THREE SECTIONS.

The Times-Dispatch

EDITORIAL SECTION.

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BIG ROW SEEMS TO BE PENDING

The Georgia Baptists and Alien Immersion.

ASSOCIATION WILL MEET THIS WEEK

A Hot Debate Is Looked for by All.

FORMER VIRGINIANS ARE MIXED UP IN IT

Dr. Len. G. Broughton, Once of This State, Is Leader of the Alien Immersionists, and Declares that He Will Take the Matter to the State Association—Several May Secede.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ATLANTA, GA., July 25.—The presence of Maryland and Virginia Baptists in Georgia may cause a split in that denomination in this State. The trouble has been brewing for over a year, but the crisis is near at hand, as matters will come to a focus Tuesday, when the Stone Mountain Baptist Association meets at Lithonia.

The cause of the threatened schism lies in the difference of opinion as to the practice of "alien immersion," and this question was made a vital one in the Baptist churches of Georgia by the presence of members who were originally received into Baptist churches in the States separated by the Potomac, where "alien immersion" is no bar to the good standing of a member.

The leader of the "alien immersionists" is Rev. Len. G. Broughton, D. D., pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle Church, of Atlanta, and one of the most prominent pulpit orators of the South to-day. Dr. Broughton, who is a native of North Carolina, served a number of North Carolina and Virginia churches before coming to Atlanta several years ago.

NEW QUESTION IN GEORGIA.

The question of accepting "alien immersion" as baptism is a new one among Georgia Baptists, and the innovation has met with little favor. Especially has it proved distasteful to the members of the rural churches, most of whom are descendants of primitive or "Hard-Shell" Baptists, and believe in holding strictly to the present tenets of the church.

The Baptist churches of Virginia and Maryland have for some time accepted members of Congregational and Christian churches, and members of other sects which practice immersion, into full fellowship, without questioning their faith or requiring that they be again baptized before becoming Baptists. The Baptist churches of Georgia, on the other hand, require that members must not only be immersed, but that they must be baptized by authorized Baptist ministers before they can be received into Baptist churches.

The Tabernacle Baptist Church has among its membership a number of men and women who were formerly residents of Maryland and Virginia, and who became Baptists while living in those States. When they moved to Atlanta they joined the Tabernacle Church, and no questions were asked as to the manner of their baptism. Subsequently it became known that several of them were originally members of other churches, and had been received as Baptists without being reimmersed.

When this became known to members of other Baptist churches, it at once began to create discussion, and two years ago it was declared the sense of the Stone Mountain Baptist Association that no member could be considered in good standing unless his baptism is "regular."

ARE PROMINENT MEMBERS.

Some of the members of the Tabernacle Church whose baptism is not "regular" are among the most prominent and active members of the church. The church declined to pay any attention to the action of the association, and last year the association went a step farther and declared that no church practicing the acceptance of "alien immersion" as baptism could remain a member of the association.

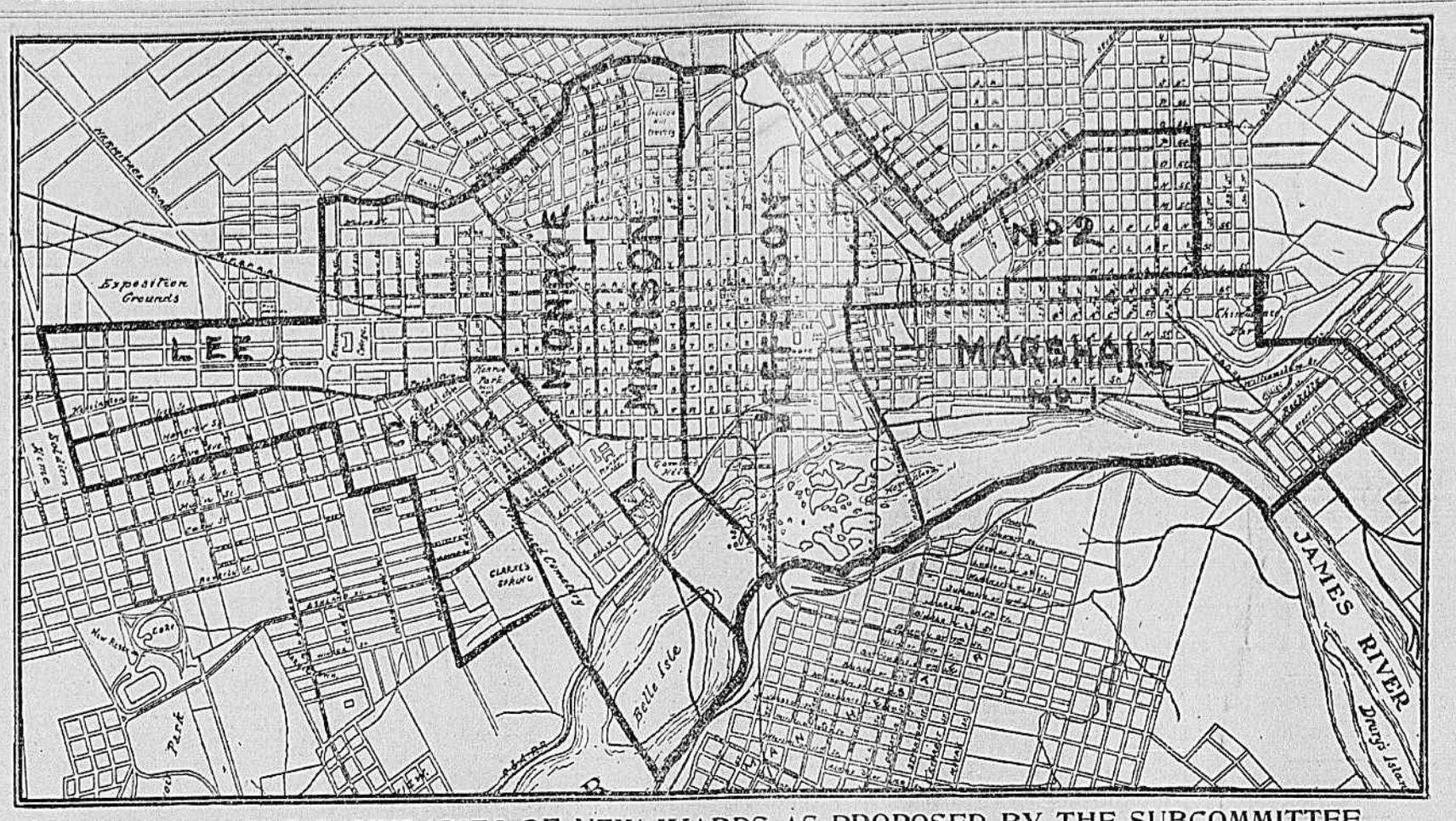
This resolution was passed after a bitter debate, in which the representatives of the Tabernacle Church declared that it was equivalent to the expulsion of that church and others, as under no circumstances would the church recede from the position held or ask any questions concerning the faith and baptism of members who are among its best and most conscientious workers. Dr. Broughton took a prominent part in the debate, and his remarks declaring the advocates of the resolution to be narrow-minded and bigoted created a great sensation.

As the time for this year's meeting of the association has approached, interest in the matter has increased. There seems little prospect of either side's surrendering one inch of its position, and unless the advocates of peace succeed in inducing the rural members of the association—and no one has any hope that they will be able to do it—to give up the fight, letting the resolution pass as a mere expression of opinion, and making no effort to enforce it, it appears that the only possible result will be the secession of the Tabernacle Baptist Church, and possibly several other Atlanta churches from the association.

Dr. Broughton has announced that he has no idea of allowing the fight to stop with the association. He declares that if the association expels his church he will call upon the Georgia Baptist convention to expel the association, and that the State convention will not dare to sustain the position taken by the members of the Stone Mountain Association.

At all events there is going to be a big row. The feeling over the matter has been increasing for two years, and those who at one time thought that the differences could be amicably adjusted have about lost all hope. On both sides charges are made that personal interests are responsible for the firmness being shown, and believing this neither side will be willing to yield to the other.

Baptists throughout the country will doubtless watch the fight with interest, as it may mean the settlement of a question which has for a long time been a fruitful source of discussion in Baptist churches in many parts of the United States.



MAP SHOWING BOUNDARIES OF NEW WARDS AS PROPOSED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE.

RATTLESNAKE ACTS AS A WATCH DOG

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

READING, PA., July 25.—Daniel L. Ney, who lives on the summit of the Blue Mountains, near Shartlesville, this county, where he conducts a small tavern, has a new kind of watch dog, of which he feels very proud.

Several days ago he caught a monster rattlesnake alive near his home. The reptile is over five feet in length and had fifteen rattles. Mr. Ney placed the snake in a large box covered with a screen and stood it on the porch near the front door. Whenever a stranger approaches the snake rattles and in this way notifies Mr. Ney that a customer is in the room, thus answering the same purpose as a watch dog that barks.

GOT MARRIAGE LICENSE: GIRL LAUGHED AT HIM

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

EASTON, PA., July 25.—Frank E. Kresge, of Bangor, applied for and received a marriage license here to wed Miss Annie Carew, of the same place, but when he went home to claim his bride both she and her mother laughed in his face.

They admit he asked for the girl's hand, but declared they thought he was joking.

Miss Carew, until she came to this country a short time ago, was a barmaid in England.

STRANDED IN SWAMP: ONLY MOSQUITOES NEAR

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

UNION HIL, N. J., July 25.—Waist deep in mud, with the mosquitoes besieging him in clouds, William Kortu, seventeen years old, was found last night in a famished condition on the meadows.

Kortu said that he wandered away from his home yesterday morning and lost his way, and had nothing to eat. The services of two men were required to extricate him. The boy had struggled for hours, until exhausted.

SISTERS SEPARATED 25 YEARS UNITED

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

TAMAQUA, July 25.—Mrs. George Storch and her sister, Mary Rimbe, of Haverstraw, N. Y., were united here yesterday after having been separated for twenty-five years.

Shortly after the women landed in New York from Germany they became separated, and though both searched faithfully for each other, it was not until a few days ago they learned of each other's whereabouts.

TWO MEN KILLED IN WISE TRAGEDY

J. H. King Shot by Will Daniels and Latter Brought Down by Other Officers.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WISE, VA., July 25.—J. H. King, chief of police for the Virginia Coke and Iron Company at Stonega, this county, was shot and instantly killed this morning near that place by Will Daniels. King, together with several other officers, went to arrest Daniels and some other parties for running a blind tiger. The officers surrounded the blind tiger and ordered the men to surrender. Daniels opened fire, killing King at the first shot.

Daniels, after killing King, started to run, and was shot dead by the officers. Two other moonshiners were arrested and were brought to this place and confined in jail.

King was a good officer and was well liked by every one, having been with the company for about four years. He was about forty-five years of age and leaves a wife and several

CLAY'S WILL AS WRITTEN

The Document Colored by Dreams of His Dora.

STOCKS AND BONDS TO HER

Remembered the Little Girl Who Comforted Him When Burden of Time Weighed Heavily, Although She Became Wife of Another.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

RICHMOND, KY., July 25.—The following is an exact copy of the original will written in General Cassius Marcellus Clay's own handwriting, and dated May 12, 1900. Through fear of destruction of the original, Mr. Clay had several duplicates made. The will, after being approved by Mr. Clay's attorney, was copied by Clarence E. Woods. The will will be offered for probate in the County Court on August 3:

"The last will and testament of General Cassius Marcellus Clay, born in White Hall, Madison county, Kentucky, United States of America, of Green Clay and Sallie Lewis, both of Revolutionary blood and fame, October 19, 1810. I appoint John Cabell Chenault, lawyer, and Daniel Bates Shackelford, merchant, my executors; further, I give said Chenault, as lawyer, $250 per year from this date to my death. When said Chenault and Shackelford shall enter upon their duties as executors they shall receive in full of all claims upon my estate ten (10) per cent. upon all moneys distributed and paid out to creditors. They shall form a company, based upon my Clay county coal mines, where Eli Bolin lives. The stock shall be divided into 100 shares at first, but increased in time if deemed expedient.

GIVEN ONE-FOURTH.

"Of this stock my former wife, Dora Clay, shall receive one-fourth of the dividends of profits per year till her death. At her death Cassius Marcellus Clay Brock, her child, shall receive her profits from the mines. But if she, Dora, leaves no children, then the said Cassius shall receive one-half only and the other half shall be divided equally between the others, their heirs, assigns, forever. But it is ordered that none of the Brock family, including Riley Brock, and none of the Richardson family, Dora's family, shall receive anything, except C. M. C. Brock and the children; only that which she, Dora, may have at her death. All moneys forfeited shall be turned into the Dora Clay fund forever. Twenty shares of said stock shall be owned by John Cabell Chenault and ten shares by said Daniel Bates Shackelford, their heirs and assigns forever.

"The other forty-five shares shall be a part of my estate. My executors shall act in concert, and, not agreeing, the lawyer, Chenault, shall decide. This gives him more work, and he is hereby paid more. At my death my executors shall take an inventory of all my estate, real and personal, sell at auction, after full advertisement as far as New York city, such things as may be ordered and exigient, small things of value, or cash; things of more value, especially land or works of art, may be allowed, with good security, two years' credit, with interest from day of sale.

"By Green Clay's will, of which I am the only living executor, my children were to have 2,000 acres of land at my death. Said will was dated November 3, 1828, of record in the Madison County Court clerk's office. By an agreement between me and my children the land was laid off by 'stocks' and deeded to them March 25, 1870, recorded in the Madison County Court by J. G. D. Shackelford, clerk.

AVOIDED CONTROVERSY.

"By my father's will, also recorded in said office, the number of acres given them was 'two thousand, about,' but to avoid any controversy I deeded to them two thousand and twenty-two and one-fourth (2,022 1-4) acres, and all the children declared that the joint interest was fixed and severed forever.

"At the time of Green Clay's death and by his will I owned thousands of acres of land extending from White Hall continuously to the Kentucky River at Clay's Ferry, five miles away, so all the landed interests of my children by their own and for their own interests have been 'fixed' forever. To carry out their wishes my executors are ordered under penalty of forfeiture of all moneyed interests in my will and estate to have nothing more to do with these lands, but to leave them severely alone.

"My father, being a military man, set aside a portion of his money devised as a reserve or contingent fund to save his children from poverty, not my children, but his children. By the said will I am left the sole executor. That fund, if any left, belongs to my living children, and must be sacredly paid. About five thousand ($5,000) dollars of the fund was paid me by brother Sidney Payne Clay, first executor. Part of said five-thousand-dollar fund has been paid to Cassius Curran Smith and others, reducing it. So my executors are amply able to pay all I owe on that fund, and all other debts. When all my property has been sold and my executors are ready to pay creditors my children will be paid as others on a basis of equity and proof of debt as required by law. I give and devise to my former wife, Dora Clay, ten thousand dollars, ($10,000), to be held in trust for her sole use and benefit during her natural life, and at her death to go to her children on the same conditions and under the same restrictions as the mining stock herein referred to. I devise $2,000 to build a Methodist Church within one mile of Dora Clay's residence, near Pinkard, in Woodford county, Kentucky.

"I devise to James Bowlin, son of Polly Bowlin, deceased, and to his wife, Mary Bowlin, their two children, John and Herbert, the sum of two thousand dollars. To each of the following I devise two hundred dollars ($200), viz., Elijah Barns, David Shanks, George Shanks, Zach White and Tom Williams.

WAS A FRIEND.

"My friend, John Cabell Chenault, came to me when I was in distress of mind and body and has counseled and advised me and has been of great service and comfort to me and I devise to him the sum of $3,000. I give my friend, George W. Pickels, $100. He has been kind to me and has done me many little acts of kindness. I devise to Joe Chenault, whose mother, Florence Dillingham, was my steadfast friend, my shot-gun, which has done me such good service for seventy-five years. I give Barney Kelly, who has always been polite and kind to me, $50. To Mrs. John D. Harris I give the portrait of my son, Warfield Clay. I devise to John Watson, son of my niece, the daughter of William Rodes, and my sister, Pauline Clay Rodes, an old painting of the Virgin Mary now on the wall of my boudoir. I devise the marble bust of myself donated to me by Joel T. Hart, which is now in the possession of Brutus J. Clay, to the Corcoran Art Gallery, Washington, D. C. I appoint John C. Chenault, D. Bates Shackelford and Geo. W. Pickels trustees for Dora Clay and they are directed to invest the fund devised to her in trust in United States bonds and pay her annually the income from said fund save the expense of managing same.

"I devise a decent burial at an expense not greater than $100 near by mother's grave in the Richmond (Ky.) cemetery, with a plain, inexpensive headstone to mark my last resting place. Finally, should anything remain after the foregoing bequests and devises are paid off and settled, I devise same to be equally divided between the Filson Club, of Louisville, of which my friend, Hon. R. T. Durrett, is president, and the Society of American Authors, located in the city of New York.

DISPOSAL OF WHITE HALL.

"Having previously given directions as to the sale of my property in general terms, I now specify White Hall and 360 acres shall be sold at a different sale from that of my other property.

"Witness my signature at White Hall, Madison county, Ky., this May 12th, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred.

"CASSIUS MARCELLUS CLAY."

"Signed by Cassius Marcellus Clay in our presence, and at his request signed by us in his presence and in the presence of each other. May 12, 1900.

"CLARENCE EVERETT WOODS,

"W. A. HALL."

BOERS WANT FAMILY BIBLES RETURNED

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch. Copyright, 1903.)

LONDON, July 25.—Lord Roberts has issued a memorandum concerning the large number of family Bibles which Boers missed on returning to their farms.

They are greatly valued by their former possessors, and he asks that persons who have them will return them to Mr. W. H. Alexander, of 12 Bishopgate Without, E. C. Some, it is believed, have found their way to America in the shape of souvenirs of the Boer War.

MUCH WORK AT CITY HALL

Important Committee Meetings Scheduled.

INVESTIGATI'N CONTINUES

Will Probe Further Into the Telephone Matter and Then Take Recess Till Sept.—Police Board To-Morrow Night—Other Notes.

The coming week promises to be a pretty lively one in municipal circles, and from present indications there will be much activity about the City Hall.

The committee of investigation, which is now probing into the telephone matter, will meet to further prosecute that work at 8:30 o'clock to-morrow night, and at 8 o'clock there will be a meeting of the Committee on Accounts and Printing. At the same hour the Police Board will hold a special meeting, and at 5 o'clock on Tuesday there will be a regular meeting of the Committee on Streets and Shockoe Creek.

There will be other regular committee meetings during the week, and the investigating committee will hold several sessions before next Saturday, in the hope of completing the investigation.

WILL TAKE RECESS.

The body then proposes to take a recess until about September 1st, when the methods of granting street railway franchises will be taken up.

It is understood that the committee will take up the question of who has been furnished free 'phone service by the Bell Company at the meeting to-morrow night, and on this line a number of witnesses will be examined.

The object of the meeting of the Police Board is to consider the question of reopening the case of former Patrolman E. R. Robinson, who claims that he was dismissed from the force without a full opportunity to prepare his case.

Most of the municipal meetings scheduled are of public interest, and at most of them important business will be transacted.

HIS LEG BROKEN WHERE BROTHER WAS KILLED

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WEYANOKE, VA., July 25.—Mr. W. A. Marable, one of the best known citizens of this county, had the misfortune to break his leg on Wednesday last. Drs. Valden, Howard and Davis were sent for. Mr. Marable was hauling wood. Arriving at Mt. Airy Hill, he endeavored to lead his team down the steep incline. In some way he stumbled and the wagon passed over his limb. Some years ago Mr. Marable's brother lost his life at the same spot. As he was leading a mule (attached to a cart) down the hill, the animal became frightened and ran the cart over the unfortunate man, who sustained injuries which proved fatal.

ELOPED TO ROANOKE AND WERE MARRIED

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ROANOKE, VA., July 25.—Mr. Charles H. Clark, of Waynesboro, and Miss Katie Lee, of Bedford City, were married here yesterday, Rev. R. J. Dogan, pastor of the Jefferson-Street Baptist Church, officiating. There was some objection on the part of the parents of the bride, hence the elopement.

DR. W. W. LANDRUM IN AN ACCIDENT

It is learned that the Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum, of Atlanta, will not be able to spend the entire month of August here as was at rst expected and hoped. During the first two weeks he will stay in Asheville, N. C., and will then come to Richmond, where on the last three Sundays of the month he will fill the pulpit of the Second Baptist Church, his old charge.

In a letter to his friend, Dr. R. H. Pitt, of this city, Dr. Landrum gives account of a railway accident through which he recently passed. The letter is dated July 22d. It says in part:

"I was greatly shaken in a railway accident yesterday. I was returning from the funeral of a kinsman, an associate justice of the Supreme Court, whose body was buried in my ancestral county of Oglethorpe. When the disaster occurred, I was retrospective and a trifle melancholy at the time, but the good God brought me safely through."

MAHONE'S MEN TO ORGANIZE BIVOUAC

The survivors of Mahone's Brigade, who took part in the battle of the Crater, and who reside in Richmond and vicinity, are invited to meet at the office of Captain E. Leslie Spence, No. 714 East Main Street, next Tuesday night at 8:30 o'clock for the purpose of organizing a Crater Bivouac. The call for the meeting is signed by Messrs. John E. Laughton, Jr., James E. Phillips, Thomas P. Pollard, T. Emmett Richardson and W. W. Caldwell. The object of the proposed organization is to arrange to take part in a reunion of all of Mahone's men, to be held at the Crater in the near future.

Similar bivouacs have already been formed in Norfolk, Petersburg and other cities, and a grand reunion is expected when it shall take place.

GROUND BROKEN FOR NEW RAILROAD

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CRAB ORCHARD, VA., July 25.—Work was commenced Tuesday on the Pennington Gap, Pocket and Crab Orchard branch of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The Imboden branch of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad on Pigeon Fork, east of here, is nearing completion. The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company is now working on both ends of their Cool Valley, building a trunk line from their main line. The distance between these two lines is about fifteen miles by railway location. This is through a vastly rich coal bed and fine timbered region.

The timber traffic and shipment would justify building this road if there was no coal. Land surveying and dealing continues here.

Governor's Quiet Day.

Governor Montague spent yesterday quietly in his office, disposing of routine business. Among His Excellency's callers was Hon. Eppa Hunton, Jr., who remained at the executive office for some time.

LEFT THE ARMS OF HIS JULIET

And Hustled Down Fire Escape into the Clutches of a Policeman.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CLEVELAND, OHIO, July 25.—A fire escape was the moden setting of a Romeo and Juliet balcony scene, enacted at 2 A. M. behind the Friendly Inn. The final curtain fell in the Police Court to-day. Lizzie Joblosky, aged seventeen, was the Juliet, John Hayduck was her own Romeo. Back of the inn is a ten-foot fence. Hayduck scaled it. He climbed onto a shed, then up the fire escape to a point nearly opposite Lizzie Joblosky's room. And Juliet was at the window, waiting.

For three nights H. D. Crane had been sleepless. Last night a letter was thrown from Lizzie's room, and a man behind the fence picked it up. Early to-day, lying half awake in bed, Crane heard the noise on the shed again. When he peered from his window, Hayduck was on the fire escape in sweet converse with Juliet. Crane thought he was a burglar. Dressed only in his night robe, he ran for an officer. He got back again as Hayduck, becoming alarmed, was climbing down the fire escape. Hayduck dropped into Crane's arms and was turned over to a policeman. On a charge of disorderly conduct he was arraigned in the Police Court to-day, and was let off with a fine of $1 and

WILL CUT JACKSON WARD OUT

New Scheme to Redistrict the Entire City.

IS REQUIRED BY THE CONSTITUTION.

Committee is Working Hard With Many Drawbacks.

MAY BE NUMBERED INSTEAD OF NAMED

Tentative Plan Drawn, Which Will Likely Be Changed in Many Respects Before it Becomes Final—Some Councilmen Object to Giving Up Their Old Constituents—Plan.

The task assigned the Committee on Charter, Ordinances and Reform of redistricting the city into wards is an intricate one and is giving to members of the committee a great deal of trouble. The new Constitution requires that the city shall be redistricted before 1904, and the committee is now hard at work on the scheme.

A tentative plan has been drawn, and will be further considered by the committee at its next meeting. A cut showing the proposed changes is found below, together with a full description of the running of the new lines. The committee are confronted with a great moving proposition in their work, and in order to respect the provisions of the Constitution and at the same time satisfy all interests involved, they realize that they have before them a very irksome task.

MANY ENTANGLEMENTS.

The Constitution requires that no one ward shall exceed any other in population by more than 2,000 inhabitants, and, this of itself makes the work very intricate. But beyond this there are many other considerations. One of the main questions is to run the lines that Jackson Ward will be wiped out, the negro vote there divided up so as to render all the wards irrevocably Democratic, at the same time having regard for equality of population.

In order to do this, a part of Jefferson and Marshall Wards are thrown together and then divided into two wards to be known as Marshall Wards Nos. 1 and 2.

ACROSS THE CITY.

Then Jefferson, Madison and Monroe will run directly across the city from the river to the city limits on the north, cutting Jackson into three parts, and throwing one part in each of the above.

When Lee and Clay are reached, the line will run east and west, Lee being on the north and Clay on the south side of Broad Street. It is proposed to have only seven wards, as at present, and it is yet an open question as to whether they will be named as is indicated above, or numbered 1st, 2d and 3d, etc.

The plan as indicated below is merely a tentative one, and will likely be changed many times before it is finally adopted. Some Councilmen object to the plan because it makes sweeping changes in their constituency, and all these will likely be heard before final action is taken.

THE TENTATIVE SCHEME.

Below will be found the tentative plan, as outlined by the committee:

Marshall Ward—Divided into two wards. No. 1—Begin at river and Fourteenth Street, north on Fourteenth to Broad, east on Broad to Twenty-first, north on Twenty-first to Marshall, east on Marshall to city limits. 12,209. Fulton annex, 1,033.

No. 2—From Fourteenth and Broad, along Fourteenth north to Turpin, thence west to Thirteenth Street, north to Christian, thence to city limits, the southern boundary being north boundary to No. 1. Population, 12,053. Annexable territory, 4,952.

Jefferson Ward—East boundary, Fourteenth Street from river to Turpin, west to Thirteenth, north to Christian and east to city limits. All territory between the above line and the middle of Fourth Street from the river to the north boundary of city. 13,440.

Madison Ward—Fourth Street, from the river north to city limits is the east boundary. West boundary, Belvidere and river along Belvidere, north to Spring, east to First, north to Byrd, west to Adams, north to Leigh, west to Price, north to Duval, east to St. John, north to city limits. Population, 13,780.

Monroe Ward—Bounded on the east by west line of Madison Ward, above mentioned. West line, bounded by a line beginning at Brook Avenue and city limits, southeast to Leigh, west to Henry, south to Main, west to Belvidere, southeast to Beverly, west to Linden, southeast to city limits. Population, 13,462.

Lee Ward—Brook Avenue and city limits, southeast to Leigh, west to Henry, south to Main, west to Belvidere, north to Franklin, west to Laurel, south to Park Avenue, west to Ivy, west on Ivy to city limits. Population, 11,640.

Clay Ward—South of Lee Ward, southern boundary cornering at Belvidere and Main, along Belvidere to Beverly, west on Beverly to Linden, thence south on Linden, extended to river. Population, 12,295. Annexable territory, 2,596.

TROLLEY CAR TRIES TO CLIMB PORCH

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHESTER, PA., July 25.—A trolley car on Providence Avenue, on the Chester Traction line, cut a queer caper yesterday. The car jumped the track, ran across the pavement in front of the residence of Warren Edwards, and tried to climb the porch.

The sidewalk and porch were demolished. The car was crowded with passengers, and no one was injured. The distance traversed by the car off the track was 100 feet.