THE DISCIPLES' WORK

LAST DAY'S MEETING OF TIDEWATER ASSOCIATION IN HAMPTON.

H. B. ATKINS CHOSEN PRES'T.

Other Officers Elected—Reports of the College Were Most Encouraging—Christian Endeavor Society Discussed—Delegates Were Most Hospitably Entertained.

HAMPTON, VA., August 7.—(Special.)—The closing sessions of the Tidewater Association of the Disciples' Church of Virginia, which ended its thirty-sixth annual convention in the Hampton Christian church this afternoon, were most interesting.

The meeting was successful in every particular, and the delegates attending were given the very best reception that Hampton knows how to offer her visitors. The delegates were entertained at the homes of the members of the local church of the denomination.

The morning session opened with devotional services conducted by J. B. Hundley, who is a student in the Kentucky University, and a fervent prayer was offered by Rev. W. F. Smith, who only recently graduated from the University.

The reports of the various committees were then received. The Finance Committee made an interesting report, showing that there was $2,500 to the credit of the educational fund at this time, and that $178 extra was available in the event that an exigency should arise. The money in this fund is devoted to educating young men for the ministry.

The committee appointed to look into the recommendation made by the Executive Board relative to merging the District Evangelization Board with that of the State Board, made a report favoring the merging, and the convention unanimously adopted the committee's recommendation. Heretofore the district has had a separate board for this purpose, but it is thought the merging of the two will greatly benefit the church.

MONEY RAISED.

The various churches in the Tidewater District raised $28,320.24 during the past year, but the report on the membership did not show a very material increase in that direction.

The Sunday schools of the district raised $2,500 during the year.

Chairman W. F. Fox, of the Committee on Resolutions, submitted a lengthy report extending the thanks of the Association to the members of the local church and the people of Hampton for the magnificent treatment accorded the members while here. The report was adopted with great unanimity.

Dr. Allen Wilson, one of the leading evangelists of the denomination, was then introduced and delivered a powerful discourse on the Church Extension Board. The address was filled with strong logic and good suggestions to the church members.

Dr. C. P. Williamson, of the Christian College, delivered a strong appeal to the convention on behalf of the Educational Board, after which the sum of $308.50 was subscribed by members of the Association to the fund.

The Committee on Nomination of Officers made its report recommending the re-election of President J. L. Hill, of Richmond, but Mr. Hill emphatically declined to accept the nomination, and the convention then voted to delay the election of the officers until the evening session.

The selection of a place for holding the convention next year was left with the Executive Board.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The afternoon and closing session of the Association met at 2:15 o'clock. The devotional exercises were in charge of Rev. W. F. Smith, and prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Buxton, of Norfolk.

The annual election of officers was then taken up, and President Hill again declined to accept the office for another year. He had served the Association for twelve years as its president, and it was with the greatest reluctance that his wishes were acquiesced in this time. Captain A. T. Bagby, who had been superintendent of the Sunday-school work in the district for a number of years, also refused to accept a nomination, and the convention finally accepted the declinations of the two gentlemen by adopting strong resolutions thanking the officers for the able manner in which they had each looked after the interests of the organization.

The report of the Nominating Committee recommending the following officers was then received and unanimously adopted by the convention. President, Mr. H. B. Atkins, Richmond; Secretary, Mr. R. B. McCauley, Fredericksburg; Treasurer, Mr. C. L. Williamson, Richmond; Superintendent of Sunday-School Work, Mr. H. H. Moore, Manchester.

Members Educational Committee—Messrs. C. L. Williamson, T. A. Cary, and W. F. Fox, all of Richmond.

District Board—Messrs. D. A. Hawkins, W. R. Roane, A. H. Smith, George C. White, of Richmond, and Thomas M. Hundley, of Dunnsville.

REPORTS OF COLLEGES.

The reports from the various colleges of the Christian Church were then called for. Professor Philip Johnson spoke for Bethany, which was founded by Alexander Campbell, and which is now in a most flourishing condition. Professor Johnson said the endowment fund has been greatly increased by several contributions during the year, and that the prospects for the college were the brightest in its history.

Dr. W. M. Motley, president of the Christian College in Washington, spoke interestingly of the institution. The school will open its first session next September under very flattering auspices.

Rev. Dr. C. F. Williamson made an excellent report upon the condition of the Richmond Female College, of which he has been the president but one year. The attendance last session was very large, but Dr. Williamson said the outlook for the coming session was as bright as he could possibly desire.

This was followed by the report of Captain A. T. Bagby, of Tappahannock, on Sunday-school work, in which he gave a brief sketch of the work accomplished in that department.

The last hour of the convention was taken up with the discussion of the work of the Christian Endeavor Society. Rev. H. H. Moore, of Manchester, the superintendent of this department; Miss Lula Philips, of Richmond, and Mr. W. R. Roane, of the same city, were the principal speakers on the Endeavor work. Just as the clock struck the hour of 4, President Hill entertained a motion to adjourn, and the thirty-sixth annual gathering of the Association passed into history.

FROM KING EDWARD TO HIS SUBJECTS.

He Sends a Message of Thanks for Deep Sympathy They Have Recently Manifested.

LONDON, August 7.—The following message from King Edward to his people was made public to-night:

"To My People:

"On the eve of my coronation, an event, which I look upon as one of the most solemn and important of my life, I am anxious to express to my people at home, and in the colonies, and in India, by heart-felt appreciation of the deep sympathy they have manifested toward me during a time in my life of such imminent danger. The postponement of the coronation ceremonies, owing to my illness, has caused, I fear, much inconvenience and trouble to all who intended to celebrate it. But their disappointment has been borne by them with admirable patience and temper.

"The prayers of my people for my recovery were heard, and I now offer up my deepest gratitude to Divine Providence for having preserved my life and given me strength to fulfill the important duties which devolve upon me as sovereign of this great empire.

(Signed) "EDWARD, R. and I.

"Buckingham Palace, August 8th."

King Edward's proclamation is a personal and spontaneous expression of his Majesty's feelings. It was conceived and written by himself in an autograph letter to the Home Secretary, C. T. Ritchie. In addressing this communication to the Home Secretary the King is following the traditions observed by the late Queen Victoria, when she addressed personal messages to the nation.

King Edward did not drive out to-day. A large crowd had gathered outside Buckingham Palace in expectation of their Majesty's taking a drive, and the King, who was lunching in one of the front rooms of the building, came to a window in full view of the people, who cheered him enthusiastically. The King bowed his acknowledgments.

TOWN IN A RIOTOUS STATE.

Foreigners Force All Non-Union Men to Flee for Life.

TAMAQUA, PA., August 7.—To-day about 300 strikers, mostly foreigners, patrolled the streets of Summit Hill, and made an effort to force all workmen to return to their homes. For a time the town was in a riotous state. Non-union men were compelled to flee for safety, while those who were captured were roughly handled. Sheriff Gombert, of Carbon county, says he is unable to prevent these frequent outbreaks.

THIRST COULD NOT BE ASSUAGED.

From the Story of Chief Officer Scott of the Roraima.

(From Leslie's Monthly.)

You read about that fellow down in hell looking up and asking for water; well, that is about as near as I can come to describing it, but everything that happened sticks in my mind like a nightmare. I can see now one of the passengers, a man, lying on the foc'sle deck, hideously scarred, crying for water. When we gave it to him, he could not drink it. It would not pass down his throat. He was crawling around on deck on his hands and knees calling for water, and at last we were afraid he would fall overboard, so, with the assistance of another man, I brought him down to the main deck. As soon as ever he got there he caught sight of Thompson with his water can, and at once began to crawl after him for water like a dog. The man's tongue was literally burned out of his head. His arms were cruelly burned from his shoulders to his finger ends. As he lay there moaning aloud in mortal agony one of the sailors happened to put a buckets of salt water near him. The man plunged his right arm into it to relieve the scalding pain. At once his skin broke straight round his shoulder and stripped off his arm till it hung like a lady's opera glove turned inside out from the tops of his fingers. But the worst burns were internal. The fire did not seem to penetrate clothing, but burned the exposed flesh mercilessly.

An Advertising Moral.

(Exchange.)

Once upon a time a donkey fell into a deep hole, and, after nearly starving, caught sight of a passing fox, and implored the stranger to help him out.

"I am too small to aid you," said the fox, "but I will give you some advice. Only a few rods away is a big, strong elephant. Call to him and he will get you out in a jiffy."

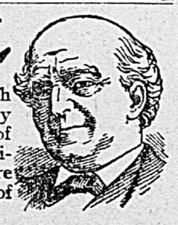
After the fox had gone the donkey thus reasoned: "I am very weak from want of nourishment. Every move I make is just so much additional loss of strength. If I raise my voice to call the elephant I shall be weaker yet. No. I will not waste my substance that way. It is the duty of the elephant to come without calling."

So the donkey settled himself back, and eventually starved to death.

Long afterward the fox, on passing the hole, saw within a whitened skeleton, and remarked:

"If it be that the souls of animals are transmigrated into men, that donkey will become one of those merchants who can never afford to advertise."

OLD PEOPLE



Do not always receive the sympathy and attention which they deserve. Their ailments are regarded as purely imaginary, or natural and unavoidable at their time of life. Disease and infirmity should not always be associated with old age. The eye of the gray haired grandsire may be as bright and the complexion as fair as any of his younger and more vigorous companions.

Good Blood is the secret of healthy old age, for it regulates and controls every part of the body, strengthens the nerves, makes the muscles elastic and supple, the bones strong and the flesh firm; but when this life fluid is polluted or poisoned and loses its nutritive, health sustaining elements, then there is a rapid decline of the vital powers, resulting in premature old age and disease. Any derangement of the blood quickly shows itself in an ulcer, sore, wart, tumor or some other troublesome growth upon the body, and rheumatic and neuralgic pains become almost constant, accompanied with poor digestion and cold extremities.

SSS S. S. S. being purely vegetable, is the safest and best blood purifier for old people. It does not shock or hurt the system like the strong mineral remedies, but gently and thoroughly cleanses the blood and stimulates the debilitated organs, when all bodily ailments disappear. S. S. S. is just such a tonic as old people need to improve a weak digestion and tone up the Stomach. If there is any hereditary taint, or the remains of some disease contracted in early life, S. S. S. will search it out and remove every vestige of it from the system.

Write us fully about your case and let our physicians advise and help you. This will cost you nothing, and we will mail free our book on blood and skin diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

CRAVEN LYNCHING.

THERE HAVE BEEN NO FURTHER ARRESTS MADE.

JUDGE FAVORS EARLY TRIALS.

Understood to Want the Cases Disposed of at as Early a Date as May Be—Knipple Resists Requisition.

LEESBURG, VA., August 7.—(Special.)—There have been no further arrests in the Craven lynching case to-day. Four of the parties mentioned in the verdict of the coroner's jury are still at large, and it is rumored that the authorities may have difficulty in finding the two Williamses and Marvin Wilson. The fourth man, C. R. Loenback, was seen in Washington yesterday, and it is thought he will return to Leesburg in time to appear before the grand jury. Bradley and Paxson were formerly committed this morning to appear before the grand jury.

Colonel E. V. White is out in the local papers to-day in reply to an article published last week by Rev. E. S. Hinks. The Colonel, who with Mr. Hinks, was one of the most active in endeavoring to prevent the lynching, strongly condemns the action of the mob, but denies that it was due to liquor or the inefficiency of the officers.

JUDGE FAVORS EARLY TRIALS.

Should a number of men be indicted by the grand jury for participation in the lynching, some of the trials will undoubtedly go over until the September term of the court, and possibly until October. It is the intention of Judge Tebbs, however, to have the cases disposed of as early as possible. Should indictments be returned against men who are in jail, and these men desire a speedy trial, the court will probably accommodate them.

Judge Tebbs will favor a speedy trial of the cases. The question of how they shall be tried will not be determined until the defendants appear in court after indictments are found. It is stated that evidence will be given before the grand jury which will tend to implicate a number of persons in excess of the number returned by the grand jury, but indictments will probably not be returned unless conclusive testimony is given. Should an indictment charging a number of men jointly with responsibility of Craven's death be returned, counsel will probably ask for separate trials.

RESISTS REQUISITION.

Harry Knipple's Counsel to Appear in His Behalf.

FREDERICK, MD., August 7.—Harry Knipple, who was arrested here last week by direction of Sheriff H. N. Russell, of Leesburg, Va., was brought before Justice John Wood this afternoon for the purpose of having a preliminary hearing. Knipple and his counsel, Joseph W. Garver, were present, and asked for trial. Mr. Garver was shown a telegram from Sheriff Russell, which stated that a hearing on the requisition had been fixed to take place in Baltimore before Governor Smith to-morrow. It was then agreed that the prisoner should be held until after the Governor of Maryland had decided whether or not he would sign the requisition.

Mr. Garver stated that it was not probable that the prisoner would be taken to Baltimore to-morrow, but that he (Garver) will attend the hearing and resist the granting of the requisition by every means in his power. It is admitted that a man named Knipple was in Leesburg when Craven was lynched, but it is denied that the prisoner held here had anything to do with the lynching, except that he may have been carried along with the mob when the attack on the jail was made.

DID SYNDICATE LOSE?

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.)

refines gas tar, offering to sell them 4,000 barrels of the tar. This was about three weeks before the Council let the contract. It so happened that this concern is connected with the Armitage Company, in this city, and the offer was referred to the local factory for consideration.

Just about the time when the syndicate was beginning to congratulate itself on the visions of profit in the contract which their representative, Mr. Bradley, had secured, they were startled almost out of their senses to learn that Mr. Bradley had assigned the contract that the Council gave him to the Armitage Company, thus forever eliminating the syndicate from the enjoyment of any prospective profits. When this fact fully dawned upon the syndicate, they beat their breasts violently and went on the house tops and lamented that there was no way by which they could square matters with Bradley.

Bradley Sells His Contract.

There can be no doubt of Mr. Bradley's assigning the contract. The assignment to the Armitage Company took place, it is understood, yesterday morning, and the contract, bond and notice of assignment have been filed with Auditor Warren, and a copy of the assignment has been filed with Mayor Taylor. The Armitage Company is in full and undisputed possession of the contract, and Mr. Bradley has been temporarily called out of the city. The consideration in the assignment is named at one dollar, but Mr. Bradley is believed to have received a sum many times larger than that for the transfer. There is not the least doubt of that. As soon as he secured the contract from the Council, it is understood, he communicated with the Armitage Company, offering to dispose of it to them, and named a sum which they were unwilling to grant. After some correspondence on the matter, a compromise was effected by which Mr. Bradley received a sum less than $1,000 for the assignment. It cannot be stated positively whether any of the money was paid to the syndicate. And there's one of the points to the story.

Mr. W. C. Armitage was not in town last night, having gone to the Elks' convention in Salt Lake city, but it is learned from good authority that the amount paid to Mr. Bradley was about $750.

Will Pay the Fiddler.

Out of the whole transaction, the syndicate say they have not a cent to show for its trouble, but the lawyers' fees for drawing up the agreement with Mr. Bradley, a lot of disappointment in their own shrewdness, and a great loss of faith in the value of getting contracts through a third party. The syndicate cannot even get the satisfaction of showing how they lost out, for to do so would reveal them as the real parties back of the deal, and they are not willing to stand the chagrin that will come from a full explanation of the matter. Realizing that their hands are effectually tied, they have done nothing but kick themselves around town for the past twenty-four hours, and sigh for one last look at Mr. Bradley.

Of course, the syndicate still has the agreement drawn up with Mr. Bradley in which he was to receive his commission, and they were advised yesterday by some who were on the inside of the deal, to make use of it in order to hold Mr. Bradley up to the mark, but Mr. Bradley has the drop on the syndicate, for they cannot afford to appear in any way in the matter, and the best they can do now is to adjudicate their differences with Mr. Bradley in such a manner as time and opportunity will afford, and this is what they are looking for.

Just what the law can do in the matter does not concern the syndicate now. The contract is gone, Mr. Bradley is not here, and the money is with him, according to report. Nothing is left save the defunct syndicate, and it is understood that they fell to wrangling yesterday among themselves as to how the thing happened, as they are rated among the most astute business men in the city, and do not often get thrown down. Yesterday they were willing to doff their hats to their erstwhile partner, but what they had to say about him is not exactly new or news.

It is understood that the syndicate labored to impress upon the Light Committee how desirable it would be for the city to get the contract out of the hands of the Armitage Company on the grounds that that concern is in the Gas Tar Trust, and it would be so much better to put the contract in the hands of an individual like Mr. Bradley, especially as he offered a higher bid and was a hard working man, and needed the money. The syndicate was just tickled to death at their own unselfishness, but when they awoke yesterday to find that they had been thrown down so hard, they switched from the trust question and devoted most of the day looking for Mr. Bradley, while the Armitage Company will continue to draw gas tar from the city gas works just the same as ever, and, it may be added, nobody will reflect upon the company, as its course was thoroughly legitimate.

THIS WAS A WISE PIGEON.

Why Astonishing Record of "Syracuse Comet" Did Not Stand.

(Denver Post.)

"I see by the Post that Pueblo Star, the homing pigeon, recently won the record by flying from Pueblo to Cleveland in extraordinarily fast time," said James Holloran, who, though not a delegate, is at the Albany with many of his Hibernian friends.

"Pueblo Star has the record, but he may thank his stars that Syracuse Comet, a pigeon James Dolan used to own, is not alive and that Dolan was honest enough not to let his bird win the prize by fraud. Syracuse Comet was a big bird, but he was awfully lazy. Nobody knew he was a homing pigeon until he was almost a year old, for he was found one morning before he could fly by a Pullman porter, who kept him for a year and took him with him every trip. Those were the days when the negro porters used the cars for their rooms while they laid over.

"Well, Syracuse Comet was taken to a loft owned by Dolan and after a while was trained. He was taken a few miles away and he went home in the most approved style, but he was a mean bird and was always fighting. Dolan decided to either prove him to be a first-class homing pigeon or get rid of him, so he took him to New York city and turned him loose. He notified his friends in Syracuse by telegraph of the hour and minute he had released Syracuse Comet, but he did not expect to ever hear from him again.

"Syracuse is 340 miles from New York, but eight hours after he had been released in New York city Syracuse Comet showed up at the loft. It was only by the noise made by the other pigeons, which were afraid of him, that his coming was found out so soon. Dolan's friends thought Dolan had played a joke on them and had sent the bird on with a friend a couple of days before. Dolan, too, when he got the telegram saying Syracuse Comet had arrived thought his friends were joking with him, for pigeons are doing good work if they fly 100 miles in twenty-four hours.

"Nevertheless, they tried Syracuse Comet again and again, and each time he made the trip in the same time, and it required considerable investigation to learn that Syracuse Comet had merely perched on a fast train going his way and had rode all the way to Syracuse. Trains are so frequent out of New York city and railway lines as straight as air lines that a pigeon with Syracuse Comet's intelligence had no difficulty in finding a flyer. It was learned afterward that Syracuse Comet would not let a train pass him. Once when the President's special was going by the regular train Dolan's pigeon made a flying leap and boarded the special. He was a great pigeon, and Dolan killed the cat that killed him. He was 3 years old when he met his death. If it had not been for Dolan's great honesty, however, Syracuse Comet would have established a record no pigeon would ever be able to break."

KOCH'S THEORY A FAILURE?

French Physician Says Bovine Tuberculosis Affected Him.

A special cablegram from Paris to the New York Sun says:

"Dr. Garanault, who inoculated himself with matter from a diseased cow in order to disprove Professor Koch's theory that it is impossible for human being to catch tuberculosis from cattle, writes to the Temps that an examination of pieces of his skin, which were abstracted last Thursday by Professor Tuffier, has been made at the Pasteur Institute, and that a great number of large polynuclus cells characteristic of tuberculosis formation were found.

"It is true, Dr. Garnault says, that the presence of tuberculous bacilli has not been discovered, and he adds that that is generally so in these cases, but he considered it certain that these bacilli would be found in guinea pigs which will be inoculated with other portions abstracted from his skin a fortnight hence, and that this experiment will demonstrate absolutely the error of Professor Koch's assertions.

"Meanwhile, however, Dr. Garnault says, it may be considered that he has already proved his contention, for in ordinary cases the evidence obtained would justify a diagnosis of tuberculosis."

New York as a Foreign City.

(Leslie's Weekly.)

In the city of New York there are only 737,477 white persons born of native parents, or but 21.44 per cent. of the population of the city. This statement means that out of every one hundred persons living within the municipal boundaries of New York seventy-eight are either foreigners, or the children of foreign-born parents, or colored people. New York, however, is not the first, but the second city of the country having the largest foreign-born population. Fall River, Mass., is first in that respect. Official figures show that there in New York city more males under 21 years of Slavonic parentage than of any other people, and the number of Slavonic men more than 21 years of age exceed that of any other nationality, except Germans and Irish. In the Fourteenth Assembly District of New York county the percentage of Hebrew families with nine children each is six times as great as the Protestant percentage, while the number of Hebrew families with no children at all is but about one-half the Protestant parentage.

The Precise Direction.

(Philadelphia Times.)

Rear-Admiral Clark, of Oregon fame, now stationed at the Naval Home, this city, and James A. Campbell, a newspaper man and politician, were talking recently of the Annapolis Naval Academy, where the latter's son is a cadet. Mr Campbell expressed the opinion that, in spite of the outcry against the late Admiral Sampson's delivery on the question of Gunner Morgan, educated city boys should develop into better naval officers than boys without culture or formal knowledge.

"It's all in the boy, culture or no culture," replied the man who brought the Oregon safely to the waters where it was needed. "The urban boy's 'breaks,' however, are usually more laughable than the jay's. I remember of a midshipman who was told by his commanding officer to ascertain how the wind was blowing, and who, returning, reported:

"'The wind is blowing toward the ship, sir.'"

Little gobs of powder,
Little specks of paint,
Make the little Freckle
Look as if it ain't.

Manchester and Chesterfield.

The case of Thomas Pitts, the express messenger on the Southern railway, who is accused of an attempted criminal assault on a young lady in this city, was continued until this morning by Justice Jordan, in the Police Court, yesterday. The motion for a continuance was made by Mr. David L. Pulliam, counsel for the accused, who desired further time to summon witnesses for the defence. It is understood that the friends of Mr. Pitts will endeavor to secure Mr. Harry M. Smith, of Richmond, as Mr. Pulliam's associate in the case.

The accused man was taken to the city jail by Sergeant Saunders and will be confined there until after the trial. 'Squire Jordan will have the court-room cleared of all spectators when the case is called, with the exception of representatives of the press.

Although the case is everywhere discussed, there is absolutely no excitement, and Pitts's account of the affair—that he was drunk and accidentally wandered into the young lady's room—is given general credence. A great deal of morbid interest is being displayed, and the 'Squire's action in excluding all but witnesses and reporters from the court-room, is considered a wise one.

Messrs. Harry Hart and Sam Pool have entered into the business life of Manchester, as steeple jacks. These young men are very well known, and will in the future bid on contracts for stack painting, steeple cleaning, and, in fact, any contract calling for hazardous work high up in the air. They have one Richmond contract, and will go to work as soon as paint and other necessary supplies are obtained.

STREET COMMITTEE.

The Street Committee met in the City Engineer's office last night, and heard his report on the recent work he has been doing in putting the alleys of the city in a more sanitary condition. He reported that for a week after the last meeting he had all four of the city's carts and four additional men on this work, and that the alleys were now in a much more satisfactory condition, and no longer a menace to the public health. The routine business was transacted and the usual bills approved.

The School Committee of the Council failed to meet last night for want of a quorum.

POLICE COURT.

Charles Mosby and Walter Brown (both colored) were before 'Squire Jordan yesterday, charged with fighting at Hull street and Cowardin avenue. They were fined $2.50 each.

The case against the Richmond and Petersburg railway employees, R. F. Tremler and J. H. Hughes, was dismissed in the Police Court yesterday. The men were charged with running their car so recklessly that a collision with the grocery wagon of Mr. L. M. Nunnally resulted, in which Mr. Nunnally's son was quite seriously injured. The evidence showed that the car was not running over eight miles an hour, and that the wagon was turned over by the fender and not by the force of the collision.

A Henrico negro wandered to Manchester yesterday with a load of roasting ears, which he proceeded to exchange for a load of the finished corn product. He got his money's worth. When found he was so far gone that he didn't even know his name, and was locked up in ignominious anonymousity, and the station house.

The Corporation Court adjourned for the term yesterday. Jurors can get their tickets on application at the Clerk's office.

MEADE-MEMORIAL EXCURSION.

The Sunday-school teachers and officers of Meade-Memorial Sunday school will run their annual excursion to West Point on Thursday, August 28th. The train will leave the Southern Depot, foot of Perry street, at 8:30, and Fourteenth-street crossing, Richmond, at 8:45 sharp.

The proceeds of the excursion will go towards purchasing a new pipe organ for the church. From the present prospect, this school will carry down one of the largest crowds of the season. On the return trip the train will leave West Point at 7:30 sharp, arriving in Manchester at 8:30.

MILLS RESUME.

The Old Dominion Iron- and Nail-Works, situated on Belle Isle, are resuming operation, and now have five of their mills in operation. On July 28th these mills were shut down for their annual inventory and repairs, and in the interval a new mill has been erected and a number of repairs made to some others. The company has arranged to build on the island, where its works are, a number of modern residences for its working people, and it is learned that already a number of them have been spoken for. The contract will be given out in a short while.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Manchester Dairy changed hands Wednesday afternoon, the plant entire being purchased by Mr. W. H. Harris. The dairy will be continued at No. 1814 Hull street.

Swansboro' puts a base-ball team in the field, and now, through its manager, Mr. E. G. Hooper, No. 11 Semmes street, Manchester, issues a challenge to all comers. The team has just gotten together, and is a strong aggregation.

Vashti, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Baber, is quite ill with fever at her parents' residence, No. 1429 Perry street.

The quarterly meeting of the Baptist Young People's Union of Richmond and Manchester will be held at Broadus-Memorial church Friday, August 8th, at 8:15 P. M. Mr. Robert H. Talley and others will address the meeting.

CHIEFLY PERSONAL.

Rev. R. Atwell Tucker, pastor of the Baptist church at Lawrenceville, Brunswick county, is just recovering from a severe illness, and will leave in a day or two for his old home, at Lowesville, Amherst county, to spend a month.

Mrs. Franklin Stearns, Jr., left yesterday for Harrisonburg to spend several weeks. She will be joined there by her sister, Miss Daisy Dickinson, who is now visiting friends in Orange county.

Miss Vesta Turner, of Roanoke, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. C. H. Turner, 107 south Pine street.

Mrs. Z. A. De Nordendorf and daughter has gone to Arrington for two months.

Mr. Harvey Baker, of Suffolk, Va., a student of the Medical College of Virginia, is visiting friends at 810 east Clay street.

Mr. McKay, of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, residing on east Main, near First street, is visiting with his family at Buchanan, Va.

Mrs. William McShee, of 617½ north Twenty-third street, is visiting in Louisa county.

Mr. William H. Tyler, of Highland Park, who has been confined at home for some days, seriously sick, is improved and at business again.

I. Stern and family have left Atlantic City for Blue Mountain House, Md.

Seymour Sycle left yesterday for Blue Mountain House.

M. M. Elseman, having recovered from his illness, will leave next week with his wife and child for the mountains of Virginia.

to Abolish Street Musicians.

Under instructions from the Police Committee, Clerk A. H. McDowell has written to Chief Howard, requesting him to abate the nuisance caused by the organ-grinders, singers, and other street musicians. The matter will be referred to the City Attorney.

Funeral of Mr. English.

The funeral of Andrew J. English, the painter who fell from a scaffold at Seventeenth and Main streets Wednesday morning, will be from the Hoge-Memorial church at 11:30 o'clock to-day. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. E. Cook.

SAVE YOUR HAIR

With Shampoos of Cuticura Soap and Light Dressings of Cuticura.

This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

MILLIONS USE CUTICURA SOAP

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, by women in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOUR, $1.00.

Cuticura The Set $1 Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, 25c., to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, 50c., to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, 25c., to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odorless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Put up in screw-capped pocket vials, containing 60 doses, price 25c. CUTICURA PILLS are alterative, antiseptic, tonic, and digestive, and the purest, sweetest, most successful and economical of blood and skin purifiers, humour cures, and tonic-digestives.

CHOSE THE OFFICERS

LAST DAY'S MEETING OF THE STATE DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

DR. BRIDGEFORTH PRESIDENT

He is a Richmond Member of the Profession—Glimpse of the Body's Work Yesterday — Some Subjects Discussed—Then a Trolley Ride.

HAMPTON, VA., August 7.—(Special.)—The thirty-third annual convention of the Virginia State Dental Association concluded its work at Old Point at noon to-day, by the election of officers and the selection of Hot Springs as the next place for holding the annual session.

The meeting has been one of the most enjoyable in the history of the State Association according to the views expressed by the dentists, all of whom declared they had spent a most profitable three days together.

The papers and clinics read at this meeting, while not so great in numbers as those of previous years, were strong, and touched upon very live issues to the dental profession, and the routine business was most important. All this combined to make the meeting of the dentists an occasion long to be remembered.

BUSINESS OF THE DAY.

The consluding session was called to order by President W. E. Norris, who announced that further discussion of the subjects left over from the previous day was in order. Much time was then spent in considering operative dentistry and dental hygeine, nearly all of the members taking part in the discussions.

The selection of the meeting place for the coming year was then taken up, and after some discussion, Hot Springs was chosen, with the understanding that the executive committee can make the necessary arrangements for the accommodation of the Association next August.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers being next in order, the Association proceeded to receive nominations. The following were unanimously chosen:

President—Dr. B. Bridgeforth, Richmond.

First Vice-President—Dr. I. B. Smith, Richmond.

Second Vice-President—Dr. R. L. Simpson, Fincastle.

Third Vice-President—Dr. R. L. Walker, Norfolk.

Treasurer—Dr. W. H. Ewald, Portsmouth.

Corresponding Secretary—Dr. J. Hall Moore, Richmond.

Recording Secretary—Dr. George F. Keesee, Richmond.

Members Executive Committee—Drs. W. F. Stiff, Richmond; E. J. Applewhite, Newport News; and E. P. Beadles, Danville.

DIVISION OF THE STATE.

The question of making a division of the State into three sections was left to a committee of three members, which is to report on the advisibility of the scheme at the next annual meeting of the association.

Drs. F. A. Aronheim, of Norfolk; Lee Talliaferro, of Madison; and Robert L. Booth, of Drake's Branch, were elected members of the Association, making about twenty additions to the body during this convention.

The dentists and their lady friends were this afternoon given a trolley ride over the Newport News and Old Point Railway and Electric Company's line by the dentists of Hampton and Newport News. The trip was med to Newport News, where the ship yard was inspected, and other points along the line were visited by the Association.

Many of the dentists left on the late train this afternoon for their homes, and those few still remaining, will leave to-morrow morning.

Dr. Hazen Worse.

The condition of Rev. James K. Hazen, who has been so ill at his home, in Bon Air, for some time, was rather worse yesterday. He passed a restless night, and was much weaker.

City Hall Courts.

Mrs. Callie Loose yesterday instituted suit against Frank W. Woolworth, claiming damages $5,000. Mr. Woolworth is the proprietor of the 5- and 10-cent store on Broad street. No declaration has been filed, but it is understood that the suit is the result of Mrs. Loose having been severely injured in the store while it was crowded several winters ago. Mr. W. H. Beveridge represents the plaintiff.

In the Law and Equity Court yesterday a suit for $5,000 was filed against the city of Richmond and J. C. Cheatwood by J. D. Davis. The declarations did not accompany the suit.

Judge Minor, of the Law and Equity Court, yesterday discharged the jurors, who have been engaged during the present term, and the court will adjourn on Saturday until September 8th.

Judge Lamb, of the Chancery Court, is on a brief vacation with friends in Richmond county. He will be absent from his court for several days.

Y. M. C. A. Star Course.

Mr. S. Russell Bridges, manager of the Alkahest Lyceum System, of Atlanta, is in the city, figuring with the Young Men's Christian Association in regard to booking attractions for the fall and winter course.

Mr. Blair the Same.

Mr. Hugh Blair's condition is about the same as for the past few days. His strength seems to be gradually declining.

MODERN AIDS TO NOVELISTS.

Manner in Which the Popular Writers Collect Their Material.

(New York Evening Post.)

Just as rapidly as the public demands anything in large quantities nature supplies the mechanism which will gratify the want. At the present time there is an inexhaustible market for historical novels of all sorts and kinds. When, therefore, the historical novelist sketches out a plot, he would, if left to himself, require several months of hard study in some large library in order to obtain accurate material and local color. Creative genius does not imply research and investigation.

What he does, therefore, is to make a plot or scenario of his story and a requisition for material. This will include a description of the towns and cities and the times wherein the story is placed, pen pictures, and anecdotes of any historical characters introduced into the piece, and a brief collection of the sayings, jokes, poems, and popular songs of the period. He then goes to the libraries and interviews several professional bookworms who have lately developed this work into a recognized industry. These workers, purveyors of information, are known in the libraries as "the shadows of the novelists" who employ them. Their work is pleasant, but monotonous. Long practice has made them familiar with the books so that they know exactly where to turn, which is nine-tenths of the battle.

One of them, a middle-aged, but bright-eyed, Daughter of the Revolution, who has become a specialist in this field of work and calls herself "A Searcher for Novelists," showed me her order book "chatted" with me about her work. "Mr. X——, who is running a serial story in Barker's Monthly, wants ten jokes about General Israel Putnam. I sent him fifteen, from which he will select ten. If I had not done this, he would have growled and declared that any schoolboy could have gotten these from a fifth reader."

SWIMMERS' CRAMP.

It Is Not so Very Dangerous if the Swimmer Will Keep Cool.

(Outing for August.)

If swimmers could be trained to keep cool under all circumstances there would be comparatively little drowning among bathers and summer pleasure seekers. Cramp is usually assigned as the cause when some good swimmer drowns. But cramp ought in reality to be nothing serious. Usually it affects only an arm or a leg, or, may be, only a hand or foot. Any moderately good swimmer can keep afloat with one arm, or even without the use of that; yet good swimmers are drowning every week as a result of cramp. If such fatalities were analyzed they would be more properly classed as drownings from fright and loss of nerve. This comes from the fact that every one is taught in childhood to fear the water, and comes as a grown man and a swimmer to fear cramp. The average opinion is that the man who is attacked when swimming in deep water is as good as drowned. Therefore, when a swimmer feels a leg or arm begin to cramp he is frightened, in most cases, entirely out of his wits. He loses his head, begins to splash and paw and struggle, and then goes down.

What the swimmer should remember is that he can keep afloat with very, very little effort if he will turn on his back and keep his chest inflated. It is the simple matter of floating, which every swimmer knows and finds very easy. If the swimmer will keep cool and float the cramping limb will frequently relax after a little, and he will find himself as well as ever.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread.

Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.