

PHILIPPINES AGAIN.

Another Spirited Debate in the United States Senate.

CARMACK'S MAIDEN EFFORT

The Tennessean Speaks With Eloquence and Force.

BEVERIDGE VERSUS TILLMAN.

A Colloquy in Which the Exchanges Are as Hot as Two Senators Can Make Them—Warm Intercourse Also Between Messrs. Beveridge and Carmack—House on the Oleomargarine Bill.

WASHINGTON, February 3.—Another spirited debate, with the Philippine tariff bill as the text, was precipitated in the Senate to-day, as the result of statements made by Mr. Carmack, of Tennessee (Democrat), in the course of an extended speech on the general Philippine question.

It was the Tennessee Senator's first speech in the Senate, and he was given notably good attention on both sides of the chamber. He spoke without manuscript, with earnestness, force, and eloquence.

At the conclusion of his address, which had been listened to by many of his former colleagues in the House of Representatives, Mr. Beveridge, of Indiana, challenged some of his statements. The debate which ensued was very lively for a few minutes, taking on a political phase, which proved particularly interesting to the auditors, who crowded the floor as well as the galleries.

Mr. Beveridge and Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, became involved in a heated colloquy, in which the exchanges were as hot as both senators well could make them.

MORE MONEY FOR JUDGES. Prior to the taking up of the Philippine bill, the measure providing for an increase in the salaries of United States judges was under discussion for an hour.

Senator Stewart's amendment, increasing the salaries of members of the House of Representatives to \$7,500 annually, beginning on March 4, 1903, was rejected—15 to 41—the detailed vote being as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Burton, Clark of Wyoming, Dubois, Gallinger, Gable, Hansborough, Hawley, Helfield, Kittredge, Quarles, Quay, Stewart, Turner, Warren, and Wetmore—15.

Nays—Messrs. Bacon, Bard, Betty, Blackburn, Burrows, Burnham, Carmack, Clapp, Clay, Culberson, Cullom, Deboe, Dietrich, Dillingham, Dollinger, Fairbanks, Frye, Gibson, Hale, Harris, Hoar, Jones of Arkansas, Keam, Kearns, Lodge, McLaughlin of South Carolina, McMillan, Maloney, Martin, Mitchell, Money, Morgan, Nelson, Patterson, Pettus, Platt of New York, Pritchard, Proctor, Simmons, Spooner, Tildener, Teller, Tillman, and Wellington—41.

PORTO RICO STATUS. An amendment was offered by Mr. Foraker, extending the proposed increase of the salaries of Circuit Judges to the Circuit Judge of Porto Rico.

Mr. Tillman inquired of Mr. Foraker whether Porto Rico was in the United States or not.

"I will say to the Senator," replied Mr. Foraker, "that Porto Rico belongs to the United States."

"The questions of 'belonging to' and 'being in' are entirely different," suggested Mr. Tillman.

Mr. Foraker thought this was not a proper time to discuss the status of Porto Rico.

"Oh, there is plenty of time," said Mr. Tillman. "We've got the whole session before us. We might as well discuss the question now as at any other time."

Mr. Foraker withdrew his amendment.

SALARIED CONVICTS. Mr. Tillman directed attention to an article in a Washington newspaper, published to-day, relative to the case of Judge Arthur C. Noyes, of the District Court of Alaska, who was fined \$1,000 recently by the Circuit Court at San Francisco, and that of associates of Judge Noyes, who were involved with him.

Mr. Tillman read the article, which indicated that Judge Noyes and his associates are drawing large salaries from the United States, while the case against them is pending in the courts. One of the arguments in the article, who is drawing his salary, continues to draw salary.

Mr. Tillman made running comments upon the statements in the article, directing all his sarcasm, ridicule, and invective against Judge Noyes, finally inquiring: "By the way, whose business is it to remove this man?"

Mr. Foraker, of Ohio, believed it might require impeachment proceedings to remove Judge Noyes.

Mr. Teller, however, contended that the President had ample power to remove a Territorial judge.

MR. CARMACK'S SPEECH. At 2 o'clock, the Philippine tariff bill was laid before the Senate, and Mr. Carmack, of Tennessee, a member of the Philippine committee, delivered a speech in opposition to the pending measure.

gaged in lynching 10,000,000 of people who recently were your allies and your brothers in arms, and who have committed no crime except the crime upon which this government was founded."

Mr. Beveridge, a Republican member of the Philippine Commission, sharply challenged a statement by the Tennessee member, that the Philippine tariff had not been well or carefully considered.

"Did the Philippine Commission make an investigation of the Philippine tariff scale?" inquired Mr. Carmack.

"No," replied Mr. Beveridge, "but the Philippine Commission has been considering that scale for two years."

Mr. Beveridge asserted that the Philippine question had been passed upon and settled four times in Congress, and twice had been before the American people, and by them twice settled.

ALLEGED MISTAKES. Mr. Beveridge declared that the reason why ex-President Cleveland, ex-President Harrison, and ex-Senator Edmunds—all of whom had not been in sympathy with the Philippine policy of the administration—were killed to follow the Democratic party, was because that party would not accept the decisions of the American people, and the verdict of the American people, as final.

He asserted that the reasons why the "moderate, thoughtful, and conservative people of the country" had not followed the Democratic party in its opposition to the proper control of the Philippines, and in other matters of national policy, was that they feared that party would "bring a harvest of Anarchy."

"They will not follow you," he declared, shaking his finger at the Democratic side, "because you are calling our soldiers, 'murders,' and 'dirty boys,' and 'doers of dirty work.'"

As he was proceeding to discuss some of the conditions in the Philippine Islands, Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, interrupted him with the inquiry:

"Will the Senator be explicit, and give us the benefit of his personal observations, or any official information he has in regard to the dispatch from General Bell that he proposed to make war so terrible that they would want peace, and want it bad? Is that true, or is it not?"

"That was not done while I was there," replied Mr. Beveridge.

"I will ask the Senator whether, when in making war, he would not make war so terrible that the enemy would want peace?"

"That would depend," said Mr. Tillman, "whether I was honestly engaged in a war that I thought was decent, reasonable, or one of subjugation and infamy."

"And does the Senator charge," demanded Mr. Beveridge, "that General Bell does not believe he is engaged in an honest war?"

OFFICERS ASHAMED OF THE WAR. "I know that there are plenty of officers there who feel they are doing dirty work," shouted Mr. Tillman, "and they have told me they are ashamed of it."

"The General," he well told you so?" insisted Mr. Beveridge.

"I don't know about General Bell," said Mr. Tillman. "I have not seen him."

"Then why do you drag in General Bell, General Sherman, and others?" demanded Mr. Beveridge.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS. Mr. Tillman: I will drag into this discussion an Associated Press report from Manila.

Mr. Beveridge: Now it is an Associated Press man.

Mr. Tillman: Then you either have a censorship there or you have not. You swear you have not, and then when the reports come you say "These are not ours."

Mr. Beveridge: It is hopeless. When they begin to discuss the Constitution and we take them up on that, they come to censorship. When we say that none of them should go to war, bloodshed, pillage, and murder.

BURNING OF PHILIPPINE VILLAGE. After some sharp personal colloquy, in which the Indiana and South Carolina senators attacked each other, Mr. Beveridge proceeded to relate an incident of the burning of a village, and said that upon investigation it proved that it was the act of the insurgents, his purpose being to disprove some reports against the American soldiers.

Mr. Tillman was on his feet again, and asked Mr. Beveridge:

"From whom do we get the statements that the insurgents are rebels, or whatever the American authorities," replied Mr. Beveridge.

"And is it customary," inquired Mr. Tillman, "to determine a case from an ex parte statement?"

"The Senator always insists," retorted Mr. Beveridge, "that any authority which comes from an American source is a falsehood, while everything that comes from the enemy is the truth?"

BURNING OF COLUMBIA. "For the same reason," replied the South Carolina Senator, "that in my State, when its capital was burned, in 1865, there was an infamous assertion that we burned it when everybody knew we did not do it."

"Now, Mr. President," said Mr. Beveridge, laughing, "we are back again on an ancient history, which I decline to discuss."

After some further discussion, the Senate went into executive session, and soon afterwards adjourned.

The House devoted to-day to general debate upon the oleomargarine bill. The opponents of the measure attempted to filibuster against it, at the opening of the session, but were beaten by more than a two-thirds vote.

The speakers to-day were Messrs. Henry, of Connecticut; Haskins, of Vermont, and Graf, of Illinois, in favor of the measure, and Messrs. Aldrich, of New York; Foster, of Illinois; Burleson, of Texas, and Clayton, of Alabama, in opposition to it.

Those who antagonized the measure favored the adoption of the substitute, which is designed to prevent the fraudulent sale of oleomargarine under the guise of butter.

Mr. Henry, of Connecticut, in charge of the measure, made the opening presentation in its behalf, following closely the arguments of the committee which reported the bill.

Mr. Burleson, of Texas, opposed the bill, which he contended would seriously injure the cattle and cotton industries of that State.

CHARGE AGAINST DEMOCRATS. Mr. Clayton, of Alabama, closed the debate for the day, with a speech against this bill. While he was arguing against the constitutional validity of the measure, he appealed to his brothers on the Democratic side to stand by their ancient doctrines. Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, interrupted to ask whether Mr. Clayton believed the present law was constitutional.

plained of indigestion. The hotel physician thought the trouble nothing serious, however, and Mr. Tuft was soon much better, apparently.

Sacred concerts are given in the Music Hall of the Carolina on Sunday evenings. At 9 o'clock the orchestra was playing Mr. Tuft's favorite hymn, "God Be With You 'Til We Meet Again," when suddenly the death angel entered the magnificent hall, and his owner had passed to his Maker.

The remains, accompanied by Mrs. Tuft and Mr. H. W. Priest, manager of the Carolina, will leave at 7 P. M. on a special train over the Southern for Washington, there to be met by Mr. Tuft's son and those conveyed to his home, at Bedford, Mass.

Mr. Tuft built up the large soda fountain business in Boston, which was merged a few years ago into the American Soda Fountain Company, of which he was president. His fortune is estimated at \$200,000. He leaves a widow, two sons, and several daughters.

JAMES HUDSON'S DEATH.

Well-Known Danville Citizen's Death Under Unusual Circumstances. DANVILLE, VA., February 3.—(Special.)—James Hudson, one of the managers in the Danville Mills, was found dead at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in a house on North Union street.

It appears that Hudson went to the place, which is occupied by Sallie Aldridge, a woman who is employed in the mills and who works under Hudson, 8 o'clock Saturday night.

He had been drinking a little and had with him two pint bottles of corn juice, all of which he consumed before noon on Sunday.

At that hour the inmates of the house say he complained of being cold and that he laid down on the lounge for a nap.

No further attention was paid to him until 4 o'clock, when some one tried to arouse him and found him dead.

Dr. R. W. Robinson, the city physician, viewed Hudson's remains and gave it as his opinion that death was due to congestion of the lungs, superinduced by the use of intoxicants.

The deceased has a wife and four children in Atlanta, Ga., but nothing is known of them here.

A comb, piece of tobacco, and 2 cents in money were found on the person of the dead man. An inquest was deemed unnecessary.

HARVEY WILLIAMS'S DEATH. A man named Harvey Williams was killed one day in an Ohio city in an altercation with the police.

The police here are of the opinion that he is a native of this city, where in years gone by he followed the trade of painting when he was fortunate enough to be out of jail.

The father and mother of the Harvey Williams known here now live in Richmond, and he also has a brother in that city holding an important position.

P. B. AMBLER'S DEATH.

Prominent Resident of Buckingham. A Well-Known Educator. ARVONIA, VA., February 3.—(Special.)—Mr. P. B. Ambler, of Buckingham county, died Saturday in Lynchburg.

The deceased a short while ago went to visit relatives in the Hill City, thinking the change would be beneficial. But he gradually grew worse, and thus was unable to return home.

His wife remained with him till death claimed her husband.

The remains reached Brems Sunday, and were taken to his late residence, "Seven Islands," where the funeral services will be held at 2 P. M. to-day.

Mr. Ambler was a ripe scholar, a polished gentleman, and an unassuming Christian soldier. He was truly an "old Virginia gentleman."

For a number of years he filled a professorship at Hollins Institute with credit to himself and honor to the school.

After severing his connection with this institution, he retired to his handsome estate, situated two miles from Arvonnia, where he soon started a classical school, preparing young men for the various universities and colleges.

Mr. Ambler was born in Amherst county, two miles from Sweetbriar Institute, but moved to Buckingham, where he married Miss Willie Nichols Ambler, his only child, Professor Nicholas Ambler, fills the Chair of Mathematics at Roanoke College. Mr. Ambler was well and favorably known, and related to the most distinguished families in Virginia.

W. P. BROWNLOW NOMINATED.

Choice of Republicans of First District, Tennessee, for Congress. BRISTOL, TENN., February 3.—(Special.)—The Democrats of the counties composing the First Congressional District of Tennessee, held mass-meetings to-day and endorsed unanimously the action of the Congressional Committee in naming W. P. Brownlow as the nominee of the party for Congress. Mr. Brownlow will be re-elected practically without opposition.

A freight-car left the track on the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina railway in the gorge east of Elizabethton to-day, and rolled one hundred feet down a bank into Doe river.

Just behind this car in the train was a coach carrying several passengers, and the coupling held together this coach would have gone down the bank also. The wrecked car was loaded with flour.

JAS. CARPER'S SUDDEN DEATH.

A Blood Vessel Was Ruptured—A Frederickburg Wedding. FREDERICKSBURG, VA., February 3.—(Special.)—James Carper, of Winchester, Va., who has been residing here recently with his daughter, Mrs. C. A. Gere, died suddenly to-day.

Death was due to the rupture of a blood vessel of the lungs. He was 74 years old. His remains will be taken to Winchester for interment.

Miss Mills and Miss Fannie Toombs, both of this city, were married here last night. The ceremony was performed at the home of the officiating minister, Rev. Dr. J. S. Dill.

G. O. Bragg's Death.

NO GO, VA., February 3.—(Special.)—There has been a gloom cast over this community by the death of Mr. J. O. Bragg, Sr.

He died at his home, in Prince George county, Va., on Friday, January 31st, at 7 o'clock P. M.

Deceased was until his late marriage with Miss Proctor a native resident of Lunenburg county. His health had been falling gradually, but it was not known until he was taken ill that he was so happily married, and is survived by a devoted wife and a large family of children and grandchildren to mourn their loss.

The funeral took place Sunday, February 2d, in the presence of a concourse of sorrowing relatives and friends. His remains rest in the family "grounds" at the old "Bragg homestead," in Lunenburg county.

The sadness of this death is increased by the news that on the same time Mrs. Bragg, Sr., was ill with pneumonia.

A BATCH OF INDICTMENTS.

Grand Jury's Work in the Hustings Court—Other Courts.

The grand jury in the Hustings Court handed in the largest batch of true bills of indictment yesterday that has been returned for many months. There were thirty-two, four of them misdemeanors.

They were: Lisborne Alexander, house-breaking; George Benton, malicious wounding; John Brown, burglary; Martha Ann Coy, arson; J. H. Davis, attempted robbery; Frank for attempt at murder; Kid Duffly, robbery; J. L. Freeman, malicious wounding; Frank Giannotti, same; David Wounding; Jennie Robinson, burglary; Hanley, robbery; William Jefferson, attempt to murder; same, attempt to rob; Isaac Jones, robbery; Arthur Jasper, attempt to murder; Thomas Johnson, burglary; William Ligson, malicious wounding; Charles Poldexter, attempt to murder; Lala Pollard, malicious wounding; William Robinson, same; E. C. Rosenbergs, robbery; Edward Shafer, attempt to murder; Jeffrey Shelton, malicious wounding; Andrew Talliferro, malicious wounding; John Tammester, malicious wounding; John H. Williams, house-breaking.

Sixty-two suits were brought in the Law and Equity Court last month, of which twenty were ordinary cases, thirty-two common law issues, and ten motions for judgments.

In the suit of Yohanna Watsons against the Traction Company for injuries sustained, the jury, by consent of both sides, fixed damages at \$120. She sued for \$300.

Suit was instituted in the case of Mueller, Steel & Co. against Ivan Mueller, for \$20.

Suit was instituted in the Law and Equity Court by the Security Bank against the Richmond Bleiscuit Company and J. Frank Bell, for \$3,000.

The following motions were filed for judgment: Miles C. Debbress vs. Universal Savings and Trust Company for \$53, and A. N. Pollard vs. J. E. Jones for \$8.

The February term of the City Circuit Court began yesterday. The docket will be called to-day.

Israel Levin, a native of Russia, was admitted into citizenship yesterday in the City Circuit Court.

Mr. John S. Eggleston qualified to practice in this court.

RAILROADS AND RAILROADERS.

Mr. W. H. Pleasants' Appointment—Demand for Cars at Savannah.

Mr. William Heth Pleasants, whose appointment to the position of general traffic manager of the Seaboard Air-Line, to succeed Mr. H. W. B. Glover, is a native of this city, having been born here in 1852.

He began his railway career as an office boy in the office of the general manager of the Richmond and Danville railroad, and since that time has held a number of positions on the Chesapeake and Ohio, and the Florida, Central and Peninsular, which is the southernmost division of the Seaboard Air-Line.

From September 1, 1881, to February 25, 1886, he was clerk in the general freight office of the Chesapeake and Ohio; February 27, 1886, to December 1, 1889, rate clerk and chief clerk Florida, Central and Peninsular railroad; December 1, 1889, to January 1, 1891, assistant general freight agent; January 1, 1891, to June 30, 1891, general freight agent same road; July 1, 1891, to November 30, 1891, assistant general freight agent Seaboard Air-Line railway; December 1, 1891, to February, 1901, general freight and passenger agent Ocean Steamship Company; February, 1901, to date, traffic manager same company.

The Georgia-Carolina Manufacturing Company, in Savannah, Ga., has booked orders for more than 15,000 cars to be delivered at the earliest practicable time. Among the orders are those of the Mexican National for 1,200 cars, the Southern for 150 cars, and the Georgetown and Western for fifty cars.

On account of the big fire which burned the Atlantic Hotel, in Norfolk, the ticket

1/2 PRICE REMODELLING SALE!

To Make Room for the Workmen. Extensive repairs on the interior of our store compels us to make room for the workmen to commence. To accomplish this quickly we will place our entire stock of

Men's, Boys', and Children's Suits and Overcoats at your disposal at 50c. ON THE DOLLAR—exactly at one half of original price. This is a Genuine, Bona-Fide Half-Price Sale, actuated by urgent need for room. Nothing is reserved. Every Suit and Overcoat for man or boy included. The best paying investment that ever presented itself. Terms strictly cash, and nothing sent out on approval.

Sale Starts This Tuesday Morning at 8 O'Clock. Be on Hand.

Table with 2 columns: Original Price, Sale Price. Includes items like Men's Suits, Youths' Suits, Men's and Youths' Overcoats, Children's Suits, Children's Overcoats and Ulsters.

Our stock of Overcoats is somewhat broken up in sizes, but what there is left, regardless of style or kind, goes at exactly half-price; start with the \$2.50 ones at \$1.25 and continuing to the very best—exactly half price. It pays to buy now for next winter.

Winter Underwear.

Extra Heavy-Weight Fleece-Lined Shirts and Drawers, sold at 50c., sizes 33 3/4 to 44, slightly broken, at 33 3/4.

Wright's Fleece-Lined Health Underwear, standard 75c. article, at 59c.

Wright Wool Fleece and Other Woollen fabrics in plain and fancy effects, sold 69c for \$1, during this sale.

There is not an article in our house that is not reduced in price. It will pay you to investigate, matters not what you may want.

BURK & CO., Six Big Stores, 1003 E. Main Street.

STREET RAILWAY MAGNATE.

W. J. Payne Re-Elected President of the Danville Company. Mr. William J. Payne, of this city, has been re-elected president and member of the Board of Directors of the Danville Street Railway Company.

He is the chief owner of the property and of the Newport News, and Old Point Railway and Electric plant, as well. The Danville system was recently greatly improved at a large expenditure, and is now one of the valuable street railway properties of the State.

Barton Heights Notes. There was special music given last Sunday evening at the Overbrook Presbyterian church by the quartette and Mr. Lynch, in the interest of the Young Ladies' Missionary Society.

The Barton Heights Fire Department will hold a special meeting to-night at the engine house, on Lamb avenue, at 8:30 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

Messrs. Howard and Lucian Ledger, of Charlotte county, Va., are the guests of relatives on Chestnut Hill.

Mr. Charles K. Pennell, of Lunenburg, Va., is the guest of her son, Mr. William E. Pennell, of Brook road.

Miss Rosa Catlin, of New Barno, N. C., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. A. DeWman, of Second-Street road.

Misses Ledia and Jeanette Corley, of Rockingham, Va., are the guests of the Messrs. Cox, of Brookly Park.

Mr. William Wright, of Sacket Island, Va., is spending the rest of the winter with his cousin, Mr. Leroy Thomas, of Ladies' Mills road.

Mr. Detrick Wayne, of Trigg, Va., who has been visiting his mother here, left yesterday morning for his home.

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