Baltimore, son of Dr. Alfred Bagby, has been recently made lecturer on Public International Law and Roman Law in the Baltimore Law School.

—

An informal talk on health and hygiene will be given this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Young Men's Christian Association by Miss Helena Nolin. No admission fee will be charged.

Book and Job Printing neatly executed at the Dispatch Printing House.

All Good

All doctors are good, but only the best can cure the hardest cases. Just so with cough medicines. All are good, but only the best can cure the hardest coughs. Buy the kind the doctors prescribe,—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

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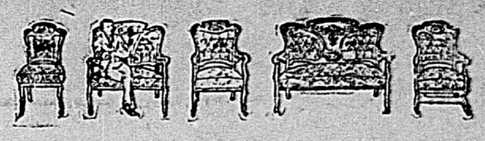

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To appreciate it fully, you'll have to drop in and see it. We think you'll be surprised at the prices too, for it is not as expensive as you might think.

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