TALK FOR GREAT SHOW

Exposition People Are Alive to the Situation.

TO BE SETTLED THURSDAY

General Lee and Mr. Ellyson to Close. Popular President and Mr. Wool Talk—Will Ask No More Money of State.

The Committees on Finance of the Senate and House held another session yesterday afternoon, and heard further argument in favor of the appropriation of $200,000 for the Jamestown Exposition, but did not take final action.

The matter went over until 10 o'clock on Thursday next, when General Fitzhugh Lee and Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson will close for the bill, and shortly after that time a favorable report is expected.

The speakers yesterday were: Director-General D. Lowenberg, of Norfolk; Messrs. O. D. Bachelor, of Newport News; H. L. Page, of Norfolk, and J. L. Patton, president of the Chamber of Commerce and one of the State commissioners for the St. Louis Exposition.

These gentlemen were presented to the committee by Hon. C. A. Woodard, one of the members from Norfolk city, and they all gave strong reasons for the passage of the bill in its present form.

WILL LIKELY PASS.

It looks as if there is but little doubt at this time about the passage of the measure, but those who are pressing the scheme are losing no time. The impression which seemed to have gotten out in some quarters that the company might later on ask the Legislature for additional money, has been dispelled by an interview with President Lee by The Times-Dispatch.

Director Lowenberg, Secretary Shepperd and others talk on the same line, and are positive they will get from the United States government and other sources all the money that will be needed at soon as the Legislature shall have taken ground in the matter.

WILL ASK NO MORE.

General Lee was very emphatic last night in declaring that the Jamestown Exposition Company will not ask any further appropriation from the State than the $200,000 provided for by the bill now pending, the passage of which is confidently expected. "The matter of applying to a future Legislature for further aid has never been thought of or spoken of," said General Lee, "and we have no such intention. The money derived from the sale of one and a half million dollars of common and preferred stock, supplemented by subscriptions by the government and the cities and counties of Virginia, especially those of Tidewater, will, we confidently believe, be sufficient to cover all the expenses of the exposition. We are willing to give any guarantee that there will be no further application to the Legislature.

"There is no doubt," General Lee continued, "that the national government will be liberal when, at the proper time, we ask for a subscription, because of the great opportunity the exposition on Hampton Roads will give the government to display and let the people see the boats of our splendid navy. This will make it easier for Congress to vote the necessary appropriations to maintain and preserve that important arm of our service."

A TALK WITH MR. WOOL.

Mr. Thomas J. Wool, the well-known and distinguished Norfolk lawyer, who is here in the interest of the Jamestown Exposition Company, of which he is vice-president, in speaking of the work of that organization, said to a Times-Dispatch reporter last night:

"The work of the company up to this time has been largely confined to perfecting the details of organization, selecting a site, outlining the scope and preparing a financial plan. But little has been done in the way of securing subscriptions to the common guaranty stock, and the preferred stock has not as yet been offered for sale.

"From what I have said, it may seem that we have not been doing much since the charter was granted, but such is not the case.

"The work of organization required the careful preparation of elaborate by-laws, such as would meet the requirements of the company as nearly as possible during its entire life, the election of part the Board of Directors and officers and the naming of an Executive Committee.

"The selection of a president took up considerable time and was a matter of the utmost importance. We feel that no mistake was made when General Lee was selected, and were exceedingly gratified and encouraged when he agreed to become our president.

"We proceeded very carefully in selecting a site—several sites were offered and, in my opinion, the grandest site in this country has been selected for an exposition, the novel feature of which will be a grand naval and marine display of the navies and merchant marine of the world.

"We have every reason to believe that this will be the biggest thing Virginia has ever had or ever will have in this generation.

"Now, it all remains for the General Assembly to say what shall be done. The General Assembly by a joint resolution of February, 1901, invited the cities of the Commonwealth to appear before the General Assembly and show how and where this great exposition should be held. We had every reason and assurance that this old State meant what she said when she issued this invitation, and we still believe it. The General Assembly should, and will, make the appropriation asked for. It is two late for her to back down now."

DRAPED HIS DOOR

Crepe and W. C. T. U. Ribbon on it When He Had to Close.

At the office of the Anti-Saloon League here there has been received from a resident of Caroline county a letter giving an account of a funny incident which came to light there a few days ago. Caroline recently went "dry," and on the Monday following the judge of the county ordered all the whiskey shops to close. One of the saloonists manifested a particular regret. He draped his door with crepe and put a W. C. T. U. white ribbon on his knob.

Large Pores
Positively Cured at Your Home.
I completely remove every spot and blemish from the face or body, rendering the skin clear, smooth and healthy. Consultation free. Write for Book.
JOHN H. WOODBURY D. I.
26 West 23d St., New York.

MILLIONS use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itching and chafings, and for all purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, in washes for ulcerative perspiration, weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves. Sold everywhere.

LIQUOR PEOPLE ARE FULL OF FIGHT

They Do Not Like the Bills Offered by Messrs. Mann and Clayton.

The whiskey people of the State are greatly stirred by the various bills that have been offered in the Legislature affecting their interests, and they are said to be lining up for a big battle against the Mann and Clayton bills as well as others which would place strictures upon them.

Almost every day men interested in the liquor business may be seen about the Capitol buttonholing the members and asking them to stand against all anti-liquor measures. On the other hand, not a day passes that a long batch of petitions are not offered, both in the Senate and House, praying the passage of the Mann bill, and when it shall be considered in committee a big fight is expected.

Mr. E. R. Woodward, of Roanoke, president of the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association, has been here for several days organizing his forces, but has now returned to his home. As a rule it is said that the liquor people favor the putting of social clubs on an equal footing with them in the matter of license taxes, but this is about the only proposed liquor legislation which they do favor.

W. C. T. U. ORGANIZED

Enthusiastic Meeting Held at the Randolph-Street Church.

A most enthusiastic meeting at the Randolph Street Baptist Church last night resulted in the organization of a branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. About forty members were enrolled.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mrs. I. S. Boyles; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. E. S. Jones, Mrs. Wingfield and Mrs. Galbraith; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Massie; Recording Secretary, Mrs. A. C. Leber; Treasurer, Mrs. S. L. Southards. A meeting of the new union will be held on Monday afternoon next at 3 o'clock.

Among the features of the meeting last night were an address by Mrs. Newton and another by Mrs. Howard M. Hoge, State President of the W. C. T. U.

ALASKAN TREATY

Senate Committee Authorized a Favorable Report.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, January 30.—The Senate Committee of Foreign Relations today authorized favorable reports on the Alaska boundary treaty and the protocol for the extension of the time for the ratification of the Cuban reciprocity treaty, but failed, for lack of time, to reach a decision on the Panama canal treaty.

There was considerable discussion on the Alaskan treaty, but the agreement to make a favorable report was unanimous. The Panama treaty was opposed by Senator Morgan, who offered a number of amendments and presented an argument in opposition to the treaty as it now stands.

The committee will meet again to-morrow to hear the conclusion of Senator Morgan's objections.

FIGHTING IN PHILIPPINES

Bodies of Americans Killed in Recent Fight Recovered.

(By Associated Press.)

MANILA, Jan. 30.—Eight Ladrones and one constable were killed in an encounter at Ormoc Leyte province. The fight was a hard one, but the constabulary ultimately won by a daring charge. One hundred and fifty Ladrones surrendered at Ormoc the following day. The district has been disorderly, and it is believed that the surrender of these men will lead to its pacification.

The bodies of three American volunteers, including Mr. Osborne, a teacher, who were killed at Bolonno recently in a fight with Ladrones, have been recovered.

Malnanga, a noted bandit who was among the enemy's dead, directed the fight. The Americans charged and killed him before they were surrounded and killed.

CLYDE LINE FREIGHTER GOES AGROUND

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., January 30.—The freight steamer Gulf Stream, of the Clyde Line, from New York for Philadelphia, carrying a crew of twenty-one men, is ashore on a sand bar, near Avalone, about twenty-five miles south of this city. The vessel went ashore during the dense fog which prevailed along the coast. The Gulf Stream is lying broadside on the beach and is in a dangerous position, the belief being that she will become a total loss. The life-savers succeeded in taking off all the crew. The work of rescue was dangerous owing to the high sea and thick fog.

The crew say the steamer lost her bearings during the night.

DENOUNCED JURY THAT FOUND HIM GUILTY

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, January 30.—The jury in the trial of Police Captain Gannon, who was accused of neglect of duty, returned a verdict of guilty to-day. When he heard the verdict Gannon denounced the prosecutor and the judge in bitter terms. The newspaper reporters also came in for a part of his tirade.

OPERATORS CONCLUDE

Close Their Case Before the Strike Commission.

WITNESSES IN REBUTTAL

These Will Be Introduced by Miners Monday—Arguments Expected to Consume a Week Beginning on February 9th—Statistics.

(By Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA, PA., January 30.—With the exception of the presentation of statistics, the coal operators closed their case before the Coal Strike Commission to-day, and it is expected the miners will begin calling witnesses in rebuttal on Monday. No session will be held to-morrow. The miners will take up three or four days in rebuttal next week, after which the commission will adjourn until the following Monday. The arguments will consume the greater part of the week beginning February 9th.

Up to date the commission has heard 490 witnesses.

It developed during the session that a miner who testified before the commission at Scranton had lost his place because he was in Scranton, and the commission exacted a promise from the superintendent of the company that he would reinstate him.

STATISTICS.

Jacob P. Jones, paymaster for the Reading, presented figures showing the wages of the miners, taken from nine collieries. Counsel for the miners contended that the wages at these collieries were higher than the average. Counsel, in order to show the unreliability of averages, took Indian Ridge colliery as an example. The average annual wages of the miners at this colliery was $652.82, according to the company. Counsel for the miners showed that 496 men figured in this average, and that only twenty men, or four per cent., got the average of $652.82, or more, and that 471 men, or ninety-six per cent., received wages under that average.

Chairman Gray called attention to the fact that of the 496 men 388 worked an average of only 35 4-10 days during the year. This, he said, should also be taken into consideration.

The witness said that 110 men worked full time and received an average of $593 for the year. If all men had worked full time they would have received the same wages.

MIDDIES' STANDING

Pennsylvania and Michigan Men Lead the Class of 1903.

(By Associated Press.)

ANNAPOLIS, MD., January 30.—The Academic Board of the Navy Academy today announced the final standing of the members of the 1903 class, which will be graduated February 2d. There are six star men, each of whom earned better than eighty-five per cent. in all examinations. Donald R. Battle, of West Mill Creek, Pa., and Alexander H. Van Kuren, of Powell, Mich., are the honor men of the class.

The star men, besides Battle and Van Kuren, are William Woods Smyth, Marion, Iowa; Paul Henry Fritz, of Grand Forks, N. D.; Stephen Clegg Rowan, at large, District of Columbia; Walter Stratton Anderson, Carlinville, Ill.

GOULD NOT INTERESTED IN GAYTON COAL FIELDS

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, January 30.—Frank J. Gould, who arrived in town to-day, could not be interviewed. His private secretary stated that he was positive that Mr. Gould had made no effort whatever to purchase, acquire or get an option upon the Gayton coal mines.

He said he did not believe Mr. Gould had ever heard of the Gayton mines, and surely was in no way interested in them, because if he was and there was any arrangement or correspondence at all about them it must have passed through the hands of the private secretary.

THEORIES ABOUT CATARRH.

Peculiar Ideas Regarding a Common Disease.

Mark Twain's cure for a cold in the head was simple, but he claims very effective in his own case; his plans was to eat nothing whatever for twenty-four hours or presumably until the trouble had disappeared.

Although not able to speak from personal experience as to the effectiveness of this treatment, it certainly has the merit of extreme economy, but it occurs to us that the application of it to a case of nasal catarrh might be attended with difficulties.

Catarrh, as everyone knows, is a chronic cold in the head and Mr. Twain's treatment, if it should become a fad, would make of us a nation of fasters; an army, emulating the example of the immortal Tanner who achieved world-wide fame by fasting forty days.

Catarrh is certainly becoming a national disease, and there is little doubt but that errors in diet, particularly over eating is a very common cause.

Most people, however, are more interested in the cure of the trouble than in the cause, and modern medical science has produced more effective and less heroic remedies than Mr. Twain's.

Hydrastin is a new remedy, very effective in some forms of Catarrh. Red Gum is another which, on account of its antiseptic properties is very valuable, while many severe cases of Chronic Catarrh have been entirely cured by the sanguinaria or extract of Blood root alone.

Within a year an enterprising chemist has combined all of these remedies in tablet form, palatable and convenient and the superiority of this tablet over other catarrh remedies is so apparent that all druggists now carry they in stock to supply the popular demand.

They are called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and it is doubtful if any medicine has achieved a national popularity in so short a time as this.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are used by thousands of traveling men because they can be carried in the pocket and used any time and in any quantity, being free from cocaine, opiate or any poisonous drug.

They clear the head and throat from the disgusting secretions of catarrh, very often in a few hours time.

For nasal Catarrh they are far superior to any wash, lotion or ointment, the use of which is often as inconvenient and annoying as the disease itself.

For coughs, colds, bronchial catarrh and catarrh of stomach, these tablets give immediate relief and a permanent cure, where lotions, douches and inhalers make no impression whatever.

This preparation is a boon to catarrh sufferers, and any druggist will tell you that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is a remedy that has come to stay.

NO ANSWER FROM POWERS

Venezuelan Negotiations Are at a Standstill.

PREPARED FOR EXIGENCY

Cabinet Approved Action Taken in Congress for the Strengthening of Coast Fortifications—Long Dispatch to British Secretary.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 30.—No answer has yet come from the allied powers to Mr. Bowen's last proposition. The British ambassador sent a long cablegram to Lord Lansdowne yesterday, stating what might be expected in case Great Britain and her two allies insisted on the preferential treatment for the blockading powers. It informed the Foreign Office that Minister Bowen, in the event of a refusal of his proposition, would call upon the representatives of the other claimant powers in Washington and state to them that Venezuela was being forced by the triple alliance to yield to a plan which would affect seriously the interests of France, Belgium, Norway and Sweden, Spain, Denmark, Holland and the United States.

When this step is taken it is expected that France will make representation at once to London, Berlin and Rome, protesting against any interference with the previous arrangement she has made with Venezuela for the settlement of claims. France may be joined in this protest by the other claimant nations.

There is reason to believe that the French Government has sounded the United States Government to learn how much in common then may between their interests in Venezuela. It is said that there is a strong resemblance between the claims of the two nations, perhaps enough to link them together in resistance to any policy on the part of the allies which would tend to destroy or impair those interests. These considerations are tending to draw France and the United States together in a policy that is likely to be in opposition to that of the allies.

It was reported to-day that an answe rto Mr. Bowen's demand had been received in Washington, but the report cannot be confirmed, and the answer, if received, was not transmitted to Mr. Bowen. If the answer did arrive the suspicion is that it was unfavorable to Mr. Bowen's contention.

No Protests Received.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, January 30.—Developments in the matter of the division of the Venezuelan customs is still awaited. No protests on the subject of he preference demanded by the allies have been received here from the other Powers. It is expected at the Foreign Office that a friendly interchange of opinion between the various European Governments would undoubtedly dispel misapprehension on the allies' claims.

Concern Caused in France.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, January 30.—The Foreign Office received to-day lengthy official advices, giving details of the rejection by the allies of the proposal that France and other countries receive equal treatment in the Venezuelan settlement. This unexpected turn of events has caused much surprise and concern. For the present it does not appear to be the purpose of the French authorities to assume an imperative position, but rather set forth what they refer to as the manifest equities of the French position with a view to induce further consideration and acceptance.

The view is strongly held here that the United States, France and Belgium are in effect pacific allies.

HER HUSBAND IS FORGIVEN BY HER

Too proud to beg or even to accept the tenders of charitably-disposed friends without which nevertheless she cannot alone eke out an existence and moved withal by a spirit of regret and remorse, Mrs. Annie Jackson, an aged white woman of Henrico county, now forgives her husband who recently assaulted and beat her severely and begs that he be released from the cell in which, at er instance, he was placed. The couple are aged and white-haired—over seventy, it is said.

The attack of the old man upon his wife was made about two weeks ago and at the time created quite a stir in the county. Both are from Ireland and neither has friends or relatives in these parts. But for a few chance acquaintances the two lived at Highland Springs in an isolated condition. The husband is sober and industrious, but of a hasty temper. It was in a fit of passion that he struck his aged wife and injured her severely. He was at once arrested and put in jail and to-day the trial will be held before 'Squire George W. Thomas.

But the pitiful case can have but one ending. The old man will be discharged and will be allowed to go home and take care of his wife, who, but for his assistance, will starve. She does not want to go back to Ireland and she refuses to live on charity. The man promises, solemnly, to govern himself in the future, and to live the remainder of his life in peace and happiness with his spouse. Mrs. Jackson herself implores his release. She cannot write, but she got one of the people she knew to draw up a petition to 'Squire Thomas. Moreover, she sent with it two or three influential Highland Springs residents to intercede in her behalf.

The petition, which was formally presented yesterday to 'Squire Thomas, who will dismiss the case when it is called before him to-day, is as follows:

"I, Annie Jackson, wife of Donald Jackson, desire to say that I forgive my husband for his assault upon me and ask to have him released.

"I believe we can live in peace in the future and that he will not abuse me again.

"I do not want to go back to my friends and relatives in Prince Edward, Ireland, even if my fare is paid, as proposed, nor do I wish to depend on charity here, but simply ask to have my husband returned to me as soon as possible, believing it to be the best for both of us.

(Signed.) "ANNIE JACKSON."

LYNCHBURG SHOE MAN TO SPEAK IN BOSTON

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BOSTON, MASS., January 30.—John W. Craddock, of Lynchburg, Va., will be one of the principal speakers at the national convention of shoe wholesalers to be held next Wednesday in this city. Mr. Craddock will deliver an address at the opening session, "The Salesman as a Factor in Distribution."

Help For Working Women

The suffering and pain endured by many working women is almost beyond belief.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livlihood, or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching! She is so tired she can hardly drag about, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is quickly traced to some derangement of the female organism.

When the monthly periods are painful or irregular, when backaches and headaches drive out all ambition, when "I-can-hardly-drag-about" sensation attacks you, when you are "so-nervous-it-seems-as-though-you-would-fly," it is certain that some female derangement is fastening itself upon you. Do not let the disease make headway; write your symptoms to Mrs. Pinkham for her free advice, and begin at once the use of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Profit by the Experience of the Women Whose Letters Follow:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to write and thank you for all you have done for me. I have been suffering with womb and ovarian trouble for about four years and tried everything, but found no relief. I went to the best specialists in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. I thought at times I would go crazy, I suffered so. The doctors told me the only thing would be to have an operation and my ovaries taken out. I at last decided to quit the doctors and give Mrs. Pinkham's remedies a trial. I used both **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Sanative Wash**, and now find myself completely cured. I had the doctor to make an examination and he said I was cured. I cannot say enough for what your remedies have done for me, and have advised all my friends to try it."—MRS. CLARA MALL, with N. P. & Nat. Express Co., Ashland, Wis.

Mrs. Frances Stafford, 243 East 114th Street, New York, N.Y., says:

"It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit I have derived from taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** I am now enjoying better health than I ever did. It seemed to me that I had no strength at all. I could hardly drag about. I was in pain all over.

MRS. FRANCES STAFFORD.

"I began to feel better after taking the first dose, and am now like a new woman. I know that if other suffering women would only try it, it would help them.

"I thank you with all my heart for what your medicine has done for me."

Mrs. Lou Davis, 74 Institute Place, Flat 5, Chicago, Ill., says:

"August 24, 1901.

"For the good of others I wish to testify to the merits of your wonderful medicine, **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"I was certainly in a very bad condition. I suffered terribly with a continual backache and headache. I had pleurisy in my right side, bearing-down pains, and those dizzy, sinking or fainting spells, was nervous, peevish and despondent.

"I was advised to try your medicine, and was greatly surprised at the benefit I derived from its use. I am now entirely cured of these ailments, and consequently feel and look like an entirely new person.

"I shall always be pleased to influence suffering women to try your Vegetable Compound. It has done wonders for me, and I am very thankful."

$5000.00 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

PAY THE FIDDLER BEATEN FAVORITE

Disqualifications Changed the Results at New Orleans Race Track Materially.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, LA., January 30.—Disqualifications altered the results of to-day's racing materially. Both Balm of Gilead and Pay the Fiddler interfered to such an extent with the contending horses that they were disqualified. Pay the Fiddler was the only beaten favorite. Summary:

First race—six furlongs—St. Cuthbert (10 to 2) first, Automum (12 to 1) second, Versifier (40 to 1) third. Time, 1:14 3-5.

Second race—selling, six and a half furlongs—Archena (11 to 5) first, Little Jack Horner (7 to 2) second, Frank Kenny (12 to 1) third. Time, 1:22 3-5.

Third race—two-year-olds, three furlongs—Arkansas Pass (3 to 1) first, Miss Holliday (8 to 1) second, Alcomb (6 to 1) third. Time, :36 4-5.

Fourth race—selling, mile and a sixteenth—Optimo (8 to 5) first, Chicadee (4 to 1) second, Flaneur (13 to 5) third. Time, 1:52.

Fifth race—seven furlongs—Balm of Gilead (8 to 1) finished first, but disqualified; Frank Rice (2 to 1) won, Duke Dashaway (5 to 1) second, Nix (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:30.

Sixth race—mile and a sixteenth—Pay the Fiddler (7 to 2) finished first, but was disqualified; Polly Bixby (6 to 1) won, Bean (4 to 1) second, Swordsman (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:51.

DEMANDS OF MINERS OF BITUMINOUS FIELD

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., January 30.—At the joint conference of miners and operators of the bituminous field to-day President Mitchell submitted the demands of the miners. He said that the country was passing through a period of unparalleled prosperity, but that the miners were not receiving their share of it.

The miners' demands are as follows:

Absolute run of mine basis for entire competitive field; a flat differential of seven cents per ton between picked and mine mined coal; an advance of twelve and a half cents a ton on pick and machine; thirty per cent. advance on all inside labor based on Columbus inside day schedule agreement, and a uniform scale for all outside day labor with appropriate advance in accordance with miners' rates.

QUARTER MILLION FIRE

Bolt of Lightning Works Havoc in the Niagara Power House.

(By Associated Press.)

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Fire, which was started by the explosion of one of the big transformers in the power-house of the Niagara Falls Power and Conduit Company, last night destroyed thousand of dollars' worth of valuable machinery and temporarily closed most of the big factories here.

As soon as possible the work of replacing the damaged cables will be begun and within two hours temporary arrangements had been made with the Niagara Falls Hydraulic Power and Manufacturing Company whereby power was secured for operating the local and Buffalo trolley lines. Twenty of the fifty-five factories at Lockport, N. Y., were shut down owing to the fire.

The fire was caused by a bolt of lightning, which struck a cable with a defective insulation, causing a short circuiting, which blew up a transformer in the power-house. The loss is in the neighborhood of $25,000. The lightning entered the transformer-house directly and was a bolt of great magnitude.

ACCIDENT ON BOSTON

Cost One Life and Another Man Will Probably Die.

(By Associated Press.)

VALLEJO, CAL., January 30.—An accident in the engine room of the U. S. S. Boston, lying in the Bay, cost Lee Baker his life, and another victim, Sanford Tate, lies in a critical condition at the Naval Hospital, Mare Island, where he was transferred for treatment. The two men were machinists. While they were endeavoring to repair a leaky valve a plate blew out and the escaping steam enveloped them.

SUIT BROUGHT AGAINST JULIA MARLOWE

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, January 30.—Julia Marlowe, the actress, now playing at the Criterion Theatre, and her manager, Charles Dillingham, were to-day sued in the United States Circuit Court by the Merrill Company, a publishing house of Indianapolis, Ind., for $4,000, which the latter alleges is due to them by reason of the actress' failure to produce some time during last year a dramatization of "The Redemption of David Corson," a novel by Charles Frederick.

TREMENDOUS MERGER OF COAL INTERESTS

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Jan. 30.—Indiana coal operators are working on one of the largest merging schemes in the history of the State. The plan is to bring all of the controlling coal-producing interests in the State into one company. Absolute ownership is the plan to be followed. The coal-mining interests of the State are worth more than $35,000,000.

The plan is to take in those properties lying along the railroad lines.

Ex-Secretary Long Ill.

(By Associated Press.)

BOSTON, MASS., Jan. 30.—While Jno. D. Long, former Secretary of the Navy, who is at St. Margaret's Hospital, held his own to-day, there is no improvement and he continues to be a very sick man.

JOHN EAGAN DEAD

United States District Attorney for Ninth District of Florida.

(By Associated Press.)

PENSACOLA, F[illegible] January 30.—John Eagan, United States [illegible] attorney for the North District of Florida, died at his home here this afternoon of pneumona, which he contracted in Washington ten days ago. Death was very sudden, the patient having apparently almost recovered.

Mr. Eagan was a native of Elmira, N. Y., and was fifty-one years of age.

Built a Platform.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—John St. Clair, alias Sinclair, a negro, was hanged at the District jail to-day for murder committed eight months ago. St. Clair had a wooden leg. On this account a platform was built from his cell to the scaffold, obviating the necessity of his climbing steps.

DEATHS.

CARROLL.—Died, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Thomas E. Johnson, No. 910 West Cary Street, at 12:15 A. M., January 31, 1903, THOMAS CARROLL, aged eighty-two years. Funeral notice later.

CRENSHAW.—Mrs. EDMUND A. CRENSHAW, of Germantown, Penn, formerly Miss Mary C. Robinson, of Richmond, Va., died at her home in Germantown, January 29, 1903. Mrs. Crenshaw is survived by two children, Mr. Ned Crenshaw and Mrs. H. B. Hodge, both of Germantown, Penn.

GODLIFF.—Died, suddenly, January 28, 1903, at his residence on Oakwood Avenue, WILLIAM H. GODLIFF, aged forty-four years.

His funeral will take place from the residence THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON, January 31st, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

WIESMAN.—Died, January 30th, at the residence of his parents, No. 817 Marshall Street, JOHN L. WIESMAN, oldest son of Andrew and Mary Wiesman, in the eighteenth year of his age.

Funeral from St. Mary's Catholic Church Saturday, at 3 o'clock. Friends and relatives invited to attend. Baltimore and New York papers please copy.

SEEDS.

Tobacco, Tomato, Radish, Cabbage, and all Seeds for Hot-Bed.

Send for Catalogue of Garden, Farm and Flower Seeds.

Diggs & Beadles,
Seedsmen.
1711 E. Franklin St.
Richmond, Va.