Miller & Rhoads. **Miller & Rhoads.**

50c BELTS FOR 25c.

Six dozen only of Velvet, Peau de Soie and Taffeta Tailor-Made Belts, with front, back and side pieces.

Every belt is a 50c. value, but the small number we offer came to us at about half price, and that's the reason for the 25c. mark.

Corsets Especially Suitable For Shirt-Waists.

Correctness of fit is particularly necessary even in a low-priced garment when worn under a thin waist.

One of the best at 50c is made of a good quality of tape, straight front, medium length, boned with steel and trimmed with lace.

Two styles of C. B. at 75c. Both made of a fine quality of batiste—one has a low bust and short hip—the other has a medium bust and long hip. Trimmed with Val. Lace and ribbon.

A Thomson Glove-Fitting for $1.00 is made of batiste. Princess hip, medium bust, trimmed with beading and ribbon.

There's a small hook in front for the skirts.

25c Paper-Bound Books For 10c Each.

Hundreds of them here and among the titles are many that possibly you'd not expect to find in paper binding, such as

Black Rock, by Connor.
Three Guardsmen, by Dumas.
Mysteries of Paris, by Sue.
Fife 113, by Gaboriau.
Macaria, Inez and Beulah, by Augusta Evans, whose latest book, "The Speckled Bird," was so well received.

Last, but not least, in the estimation of the boys, anyway, we have a complete line of Henty's books in paper covers—**10c** each.

There's a 25c. value in Imperial Linen Writing Paper that we're selling for 15c. pound. Worth looking at, if you need stationery.
Gray, Blue and White.

Miller & Rhoads

PROF. MITCHELL ON MIRABEAU'S LIFE

A Most Interesting Address Last Evening at the Woman's Club.

The first of a series of lectures by Professor S. C. Mitchell, under the auspices of the Ladies' Missionary Society of the First Baptist Church, was given at the Woman's Club last evening with great success. Professor Mitchell addressed a fine audience, with "Mirabeau" for his subject.

After sketching the causes which led up to the calling of the States General, May 5, 1789, which event marked the opening of the French Revolution, the speaker sketched briefly the previous life of Mirabeau, the central figure in that stormy period. Mirabeau was born at Bignon March 9, 149, about the time that Goethe saw the light in the home at Frankfurt. His early life was stained by grave indiscretions, and he spent much of it in prison.

About the time that Lafayette was storming the heights of Yorktown, Mirabeau emerged from the dungeon of Vincennes, the court being led by his fiery eloquence to rescind the decree of death against him. Cast off by his irate father, Mirabeau is found a penniless wanderer in Belgium and England, doing hack work for booksellers on all imaginable themes. At Berlin he was thrown with Frederic the Great, and upon the impulse wrote a book on the Prussian monarchy. Such was the tempestuous and Don Quixote-like training of the young Hercules. He was forty years of age as, in spite of his disreputable past, he stepped proudly in the procession of Commoners at the meeting of the States General, a Parliament that the French kings had not summoned for 175 years, a fact which in itself sufficiently indicates the absolutism characterizing the French monarchy. Though applause greeted at the roll call the names of all other deputies, that of Mirabeau was hooted.

The lecturer then showed how Mirabeau, by his political sagacity and imperious will, came to dominate first this assembly, later the court, and finally the nation, curbing the wild forces of the Revolution as a skillful charioteer directs his steeds. The policies of Mirabeau were then sketched. He alone realized the sweep of the Niagara current in which the French monarchy was caught. While the irresolute king was unwilling to believe that the precipice was just ahead, and while the Jacobins yearned for the delight of seeing the monarchy shoot the falls to break upon the rocks below, Mirabeau sought to bring the monarchy, by means of easy locks, to the level of liberty. In spite of the terrific force of that current, he might yet have saved the ship of state had it not been for his untimely death, within less than two years from the hour his hand was placed upon the helm. In dying he said to Talleyrand: "I take with me the last shreds of the monarchy"—a prophecy that events soon made true.

Mirabeau's failure was due to the fact that the sins of his youth dogged him, destroying confidence in his character and thereby making void the wisdom of his purposes. Genius enough he had, but all France said to him: "One thing thou lackest—the character of a Washington. Hadst thou but that, thou, too, wouldst become the center of a nation's cause."

Barton Heights.

A surprise wedding took place in Brookland Park yesterday afternoon at three o'clock at the residence of Mr. Joseph Phillips. The contracting parties were Miss Jenkins and Mr. Duell. Miss Jenkins is the accomplished daughter of Mr. H. C. Jenkins, a prominent councilman of the First Ward, Petersburg, and Mr. Duell is the son of Mr. Leonard Duell, a prosperous merchant of Petersburg. The young couple were successful in keeping their intentions a perfect secret. With the exception of the young lady's father, not even their most intimate friends knew anything of it. Having secured the license, they came immediately here, where they were united by Rev. Lloyd C. Moore, pastor of Barton Heights M. E. Church. After the ceremony was over they left for Petersburg, where they will spend a few days with their parents, and then make their home in Norfolk, Va.

Mr. J. P. Haupt, of Virginia Avenue, has left for Lynchburg on business.

Mr. L. E. Moores, who has been to Ashland on business, has returned.

Miss Olive Williams, of Charlotte, N. C., is visiting friends near the Seminary.

Miss Minnie Sales, who has been visiting in Albemarle, has returned to her home near Lakeside.

Mrs. Jones, who has been visiting friends on Heights, has returned to Chesterfield.

Miss Mary Branner, of Shawsville, [illegible] guest of friends in Brookland Pa[illegible]

Miss Elizabeth Christian, who ha[illegible] quite sick at her home on Monteir[illegible] sub, is improving.

Mr. Weiss, of New York, is visiting his parents on Chestnut Hill.

Mrs. Tiller, who has been quite sick at her home on Chestnut Hill, is now able to be out.

Miss Mary Smith, who has been visiting friends on the Heights, has returned to her home in Hanover county.

Miss Josephine Hancock has returned to her home in Norfolk, after a pleasant visit to friends on North Avenue.

Miss Harrison has returned to her home in Buckingham county after a visit to friends near the Seminary.

Miss Anna Hill, who has been visiting friends in Petersburg, has returned to her home near Lakeside.

Mrs. Graham has returned to her home in Manchester after a visit to Mrs. Jones, of Luck Avenue.

Miss Eva Beveridge, granddaughter of Mr. William H. Beveridge, received the first prize at the Bostock show Thursday evening.

Miss Bessie Clark, of Shirley, Charles City county, is the guest of her friend, Miss Mattie Rose.

Miss Thompson, of Mechanicsville Turnpike, is visiting friends in Hanover.

Miss Myrtle Carrington, of Charlottesville, is the guest of friends in Highland Park.

Miss Goodwin, of Hanover, is visiting Mrs. W. G. Cosby, of Virginia Avenue.

Miss Norma Ware has returned to her home on North Avenue from a visit to her aunt in Hanover.

Mr. Everett Nichols has returned to his home on Poe Street from a business trip to Newport News.

Dr. R. H. Pitt, of Lamb Avenue and Battery Street, has left for Biloxi, Miss., to attend the Southern Baptist Press Association, which meets there.

Mr. George A. Minor has returned to his home on Lamb Avenue from Norfolk.

Property Transfers.

Henrico—O. C. Bottoms to Cornelia A. Bottoms, his wife, lot on Twenty-fourth Street, 132 feet south of V Street, subject to deed of trust for $100, $122.

Gay & Moncure, special commissioners, to Edgar Allan, 30 feet on south side Ashland Street, 450 feet east of Carter, $400.

August Moll, wife, and Louis Keppler, Jr., trustee, to Mathew Gilmour, 80 feet on south side Hanover Street, 116 feet east of Gilmour Avenue, in satisfaction of a deed of trust thereon for $698.76.

Old Folks' Home, G. F., U. O. True Reformers' trustees, to James Allen, lot 129, Brownsville, $50.

Richmond Perpetual B., L. and T. Co. to A. W. Lightner, lot 10 and east 16 1-2 feet of lot 9 in block 6, Barton Heights, $3,000.

Alexander W. Ryland and wife to Protestant Episcopal Church of Epiphany's trustees, lots 6 and 7 and north 10 feet of lot 5, in block E, Barton Heights, subject to deed of trust for $1,648, $900.

Tax Title Co. of Richmond to George W. Kersey, 30 feet on west side Holling Street, $5.

Where is Mrs. Ritchie?

L. J. Grabrett, of Bay City, Tex., collector of taxes of that city, has written to Mayor Taylor asking for information concerning Mrs. Lottie Ritchie, who up to two years ago is known to have lived here. She is a relative of the wife of Mr. Garbrett.

A FAIR TEST.

See if Coffee is Really the Cause of Ails

Some coffee drinkers think they can get on without being sick by limiting the allowance to just one cup a day, and some people can stand this all right, but others cannot.

There are many people where the poison of coffee is so marked and direct that one cup per day, if followed up steadily, will surely and certainly put the patient in bed, or produce chronic, fixed disease of one or more organs of the body.

When a person suspects coffee to be the cause of his or her stomach, liver, kidney, bowel, heart or eye disturbance, it is well to test the case by leaving off coffee for ten days and using Postum Food Coffee in its place. If there is an improvement in health, the proof is absolute, and common sense will naturally guide any one who values comfort, ease, content and ability to do things, to make the change permanent, and continue the use of Postum instead of coffee, for it means that life is worth the living when one can be well.

Now and then will be found a degenerate who really prefers sickness of some sort to the comfort of good health, and such persons will continue to use articles of food and drink that they know do not agree with them.

In this land of liberty let every one choose his own course, but one great, staring, pertinent, absolute fact stands out, that coffee does cause misery and distress to thousands of people who do not suspect the cause, and the quitting of coffee and taking on Postum Food Coffee will return the average person to health and comfort. This fact can be proven by any coffee drinker.

Don't let the cook serve Postum underboiled. Insist that directions on the package be followed; then Postum is delicious, having a flavor all its own, not unlike that of "drip coffee," far better than ordinary coffee, with much the soft, mellow [illegible] of the most expensive grades [illegible]

GOVERNOR IN NEW YORK

His Excellency Attends Banquet at the Waldorf.

CASE OF A MODERN MIDAS

Lady of Good Family Living Over Gold Mine, She Believes, Asks for Aid. Mr. Doherty Disturbed Over Recent Court Decision.

Governor Montague is now in New York. Last night he attended a banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria, given by the New York Society of the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity in honor of the three members of the Greek College Society who are now Governors of States. They are Governors Odell, of New York; Bates, of Massachusetts, and Montague, of Virginia. The Virginia Executive will probably not return before Sunday night or Monday.

Mr. James B. Doherty, Commissioner of Labor, who has the interests of the workingmen of the State at heart, has received the copy of a paper containing the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Connecticut, holding the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes of that State responsible in the sum of $25,000 for damages done to employers in a strike. The court is after all the money in the treasuries of the various street car organizations, and the men are very blue over the situation. Their consternation is sympathized with by Mr. Doherty, but he finds his consolation in the fact that Virginians do not act disorderly when they refuse to work for their employers, whom they believe are not treating them with proper consideration. It is well known that the street car men lay the Norfolk trouble mainly on the sympathizers of the men, rather than the street car men themselves. He thinks that the occasion will never arise when such a decision will be necessary in Virginia.

A lady of Halifax county writes a peculiar letter to Commissioner Koiner, of the Department of Agriculture, in which she asks for an invalid's chair, a pair of crutches, some tea, coffee and sugar, a pair of rubber shoes and a mine inspector to examine her land, because she believes she has millions in gold. She is a modern Midas—all gold and no necessities of life.

This lady is the widow of a Mason and comes of excellent Virginia stock.

AMEND LAW AS TO JURORS

Hon. R. S. B. Smith Presents Some Important Bills in the House.

Two important bills were introduced by Mr. Blackburn Smith, of Clarke, at the session of the House of Delegates yesterday. The new Constitution makes it possible to have less than twelve jurors in certain cases, and one of these bills prescribes that a jury for the trial of misdemeanor cases, except petit larceny, shall consist of five jurors; and in cases of petit larceny shall consist of seven. The companion bill prescribes that in any case, unless one of the parties demand that the case be tried by a jury, the whole matter of law and fact may be heard and determined and judgment given by the court. The jury shall consist of twelve jurors, except that in appeals from justices of the peace the jury shall consist of five. In all other cases pecuniary in their nature, whether sounding in damages or being demands for a debt, or in cases of suits for specific personal property, and the matter in controversy, exclusive of costs, is less in value or amount than five hundred dollars, the jury shall consist of seven. It is also provided that juries in any case may consist of such number less than the numbers named above by consent of parties, entered of record. The verdicts found under these limitations are to have the same effect as if found by a jury of twelve.

These bills meet some widespread objections preferred against the present jury service, but it remains to be seen whether this time-honored institution of the government can be disturbed in any particular.

WILL REPRESENT THE COMMITTEE

Rev. Mr. Campbell Already Has Visits from Morphine Fiends Who Want Cure.

The Rev. W. S. Campbell, secretary of the Bible Society of Virginia, has just accepted the position of representative in Virginia for the International Committee to Suppress Drug Addiction, of the work of which mention was made a day or two ago.

Mr. Campbell will seek to arouse interest throughout the State in the work of the committee. He is anxious for all those addicted to the use of morphine or other pernicious drugs, and who wish to be cured, to communicate with him. The fact that the applicant cannot afford to pay for the treatment he receives should not keep him back.

Already Mr. Campbell is being visited in reference to the matter. He has just reported to the head office in New York the case of a Richmond man who is a slave to the drug and who is anxious to save himself.

Officers Elected.

The annual meeting of the Richmond Union Stock Yards Company was held in the office of Messrs. O'Ferrall & Rogester on Wednesday, and reports showed that the past year had been a most satisfactory one from a business standpoint. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: W. R. McComb, president; Frederick C. Brauer, vice-president; Charles Weil, treasurer; John W. Carson, secretary. The Board of Directors are the above and John Rebman.

Ridge School.

The Ridge School roll of honor is as follows:

Grammar Grades—Florence Badenoch, 3; Florence Goodman, 15; Bernice Oliver, 2; Edna Oliver, 2; Benny Oliver, Vinton Pemberton, Willie Robinson.

Primary Grades—Viola Bartlett, 13; Gladys Bartlett, 2; William Badenoch, 18.

Dr Pell to Lecture.

Dr. Edward Leigh Pell will lecture on to-morrow's Sunday-school lesson at the Young Men's Christian Association this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

No Second Quality

There is only one quality of Gorham silverware — the best. The simplest knick-knack is a mate to the most elaborate service or the choicest vase. The

GORHAM

silver standard is the same in both, the workmanship is as careful and as sound. Weight and degree of manipulation alone affect the price. All bear the same trade-mark, the guarantee of excellence.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

THE SUPPORT OF THE MINISTERS

Presbyterian Committee Sends Resolutions to All the Presbyteries.

The Executive Committee of the Presbyterian Committee on Ministerial Relief met a few days ago and discussed plans for organizing the work throughout the churches of the South. The following resolutions were adopted, to be communicated to the several presbyteries:

"Resolved, That the Presbyterian Committees on Ministerial Relief be, and are hereby, requested to hold at the approaching sessions of their presbyteries 'popular meetings,' and for the following purposes:

"First—To arouse an interest in this sacred cause more in keeping with its importance than is now prevalent in our church.

"Second—To secure the appointment by the session of a permanent Committee on Ministerial Relief in each of our churches.

"Third—To advance by every way proper and practicable the movement inaugurated by our General Assembly for securing a permanent fund to supplement the annual collection, so that the aged and disabled ministers and the widows and orphans of the deceased ministers of our beloved church may secure such assistance as will be a more worthy recognition of our obligation to our divine Lord in this direction.

Mr. Gillis Elected.

At a meting held Thursday night Mr. H. A. Gillis, superintendent of the Locomotive Works, was elected to succeed Mr. B. F. Johnson as chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association. Other officers were elected as follows:

Charles K. Willis, treasurer; L. A. Coulter, State secretary; J. E. Hubbard, college secretary, and W. Reginald Walker. The Executive Committee present at the meeting were H. A. Gillis, Langbourne M. Williams, J. Taylor Ellyson, W. M. Habliston, Charles K. Willis, L. A. Coulter, and W. R. Walker.

Dr. Still Displeased.

Dr. R. T. Styll returned yesterday from Richmond, where he appeared before the Senate Committee on Public Institutions to testify in connection with the charges recently brought against the officials of the asylum at Petersburg. Dr. Styll is bitter against the committee, and declared yesterday that it was evident from the start that the committee had its verdict made up before the evidence was heard. —Newport News Press.

MORE MONEY IS THE CRY

Revenue Bill Reported in the Senate.

INCLUDES THE MANN BILL

Committee Goes After Liquor Traffic in Vigorous Manner—Measure Made Special Order for Tuesday. Dull Day in the House.

The chief matter of public interest in the Senate was the reporting of the general revenue bill, which was, on motion of Mr. Wickham, made a special order for 12:15 P. M. on Tuesday.

The Mann liquor bill is reported as an amendment to the revenue measure, though not in the form in which it was originally offered. The latest exemption clause lets out towns of 500 and over and all watering places and summer resorts. Chairmen Wickham and Boaz are of opinion that the amendment will go through the Senate and be agreed to by the House. The revenue bill doubles the tax on all liquor dealers, and it is said that the additional tax will amount to $100,000 in round figures. Another interesting change in the bill since it left the House is the reduction of the tax on the premium receipts of insurance companies from 1 1-2 to 1 per cent.

There were many other amendments and they were ordered to be printed.

The report of the Public Institutions Committee, vindicating Dr. Drewry, of the Central State Hospital, was submitted and adopted, and the Corporation Commission bill was taken up and made a special order for 10:30 o'clock to-day.

The Barksdale bill to prevent the enticing away of servants was engrossed, and Senator Moore offered his resolution to amend the Constitution so as to make the temporary registration clause of the suffrage ordinance permanent. Senate bills to authorize the erection of a Confederate monument at Campbell Courthouse and to provide for working the roads of Russell county were passed, as was also a House bill to authorize the Southwestern State Hospital to exchange certain lands.

The House session was short, and little of public interest was disposed of. Senate bill to provide for the commitment of harmless dements to the State hospitals was passed, and the tonnage tax bill was made a special order for next Tuesday.

The Speaker named Messrs. Davis, Gent, Featherston, Rice and Sipe a committee on the part of the House to carry out the objects of the Halsey Lee statue bill. A measure was passed to protect firms, corporations, etc., in the use of their labels. Among the bills offered were by Mr. Allen to make registrars conservators of the peace, and by Mr. Smith, of Clarke, to amend the law in relation to trial by jury.

The Senate.

The Senate proceedings were opened without prayer.

Mr. Keezell, from the Committee for Public Institutions and Education, reported without amendment House bill No. 107, to repeal an act entitled an act to incorporate High Point Academy, in Grayson county.

Mr. Keezell, from the same committee, reported with amendments House bill No. 44, to amend and re-enact sections 1662, 1663, 1664, 1669, 1677, 1679, 1680, 1682, 1684, 1685, 1697, 1702, 1707 and 1710 of the Code of Virginia, 1887, in relation to State Hospitals for the insane, and the commitment of insane persons.

THE REVENUE BILL.

Mr. Wickham, chairman of the Finance Committee, reported what is commonly known as the Revenue bill, the measure passed by the House, making public appropriations.

This act was amended in many particulars by the Senate Committee. He asked that it be made the special and the continuing order for next Tuesday at 12:15 o'clock. He moved, further, that the amendments be printed and be in hand for the use by the senators on Monday next.

Mr. Harman wanted the bill to be printed with the proposed amendments.

The Hanover senator pointed out the fact that it would be a physical impossibility to do this. He said that senators had the printed copy of the House bill and the amendments would indicate what were purposed to be made.

Mr. Harman withdrew his request and Mr. Wickham's motion prevailed.

CENTRAL HOSPITAL.

Acting Chairman Keezell, of the Committee on Public Institutions and Asylums, made the report from that body completely vindicating the management of the State Central Hospital at Petersburg in the matter of the charges made.

Mr. Mellwaine moved that the report be accepted and adopted and be spread upon the records of the Senate. This motion was carried without a dissenting voice.

The act providing a general game law for the State not having been printed with the amendments adopted was passed by on the motion of Mr. Keezell.

The Senate concurred in the House amendments to the companion bills in relation to the changing of the boundaries of wards of cities and providing for the representation of the wards in the councils of cities were concurred in without objection.

CORPORATION ACT.

The House bill in reference to the chartering of corporations came up as the special order. Mr. Mellwaine told of the need for prompt action as charters will be tied up until this act enabling the Corporation Commission to proceed with its work should be passed.

"I have read this act carefully, I might say that I have examined it critically," said the Petersburg senator. "I think it is a good and a wise measure and in view of the emergency I move that the measure go through its stages of reading to-day in order that we may at the earliest opportunity afford relief to the corporations that are knocking at the door of the Commonwealth and asking for charters."

Mr. Claytor did not wish to "hold up" the companies that desire to get charters but he wanted time to read and carefully examine the act. He was willing for the bill to have its first reading and for the senators to examine and to think over it at night.

This was perfectly agreeable and acceptable to Mr. Mellwaine.

Mr. Mann thought the bill ought to be passed at once and go to the Corporation Commission. "The hands of the Commission are tied," said Senator Mann. "Nothing can be done now. Let's pass the act at once in order to give the Commission a chance to begin work. If the act is faulty, the Commission can aid us with suggestions that would lead to the perfection of the act."

Mr. Mellwaine did not see that there was any good reason for pursuing this course suggested by Mr. Mann and the Nottoway senator finally withdrew his motion.

MEET TO-DAY AT 10 O'CLOCK.

The upshot of the whole thing was that Senator Gold got adopted a resolution that the Senate shall meet at 10 A. M. to-day and the Corporation bill was made the special order for 10:15 o'clock.

This measure provides in detail as to how the Corporation Commission shall deal with corporations. It covers 115 pages of written matter. It will probably require all of the time of the Senate to-day to deal with this act.

ENTICING SERVANTS AWAY.

Mr. Barksdale secured the passage of his bill to punish persons for enticing servants away. Mr. Sale fought hard by parliamentary tactics to have the consideration of the measure passed by. Failing in this Mr. Harman came up as a strong "prop" to the Norfolk senator.

Mr. Harman appealed to the Senate to reject what he thought was an unjust measure. He quoted scripture, he employed logic and turned all the guns he had in his possession against the bill. Mr. Chapman and Mr. Barksdale spoke for the measure and Mr. Byars opposed it. Mr. Shackelford fired a toy pistol at the bill. The bill, however, stood up and walked and looked pleasant as it went out of the door on its rejoicing way, for it was ordered to its engrossment.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION.

Mr. Moon offered a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution in regard to registration. The change proposed makes permanent the present temporary understanding clause. The amendment also repeals the section allowing a person to register who can make out without assistance, his application in writing.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED.

To authorize supervisors of Campbell county to aid in erection of monument.

To authorize supervisors of Campbell to permit monument to be erected on public square.

To amend act providing for working roads in Russell county.

SENATE BILL PASSED.

Authorizing Board of Directors of Southwestern State Hospital to exchange certain land, etc.

The House.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock by Speaker Ryan, and there was no prayer.

The following bills and resolutions were offered and referred:

By Mr. Allen: Making registrars conservators of the peace.

By Mr. Mort: Extending the time for the payment of pensions.

By Mr. Smith, of Clark: To amend the law in relation to the duties of jurors (companion bills).

By Same: To amend the code in relation to the duties of the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

By various members: Petitions favoring the passage of the Mann liquor bill.

Senate Bill No. 144 to provide for confining harmless dements in the State hospitals caused a big fight. Messrs. Duke, Murrell, Whitehead and Green favored the bill and it was opposed in a strong speech by Mr. Newhouse, chairman of the Committee on Asylum and Prisons. There was a good deal of cross-firing between Mr. Newhouse and those who favored the bill, and the former read from hospital reports to sustain his contention that the county and city authorities should take care of such people.

FINALLY PASSED.

Mr. Green spoke at some length for the bill, and Mr. Turpin, of Bedford, which county is said to have a number of harmless dements, followed on the same line, as did also Mr. Carter, of Scott. Mr. George C. Bland, of the committee, spoke for the bill, and his remarks were of much interest. Mr. Edwards spoke against the bill, and it was favored by Captain Baker, of Chesterfield. The pending question was ordered and the bill was passed—ayes, 69; noes, 6.

Mr. Toney offered a bill which was referred, extending the time within which street-car companies shall vestibule their cars.

[illegible] matter is added at each end of the time prescribed under the Folkes law.

Mr. Edwards made a strong speech against the Caton bill, designed to establish game preserves, and it was warmly defended by the patron, Mr. Caton. The bill was opposed by Mr. George C. Bland, and he declared that there was no necessity for its passage. The bill was defeated—ayes, 28; noes, 31 and the calendar was proceeded with.

The House made the tonnage tax bill a special order for 12:30 on Tuesday next, and a great fight will occur over its passage. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Davis, Gent, Featherston, Rice and Sipe a committee on the part of the House to carry out the objects of the Lee Statue bill.

A number of committee notices were read and the House at 12:40 P. M. adjourned until 10 o'clock to-day.

BILL DISMISSED.

On motion of Mr. Toney his bill to increase the capitation tax on citizens of Manchester for street purposes, was dismissed.

Mr. Stearnes offered a bill authorizing the city of Newport News to issue bonds to the amount of $100,000 for the building of a market-house, armory, council chamber and city offices, and it was referred. The House ordered a large number of bills to their engrossment.

SENATE BILL PASSED.

To amend and re-enact section sixteen hundred and eighty-one (1681) of the Code of Virginia, as amended by an act, approved March 7, 1900, in relation to commitment of certain persons to insane hospitals.

HOUSE BILL PASSED.

To protect persons, firms, corporations, associations or unions, of workingmen in the use of their labels, trade-marks, terms, designs, devices and forms of advertisement.

At your service!

Whether you want Fall weight or Spring weight clothes—the former at ridiculous reductions—the latter at moderate prices.

New Hats—New Shoes—New Neckwear—New Everything in advance styles—especially Children's Clothing.

Gans-Rady Company

BOSTOCK IS COMING

He Will Be Here Soon, as Will Many New Attractions.

Mr. Bostock has arrived in New York and will be here soon.

Madame Morelli, the celebrated continental lady animal trainer, with her marvelous group of trained leopards and jaguars, is on her way to Richmond.

A contingent of lions, tigers, leopards, monkeys, serpents and members of the great zoological races, are promised to appear in this city in a few days.

Mr. Doswell's Horses.

Mr. T. B. Doswell, the noted trainer of thoroughbred horses and owner of the famous Bullfield track, will start to-day for Bennings race track with a string of twelve very promising horses. They consist of five two-year-olds and seven three-year-olds. Mr. Doswell's host of friends wish him much success and hope to see the "All Orange," the colors of his father and grandfather, come to the front in many races at the Bennings meeting, and they may confidently look for this result, as these horses have done good work at home, and some of them are very fast.

CARRIED BULLET MANY LONG YEARS

Operation on Mr. B. P. Walker at the Old Dominion Hospital.

Mr. B. P. Walker, of Rich Valley, Smyth county, Va., is at the Old Dominion Hospital in this city. His age is sixty-five. He is a Confederate veteran, and belonged to the Fourth Regiment of the old Stonewall Brigade, commanded by Colonel James Preston.

At the first battle of Kernstown, March 3, 1862, he received into his back a large minie ball, of the presence of which he was, he says, never unconscious until last Tuesday, when it was removed by Dr. Johnston. Mr. Walker is very cheerful, and to all appearances, will be able before long to return to his home.

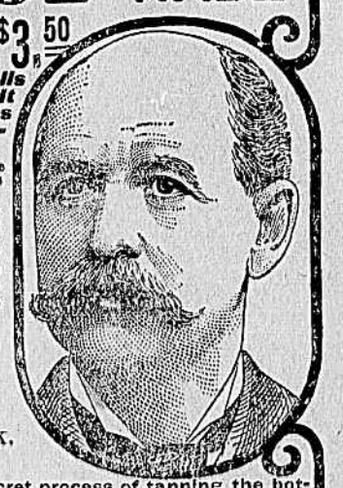
W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

Men's $5 Shoes for $3.50

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's Goodyear Welt (hand sewed process) shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$25,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer, he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than any other concern, which enables him to sell a shoe for $3.50 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for $5.00.



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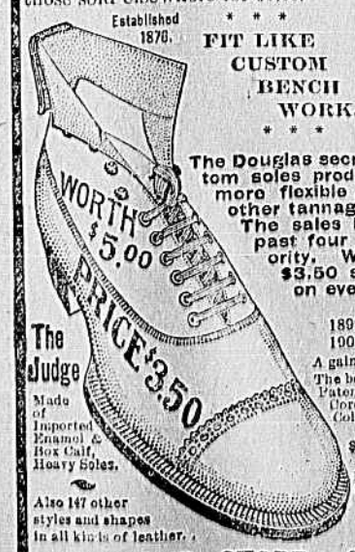

The Judge. Made of Imported Enamel & Box Calf, Heavy Soles.

Also 147 other styles and shapes in all kinds of leather.

The Douglas secret process of tanning the bottom soles produces absolutely pure leather; more flexible and will wear longer than any other tannage in the world.

The sales have more than doubled the past four years, which proves its superiority. Why not give W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes a trial and save $1.50 on every pair.

Note the increase in business.
1899 Sales: $2,203,883.21
1903 Sales: $5,024,340.00
A gain of $2,820,456.79 in four years.

The best imported and American leathers, Hoyt's Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Vici Kid, Corona Colt, and National Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas Strong Made $2.00 shoes; Youth's, $1.75.

CAUTION.—The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalogue free.
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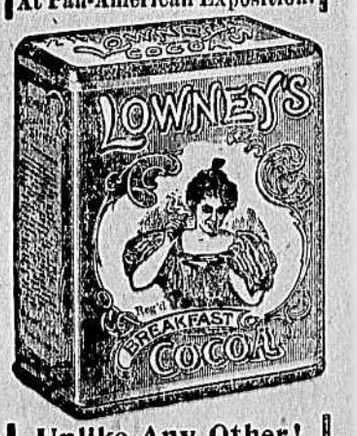

Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute *Purity* of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No "treatment" with alkalies; no adulteration with flour, starch or ground cocoa shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

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