BAPTISTS ASSEMBLED

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

ing to a purpose" as any man in the State; Dr. R. H. Pitt, of the Religious Herald, a graceful writer, whose fine judgment has made him valuable in the councils of the denomination; Dr. Charles H. Ryland, always calm and who rarely speaks unless brought out in the interests of Richmond College; Mr. M. M. Morriss, of Glade Spring, in the Southwest, is one of the wisest and most modest laymen in the State; the scholarly and beloved Whitsitt, and many equally well-known.

The room from the beginning was filled. The proceedings had but fairly begun when every foot of standing-room was being valiant service.

A SOCIAL HYMN.

The entire audience rose and sang "Praise God, From Whom All Blessings Flow." The opening prayer was offered by Rev. H. W. Tribble, D. D., of Charlottesville. Then for perhaps the first time in its history the association sang a hymn composed expressly for its opening session. It was "Lord Jesus, Founder of Love," composed by the Rev. W. S. Leake, of the Fulton Baptist church. The words of the hymn are beautiful, and as real poetry the hymn is a credit to the talented young Richmond pastor who is its author.

The masterly introductory sermon by the Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, D. D., of the Grove-Avenue church, followed. Many spoke in high praise of this discourse, which was unquestionably one of the supreme efforts of this eloquent preacher's life. Dr. Hawthorne could be heard in every part of the house, speaking on the theme "The Field Is the World." He said in part: "The nineteenth century, crowded with achievements in science, government, practical arts, and Christian enterprises, beyond all preceding years, is now past. The twentieth century, anticipated for many generations as the period of unprecedented progress in all that makes for the higher welfare of mankind, is upon us. It seems to me to be a wise use of this occasion to survey the vast field of Christian activities, to review the work already accomplished, and to calculate the opportunities and possibilities of the future.

"The Field Is the World.' When the ancient Jew spoke of the world his thought compassed only the country lying around the Mediterranean. This was as far as his knowledge of the earth and its inhabitants extended. When Jesus said, 'The field is the world,' and 'Go ye into all the world and preach the Gospel unto every creature,' He had before his mind's eye every continent, nation, kindred, tongue, and tribe. The field which His thought compassed included all human beings then living on the earth and their successors to the end of time.

"As a man develops in spiritual life his vision, sympathies, and plans of usefulness enlarge. Growing in knowledge and grace, he grows in benevolent solicitude and activity for humanity everywhere and in every age. The individual who is concerned only about his own welfare, and the nation which looks only to her own good, have about his own ignoble ethics of Cain, who said: 'Am I my brothe's keeper?' How unworthy such a man and such a nation illustrate the spirit of that divine precept which says: 'As ye have opportunity, do good unto all men.'

CHRIST'S FIELD.

"When Christ says: 'The field is the world,' it implies that the world is His property. He would not commission His servants to occupy territory which does not belong to Him. 'The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof.' His signature is upon it. It is imprinted in imperishable characters on every rock, shell, leaf, and flower under the canopy of heaven. When we go into any quarter of the globe to preach the Gospel we go by the authority of Him to whom the world belongs. No foot of earth do we occupy by sufferance. It is ours, because it is our Master's. Our title is registered in heaven and stamped with the eternal heraldry and signature of the Almighty.

"If the field is the world and we are divinely commanded to preach the Gospel to every creature we infer that all men are in need of the Gospel. All are in need of it because 'all have sinned and come short of the glory of God.' Moral depravity is universal. 'Our mother took the poisoned cup and tainted all our blood.' The trend of man's moral nature is downward to the dust. To reverse this order and bring the human soul into sympathy with truth, unity and righteousness is a work that can be accomplished only by divine wisdom and power. This wisdom and power are in the Gospel of the Son of God. Everything else has failed. The most intellectual, learned, and religious nations of antiquity are grossly immoral. Their 'Academic Groves,' and even the places where their most solemn religious rites were performed, were sinks of debauchery and shame.

"If the Eternal Son of God has commanded us to compass the whole world of mankind with our Christian activities and if His Gospel has the same purifying and elevating power in every region of the earth, we must believe that the human tribes have a common origin and should be recognized as one great family. This was Paul's understanding and belief, when from the heights of Mar's Hill, he said to the haughty Greeks: 'God hath made of one blood all nations.'

THE ONENESS OF HUMANITY.

"There are men among us who have no sympathy with this doctrine. They are utterly hostile to it. Recognizing the superiority of their Caucasian blood and ancestry, they will not believe that they are brothers to the man of long heel and flat foot. They regard their short heels and hollow feet and Grecian noses as infallible proofs of a different and nobler origin.

"In magnifying these differences they lose sight of a thousand more important features, in which every human being is exactly like every other human being. If there were no liver in the body of the Chinaman, if the Esquimaux's brains were in his heels and the African's eyes were in the back of his head; there would be some show of reason in rejecting the doctrine of the unity of the races. But such physical differences do not exist.

"As we get above the physical elements in men their resemblances to each other are still more apparent and striking. All men are alike in that all are endowed with conscience. It is found in the brute savage as well as in the civilized man. It is this universal faculty which renders possible the moral elevation of the whole human race. Every man has a religious nature. Here he stands infinitely removed from the brute. He will worship something, but he knows not what to worship until the true and living God is revealed to him. It is the blessedness of that revelation which we bestow upon him when we preach to him the glorious Gospel of the Son of God.

"The fruits of Christianity are the same in every land and clime. We know what have been the effects of Gospel influence upon the Caucasian race in this and other countries. It has made it the dominant race. The nations inhabited by this race have given to the world all that is best and most enduring in civilization. We see what Christianity can do for an inferior race when we look at India. Over many parts of that dark region of idolatry, vice, and wretchedness, where Carey and Judson preached the Gospel in the beginning of the last century, there reigns to-day the prosperity, purity, peace, and happiness which distinguish Christian civilization everywhere.

CHINESE CHRISTIANS.

"Among those Chinese who have forsaken idolatry and embraced the religion of Christ may be found thousands of men and women adorned with all the Christian virtues, and intent upon keeping step with other peoples in the great march of progress. Present indications warrant us in believing that China will be a civilized and Christianized country before the close of this century.

"In our own land and in our own homes we see what Christianity can do for the African. How superior is the Christianized negro of America to his Kaffir or Hottentot brothers roving amid his native jungles. The average American negro, though still vastly inferior to the average American white man, is an angel in comparison with his African ancestors brought to this country in New England slave-ships. There is a book, widely circulated in this country, in which there is a discussion to prove that the negro is a beast. While I am no negrophobist, I take no stock in the sentiment of that blasphemous publication. If the negro is a brute, I do not hesitate to say that there are thousands of industrious, law-abiding, educated, and God-loving black brutes in this country, for whom I have vastly more respect than for some drunken, licentious, lawless, infidel bipeds, who call themselves men.

"When we consider what the Christian religion has done during the last hundred years in promoting material, religious, and social progress, who can doubt that the obligation is upon the churches of Jesus Christ to continue their evangelizing work, and who can doubt that if their efforts should be commensurate with their ever-increasing opportunities, they will, in the next hundred years, overthrow all false religion, vanquish all the forces of infidelity and skepticism, and lift the whole world of mankind to that state of purity and happiness which, in all past ages has been the constant theme of prophecy and song?"

FIGHT OVER PRESIDENCY.

The closest attention was given Dr. Hawthorne throughout his discourse. When he had concluded, the president announced the hymn sung the world over, the "Coronation."—"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name." Dr. Battle offered prayer. The business session followed. It was introduced with the election of officers, the roll-call having been dispensed with.

The spirit of the fine body was shown at the offset. With the vigor of a young man, the venerable Dr. Thomas S. Dunaway sprang to his feet and was recognized. In a speech, in which he withheld the name of the gentleman whom he was to honor with the nomination for the presidency, Dr. Dunaway at last satisfied pent-up curiosity by presenting the name of Dr. Beale, of Westmoreland county. Dr. Dunaway asked that the association do what it had done almost altogether in recent years, elect its presiding officer by acclamation. But he was vastly mistaken about the temper of the body. This is going to be a body that will fight every inch of ground yielded. Rev. M. L. Wood, of Staunton, was recognized, and in a speech in which he said the nicest things about Dr. Beale, incidentally pleased a large number of the delegates by placing in nomination Judge Moffett, of Salem.

Dr. W. R. L. Smith, of Richmond, seconded the nomination of Dr. Beale. Then Dr. A. E. Owen, of Norfolk, one of the best speakers in the association, because he never speaks unless he has something to say and always talks tersely and to the point, said the man he would nominate "had all the good qualities the other nominees had and a good many more." Then he named Dr. W. F. Fisher and took his seat. Rev. Percy G. Elsom, of Danville, and others seconded the nomination of Judge Moffett. "Question" was called and a committee was appointed to distribute the slips and collect the ballots. The count showed the following result: Dr. Beale, 261 votes, Judge Moffett, 107, and Dr. Fisher, 38. Total votes cast, 406.

DR. BEALE ELECTED

Dr. Beale was declared elected. Dr. Beale took the chair and presided to the end of the session. Nominations were made for the vice-presidency like a proverbial hail-storm. The following names were presented as fast as their respective friends could talk: Rev. W. J. Shipman, Rev. J. F. Deans, D. D., Rev. L. J. Haley, Dr. C. F. James, Rev. W. M. Kirk, Rev. John R. Bagby, D. D., Mr. B. T. Gunter, Jr., Dr. A. E. Owen, and Rev. M. F. Sanford. The ballots were taken, but the pile looked so large at that time of the night that, when a brother made a motion to count to-day, everybody figuratively heaved a sigh of relief and voted "aye," willing to stand the suspense as to which four of the lot will fall the honor. Secretary Smith, Treasurer Jacob, Auditor Montgomery, and Statistical Secretary W. F. Dunaway were re-elected. Secretary Smith at once reappointed Mr. H. Theodore Ellyson his assistant secretary.

The president appointed a Committee on Order of Business, which reported that three sessions will be held to-day—at 9:30, 3, and 8 o'clock. At 10 o'clock the Educational Conference will make its report, recommending that a commission of fifteen be appointed to devise some means for the unification of the Baptists schools of the State. The Educational Conference met yesterday afternoon and formulated this report.

This will be "Education-Day" of the association and will be one of the most interesting of the entire session. It will rank with the day when foreign missions will be considered.

The session was adjourned with prayer, offered by the Rev. J. F. Beam, D. D.

NOTES OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Grace-Street Church Ideal Place—Reporters' Chair Misappropriated.

The Grace-Street Baptist church is almost an ideal place for holding a big gathering like the General Association. The church is finely lighted, its pews are comfortable, and the building is easily ventilated. The location is central and is easily reached by means of all the street-car lines. The committee of the church, which has in charge the arrangements, has done everything possible for the convenience of the delegates and to facilitate the transaction of business. Mr. E. M. Foster has personally seen to these important details. He has had placed in the church several chairs and tables for the use of the newspaper men connected with the daily papers of the city, but last night members of the churches of the city misappropriated both tables and chairs to the extent of using them for themselves. Old men, who ought to know better, will settle themselves squarely and comfortably in these seats, and a modest young newspaper man dislikes very much to disturb them, though, if he is to give the many thousands of interested people who are unable to attend, reports of the proceedings, there isn't much else that he can do but claim his own.

Judge Barksdale makes a fine presiding officer. He is probably not as quick to see a situation as Dr. Hatcher, but he is always cool, and his wits are always with him. Then, he is eminently fair.

Three very striking-looking men were Two very striking-looking men were on the pulpit stand with Judge Barksdale last night. They were Dr. Hawthorne, stalwart and tall, who would attract attention in any assembly; Rev. R. W. Cridlin, president of the Southside Female Institute.

CANCER

Sufferers from this horrible malady nearly always inherit it—not necessarily from the parents, but may be from some remote ancestor, for Cancer often runs through several generations. This deadly poison may lay dormant in the blood for years, or until you reach middle life, then the first little sore or ulcer makes its appearance—or a swollen gland in the breast, or some other part of the body, gives the first warning.

To cure Cancer thoroughly and permanently all the poisonous virus must be eliminated from the blood—every vestage of it driven out. This S. S. S. does, and is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated, obstinate blood troubles like this. When all the poison has been forced out of the system the Cancer heals, and the disease never returns.

Cancer begins often in a small way, as the following letter from Mrs. Shirer shows:

A small pimple came on my jaw about an inch below the ear on the left side of my face. It gave me no pain or inconvenience, and I should have forgotten about it had it not begun to inflame and itch; it would bleed a little, then scab over, but would not heal. This continued for some time, when my jaw began to swell, becoming very painful. The Cancer began to eat and spread, until it was as large as a half dollar, when I heard of S. S. S. and determined to give it a fair trial, and it was remarkable what a wonderful effect it had from the very beginning; the sore began to heal and after taking a few bottles disappeared entirely. This was two years ago; there are still no signs of the Cancer, and my general health continues good.—MRS. R. SHIRER, La Plata, Mo.

SSS is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for our free book on Cancer, containing valuable and interesting information about this disease, and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PRETTY BERRYVILLE WEDDING.

Marriage of Dr. James Cobey and Miss Elizabeth Earle.

BERRYVILLE, VA., November 14.—(Special.)—Miss Elizabeth Kownslar Earle, daughter of Mrs. Ellen Burns Earle, of Mt. Zion, Warren county, Va., was married this evening at 7:30 o'clock, in the Meade Memorial church, at White Post, Clarke county, to Dr. James Carpenter Cobey, of Frostburg, Md.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Edward C. White, rector of the church, assisted by Rev. W. P. Painter, and was witnessed by a large concourse of friends and relatives of the wedded couple, many of whom came from a distance.

Pink and white, the color scheme of the wedding, was beautifully carried out in the church decorations, which were chrysanthemums of these colors.

The bridal party was: Ushers—Mr. Marshall Price, of Frostburg, Md.; Messrs. Lindley Sloane and Taylor Smith, of Cumberland, Md.; Edward Cobey, of Charles county, Md., and Alexander and Paul Earle, brothers of the bride, of Mt. Zion.

The bridesmaids were Misses Beatrice Seymour Goodwin and Mary Luttrell, of Washington, D. C.; Sarah Coe, of Charlestown, W. Va.; Julia Allcocke, of Shreveport, La.; Virginia Cooke, of Front Royal; Lilly Moore, of Berryville, and Carrie Cobey, of Charles county, Md., sister of the groom. Miss Virginia Earle was the maid of honor.

Dr. Howard Cobey, of Washington, D. C., was the best man.

The wedding procession proceeded up the aisle in the accustomed order, the bride leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. John B. Earle, who gave her away.

Dr. and Mrs. Cobey will make their home in Frostburg, Md., where the groom has an extensive medical practice.

NORFOLK WEDDINGS.

One Attended by a Rear Admiral and Staff.

NORFOLK, November 14.—(Special.)—Three stylish weddings occurred here to-day. One was that of Miss Cornell A. Tucker, of Norfolk, to Mr. Harry Taylor Poor, society and clubman of Baltimore. Another was that of Miss Emory Dabney Duncan, to Mr. John Thomas MacMahon, of Pennsylvania, and a third, a brilliant naval wedding, Miss Mary Ferebee, daughter of Medical Director Nelson M. Ferebee, becoming the bride of William Stamps Howard, of Tarboro', N. C. The latter event was signalized by the attendance of Rear-Admiral Cotton, commanding this naval station and his entire staff. It occurred at the directors' residence at the hospital, and was celebrated by Bishop Cheshire, of the Diocese of North Carolina. Miss Ruth Ferebee, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Ferdinand B. Johnson, of Clinton, N. C., best man.

The Poor-Tucker wedding was celebrated in Christ Episcopal church this afternoon at 12:30 o'clock, Bishop Randolph, assisted by Rev. Carl E. Grammar, rector of Christ church.

FLETCHER-FORBES.

A Brilliant Marriage in Warrenton.

WARRENTON, VA., November 14.—(Special.)—Miss Emily North Forbes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Murray Forbes, and Mr. Albert Fletcher, Jr., were married this evening at 6 o'clock in St. James Episcopal church, Rev. George W. Nelson officiating. Hon. Albert Fletcher, member of the Constitutional Convention and father of the bridegroom, was best man. The bride was beautifully gowned in white canton crepe, trimmed in pearls and chiffon, and carried a show bouquet of lillies of the valley and white roses. The maid of honor, Miss Mary Semmes Forbes, sister of the bride, and the bridesmaid, Miss Lucile Carter, of Orange, wore green crepe de chine, and carried white carnations. The ushers were Thomas J. Semmes, of New Orleans; Dr. Litchfield, of Johns Hopkins; Innis Forbes, brother of the bride, and G. Latham Fletcher, J. A. C. Keith, and Dr. Howard Fletcher, of Warrenton.

The wedding march was beautifully rendered by Miss Anna Day.

The decorations of the church consisted of palms and white carnations—a green and white wedding throughout. The effect was most pleasing. The ceremony was witnessed by a most brilliant assemblage.

Among those present from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. C. Irwin Dunn, Miss North, and Miss Allison Williams, of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. Archer Roberts, of Washington; Mr. Charles Semmes and Mr. Gaylord Clark, of Alexandria; Miss L. V. Chisolm, of Savannah, and Mr. David Lannon, of New York.

Following the ceremony a reception was given at the home of the bride, and was largely attended by the immediate friends of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher were the recipients of many handsome and useful presents.

They left Washington on the northbound train, and, after an extended tour, will return to Warrenton, where they will reside.

Miss Forbes, who made her debut several years ago, is a most popular young lady, and is a member of an old distinguished Fauquier family.

Her maternal grandfather, the late Captain James H. North, served with distinction in the United States navy.

Mr. Fletcher is a rising young businessman of this place. The gift of the grandmother of the bride, Mrs. North, was a handsome silver service.

The groom's father presented them with a handsome suite of furniture for their entire house.

Hite-Brubaker.

LURAY, VA., November 14.—(Special.)—Mr. Herbert Shirley Hite, a prosperous young farmer of this county, and a son of Mr. Daniel S. Hite, a well-known citizen, and Miss Lena Grace Brubaker, a daughter of Mr. Abram D. Brubaker, of the Massanutten section, were married this afternoon at the home of the latter at 2 o'clock, Elder T. S. Dalton, of the Old School Baptist Church, officiating. The attendants were Misses Lizzie and Sallie Hite, sister and cousin of the bridegroom, and Messrs. Cletus and William Brubaker, of this county. The wedding march was played by Miss Carrie Long, of Luray, a cousin of the bride's.

A sumptuous wedding dinner followed. The decorations were beautiful and appropriate, while the many gifts to the fair bride attested her popularity.

On Friday at the home of Mr. D. S. Hite, on Mill run, a reception will be given the happy couple.

Old papers for sale at the Dispatch Office.

"Berry's for Fashions."

Young man, it'll be ringing for you soon.

Your last winter's Overcoat may be pretty good, but will it please fashion?

Wonder how the small broad shouldered, sweeping skirted Overcoat would look on you. Or perhaps you'd prefer a more dignified, perfect-fitting Overcoat.

Overcoats of Oxford Mixed and Black Rough-Faced Cheviots, stylish and dressy, $12.50 $15, up to $35.

Rain Coats, $18, $20, and $25,

C. H. Berry & Co.
HEAD TO FOOT OUTFITTERS

COLONEL HOGE HERE.

Was in Richmond a Few Hours—To Draft Primary Plan.

Colonel J. Hampton Hoge, recent Republican candidate for Governor, passed through the city late Wednesday night, en route to his home from Washington. He stated that he had not been to the capital as an applicant for the Federal judgeship, and had never aspired to the place.

The Norfolk convention at its recent session at Norfolk adopted a resolution referring to the State Democratic Committee the work of drafting a plan of primary for the nomination of candidates for State officers. The chairman of the committee, Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson, selected a sub-committee, to whom is entrusted the duty of preparing the draft of a primary plan to be submitted to the full committee. The sub-committee will meet at the office of the chairman in this city on December 8th, and will make its report to the full committee January 15th. The following is the membership of the sub-committee:

First District, C. B. Jones, of King and Queen, Second District, Dr. J. F. Bryant, of Southampton; Third District, John S. Harwood, of Richmond city; Fourth District, Asa D. Watkins, of Prince Edward; Fifth District, J. M. Hooker, of Patrick; Sixth District, John R. Edmunds, of Halifax; Seventh District, W. B. Richards, of Front Royal; Eighth District, R. L. Gordon, of Louisa; Ninth District, B. F. Buchanan, of Smyth; Tenth District, Joseph Button, of Appomattox.

DINNER IN HONOR OF CROKER.

Presentation of Silver Jardiniere, With Thanks for Party Services.

NEW YORK, November 14.—Richard Croker was the guest of honor to-night at a dinner tendered him at the Democratic Club by the Board of Governors and the officials of the club. Covers were laid for twenty-four. At the conclusion of the dinner, a handsome silver jardiniere was presented to Mr. Croker. President John Fox, who presided at the dinner, making the presentation speech. During the course of his remarks, President Fox, speaking in behalf of the club, thanked Mr. Croker for his services as leader of the Democratic party in this city, and for the work he had done in behalf of the Democratic Club.

AN ACCOUNTING ORDERED.

A Commissioner of Accounts to Act in the Ruffin-Todd Litigation.

In the Chancery Court, Judge Lamb, in the suit of C. L. Ruffin against F. C. Todd, ordered that a commissioner of the court take an account of the receipts of Todd in his transactions with the Virginia Electrical Railway and Development Company, and to report back to the court.

Stewart D. Long qualified as administrator of Richard S. Long in the Chancery Court.

In the City Circuit Court Mr. Daniel Grinnan presented the resolutions on the death of the late Mr. John Dunlop, that were adopted at a meeting of the Bar Association on June 19th. The resolutions were admitted to record.

A. A. Reed instituted suit in the Law and Equity Court against the Virginia Electrical Railway and Development Company for $300.

Fred Runyon was given six months in jail and fined 1 cent, in the Hustings Court, for stealing clothing from a car.

James H. Robinson (colored) was given sixty days in jail and fined 1 cent for cutting Lewis Tinsley.

Mary Pollard alias Mary Patterson (colored) was acquitted of assault.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Charles J. Caffler and Lelia Pumphrey, and Meredith Trainham and Annie Cranwell.

KNIGHT OF LABOR CONVENTION.

Attack by Master-Workmen Burns on Federation of Labor.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 14.—At the national convention of the Knights of Labor, this evening, General Master-Worman Simon Burns submitted his annual report, which consisted largely of an attack on the American Federation of Labor. He said in part:

"The first great struggle between organized labor and a great trust was between the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel-Workers and the United States Steel Corporation. It matters not what errors and mistakes are charged to the officers and members of the Amalgamated Association, the facts are that the steel companies were victorious because of the failure of organized labor to do their duty. The Amalgamated Association expected at least the friendship of the officers and members of the American Federation of Labor. They received nothing but deception and opposition.

"The leaders of the American Federation of Labor did not want President Shaffer or his organization to win, because it might have given that organization and President Shaffer some prestige and prominence. The largest political organization to-day is the Federation of Labor, using the name of labor for the purpose of advancing a few men politically, to the great injury of the many. Any labor organization that advances or benefits the wage-earner should be encouraged, but such a political organization, using the workingmen for a blind, should be known by its true name and reputation.

Council Committees.

The following Council committees meet to-night: Streets, 5 o'clock; Light, 6 o'clock; First Market, 7:30 o'clock; Cemeteries, 8 o'clock, and Water, 8:15 o'clock. South Third street will look home with the "Richmond Cross-Town Electric Railway" at the meeting of the Street Committee.

NEWELL C. RATHBUN POSITIVELY IDENTIFIED

Arraigned on Charge of Murder, and Held for Court Which Will Convene Monday.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., November 14.—Newell C. Rathbun, suspected of killing Charles Goodman in a hotel here by poison, was to-day positively identified by an officer and an acquaintance of the prisoner's from Little Rock, Ark., where he lived for a time. Later Rathbun was arraigned before Mayor Rader, in the police station, on a charge of murder. Rathbun pleaded not guilty, and Mayor Rader held him over to the Circuit Court. The prisoner had no lawyer. The Circuit Court will convene in special term Monday, and a grand jury will be empanelled to consider Rathbun's case.

Rathbun was identified by Deputy Sheriff Al. Chichester and E. J. Gloeckner, from Little Rock, Ark. The meeting between the prisoner and the Arkansas visitors, whose trip was for the purpose of identifying him, took place in Sheriff Grave's office.

"Hello, Rathbun," said Gloeckner. "Don't you know me?" was the first salutation.

"Yes, you're Gloeckner," responded the prisoner.

"Did you give that man the dope?" asked Gloeckner.

"NOT GUILTY AS CHARGED."

"I am not guilty of the crime as charged."

"Did your wife know anything about your scheme?"

"She might have thought about it."

"Why then did she identify the body as being yours?"

"I can't tell; she's an excitable woman."

"What about the statement of Carrie Pryor, that you wanted her to go into an insurance swindle with you?"

"She is an enemy of mine."

At the conclusion of the interview Rathbun signed the following paper for the purpose of proving his identity in Little Rock:

"To whom it may concern: I am in custody in Jeffersonville, Ind., awaiting trial. I will send this by Al. Chichester and E. D. Gloeckner.

(Signed) "E. C. RATHBUN."

LESS TALKATIVE NOW.

The prisoner is becoming less talkative and already realizes that he has talked too much, but he is reported to have said to a fellow-prisoner at the jail: "The officers have not a thing on which to convict. A man's intention does not mean he may be convicted."

CORPSE HELD AT LITTLE ROCK.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., November 14.—The corpse sent here as that of Newell C. Rathbun, continues to repose in a vault at Oakland Cemetery, subject to the orders of Coroner J. M. Young, and the latter states that he will surrender the body only upon sworn testimony before the Coroner's jury here that the prisoner at Jeffersonville is Newell C. Rathbun. The Coroner makes this statement: "Wednesday, I received a telegram from Coroner Cootes, of Jeffersonville, Ind., requesting that I return the body held here for further investigation. I took the matter under advisement, and conferred with my attorneys and with the Mayor of the city, and decided not to release the body. The authorities here were notified, and at the request of the Mayor I took charge of the body."

Coroner Young said, after the news had come that Deputy-Sheriff Chichester and Emil Gloeckner had identified the prisoner at Jeffersonville, Ind., as N. C. Rathbun: "If Chichester and Gloeckner come before the jury here, and make affidavit that the man in prison in Jeffersonville is Newell C. Rathbun, I will surrender the body that I now have in custody. All I want is positive evidence of Rathbun's identification."

The Coroner stated that he had sworn evidence that the body held here is the body of Rathbun, and until this was disproved he could not release the remains.

THE BIG PRIZE-FIGHT INTERESTS MANYPEOPLE

Clergymen Try in Vain to Induce Officers of the Law to Forbid the Mill.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., November 14.—With the Jeffries-Ruhlin championship battle but twenty-four hours away, public interest is keyed up to a high pitch. All day long enthusiasts have been flocking into the city from far and near. It is evident at this time that the Mechanics' Pavillion, where the fight will take place, will be taxed to its utmost capacity. This means that fully 10,000 people will witness the fight.

A group of clergymen have been striving all day to induce the officers of the law to stop the mill, but they have received no encouragement. To-night, they paid their respects to Mayor Phelan, and received the same information which was imparted to them by the District Attorney and Chief of Detectives. They were apprised of the fact that, while a State law prohibits prize fighting, a local ordinance countenances boxing exhibitions, held under the auspices of an incorporated club, and the latter measure precludes all possibility of the city fathers' stopping the fight at this juncture. The police, if they believe the mill to be brutal, and therefore beyond the pale of a legitimate exhibition with gloves, may enter the ring and stop the bout after it starts, but not before.

MEN IN GOOD SPIRITS.

Ruhlin spent the day in rest and quiet. He was in consultation with Billy Madden several times during the day, and received advice from his manager. The Akron fighter ate a hearty breakfast, took a long stroll along the ocean beach in the morning, and played cards part of the afternoon.

Jeffries was a trifle more active, but his exertions were provoked by the social demands upon him by admiring friends, with whom he walked and talked during the afternoon.

The training ordeal is at an end, and the trainers of both fighters are anxious now simply to keep their men from getting a trifle stale, or possibly mentally depressed. Jeffries is full of life, and smilingly declares that he will beat Ruhlin along about the tenth or twelfth round.

COTTON-SPINNERS' CONVENTION.

Senator McLaurin on Extension of Our Foreign Trade.

ATLANTA, GA., November 14.—The Southern Cotton Spinners' Association met in annual convention here to-day. This is the fifth yearly gathering of the association, and the attendance was large, many people from New York, Pennsylvania, and the New England States inscribing their names on the register.

A business session was held in the morning, and the afternoon was given over to sight-seeing, the delegates being the guests of the Southern railway in a trip around Atlanta.

After the addresses of welcome this morning, Dr. J. H. McAden, president, delivered his annual address. He read a declaration by the spinners in favor of a merchant marine, "upon a basis that will give all American citizens an equal chance, prevent favoritism to entrenched interests, and recognize the producing classes in the reduction of freight rates."

He also favored the building and construction, as soon as possible, of the Isthmian canal.

HOKE SMITH ON HOME TALENT.

At a "smoker" in the Kimball House to-night, Hon. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta, spoke, on "Development of Our Home Talent," and United States Senator John L. McLaurin, on "Extension of Our Foreign Trade."

Senator McLaurin said: "We are at the dawning of a new day of progress in the history of the world. A better era is fast approaching, when all peoples will have a more perfect understanding of the brotherhood of man and the independence of nations. The time will come when the best minds of every country will be called upon to adjust the complicated questions of foreign trade, and the consular officers at the leading ports of commerce will equal in importance the diplomatic ambassadors."

In connection with the extension of the South's foreign trade, Senator McLaurin advocated an American merchant marine.

In conclusion, Senator McLaurin said: "What we need in this country to-day is a non-sectional patriotism, and statesman ship more devoted to the building up of our country than the achievement of party success. Great national or business questions, involving the glory of our republic and the prosperity of our people, should not be dwarfed into mere party questions."

CORDES & MOSBY.

ONE SPECIAL VALUE IN BOYS' UNDERWEAR.

Boys' Heavy and Warm Natural Australian Wool Vests, Pants, and Drawers. Vest in size 22, 24; Pants in size 24, 26; Drawers in size 24, 26, 28, 30, 32. The quality that retails everywhere at 75c., our special price..... 39c

THE CHARLESTON EXPOSITION.

Critics Say it is a Pronounced Architectural Success.

CHARLESTON, S. C., November 14.—Several days ago, the Advisory Board of the architect-in-chief of the exposition was called together for the purpose of making a critical study of the architectural features of the exposition. This board is composed of men who are noted in the artistic and industrial world, among them being Benjamin Kimball, president of the Concord and Montreal railroad; W. G. Raoul, president of the Mexican Central railway; Montgomery Schuyler, of New York; T. R. Lamb, designer of the Dewey arch; Frank S. Gannon, of the Southern railway; H. W. Ruckstuhl, of the St. Louis World's Fair, and others of like note.

In their report, which has just been made, they say in part: "We are confident that when the exposition is opened, it will be acclaimed throughout the country as a pronounced architectural success."

With the Ambulance.

Dr. Harrison, in charge of the city ambulance, treated Robert Walker, a colored man, yesterday morning at the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac depot for a hand which had been cut in a machine.

At 4:10 during the afternoon Newton Burnett, who was working on an excavation on Seventeenth street, opposite the Chesapeake and Ohio shops, was hurt by a cave-in on him. Dr. Harrison treated him for a bruised back and a sprained leg, and took him home.

Miss Crump's Condition.

The condition of Miss Emily Crump, who was injured at the Habliston building fire, continues to improve. Her condition was yesterday reported to be more favorable than at any time since being at the hospital.

Richmonders in New York.

NEW YORK, November 14.—(Special.)—J. W. Eashne and wife, R. T. Cole, Victoria; C. J. Dalton and wife, Mr. Williams, New Amsterdam; W. H. Walker, Grand; E. Hoen, Astor.

Telegraphic Key-Taps.

Grand Rapids, Mich.—Powers's Theatre was destroyed by fire. The property loss amounts to about $100,000. Edgar W. Warrenton, an employee, was suffocated, and several persons were overcome by smoke.

Washington.—A distinguished body, representing the commercial organizations of New York, Boston, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Indianapolis, and Cincinnati, called upon the President to urge the importance of reciprocity with Canada.

Washington.—Orders were issued by the War Department directing seven troops of the Fifteenth Cavalry, now in the Department of California, to sail for the Philippines, on the Hancock, about December 10th.

Macon, Ga.—Three white men blew open the safe in Burkett Brothers' store, at Dry Branch, near Macon, and secured $300 in checks and $50 in money.

Mexico City, Mex.—The Argentine delegates entertained the United States delegates and their Mexican colleagues at a banquet.

Washington.—The Association of Experiment Stations and Agricultural Colleges, in annual convention, decided to establish at Columbus, O., a summer school for the study of agriculture, agronomy, zootechny, and dairying.

Joplin, Mo.—In a cave-in at Oronogo, near Joplin, the entire plant of the Aurora Mining Company, one of the greatest zinc-producers in the district, was swallowed up. No lives were lost.

St. Louis, Mo.—It is asserted that Booker T. Washington has expressed a willingness to accept an appointment from the Exposition Committee as director of the proposed Afro-American exhibit at the World's Fair.

London.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, according to the Daily Express, contemplates the imposition oof a further tax of one half-penny per pound upon sugar.

Mexico City, Mex.—The members of the American Institute of Mining Engineers were taken out to view the drainage works of the Valley of Mexico. They are being most hospitably entertained.

Havana.—La Ligel, the Cuban federation of labor, at a largely attended meeting, officially declared the Tampa strike ended, and further stated that there had been no legitimate cause for its beginning. This is regarded as a great victory for Tampa, and makes it possible for the Tampa factories to be filled with labor from Havana.

Mexico City, Mex.—It is known that the majority of the delegates to the Pan-American Conference have agreed privately to bring the labors of the conference to an end before Christmas. Victor Maurtua, the secretary of the Peruvian delegation, has departed for Washington, and the rumor is that he has gone to confer with the State Department on arbitration.

Montgomery, Ala.—Governor Jelks ordered the military—company at Troy to proceed at once to Ozark, to protect Pharoah Paramore, a negro, from being lynched. Paramore is charged with having committed an assault on a white woman. He was captured and is in the Dale county jail.

Vineyard Haven, Mass.—The schooner Douglass Haynes, of Bath, Me., Captain Blaisdel, from Port Johnson for Hallowell, Me., with a cargo of coal, is sunk between Shovelful and Pollock Rip Shoals, with her three masts projecting out of the water. Captain Blaisdel and his crew of four men were rescued by the schooner Luther M. Garrettson, and landed at Vineyard Haven, after having suffered terribly from exposure.

Rome, Ga.—The Rome Petroleum and Iron Company began operations. It was incorporated in South Dakota, having a paid-in capital stock of $1,000,000, and the main office is in Chicago. It is the purpose of the company to bore for oil in Georgia, and to mine ore in Alabama and Georgia.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—A committee of the Chattanooga Chamber of Commerce appeared before the Southeastern Freight Association, at Atlanta, and made formal claim to recognition of Chattanooga as a river point, asking for a reduction in freight rates from the East to conform to rates granted such points. The association took the matter under advisement.

NORTHERN SECURITIES DIRECTORATE ANNOUNCED

Trading in Stocks of the New Company Begins in the Outside Market.

NEW YORK, November 14.—The directorate of the Northern Securities Company, incorporated yesterday at Trenton, in connection with the settlement in the Northwestern railway situation was announced to-day. It is composed as follows: John S. Kennedy, D. Willis James, Samuel Thorne, J. J. Hill, E. T. Nichols, George F. Baker, Robert Bacon, George W. Perkins, Daniel S. Lamont, E. H. Harriman, Jacob H. Schiff, James Stillman, W. P. Clough, George C. Clark, and N. Terhune.

Trading in the stock of the Northern Securities Company began in the outside market to-day. All transactions were made, subject to the provision "when issued." The stock was started at 110 bid. Operations were very light in volume, and later in the day the stock declined to 103 bid, with offers at 112.

Northern Pacific convertible 4 bonds were 94 with no transaction.

It was said that an application would shortly be made to the Stock Exchange for the listing of the securities of the new proprietory company. It was also said that Northern Pacific 4s would not be listed, as it was intended to convert them into common stock.

Practically no additional news was obtainable to-day concerning the settlement finally effected yesterday, and those directly concerned in the agreement. These roads were the Union Pacific, the Northern Pacific, the Great Northern, the Burlington, and the Southern Pacific, which is controlled by the Union Pacific. It was intimated, however, by one of the parties to the compact for peace, that other properties might be taken in later

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

**Argument Heard in But One Case Yesterday—