The Times Dispatch

THE TIMES, FOUNDED 1886. THE DISPATCH, FOUNDED 1850. | WHOLE NUMBER, 16,285. RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1903. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SUMMARY OF DAY'S NEWS

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Virginia—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; light, variable winds.

North Carolina—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, except showers on the coast; warmer in interior Tuesday; light, variable winds.

There was little complaint of the temperature yesterday, a maximum of 87 not being very oppressive after the severe experience the people have recently undergone. Fair weather is expected to-day and to-morrow.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

9 A. M.	76
12 M.	84
3 P. M.	86
6 P. M.	80
9 P. M.	78
12 midnight	76
Average	79 5-6

Highest temperature yesterday	87
Lowest temperature yesterday	70
Mean temperature yesterday	78
Normal temperature for July	80
Departure from normal temperature	02
Precipitation during past 24 hours	.31

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

July 7, 1903.

Sun rises	4:57	HIGH TIDE.	
Sun sets	7:32	Morning	2:53
Moon sets	3:61	Evening	3:18

RICHMOND.

Mr. Siebert Cease probably fatally wounded by an unknown person Sunday afternoon; many interesting developments in the case—Movement of soldiers from Richmond to begin in the next few days—The strike situation quiet yesterday and Sunday—Report presented to the Common Council vindicating all members of the Street Committee, except J. M. King—Fire Commissioners elect officers—Strike-breaker Farley fined $100; other cases in Henrico Magistrate's Court are continued—Colonel Harwood not to enter senatorial race—Young girl falls from a window—Corporation Commission moves to City Hall to-day—Case of W. H. Lowry, who killed C. E. Graham, to be tried in the Police Court to-day—Case of Strike-Breaker Puryear continued—Small riot at Union Depot; Officer Foster hurt—Report of the Tobacco Market—Committee meets to-night to form plans for the investigation of municipal corruption—Mr. Davis Bottoms resigns from the Council—Resolution offered to raise the salary of the Mayor from $2,000 to $4,000—Judge Witt delivers a strong charge to the grand jury concerning rioting and boycotting—Verdicts of court-martial in case of Private Hyorth and others—Rector chosen for Weddell-Memorial Chapel—Sheriff Simon Solomon declares he is not alarmed by the attempt to remove him from office—A negro woman found dead in a well; evidence goes to show that she was murdered; investigation on foot—Negro fugitive captured on the stage of the Bijou Theatre—Money being raised in Manchester to seek legal redress for the shooting of Luther Taylor—Resolutions on the strike offered in the Richmond City Council. MANCHESTER—The funeral of Luther Taylor—Work of the Mayor's Court—An entertainment—Union services.

VIRGINIA.

Mrs. Benjamin Lowry horribly murdered while alone in her house in Madison county, and the bureau where she kept her money was broken open and robbed—Ten shots fired in a contest for a jug of whiskey at Pulaski; two men hit and one fatally wounded—The Fourth was celebrated at Pulaski in grand style with spectacular parade, ladies' driving contest and crowning of the queen—Flag-raising at Disputanta and Alberene—Patriotic observance at Pocahontas, Va.—University alumni of Fredericksburg elect officers—A heavy storm in King George breaks the telephone lines—Kate Riter secures a verdict for $15,000 damages against the city of Norfolk—Sunday-school Convention at Winchester—Warm factional fight in progress in Culpeper—The Dutch warship De Ruyter sails from Hampton Roads—Young lady saved from fire at Winchester by being wrapped in a blanket and carried out of the building—The street-car strike in Petersburg is quiet, though more people are riding—High-Street Church, Petersburg, to hold a jubilee service over paying for its church building—Weems line to run two steamers from Rappahannock to Norfolk—Large number of crap shooters captured in Petersburg.

NORTH CAROLINA.

William W. Knight, of Wiggin's Cross Roads, kills himself with a pistol; he recently celebrated his golden wedding—Father and two sons paint the town of Weldon red and finally land in jail—The Weldon Fair Grounds sold; exhibition this fall—Many new charters granted by the Secretary of State—Prominent cotton-mill man dies at Raleigh.

GENERAL.

Pope Leo is at death's door and his end only question of hours—Many persons killed and wounded in a clash between mob and militia in Evansville, Indiana over race trouble—Stock market was stagnant and the drift of prices aimless and very narrow—President Loubet, of France, is royally received by England and England's King—American squadron blown into Spitshead ahead of schedule time—Stirrup Cup Steeplechase won by Tankard—Medical inspector aboard ship dies of yellow fever after arriving in this country—Breaking of Oakland Park dam at Jeanette, Pa., resulted in death of twenty persons and loss of million and a half dollars of property, while sixteen people are missing and most probably drowned—Cotton Compress Company appeals to the Interstate Commerce Commission from alleged discrimination by railroads—Desperate prisoner escapes from St. Louis city jail by sliding sixty feet down an electric light wire from the roof of prison—King George county citizens resent the running of negro excursions to Somerset Beach, and determine to resist the landing of the negroes by force should other means prove unavailing—General Nelson A. Miles chosen president of the Jefferson Memorial Association in place of Amiral Dewey, who resigned.

"YOUNG CORBETT" HAD ALL THAT HE WANTED

(By Associated Press.)

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 6.—"Young Corbett" fought six rounds with Sammy Smith, of this city, at the National Athletic Club to-night and the champion had a little the better of the bout. Smith was in excellent condition and gave Corbett a hard battle. The local man fairly rained blows on the champion, but the latter was able to take the punishment and came back strongly.

DRANK LAUDANUM BEFORE THE FAMILY

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., July 6.—James Lawson, aged twenty-eight, who is afflicted with "club feet," announced this morning that he was tired of life, and proposed to commit suicide.

Before the family he drank two ounces of laudanum. Medical aid was summoned, and his life was saved.

CHILD SHOT HIMSELF THROUGH THE HEATR

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PULASKI, VA., July 6.—Avon Chinault, the eleven-year-old son of John Chinault, residing two miles west of Pulaski, accidentally shot himself through the heart with a thirty-eight calibre pistol to-day. Death was instantaneous.

TO SOLVE THE CEASE MYSTERY

Wounded Man's Brothers Demand Justice.

HIS LIFE HANGS IN THE BALANCE

Strange Story of the Tragedy of Sunday Afternoon.

BULLETS FIRED THROUGH A WINDOW

L. Siebert Cease Shot at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, Lay Bleeding Alone Five Hours Before Assistance Came—Circumstances that Led Up to the Occurrence.

The shooting of L. Seibert Cease at his home in Highland Park Sunday afternoon adds another mystery and sensation to the long list of history.

Mr. Cease is in a critical condition at the Retreat for the Sick. A bullet is very close to his heart, after having pierced his body. He is in utter collapse, and it is admitted by all that his life hangs in the balance.

The profound mystery thrown around the shooting is remarkable, considering the time of the day, the number of people close at hand, and the statement of Mr. Cease himself to Police Officer Haller, of Highland Park. No arrests have been made, but an investigation will be held by the Commonwealth's attorney this morning.

Madden by Drink.

Mr. Cease is rated by his friends as one of the best hearted men on earth when sober. He has frequently shown himself to be well-nigh a demon when he has been drinking. The effect of drink seemed to drive him mad. Occasionally before Sunday morning he had given his wife great distress. The neighbors knew it, and Mrs. Cease had applied in one or two instances to Officer Haller for protection. But she would not consent to his arrest. Sunday he started the day by drinking. He had a jug of liquor in the house. While at a late breakfast, as the meal was ending, he asked for more whiskey. His wife remonstrated with him, according to her account to Mr. Haller, asking him not to drink any more, as she was expecting company that day. Her mother was coming, and her aunt and her husband from Washington. She had made the cake and gotten the ice cream ready. She wanted the day to pass off nicely. The effect of her request was remarkable. She says he seized the first thing he could get his hands on and dashed it on the table with all his might. From that moment for the next two or three hours he went about the house a perfect terror, now and then smashing everything that his eyes fell upon. Mrs. Cease told 'Squire Lewis, before whom she later swore out the warrant for the arrest of her husband, and also Officer Haller, who assisted at the arrest, that Cease rushed at her and declared in a loud voice that she should not dictate to him about what he should or should not do.

Smashed a Picture.

When the maddened and intoxicated husband had finished his savage onslaught upon his own household, the china, chairs, tables and other articles of furniture, pictures, including a very large and handsome portrait of the father of Mrs. Cease, bric-a-brac and other home treasures, Mr. and Mrs. Pierce arrived in the midst of the trouble and so did other guests, as well as could be gathered from the neighbors and according to the understanding of the officers. It took a little time for the guests to realize the situation, or Mr. Cease came to a calm about the time of their arrival, for Mrs. Pierce took off her hat and other easily doffed appurtenances to a lady's street costume and put them in the sitting room. About 12 o'clock Mr. Cease began again his devastating career about his own house. Mr. Cease is a man of powerful build and great strength. Officer Haller said last night that he was one of the most powerful men he had ever known. The uncle by marriage, Mr. Pierce, and the brother of Mrs. Cease, Mr. Harry S. Snyder, a young man, would have been no match for the master of the house. The result was that the ladies precipitately fled.

Went to a Neighbor's.

Mrs. Cease and her mother ran to the house of Mr. Todd first, this being nearest, but finding no one at home, went on to the residence of Mr. Frank Anderson, a hundred yards up the street and on the opposite side. Mr. and Mrs. Pierce and other guests went further up the street to the residence of Mr. John A. Devine. Mrs. Cease got Mr. Devine to get on his wheel and ride to Chestnut Hill and get Officer Haller to come and place her husband under arrest.

Mr. Haller went to Mrs. Cease and asked her what she wanted him to do. Officer Haller declares that Mrs. Cease told him she never would live with Cease another day, that she was going to enter divorce proceedings as soon as possible, and that she wanted him arrested. Mr. Haller told her he could do nothing without a warrant, as he had no authority without a warrant to enter the Cease residence. Mrs. Cease asked where she would have to go to get a warrant. The officer advised her to go to the county courthouse and get an officer to 'phone for a magistrate. This she said she would do at once, and Mr. Haller accompanied her to the north end of the viaduct, telling her he would await her return there, and to tell the officer who came back with her to serve the warrant that he would help him serve it. But before all this the shooting must have occurred, though it has been impossible so far to get the time relative of all the events.

Conductor's Statement.

Conductor of northside car No. 435 made the following interesting statement regarding the shooting: "It was shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon. My motorman and I had just arrived at the

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SOLDIERS ARE SOON TO LEAVE

Now Believed That the Worst is Over.

LITTLE OR NO TROUBLE YESTERDAY

Cars Were Operated Without Hindrance of Any Kind.

PROSECUTE FOR TAYLOR'S SHOOTING

People of Manchester Declare that a Great Mistake Was Made, and Money is Being Raised to Seek Legal Redress. The Incidents of Yesterday.

Within the next forty-eight hours, and perhaps before that time, the troops which have occupied Richmond and the surrounding territory for the past two weeks will begin the homeward march, and the reign of terror and disorder which called them forth will be a disagreeable memory of the past unless, perchance, it breaks rampart again.

There are those who fear such as this, andtheir fears, it may be are not altogether without reason. The gleaning bayonet and the musket in the hand of a man orderedto shoot to kill have swayed a powerful and irresistable influence over the riotously disposed, and the withdrawal of the restraining presence may work a second flaring up of fires which are regarded by many as still smouldering. Still the experiences of yesterday where for the first time cars were run in the open, without guard and where many of the sentinels were withdrawn from the streets were encouraging to a high degree since no untoward happening followed this loosening of the lines. And besides this it will be remembered that when the soldiers begin to leave it will be only those, and only a portion of those perhaps, which hail from the outside. There will remain here ready for any emergency the home companies, and the police force augmented by the band of specials.

Plans Not Known.

Just what method will be pursued in gradually withdrawing the forces cannot be said. Colonel Anderson conferred yesterday with Governor Montague and Mayor Taylor upon this very point, but no public statement is made of the results of this consultation. Colonel Anderson said last night that he preferred at this time that nothing of his plans be known. It was stated unqualifiedly at headquarters last night, however, by men supposedly in a position to know whereof they speak, that within forty-eight hours and perhaps less, troops will begin to leave Richmond. How many of them will go and in what manner are not known. Neither can it be ascertained which companies are likely to be withdrawn first. All of this concerns matters about which Colonel Anderson does not desire to speak at this time.

The signs of the expected movement, however, are plainly to be seen at every hand. In the first place, the rigid discipline of the past two weeks is not so strictly enforced though the armory and the several headquarters in the field still wear the martial air. Sentinels, however, do not parade the streets with so fierce mien as has been their wont—if they parade at all. There is but little need for men on the street. Sunday in Fulton was quiet, and the troops were kept in barracks all day. The strict post duty they have been performing was relaxed. Nothing like the usual number of men is kept on the thoroughfares as has been the case since the strike began.

Then, again, for the first time yesterday, cars rode the tracks without the customary military guard. It was an experiment, but one which proved at once successful and highly gratifying to all. With the exception of Manchester and Seven Pines, where the soldiers were still on duty, all the lines were operated in this manner, and without trouble. This was regarded as the crucial test, and it probably is. The company and the military authorities alike watched the day with keen interest, and both were entirely satisfied that the danger point had been passed safely and that the strike trouble had seen its end at last.

Orderly and Quiet.

According to reports received, everything was in fact quiet and orderly throughout the day, despite the unprotected condition of the cars. This comparatively speaking, of course, for there was some little disorder in spots, which, however, resembled serenest calm when compared with the turbulent scenes with which the strike began. The few stones and torpedoes were matter of great insignificance.

In Manchester and its suburban attachment, Swansboro, things kept pretty fair on the whole. This is particularly true of Swansboro and Forest Hill, where there was hardly anything to disturbe the peace. The little spur track from Swansboro to "Dundee," where it connects with the Forest Hill line is not yet in operation. Manchester proper developed a few showers of stones and a few mock torpedoes. At Seventh and Hull and Twelfth and Fifteenth stones were thrown and some of them came near striking passengers. At Eleventh and Perry the same thing happened. Torpedoes blew off every now and then. Two of them were together at one point on the track and went off at the same time, causing a loud explosion, which, it is solemnly averred, was heard all the way to Richmond. The man who put them there has been spotted, it seems, for this form of amusement. He is stout and carries a cane, and he, by some mischance, drops his cane every time he gets near the car track.

Considerable feeling is manifested in

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BULLETS, BLOODSHED, RACE RIOT

Mob and Militia Mix in Mad Maelstrom.

SEVEN KILLED; MANY WOUNDED

Soldiers and Deputies Fire Point Blank in Crowd.

DEFENDING JAIL FROM RIOTOUS THRONG

Guard Was Forced Back Gradually Until Charge Was Ordered, and a Single Shot Was Followed by a Fusillade—Governor Durbin Will Declare Martial Law.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., July 6.—Governor Durbin has just arrived at his office. He has ordered the militia companies at New Albany, Terre Haute and Vincennes and is calling out Indianapolis companies to hold in reserve. He is preparing to declare martial law. He expresses indignation at the Sheriff of Handerburg county, and says if the Sheriff had performed his duty instead of relying on the State the catastrophe would have been avoided.

(By Associated Press.)

EVANSVILLE, IND., July 6.—Following four days of rioting and general lawlessness, this city to-night saw the most terrible of its experiences with rioters. Seven persons dead and fourteen are known to be injured, with at least that number more thought to be hurt.

THE DEAD.

EDWARD SCHIFFMAN, painter, top of head blown off with rifle.

HAZEL ALLMAN, fifteen years old, daughter of Joseph H. Allman, shot in breast with shotgun.

JOHN BARRETT, shot in right lung; died in St. Mary's Hospital.

AUGUST JORDAN, nineteen, musician, bullet wound through heart.

EDWARD RULE, twenty-three years of age, laborer, shot through body and head; killed instantly.

TWO UNINDENTIFIED DEAD MEN, lying in front of jail.

THE WOUNDED.

Frederick Schmidt, driver for brewing company; seriously shot in leg and arm; taken to his home.

Fred Kappler, son of city Fireman Henry Kappler, buckshot in face and body; serious, will die.

Lee Hawley, laborer, shot in leg.

Robert Miller, shot in cheek, not serious.

Charles Presky, aged seventeen, grocery boy; shot through left wrist and bullet wounds in both heels.

Theodore Beam, aged twenty, shot in right side; painful fishe wound.

John Fares, aged forty-eight, shot in head and hip; may die.

Albert Kauess, soldier, shot while picking up wounded rioters, hit in right arm; not serious.

Six others were seen to fall, but got away before their names were learned. At least that number or more were suspected of being hurt.

Four members of Company A, First Regiment, bullet and light gunshot wounds on the body; one of them shot through shoulder, another through the ankle, and the other two slight scratches.

Two deputy sheriffs were slightly wounded.

At 10 o'clock the members of Company A, First regiment, Indiana National Guard, after a day's vigilance guarding the county jail, and 100 deputy sheriffs

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

A SLIDE FOR HIS FREEDOM

A Desperate Prisoner Makes Escape from Roof of Prison by Electric Light Wire.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 6.—William Rudolph, of Union, Mo., who has been confined in the city jail for several months on the charge of having participated in the robbery of the bank at Union last winter, and also charged with the killing of Detective Schumacher, who was attempting to arrest him, made a desperate and successful escape from jail late this evening, and to-night is still at large.

Rudolph escaped by crashing through a skylight and jumping from the jail roof. When last seen he was at the corner of Seventh and Spruce Street, running south at utmost speed. Shortly before his escape Rudolph was let out of his cell to be shaved. The exercise corridor at that time contained about twenty prisoners. The guards were engaged in locking up the prisoners for the night when, as Rudolph passed through the east end of the corridor, a fight broke out among the prisoners in the west end. The majority of the guards ran to separate the fighting prisoners, and with desperate determination Rudolph quickly ran up three flights of stairs and jumped to the top of the cells and in a flash had swung himself by the aid of an iron girder to the skylight and the next moment had broken the skylight open and was out on the roof sixty feet from the ground. He grasped an electric light wire and slid down fifty feet, when the wire snapped, precipitating him to the ground. Regaining his feet he ran to the street through Sergeant Dawson's residence.

Rudolph succeeded in effecting his escape before he was missed.

POPE LEO XIII IS AT THE DOOR OF DEATH

LEO XIII, SOVEREIGN PONTIFF CATHOLIC CHURCH.

His End Now Only Matter of Few Hours.

PONTIFF CALM IN LAST HOURS

His Mind Remains Clear and He Loses No Interest.

BEING KEPT ALIVE BY ARTIFICIAL MEANS

Room In Which He Is Has Been Impregnated With Oxygen, and Repeated Doses of Chloral Have Been Administered—Great Sorrow Throughout the World.

ROME, July 7—7:42 A. M.—The Pope has taken nourishment four times during the night. His pulse shows a slight improvement. At half past 6 this morning he left his bed for an arm chair.

The official bulletin issued at 6 o'clock this morning states that the Pope rested peacefully during the night and took some nourishment. His holiness will perhaps live through the day. It is probable that another bulletin will be issued at half past 8 o'clock.

(By Associated Press.)

ROME, July 7—3:55 A. M.—Another morning has broken upon the pathetic scene within the simple chamber of the Vatican, where Pope Leo lay dying. As the soft light of dawn penetrated into the room the Pontic whispered to his devoted physician that he desired the shutters of the window to be opened, saying: "I wish to see once more, perhaps for the last time, the rays of the sun."

It is just a short while that the Pope came back to consciousness from a sleep that Dr. Lapponi has induced by a strong dose of choral. His sleep was so deathlike that artificial respiration was resorted to, and Dr. Lapponi every few minutes leaned anxiously over the couch to observe the illustrious patient and listen to hardly perceptible breathing. The Pope's condition was feeble in the extreme and his voice hardly audible. He had pains in his chest and shoulders, and thinking his end was now near, he said to Dr. Lapponi: "Tell me when the time really comes."

The doctor assured his patient that he felt that the danger of his immediate passing was over for the time being.

Although his physical powers are at the lowest ebb and his breathing becomes more labored, the Pope's mind is clear, as is manifest to all around him by his bright, expressive eyes and the few words he now and then succeeds in uttering. Count Camillo Pecci, the Pope's nephew, whom the dying man kept by his bedside yesterday, was so exhausted late last night by his contending emotions that he had to be taken from his uncle's room completely worn out. A few moments before, as he stood bowed beside the bed, Pope Leo laid his hand on his head with paternal affection, saying: "Take courage."

Shortly after 10 o'clock at night the Pontiff received the extreme unction. At 9 o'clock his condition seemed so hopeless that only a short time apparently remained before he would glide into his last sleep. At Dr. Lapponi's initiative a hasty consultation of the Pope's relatives, Cardinal Rampolla and other ecclesiastics was held, and it was decided that extreme unction should be given.

READY FOR END.

The pontiff received the announcement with his utmost calmness, and though scarcely able to speak audibly he said he knew his time had come and he was ready to appear before the sublime tribunal with full trust in the Divine mercy. Monsignor Pifferi, Pope Leo's confessor, administered the extreme unction, and when the ceremony was over His Holiness sank back on the pillow with apparent great relief that all was done and that he was entering into rest after his long pilgrimage.

After the administration, telegrams hoping for his recovery were shown to the Pope and he appeared to be much gratified. One of the strangest features in his condition is the interest the Pope takes in telegrams inquiring about his health. Yesterday, having heard that a French lady whom he had received in audience a few weeks ago had telegraphed a message of sympathy, he asked to see the telegram, and upon Monsignor Pifferi bringing it he was not satisfied with looking at the message, but wished to read it. From the plazza of St. Peter's the groups of watchers can see groups of figures flitting to and fro across the windows of the Vatican, which are illuminated.

GREW WORSE

Tone of Evening Bulletin Caused Grea Uneasiness.

(By Associated Press.)

ROME, July 6.—Towards evening the Pope grew worse, and the news spreading, together with the tone of the last bulletin, caused considerable alarm. The Associated Press correspondent saw Dr. Mazzoni, who repeated in substance what Dr. Lapponi said to-day, adding that to-night it was necessary to keep up the pontiff's strength through artificial respiration.

The doctors do not believe, as some predict, that a catastrophe will occur during the night, and Dr. Mazzoni expressed the opinion that Pope Leo might live perhaps two days without excluding the hypothesis of a possible ultimate recovery.

The Pontiff made eager inquiries as to what communications have been received at the vatican from foreign rulers, and was extremely pleased to learn that M.

DAM BROKE; TWENTY DEAD

Over Million Dollars' Damage in Pennsylvania.

SIXTEEN PERSONS MISSING

Happy Valley Transformed Into a Place of Mourning in a Single Day—Morbidly Curious Crowds Gather to See Sights.

By Associated Press.

JEANNETTE, PA., July 6.—As a result of the breaking of the Oakford Park dam yesterday, twenty persons are known to be dead and sixteen are missing. The property loss in the valley will reach $1,500,000, and the distress is so great that outside relief will have to be asked for. The number of lives lost was not so great as estimated, but the list is long enough to be appalling. From a happy, prosperous, contented valley, this section in a single day has been transformed into a great place of mourning. Pretty homes have been wrecked and great workshops forced into idleness. Hundreds of men will be out of employment for several weeks.

All day long hundreds of willing hands hauled away the great piles of debris in the search for missing residents of the valley. The citizens of Jeannette were called together to-day to provide means of relief for the suffering residents of the valley. Dozens of families had been driven from their homes and were practically thrown upon the charity of the town. In a few minutes $1,200 was raised.

In Jeannette to-day business was practically at a standstill. Many of the stores were flooded and many workshops were in the path of the torrent. To the throng of idle citizens were added great crowds of strangers, who came here from all over Western Pennsylvania to see what had happened. A number of thieves came to make profit out of the crowd. A great crowd of people assembled all days at the pile of wreckage heaped against the railroad embankment east of town and scattered over the bottom land. It was here that a great number of unrecovered bodies were supposed to be buried.

When morning came a large force of volunteers went to work and a systematic search began. By evening the men said that they had made a thorough search and no more bodies remained in the debris.

The coroner's inquest, which is intended to be very thorough, is not likely to be held for at least a week. Owing to the extreme hot weather the stench from the dead animals and from the clogged sewers is becoming a menace to the health of the community, and both here and at Penn Station much money will be required to place the towns again in a sanitary condition.

WILL NOT LAY DOWN WHITE MAN'S BURDEN

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTA, GA., July 6.—The House of Representatives of the Georgia Legislature, after a heated debate to-day, killed by an overwhelming vote the resolution providing for a distribution of money among the schools for white and colored schools, in proportion to the taxation of the different races.

To-day's debate showed that it was the sentiment of the legislators that the State should contribute to the limit of its ability to the common schools for the education of negroes, even when the burden falls almost entirely on white taxpayers.

HORRIBLE MURDER

Old Lady in Madison County Beaten to Death.

ROBBERY WAS THE CAUSE

She Lived Alone and Kept a Considerable Sum of Money in a Bureau Drawer, Which Was Broken Open and Rifled.

(Special to the Times-Dispatch.)

MADISON, VA., July 6.—Mrs. Benjamin Lowry, a well known and highly respected old lady, living alone near Good Hope Church, in Madison county, was murdered in the most horrible manner at some recent date not definitely known, and her house robbed of a large sum of money kept in her bureau drawer.

All the indications point to a brave struggle on the part of the aged lady and the most brutal manner of her killing.

A telephone message came to this place about 2 o'clock yesterday to the county coroner, stating that a murder had been committed, and for the coroner to come to the scene at once. Dr. McRae Banks, county coroner, Commonwealth's Attorney James E. Thrift, Deputy Sheriff Marvin Pattis and John T. Hall left at once for the place of the murder, which is about eight miles southeast of this place, and about a mile to the right of Good Hope Church.

STORY OF THE MURDER.

The party returned to this place last night and reported the worst murder in the history of the county.

Mrs. Benjamin Lowry, a lady seventy years old, who lived entirely alone, her nearest neighbor being her married daughter, living about one and a half miles from her house, was last seen alive by her friends Thursday morning, when she visited the daughter referred to.

Yesterday morning the daughter sent her some bread by her little child. The child returned to her home, saying that she had opened the door of her grandmother's house, and that such a bad smell came from the room within that she had returned without entering the room.

Her father, Mr. Tressnig, went at once to investigate, and found the body of the old lady lying on the floor of her room almost in a nude condition, blood scattered over the floor and all about the room.

The coroner's investigation developed the fact that her skull had been fractured in two places, and her body otherwise awfully butchered up.

BRUTAL WORK.

A chair in the room had much blood on it, and it was thought by some of the party present that it had been used to crush the victim's head. The purpose of the murder, so far as the investigation developed, appeared to be solely robbery, and the murderer seemed to know just where to find the money he was looking for, nothing being disturbed in his search for valuables except one bureau drawer in the room where the body was found. This had been broken open with an axe found in the room, and which the old lady kept in the room, and it was estimated that about $600 or $700 in cash was taken.

In another drawer of the same bureau about $120 was not disturbed.

It is believed by those making the investigation that the murder occurred last Thursday night.

Sheriff D. M. Pattie will visit the scene of the murder to-morrow and nothing will be left undone by our officials to discover the author of this awful crime. The county supervisors meet to-morrow, and they will probably offer a reward, and it is likely that the Governor will also be asked to offer an additional reward.