man, a youth, but the situation was critical.

Called on the Constable.

Captain Guigon called upon Constable Angle to arrest the man. The Constable stated that he did not hear the statement. Captain Guigon insisted that the officer did hear him. The Constable insisted that he did not and that no man should say he did, whereupon Captain Guigon added; "I say so." Thereupon Constable Angle struck at Captain Guigon, standing in his tracks, drew his head back and received a light blow on the chin, which caused neither injury nor pain. Captain Guigon coolly made no effort to strike back, and asked that the officer be arrested. This was done and there the crisis ended, with no real harm done. It is understood that the young man whose arrest the attorney demanded will not be prosecuted further than to serve as the occasion for an enunciation as to the law in such cases and the delivery of admonition as to the wisdom and importance of coolness and the duty of refraining from public expressions calculated to incense persons or to precipitate disorder. This was the only altercation in which the company and its officials was in any way involved during the day, though one or more minor fights between individuals who were indiscreet in their expressions in public are reported.

The striking organization did not hold a formal executive session last night, but several hundred of the men and any one who chose to come in attended the session at Sanger Hall in the evening. Among others, a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen made a brief address, which was warmly received, and in the course of which he assured the men of his individual sympathy, and felt assured that he could also say of the organization of which he was a member. This statement was loudly applauded.

Affidavit Submitted.

Here is a copy of one of the affidavits of strike-breakers, referred to elsewhere, and which speaks for itself:

"STATE OF VIRGINIA,
"CITY OF RICHMOND, TO WIT:

"Before me, Charles P. Hill, a notary public for the city and State aforesaid, duly commissioned and authorized to administer oaths, affirmations, etc., personally appeared H. Cheyne and F. J. Gibbons, non-residents of the State of Virginia, who, being duly sworn according to law, depose and say that: 'After we arrived in Richmond we were approached by members of the strikers' union, who related the differences to us existing between the street car people and the union and asked us to join their side of the controversy. We also wish to state that these gentlemen who approached us on behalf of the union did so in the most gentlemanly manner, stated their side of the case, and asked us to come with them, which we did. They never intimated in the least that any harm would befall us if we did not leave the street car people and we further state that we have never in all our experiene been approached and treated in a more gentlemanly manner than that offered us by the striking men

(Signed) "HARRY CHEYNE,
"F. J. GIBBONS."

"Sworn to and subscribed before me this 20th day of June, A. D., 1903, in the city and State aforesaid. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and year aforesaid.

(Signed) "CHARLES P. HILL,
"Notary Public."

"Commission expires May 1, 1907."

Orr Expected Back.

Further than these official statements the men have nothing to say, further than the reiterated declaration that they are unwavering in their determination not to resume work for the company under present conditions. Their meetings are well attended and the men seem cheerful and full of enthusiasm.

Mr. Rezin Orr, of Detroit, the general organizer, who has been here aiding President Griggs in the direction of the strike, and who had to go to Brooklyn on Friday, is expected to return to the city this morning, and will remain here in consultation with the officers of the division. He has been stopping at the Lexington Hotel, and will probably take up his sojourn there upon his return.

Hung In Effigy.

The practical joker got in his work early last night at the corner of Harrison and Broad Streets, where a dummy was swung from the trolley pole in the middle of Broad Street bearing this placard: "What we'll do for Huff will be enough." The decorators failed to affix their names to the effigy. It consisted of coat, vest and trousers stuffed, and with a mask or "scare face" in lieu of a head. Soon after the hanging of the effigy there the rumor rapidly gained currency that a man had been lynched at the corner stated, and excited inquiries came in by 'phone to The Times-Dispatch office. All the inquirers were promptly reassured, however. The effigy was cut down by the police of the Third District.

The company did not undertake to operate cars on the Broad Street line yesterday, but it is understood that this service will be resumed, or the effort made to resume it, on Monday. Fourteen cars were operated on the Main Street line from Reservoir to Fulton, around the loop and return. These cars were not molested and a fairly regular schedule was maintained, though the patronage was not large. While there was some jeering and evidences of sympathy with the strikers on the part of the populace at some suburban points, there was no real interference.

The Free Vehicles.

The various vans and 'buses operated by individuals for profit and the free vehicles run by the strikers to haul the young women and men who sympathize with them, and who have long distances to go, were well filled in the evening. About 7 P. M. a large and handsome vehicle full of young women was driven down Main Street eastward amid some demonstrations of approval or amusement along the route. The occupants of the vehicle were merrily waving their hands and kerchiefs at pedestrians as they passed. The vehicle was placarded: "We are with you, boys, at our own expense." Other vehicles bearing the advertisements of merchants were placed at the service of the strikers and hauled young men and women from the stores, factories and shops without cost.

The Police Service.

The police service in the city is the subject of universal commendation, and all unite in praising the efficiency and fidelity of the officers. Though some of them are known to sympathize with the strikers, they know their duty and let nothing interfere with them in the fearless and uniform discharge of it. They exhibit great discretion and courtesy, too, but never at the sacrifice of firmness and obedience to orders. They kept the crowds moving along pleasantly and smoothly and reproved and suppressed indiscreet utterances calculated to create or provoke a breach of the peace. As a consequence of this intelligent and efficient service the congestion of crowds and any disorders incident thereto were wholly obviated. In fact, the entire city seems to feel that it is imperatively demanded that all should be on their good behavior, and the city's record for law and order is being superbly maintained. Sympathies there are undoubtedly are, but offensive expressions of them in public have been very few. The fewness of the arrests made is a testimony alike to the creditable demeanor of the people and the discretion and firmness of the police.

There's nothing much harder on a suit than travelling.

Our clothing has the constitution that will stand hard usage and show up at the end of the trip better than the usual made-to-order variety or the ready-to-wear.

Two-piece unlined suits, $7.50 up.
Special Straw Hat Sale, 95c.

TRAVELLERS:

Half the worry and toil of travelling is removed if you have the proper things to pack in.

There's a hundred and one profitable suggestions in our Trunk, Bag and Case Department.

Visit it.

It's an education in things for travellers.

Trunks—$2.00 to $00.00.
Cases—$1.25 up.
Bags—$1.00 up.

C. H. Berry & Co.
MEN'S & BOYS' OUTFITTERS

WILL PRINT A PAPER

First Issue of that Gotten Out by Street-Car Men Expected Monday.

Mr. A. L. Tyler, recording secretary of Division 152, of the street railway employes' organization, stated to a reporter for The Times-Dispatch yesterday afternoon about 6 o'clock that the division would issue a daily paper. In announcing this to the men, he says, he stated to them that at last "we will have a channel through which our side of this fight can be placed before the public in all fairness, regardless of," etc. "If you appoint your committee we can get a paper out by 4 o'clock, giving a fair statement of our side of this case." Mr. Tyler states this as his recollection of what he said on the subject to the men at Sanger Hall.

He stated to a reporter for The Times-Dispatch that it had been found impossible to get out the first issue of the proposed paper yesterday, but that it would be issued Monday afternoon. It would probably be a four-page paper. Further than that he did not state.

The division of car men did not hold a formal meeting last night, and will not hold one to-day, except that the men will take part in the demonstration by the organized labor bodies of th city planned for 3 o'clock this afternoon, if the weather be favorable. The various bodies or such representatives therefrom as desire to participate in the walk to the Reservoir and back are expected to assemble at or near Sanger Hall about 2:30 this afternoon.

The Bricklayers' Union, which is not a part of the Central Trades and Labor Council, has been invited to participate in this parade or demonstration of sympathy with the strikers.

Speaking of the reported hissing of a newspaper man in the hall yesterday, Mr. Tyler states that he did not hear any hissing, and several others, who state that they were present, say that they heard none. If there was any, he said, it was merely a personal matter and a sporadic expression only.

One of the strike-breakers brought here yesterday morning was present at the hall yesterday afternoon, and a reporter for The Times-Dispatch had a talk with him. The man, who was very well dressed, gave his name as E. Dennis, of No. 1217 South Twenty-ninth Street, Philadelphia. He was asked as to the circumstance of leaving Philadelphia and coming here, and the proposition made to him. He stated that he was told that men were wanted to work in the west, and that they were told that there was a strike; nothing more.

"Did you ask any questions as to the strike?"

"No; I came on here, arriving this morning. There were about twenty-five men in the car with me."

"Do you know how many men came in the party of strike-breakers?"

"No; I only know about how many there were in the car."

"What was offered you for your work here?"

"I was offered $2.50 a day and board. They offered me $1.50 a day to stay and run a car when I determined to quit."

"What induced you to quit the service of the company after you came here?"

"Just the men. I saw they wanted to work and I did not want to take their positions."

"Were there or not any threats made by the men to induce you to quit?"

"None at all.

Dennis claimed to be an experienced motorman and said he had "resigned his position" with the Philadelphia line two or three months ago. He said that he would return to his home if he could get back there.

The following advertisement, clipped from Friday's issue of the Danville (Va.) Register, clearly shows what the company is offering men in that city and section to come to this city and work on the cars:

MORTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS WANTED.

Motormen and conductors wanted for operation of cars of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company, in Richmond, Manchester and Petersburg; a strike now being in force. Competent men reporting for duty will be paid $2 per day and boarded so long as the strike lasts, and those proving satisfactory will be given regular work when the strike is over.

Apply to S. W. HUFF, General Manager, Richmond, Va.

One of the strike-breakers who arrived yesterday and was persuaded to quit, stated that he was a newspaper reporter and had worked on the Philadelphia Times and later on the Public Ledger. He declined to be "quoted."

From the best information attainable the number of strike-breakers arriving in the city yesterday morning was about 125. Some say 123, but the number is variously stated at from 100 to 150. Of this number some were persuaded to abandon their intention of going to work, but just how many were persuaded to quit by the strikers' committee is not agreed. Some of those at headquarters state that about thirty were induced to quit, and the names of sixteen or seventeen were secured, the men coming from Philadelphia, New York and Brooklyn. Some of these men are said to have made affidavits before a notary public of this city, but none of these were attainable when the reporter was at the hall, hence none could be secured for publication.

An official of the company stated late yesterday afternoon that not over eight of the new arrivals were induced by the strikers to quit, and the number might not exceed six. There were two two-horse wagons operated by the striker's and these were at Robertson and Broad when he saw them. These were filled, but some of those in the vehicles were strikers. He reiterated the statement that so far as his knowledge and belief went, not over eight were induced to quit.

The men were sitting around the hall writing, talking and laughing good-naturedly. There is a piano in the hall, and several of the men are said to be clever performers and occasionally entertain the crowd with selections. Not a great many of the men were present at the time of the reporter's call, shortly before 7 in the evening. Upwards of a hundred were on committee duty, and the remainder were at their homes. Many will go to church to-day and some will hear the special sermons on the strike.

WORK OF POLICE

It Is Regarded as Having Been Excellent All Along.

There will be no cars running to-day.

That was the information given by Major Howard to his captains last night shortly after 7 o'clock, in accordance with a report received by him from General Manager Huff a few minutes before.

This plan was adopted along conservative lines and upon the suggestion of Major Howard. The Chief, however, in making the suggestion, added that no matter what stand the company took he was ready to give them ample police protection within the city limits, whenever and wherever they wished to run their cars.

Major Howard thought, however, that it would be better not to awaken ill feeling, and with it possible trouble. In view of the fact that the streets will be crowded with people to-day, and that a public demonstration is to be given by the unions this afternoon, he thought it would be best not to arouse any feeling by running the cars in the face of the crowds.

After careful consideration the officials of the company felt inclined the same way, so that the order to tie up all cars for the day was sent out.

Up to this time the police have acted admirably. In no instance has a man lost his head. Even the new and inexperienced specials have acted coolly and with clear heads. They have followed out strictly the instructions and admonitions of Commissioner Jacob and Chief Howard, and have in no wise excited the anger or disrespect of the idle men.

Arrangements Excellent.

The police arrangements since the little disorder on upper Main Street have been perfect. Major Howard has worked ceaselessly to that end, and his lieutenants and their men have all worked in the closest harmony. The same plan that has been in effect heretofore is still being carried out.

This morning fifty of the regulars will be on duty, and in the evening the other fifty. The reserve and the specials will work to-night as they have done. If it be found necessary more specials will be elected, but it is not believed there will be any necessity for more policemen.

The strikers are not engaged in inciting to violence or disorder. They are behaving quietly and gentlemanly. The lawless element that always come to the front on occasions is pretty well in the hands of the police department and under the eyes of the upholders of law and order, so that no one in a position to say, believes that more officers of the law may be needed, at least within the city limits.

The Police Board has ever been alert to meet the exigencies of the occasion. Several meetings have been held, and audiences have been given officials of the Street-Car Company, so that, from all standpoints of the situation, so far as the police department is concerned, everything seems to point to little trouble in handling the strike.

The patrolmen themselves and the secret service department, under command of Captain Tomlinson, have done yeoman service. Many of the men and all of them at times have gone without their meals in the emergency, and have worked constantly long hours at a time. No complaints or kicks have been made and the whole thing reflects but honorably upon the Police Department.

Major Howard said last night that his men had done well and he looks upon them with pride.

Citizens Can Aid.

"But," he said, "the citizens can aid us in many respects. Should any one see a person commit an overt act, it is his or her duty to at once report the same to the police. Our men are not omnipresent. They cannot see everything that is going on nor can they arrest on a misdemeanor charge without a warrant, unless they see the act committed. A citizen can swear out a warrant just as easily as an officer can, and if it should so happen that some act of violence or other lawlessness is committed so that the police do not see it, those who do should take some steps to stop or prevent the same and thus help the police in upholding the peace and dignity of the city."

Major Howard took more rest last night than he has since the strike started. He has hardly touched his bed since Tuesday.

SERMONS ON THE STRIKE

Suspension of Car Traffic Will Probably Curtail Church Attendance.

The total suspension of all street-car traffic to-day as a result of the strike will in all probability operate in no small measure to cause a falling off in the size of congregations. Many people living at long range will go to churches near by or remain at home entirely.

Two or three of the pastors and probably more will make special reference to the strike situation. Announcement has been made by the Rev. Joel T. Tucker that he will preach at the East-End Baptist Church on this subject and it is expected that the attendance here will be quite large. Mr. Tucker has extended an invitation to the members of the union. At the Randolph-Street Baptist Church, the Rev. I. S. Boyles will also have something to say along this line. His subject will be "The Gospel Way to Avert and Settle Strikes."

THE ARREST OF ALL SIDES MADE

(Continued from First Page.)

hibited a desire to use the weapon on him.

In view of these statements the officers, or those to whose attention the matter was brought, set about for the apprehension of the man. As the crowd of strike-breakers passed along Farley was seen in the midst of them. Officer Green approached him, grabbed the pistol out of his pocket at an opportune moment and placed Farley under arrest. Captain Guigon and Dr. Carrington, surgeon for the company, were present, and the former made protest against the summary action of the officer, who had acted upon hearsay testimony and without a warrant.

After some further discussion of this point it was decided that the prisoner should be allowed to proceed with his breakfast, thereafter to be taken to the Henrico Courthouse in the buggy of Captain Guigon, which was tendered by him for the purpose. Up to this time the situation was comparatively calm. The trouble came a few moments later. After he had eaten Farley was taken to the outside, where he was about to enter the buggy in which he was to be driven down town. He was accompanied by the two officials of the company.

Yelled at Him.

The appearance of the man at the door was the signal for a chorus of derisive howls and groans from the big crowd of strikers and strike sympathizers assembled. Yells of "Give him ten years," "Send him to the penitentiary," and so on, mingled, and the climax was reached when the cry of "Hang him" was added to the others. Captain Guigon at once turned to the officers and called for the arrest of the man who wished to see Farley strung up, and then he and Dr. Carrington set out after him, mainly with the intention of keeping him in sight, that he should not escape. They had not proceeded far when the fellow halted, at the instance of friends, who yelled to him to stop and face the music. A second and more insistent demand was made that the man be arrested, and ultimately he was taken in charge by Officer Green. He was F. D. Abbott, one of the strikers.

Returning to his former position Captain Guigon accosted Constable Angle, who had in the first instance failed to respond to the demand for the arrest of Abbott. As he did at that time, Angle now protested that he had heard the prisoner say nothing. A sharp colloquy between him and Captain Guigon ensued, which culminated when the officer raised his left hand and struck the official in the face. Captain Guigon preserved his temper and stood motionless, while he now called for the arrest of Angle, which was made.

Called For Trial.

By this time the excitement was intense. Many in the crowd yelled for the arrest then and there of the Captain, declaring that he had called the officer a liar and had got his just deserts when he was hit. Nothing of this sort was done, however, and after a while the mob, hot and angry, quieted down somewhat. Later on, when the whole party went off to the courthouse, the signs of trouble disappeared almost entirely.

The three men under arrest were taken before 'Squire James T. Lewis and the case was opened for trial. A warrant in due form was sworn out for Angle, who as promptly retaliated by swearing out one for Captain Guigon. The officer was charged with assault and improper conduct; the Captain with using abusive language and attempting to intimidate a county officer in the discharge of his duty. Considerable argument as to the time for the hearing of the case developed. Mr. Miles Martin, representing the company, wished for immediate trial, but Mr. Angle objected and the matter was continued. All four of the cases were set for next Friday morning.

The Two

The chief point of contention in the whole affair has reference to the attitude of Captain Guigon. The Henrico policeman justifies himself by the assertion that he was called a liar, and that he was compelled to resent an insult; flat denial of this statement is made by Captain Guigon and some others who were standing near, all of whom declare that no such language was used.

Speaking of the matter last evening, the Passenger and Power Company official reiterated this declaration. He says he called upon Angle to arrest the man who yelled "Hang him," when Farley appeared, and that the constable refused to move, saying that he had heard nothing. When he returned to him after chasing the boy, Mr. Angle repeated this statement:

"No one can say I heard him," he declared, or words to that effect.

"I say that you heard him," replied the Captain.

Here the colloquy begain in the "I didn't," "You did" style, and then the blow was passed. Mr. Angle had a club in his right hand. He raised his left and struck at the Captain, who ducked his head, but otherwise stood motionless with his arms by his side. In one hand he had an umbrella. The blow fell in a glancing direction on the chin of Captain Guigon and did no injury. Knowing that the slightest movement might cause a tremendous disturbance, Captain Guigon kept himself quiet and did not further resent the indignity than by ordering the arrest of the constable. There was not, he declared, anything like the word lie or liar used.

On the other hand, Mr. Angle asserts that such was the case. He said yesterday afternoon that at the time he was assisting in arresting Farley and keeping the crowd back. When the prisoner came out there was a disturbance and the constable says he heard somebody cry "Arrest him," and saw a man running. He had not heard the man or seen him say or do anyhing. He told Captain Guigon this, but the Captain declared that he had heard.

"Then I suppose if I say I did not hear, I am lying," is what Mr. Angle says he asked at this point.

"Yes," Mr. Angle declares Captain Guigon replied. "If you say such a thing you lie."

"Then I hit him," the constable said. "I was an officer of the law, but I was also a man and I had to resent such an insult."

Said They Can Shoot.

As a result of the arrest of Farley without a warrant, Captain Guigon proceeded to issue some explicit and decidedly interesting instructions to the strike-breakers as to their rights in the premises. Summed up in a few words, these instructions were as follows:

"No officer has a right to arrest or search a man for carrying concealed weapons without a warrant, and no officer has a right to arrest a man for misdemeanor without a warrant, unless committed in his presence, and if any one attempts to do this you are within your rights if you shoot."

Made Complaint.

Following the disturbance at the Reservoir an air of suppressed excitement surrounded the courthouse for a time yesterday. About 2 o'clock in the afternoon President Sitterding and Mr Miles M. Martin, chief counsel for the company, drove down in a buggy and held a consultation with Judge Wickham. Sheriff Solomon was present and went out once to telephone to the chief of police at the Reservoir to get at the situation there. The response he received was to the effect that everything was quiet at that time. The sheriff returned to the office and shortly afterward announced that he and the Judge would at once pay a visit to the scene of the trouble with a view to making some personal observations.

The suggestion that Mr. Sitterding was out looking for an injunction against the strikers or with a view to having the military called out is very incorrect. The two gentlemen were at the courthouse chiefly to ask for more protection and to make complaint against Angle and Green, the two officers. So far as Green is concerned the only objection is the arrest of Farley without a warrant and upon hearsay evidence, which Captain Guigon says the policeman admits. Apart from this they speak in the highest terms of his conduct, declaring that he proved himself most prompt and efficient. The same is said of Constable Eubank and a few others.

In the County Court yesterday five new special policemen were appointed and detailed to duty. The new men are J. A. Benedict, Morgan Goddin, George Bowles, W. C. Vincent, E. P. Brothers and G. W. Maughan.

PROTECTION IN COUNTY

Sheriff Simon Solomon Says the Military Will Not Be Called Out.

A report gained currency late yesterday afternoon that officials of the Passenger and Power Company had made inquiries with a view to asking for military protection in the county. No direct confirmation or denial of the report could be secured, but the assurance was received that the military will not be called out.

Sheriff Simon Solomon, of Henrico county, was asked last night: "Is it true, as reported, that officials of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company have asked for military protection in the county?"

The Sheriff did not answer the direct question categorically, but replied with decision and reiterated the statement: "The military will not be called out."

Some of the officials of the company have commented on the police service in the county and characterized it as inadequate. The statement of the Sheriff is construed to mean that he will guarantee adequate and entirely satisfactory service, and that he can do this without the aid of the militia. There is, therefore, no probability at this time of a call for military, the civil authorities being fully equal to the situation.

CARTER CLEARED OF A CHARGE OF MURDER

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ROANOKE, VA., June 20.—In the Hustings Court this afternoon the jury in the case of Samuel alias Dick Carter, of Henry county, charged with the murder of Clarence Hodges, in this city, on March 20th, brought in a verdict of not guilty. The jury was out about an hour. Carter went to the house of Fannie Hodges, on Railroad Avenue, the day of the tragedy, under the influence of liquor, claimed to own the property, and a row ensued. Clarence Hodges, son of the woman, was shot by him and died at the hospital that night. Two witnesses, one the brother of Hodges, testified that the shooting was without provocation, while Carter testified that Hodges drew a knife on him, and another witness that the latter made an attack on Carter.

AGED MAN DROPS DEAD

A Ten Thousand Dollar Slander Suit On.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WINCHESTER, VA., June 20.—T. W. Barrow, an aged resident of the county, residing a short distance north of town dropped dead this afternoon as he was standing in his field. He had just sent his son after several horses, which were out in the storm. He was seventy years old.

Dr. A. S. Reynolds, a prominent Shepherdstown physician, is at Winchester Hospital for his health. Dr. Reynolds was recently vindicated before the board of regents of West Virginia of charges of criminal practice brought by Prof. Goodwin, former principal of the Shepherdtown Normal College. He now sues Prof. Goodwnn for $10,000 damages for slander.

While alone on the mountainside yesterday, cutting timber, Venner Bayliss, of Bliss, severely cut his foot. With blood gushing from his shoe, the man walked two miles to his home, reaching there exhausted.

On the same day T. F. Faucett, a prominent merchant of the county, almost severed the thumb from his hand while chopping wood.

RISING YOUNG ACTOR

Mr. Willie Eanes, Graduate of Daniel's School, With Giffen.

Mr. Willie Eanes, of this city, a graduate of the Daniels School of Acting, made a distinct success in the part of "Bilcher," at the Academy of Music, in "The Silver King" last week.

The part is one that requires the work of a character performer, and while Mr. Eanes' experience in the professional field is not extensive, he indicated that he possessed a quality that will not take long to put him among the leading actors in that line.

Mr. Eanes is a young business man, widely known and popular. In amateur and semi-professional work he has appeared frequently in Richmond and neighboring cities and has always met with success.

Mr. Melville Daniels, through whom he received the bulk of his training, is very proud of him.

Besides Mr. Eanes, Mr. Daniels has turned out a number of successful performers, from his Richmond School, among them Messrs. W. J. Brennan and A. L. Osburn, who, also, played with the Giffen Company.

SIX THOUSAND MEN LOST IN ONE BATTLE

(By Associated Press.)

MADRID, June 20.—According to a dispatch received here from Tangier, El Menebhi, the Moorish War Minister, has lost 6,000 men in a battle fought with the rebels at Amniedinna.

Public is Invited.

The public is invited to attend the official inspection of the Howitzers, which takes place at 3:30 o'clock to-morrow evening.

INNOVATION IN SERVING LUNCH

Kirkwood to Introduce the Autocafe in His New Place on Broad Street.

Mr. H. B. Kirkwood, the well known restauranteur in endeavoring to keep Richmond up-to-date in his particular line of business, has succeeded in getting in line with New York and Philadelphia.

On August 1st he will establish at No. 722 East Broad Street, in the Bijou Theatre building, an Autocafe.

That is, he will have erected a number of automatic cases, supplied with food of various kinds. Each case will carry a slot, with which checks, valued at different sums may be dropped. Upon the face of the case will be words indicating what the case contains in the way of food.

Immediately after the check has been deposited, the article is delivered.

For instance, a person wishing a piece of pie, will know which slot to use by the words written thereon. The same with sandwiches, steaks, cutletts, eggs, coffee, milk, tea, etc.

The introduction of these cases will prove an advancement in the restaurant business, and will avoid the waiting for change, the delay in service, and other little things that go with the present day cafe.

Mr. Kirkwood has secured the rights for these cases for all the South as far as Birmingham. His output here will cost about $5,000, and he expects to have others in Norfolk, Atlanta and other places within the next few months.

These cases will in no way interfere with the existing lunch rooms owned and conducted by Mr. Kirkwood.

THE DAY ON THE DIAMOND

Records of the National and American Leagues.

CHAMPIONS WON AGAIN

Doubled Number of Runs Made by Their Boston Opponents—The Rain Disarranged the Schedules at Most Places.

Schedule for Monday.

Chicago at New York.
Pittsburg at Boston.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

Scores Yesterday.

Pittsburg 8, Boston 4.
New York-Chicago (rain).
Brooklyn-St. Louis (rain).
Philadelphia-Cincinnati (rain).

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	39	17	.696
New York	35	16	.656
Chicago	25	19	.568
Brooklyn	25	24	.511
Cincinnati	23	26	.469
Boston	20	32	.384
Philadelphia	15	33	.300
St. Louis	15	38	.283

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY

At Boston: Pittsburg's fourteenth straight victory was at the home team's expense to-day. A great one-hand catch by Ritchey was a feature.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	00200000 02	4	9	1
Pittsburg	00004002 2	8	13	0

Batteries: Platt and Kittridge; Phillips and Phelps. Time, 1:42. Umpire, O'Day. Attendance, 3,400.

AMERICAN LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY

Scores Yesterday.

Philadelphia 4, Chicago 1.
Boston 5, Cleveland 4.
St. Louis 7, Washington 6.
Detroit-New York (rain).

Schedule for To-Day.

New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	32	19	.628
Boston	31	20	.608
Cleveland	26	22	.542
St. Louis	23	21	.523
Chicago	22	24	.478
New York	21	24	.467
Detroit	21	26	.447
Washington	14	34	.292

At Chicago: Better hitting, fielding and base-running gave the Champions an interesting game to-day.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	000000010	1	8	4
Philadelphia	000001111	4	8	1

Batteries: White and McFarland; Bender and Powers. Time, 1:51. Umpire, Sheridan. Attendance, 4,300.

At St. Louis: The game this afternoon in which St. Louis defeated Washington furnished a sensation, Jesse Burkett assaulting Tom Loftus, the Washington manager, in the first inning. Burkett and Loftus had a wordy tilt at Washington on the Browns' trip east. When Burkett stepped to the bat to-day, Loftus called on Orth to strike him out, using a vile epithet in so doing. Burkett, when the offense was repeated, ran over to the bench and struck Loftus repeatedly, until taken away by his team-mates and the police. Both were ordered off the grounds by Umpire Connolly.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	011010022	7	11	4
Washington	000101004	6	11	3

Batteries—Donahue and Kahoe; Orth and Clarke. Time, 1:44. Umpire Connolly.

At Cleveland: Boston took a ten-inning game to-day, Dougherty scoring the winning run on his single and O'Brien's double.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	022000000 0	4	8	1
Boston	120000100 1	5	10	1

Batteries—Moore and Abbott; Gibson and Criger. Time, 2:10. Umpire, O'Laughlin. Attendance, 8,200.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY

At Memphis: The visitors made six glaring errors to-day, but were loudly applauded for several sensational plays. Shreveport was shut out.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Memphis	011003000	5	8	2
Shreveport	000000000	0	6	6

Batteries: Brietinstein and Stratton; Hughey and Graffius.

Eastern League.

Baltimore 1, Newark 4.
Rochester 3, Jersey City 1.
Toronto 0, Providence 1.

MRS. BROOME TURNED TABLES ON CAPT. BROOME

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NORFOLK, VA., June 20.—Captain G. C. Broome, of the Porto Rican regiment, United States army, stationed at Washington, came here yesterday with his infant child, Josephine, and nurse, escaping from Mrs. Broome, with whom he had quarrelled. Mrs. Broome followed, and, engaging a police officer's assistance, she went to the hotel where the party was stopping. While the officer entertained Captain Broome, the wife and nurse fled to the boat with the child and returned to Washington.

Captain Broome was going South with the child.

KING PETER HAS TASK OF GREAT DIFFICULTY

(By Associated Press.)

BELGRADE, June 20.—Unless King Peter is prepared to altogether ignore the foreign demands for the punishment of the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga, his only means of satisfying any requirements appears to be to persuade the criminals to absent themselves until quiet is restored, when they will be permitted to resume their places in the army. It is suggested in official quarters that Russia may possibly advise the officers concerned to absent themselves.

Colonel Mischich, who took a prominent part in the assassinations at the palace, has been gazetted commandant of the military district of Belgrade.

At Richmond Home.

Rev. J. W. Fizer will conduct religious exercises at the Richmond Home for Ladies, No. 517 North Eeventh Street, at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

RACE FOR HIGH GUN WAS VERY CLOSE

Good Scores Were Made by All Contestants—Medal Winner.

Yesterday afternoon the weather was a little warm for out-door sports, especially trap-shooting, although scarcely any wind, not enough to affect the flight of "mud pies," consequently no calculations had to be made, except to load on right and left quartering birds.

"Smith" won the weekly medal, but there was a close race for high gun between Messrs. "Smith," Anderson and Flippen, each breaking 45, 44 and 43 out of 50, Anderson making a run of 23 straight.

The club had the pleasure of entertaining Messrs. Sanford and Coleman, of the Blackstone Gun Club, the former putting up an excellent score in the last event.

The backgrounds from the shooting platform of this club are not what they might be, and at times a black target cannot be readily seen, yet all these difficulties will be to a great extent eliminated when the club discards the "Black Bird" target and adopts the "White Flyer" and "Blue Rock" tagets, which will be soon.

The grounds have been greatly improved the last week, and the winding path leading to them has been changed by two flights of steps, which gives the entrance to the grounds quite an Alpine appearance. Nature has embellished this lovely spot with a coat of wild blue grass, and no shooting club can boast of more natural advantages as regards shade and mountain-like scenery. Just entering the grounds from Chimborazo Park one has a beautiful view of the "noble" James as it winds its way on to the ocean like some huge serpent, with his glassy back sparkling in the sunlight. All the club members are fond of meeting on this spot once a week, and vie with each other in pulverizing "mud pellets."

Mr. E. H. Storr, an expert shot, representing the Peters Cartridge Company, was at the West End Club last Thursday, and as usual made good scores.

The shooters in and around Richmond are getting ready to attend the big shoot on Wednesday of the Ashland Gun Club, to be held on the beautiful grounds of the West End Gun Club.

Messrs. T. H. Fox, C. W. Saunders and M. D. Hart have arranged a very attractive programme, handicapping on distances, and a good time is guaranteed every one who attends.

A handsome loving cup is now being displayed in Nowlan Company's window to be given to the shooter making the highest average for the entire programme.

In Harris, Flippen and Company's window may be seen the beautiful cup donated by the Peters Cartridge Company to the Metropolitan League, recently organized here, and consists of the following clubs, which will shoot a five-man team race for it monthly:

West End, East End, Northside, Deep Run, Albemarle and Ashland Clubs.

The finest gun made in the United States has just been received by its owner, Mr. P. J. Flippen. The gun, a $740 grade, is a double-barrel hammerless, made by the Hunter Arms Company. The barrels are of Whitmore fluid steel, the stock finest Circassian walnut, trimmings of gold and beautifully engraved. It is being greatly admired by every one who sees it.

Twenty-five targets in each event scores as follows:

	First Event.	Second Event.
"Peters"	15	15
Williams	13	19
Talman	17	17
"Smith"	22	23
Sanford	14	21
J. A. Anderson	20	24
"L. & R."	16	19
Lodor	13	16
Boudar	20	17
Wiltshire	21	18
P. J. Flippen	20	23
Jones	16	14
Coleman	13	14
Southward	12	18
Robertson	13	16
Lenard	xx	20

Roosevelt Delighted.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., June 20.—A prominent Richmonder in the city tonight on his return from Washington, where he went as member of a delegation to call on the President, stated that Mr. Roosevelt could talk of nothing else but his visit to the University.

"I enjoyed every minute of my stay in Charlottesville," said the President.

BROKE RECORDS RIGHT AND LEFT

Barney Oldfield Drove His Automobile a Mile in 55 3-5 Seconds, Lowering Mark.

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., June 20.—Barney Oldfield, of Dayton, O., broke the world's records for automobiles on an elliptical mile track, from one to five miles to-day, by driving his machine a mile in :55 3-5 seconds. Not satisfied with this, he broke every record from one to five miles, clipping 23 2-5 seconds off the five-mile record, held by Winton, by going the distance, 5:01 3-5. He drove his "red devil," which was designed by himself. The former world's record was a mile in 1:01 2-5, held by Oldfield himself.

SHORTHOSE WON THE TIDAL STAKES

Track Was Fetlock Deep in Mud, and Only Mud-Runners Started.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 20.—The Coughacre stables' Shorthose, with Hanck up, won the Tidal stakes for three-year-olds at Sheepshead Bay to-day. The race was run over a track fetlock deep in mud and only mud runners of a pronounced type faced the starter. After a few moments' delay at the post, they were sent away to a good start. Charles Elwood was first to show, with Black Hussar second and Whorler third. O'Neil sent the favorite up to second place, Black Hussar dropping back to third place. At the one-half mile pole Odom sent Meltonian up to third place, and was apparently holding his own, but soon fell back, beaten. Making the far turn, Hanck, on Shorthose, who was running fourth, and who looked hopelessly out of it, then began to make his run. At the eighth pole in the stretch he passed the leader, and finally came under the wire a winner by two lengths. Summary:

First race—Introductory steeplechase, short course—Mystic Shriner (10 to 1) first, Tip Gallant (4 to 1) second, Fox Hunter (4 to 1) third. Time, 4:38.

Second race—high weight handicap, six furlongs, on main track—Young Henry (5 to 1) first, Duke of Kendal (2 to 1) second, Kingraine (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:16.

Third race—the Foam, fast five furlongs of the Futurity course—Inflexible (7 to 5) first, Minosa (7 to 5) second, Monson (15 to 1) third. Time, 1:01 3-5.

Fourth race—the Tidal stakes, mile and a quarter—Shorthose (8 to 1) first, Charles Elwood (20 to 1) second, Whorler (9 to 10) third. Time, 2:12 2-5.

Fifth race—last five and one-half furlongs Futurity course, selling—Sweet Tone (8 to 5) first, Miss Shylock (20 to 1) second, Sir Walt (8 to 1) third. Time, 1:09.

Sixth race—mile and a sixteenth on turf—Leader (5 to 1) first, Mackey Dwyer (2 to 1) second, Flying Jib (4 to 1) third. Time, 1:54.

Catarrh

Whether it is of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or more delicate organs, catarrh is always debilitating and should never fail of attention.

It is a discharge from the mucous membrane when kept in a state of inflammation by an impure, commonly scrofulous, condition of the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all for