

OPPOSE WAR, BUT IN VAIN

Powers Exerting Pressure to Prevent Hostilities.

FRENCH SHIPS TO LEVANT

A Squadron Ordered There, and Expected that Other Powers Will Follow Suit—New Governor General.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, September 11.—The powers are evidently still exerting pressure both at Constantinople and Sofia to avert a Turkish-Bulgarian war, apparently with some temporary success, but meantime an increasingly terrible tale of atrocities committed in Macedonia shows that the situation is daily becoming aggravated.

The news that a French squadron is going to the Levant is also considered ominous, and this step will probably be followed by similar action on the part of other powers.

VASILIKO IS RECAPTURED

Taken by the Imperial Troops—American Demands Granted.

(By Associated Press.) CONSTANTINOPLE, September 11.—An official dispatch received here announces that the imperial troops recaptured Vasiliko, on the Black Sea, on Sunday last, after the insurgent force occupying the place had been attacked by 3,000 Turkish troops with two cannon.

The release of Abdul Kader, the naturalized citizen of the United States from imprisonment at Tripoli, Syria, and the dismissal of Reshid Pasha, the wali of Beirut, are taken to indicate that the granting of other demands of Minister Leikman will not be long delayed.

The American consul at Beirut reports that the situation there is improving, thanks to the confidence inspired by Nazim Pasha, who has succeeded Reshid Pasha. Rumors of fresh outrages continue to reach Constantinople, but these reports are deliberately spread with the object of creating the impression that the present situation at Beirut was provoked by the arrival there of the United States warships. As a matter of fact, a disturbed state of affairs is chronic at Beirut. Insecurity has prevailed there for months, practically throughout Reshid Pasha's tenure of office. The grand vizier six weeks ago asked the Sultan to remove Reshid Pasha but the latter's supporters at the palace were too powerful. Reshid Pasha is alleged to have made a large fortune by corrupt administration. He owns extensive property in Cyprus.

The Hamlethi (Kurdish) Cavalry Regiment, was called back as it was enroute for Adrianople. It is believed this was due to a protest against the employment of Asiatic troops, made by one of the embassies.

BURNINGS AND MASSACRES

Further Details of the Horrors Reported from Reliable Sources.

(By Associated Press.) SOFIA, BULGARIA, September 11.—Further details of the villages burned and massacred are committed in the vilayet of Monastir have reached here from reliable sources at Salonica. The names are given of thirty-four villages in the Kazas of Odrina, which have been burned by the Turks. At Velgoshit, near Orizak, seventy men and women perished in the flames. In the neighborhood of Klesura and Yevaska, the large number of bodies lying unburied and decomposing has caused an epidemic among the Turkish troops, from which many have died.

FRENCH FLEET READY

May Be Used to Protect French Residents in Macedonia.

(By Associated Press.) PARIS, September 11.—The commander of the French Mediterranean squadron at Toulon has received orders to hold in readiness to leave for the Levant, a naval division consisting of the battleship Brennus, the armored cruiser Latouche Treville, second class cruiser Du Chayla, and the third class cruiser Linois, under the command of Admiral Jauréguiberry. The orders are to have a naval division ready to sail for the Levant as the result of the recommendations of the French ambassador at Constantinople and the issuance of the order.

WILLEMSTAD, CURACAO

September 11.—The decisions in the cases of the big claims against Venezuela presented to the Mixed Tribunal, which is to be rendered yesterday, by the Dutch and Belgian arbitrators and the Venezuelan umpire

MAY FREE JACKSON

His Mother Still Here to See the Governor.

THE STORY OF HIS CRIME

The Man's Accomplice Only Given Five Years—The Killing Done in Heat of Passion and Was Not Premeditated.

The aged mother of John Jackson, the Washington county white man sentenced to the penitentiary for life for conspiracy and murder is still in the city, and is endeavoring to see Governor Morgan and plead for the pardon of her son. The case is one that appeals powerfully to those who know the story of the crime and the punishment of the two men jointly indicted for the killing, and as a consequence of the sympathy felt for the man many of the court officials and prominent men of Southwest Virginia have united in the petition for pardon.

A BOUNDARY COMMISSION

This May Determine Sovereignty Over Certain Borneo Islands.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., September 11.—The appointment of a British-American Boundary Commission to determine the boundary lines of the coast of Borneo, separating the possessions in those waters of the islands belonging to the two countries, may be the eventful solution of the insoluble which the London government has addressed to the State Department as to the sovereignty over certain of those islands.

The communications received from the British charge d'affaires regarding the piracy that has been frequent in those waters, is under consideration at the State Department. So far as can be learned there is nothing in the controversy over those islands which will call for arbitration.

ITS CHARTER ANNULLLED

Local Violated Contract for Arbitration by Going on Strike.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—President Frank Buchanan of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, to-night announced that he had annulled the charter of Local No. 2, of the House and Bridge Workers' Union, the organization of which Sam Parks is the virtual head and has suspended the local union.

This action, he says, he takes under the authority vested in him by section 2 of article 10 of the constitution of the International Association. President Buchanan's reason for annulling the charter is that the local violated its contract for arbitration by going on strike and that its business agent ordered strikes illegally.

FIVE PER CENT. MORE

FOR THE COAL MINERS

(By Associated Press.) WILKESBARE, PA., September 11.—Mine workers and operators of the anthracite region have been notified by Charles P. Well, who was appointed by the Anthracite Strike Commission, as computer of prices at idewater that the members are entitled to a five per cent. increase in wages in accordance with the recent advance in the price of anthracite to go into effect for the month of September.

KNOW IT WAS A CANCER

Doctors Lapponi and Mazzoni Issue Statement Explaining Their Course.

(By Associated Press.) ROME, Sept. 11.—Drs. Lapponi and Mazzoni defend themselves from the criticisms of Prof. Cardelli, who September 10th, published a long article in demonstration that Pope Leo XIII. died of tubercular cancer or right hydrothorax by giving out a statement that both Dr. Lapponi and Dr. Mazzoni after examining the patient, understood his true illness, but Cardinal Rampolla absolutely refused to have it officially announced in the medical bulletins.

The symptoms of the malady becoming daily more evident, and, foreseeing criticisms from their fellow doctors, Drs. Lapponi and Mazzoni, insisted on publicly stating the true origin of the illness and the course of the disease, but Cardinal Rampolla absolutely refused to have it officially announced in the medical bulletins.

WELL-KNOWN VISITORS

Senator Barksdale Pleased with the Operation of His Law.

State Senator William P. Barksdale, of the county of the city last night and will spend a day or two here. Senator Barksdale is looking well and was greeted by many of the city's citizens and is much pleased with the operation of the law in limiting the hours of business and in keeping the streets clean. He claims that if the law is enforced there will be no complaint on this score.

HANNA IS GETTING WELL

Says Efforts to Kill Him Off Are Futile To Reply to Johnson.

(By Associated Press.) CLEVELAND, O., September 11.—Senator Hanna referring to the senatorial reports sent out to the effect that he had suffered a relapse and that his condition was worse than at any time since he was taken ill, said to-day: "Well, some of the newspapers may be trying to kill me off in print, but nevertheless I am still attending to business every day, although it is true I have not entirely recovered my normal condition."

T. W. WOOD & SONS

Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

CASH BASIS FOR BANKS

Senator Morgan Pleads for Gold and Silver as Foundation

ISSUES PAPER THEREON

The Government's Currency Bills All Due to the Credit Basis in the Use of Bonds Instead of Money Metals as Basis of Currency System.

(By Associated Press.) LEAD, S. D., Sept. 11.—The adoption of a constitution and by-laws, adoption of a resolution asking the United States Congress to pass a law for the establishment of a department of mines and mining, with a representative in the President's Cabinet, and the reading of a letter from Senator Morgan, of Alabama, in response to an invitation from Secretary Mahone to attend and address the Congress, were the principal features of today's proceedings of the American Mining Congress.

Senator Morgan, in his letter, said in part: "No nation has openly attempted to destroy the precious quality of either gold or silver, and none will ever do so effectively. They will continue all opposition and defy destruction, while they will scorn the neglect of nations. It seems to me a heresy to attempt the order of nature to attempt to deprive either gold or silver of its precious quality as a money metal. It is equally degrading to the law or equal personal rights to give a legal tender to a man, the right to happiness, that we should so legislate and so discriminate as to make silver the cheaper money of labor and gold the money of those who live by the labor of their own hands."

This is done when the coinage laws and the legal tender laws discriminate against gold and silver as a money metal, or as a legal tender for debts. It is equally degrading to the law or equal personal rights to give a legal tender to a man, the right to happiness, that we should so legislate and so discriminate as to make silver the cheaper money of labor and gold the money of those who live by the labor of their own hands."

It is the constitutional right of Congress to provide for the coinage of money, but it is not within the constitutional authority to destroy the value of either by legislation.

Congress can fix the relative value of the coins of either metal, according to the weight and fineness, but when the coins are struck, Congress cannot change the value of a gold dollar or a silver dollar by discriminating between them as to their purchasing power, or debasing power, or by legal tender laws, or by either coin below the value stamped on it.

DISCRIMINATE AGAINST SILVER. We make these discriminations against silver, both in our coinage regulations and in our legal tender laws, and we thereby discriminate against silver and destroy its purchasing power as a money metal.

We do by indirect action what no nation dares to do by open and repressive legislation at the peril of the safety of its government.

The laws should be changed and the legal tender friendship between gold and silver should be restored to the condition that existed during the first half century of our national life.

The losses and disadvantages that are imposed upon the silver mines by the laws that discriminate against silver as to coinage and as a legal tender power appear in almost every transaction in which they engage.

TO TAKE CARE OF OUR PEOPLE. We cannot change our laws the money of foreign countries, and while we could do much in that direction to give strength to silver—the American metal—we have no higher duties than to take care of our people in their home work by securing to them a gold and silver stored in our mines.

To do this we must change the basis of our present system of finance and national banking, so that our capital shall consist of gold and silver actually secured, instead of resting it solely upon our national credit based on the power of taxation, with pledges of national faith to provide the gold, or the gold and silver, to redeem our obligations on demand.

MUST COME TO A SPECIE BASIS. We must change our currency system from a credit basis to a specie basis of national banking. If we would make it just to all classes and independent of the power of Congress, we must have a national system of banking is constitutional, and it is convenient and secure in that it provides for a reliable currency, but its foundation is not money, nor bullion, but credit, wherein it is greatly defective.

This credit, derived from our government, when our promises in coin, to be hereafter borrowed or collected under laws of taxation. This system is false and unjust to the living, and is still more unjust to our posterity.

WE DISCREDIT BOTH METALS. Our laws discredit both gold and silver as the basis of banking, by prohibiting the issues of paper money by private and State banks and by refusing charters to national banks on any basis except that of national bonds. This is a revolution and a new departure in finance that no other nation has ventured upon.

A TEMPTING FALLACY OF BANKING. This tempting fallacy of banking on the basis of credit, instead of gold and silver in the bank vaults, drives other and better methods of banking, which open the door to the wildest projects that have ever found practical and disastrous illustration in the frauds, bankruptcies and ruin inflicted upon the people by the lawless abuse of the credit system.

ACCUMULATION OF NATIONAL POWER. The true wealth of our country, as it is of all countries, depends upon the thrift and the prosperity of our industries, accompanied with the permanent stores of the precious metals in trade through injurious depletion of money for proper purposes.

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Hon. Preston W. Campbell, of Abingdon, who was counsel for Samuel Dennison, the man jointly indicted for the crime, which was the killing of Wat Leonard on the road near Bristol in 1867, is in the city, and yesterday gave a reporter for The Times-Dispatch an account of the case. He is not here in behalf of Jackson, and is not among those enlisted in the effort to secure the man's pardon, though he, too, thinks that the Governor would not err in granting clemency to this man, whose associate in crime has been free for a year, while Jackson must drag out his days in prison, leaving his invalid and almost helpless and helpless wife at home and his aged mother grieved at the hard fate of the son.

STORY OF THE KILLING. According to Mr. Campbell's recollection of the testimony in the case, Sam Dennison and Wat Leonard had a quarrel in Bristol the day of the killing, and the quarrel was over a woman, growing out of the attention of Dennison to a young woman who lived at the quarrel at all, and had no interest in the matter save as a friend of Dennison's. That evening they started home, ward along a country road, driving a wagon. On the way they were overtaken by Leonard and his brother, also in a quarrel with Dennison and Leonard, and finally Jackson, Dennison's friend, became involved in a personal encounter with Leonard, the brother of Leonard and Dennison looking on, but taking no part. In the first moment of Leonard's attack, Jackson drew a Barreling pistol and struck Wat Leonard in the heart, killing him. The killing was in the heat of passion and by Jackson, who had no motive for murder, being merely a friend of Dennison, with whom Leonard had quarreled. The strong emotion had quelled the two men, and the two against the two men, spring along the roadside, who testified to having heard Jackson say, "We'll see 'em later," or "We'll fix 'em," or words to that effect. The two men were indicted jointly for the crime of murder. Leonard was tried first and found guilty of murder in the first degree and death as the penalty. Meanwhile, before the case had been finally disposed of by the higher courts, Dennison was tried, and found guilty of manslaughter and given a term of five years in the penitentiary.

SENTENCE COMMUTED. The case of Jackson was taken to the Court of Appeals, which found no error and would not interfere with the verdict. The case went up on the record alone, and the bench merely passed upon that. After Dennison had been given but five years, though indicted jointly with Jackson for the same crime, Governor Tyner commuted the sentence of Jackson to life imprisonment, and he was released from the jail yard and the day of doom was nigh when the respite came. Then the Dennison verdict was announced, and the Governor did not deem it right to change the sentence of Jackson to life imprisonment.

Jackson is said to have been a simple countryman of good character previous to this crime. The killing was apparently done in the course of a fight, and not with premeditation.

Jackson was defended by Colonel John C. Summers and D. F. Bailey, while Commonwealth's Attorney P. J. Davenport was assisted in the prosecution by Congressman William F. Rhea and W. S. Hamlin.

There are many who think the man should be granted a conditional pardon if the facts in the case are as stated. Dennison has served his term and been free a year or more.

WELL-KNOWN VISITORS. Senator Barksdale Pleased with the Operation of His Law. State Senator William P. Barksdale, of the county of the city last night and will spend a day or two here.

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T. W. WOOD & SONS. Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

The Climax is Reached.

Last and Final Cut to Clear Surplus

Stock of Summer Wearing Apparel

This sale puts the reins of greatest and timeliest bargain opportunities in wearing apparel right in your hands. Are you going to let them slip? Surely not if you are a sensible economist and awake to chances as this last and final wind-up sale will afford.

- Your choice of any \$12.50 Suit at \$ 6.75
- Your choice of any \$13.50 Suit at 7.75
- Your choice of any \$15 and \$18 Suit at 9.50
- Your choice of any \$20, \$22.50 and \$25 Suit at 11.75
- Choice of Two-Piece Suits that sold at \$ 7.50 \$3.75
- Choice of Two-Piece Suits that sold at \$10.00 5.00
- Choice of Two-Piece Suits that sold at \$12.50 6.25
- Choice of Two-Piece Suits that sold at \$15.00 7.50

- Boys' Knee Pants Suits That sold at \$2.50 now 98c
- That sold at \$3.00 now \$1.48
- That sold at \$4, \$5 and \$6 now \$2.48
- Men's and Boys' Negligees That sold at \$1.00 now 48c
- That sold at \$1.25 now 69c
- That sold at \$1.50 now 98c
- That sold at \$2 and \$2.50 now \$1.07

SIX BIG STORES. **BURK & CO.,** 1003 East Main Street. Memphis, Tenn., Baltimore, Md., Dallas, Tex., Richmond, Va., Norfolk, Va., Nashville, Tenn.

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Powerful Financial Corporation Has Been Formed. STEADY INCREASE IN WEALTH. Such a system, with balances of foreign trade in our favor, will cause a steady and immeasurable increase in wealth, in which every citizen will have the full share that is due to honest industry.

PUTS UP MANY MILLIONS. The Pittsburg Coal Company to Pay Off All Its Debts and Issue 4-1/2 Per Cent. Bonds for the Money.

SHOT GUN AFTER DYING

Utah Hunter Died by Accident and Nearly Lilled Friend. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, September 11.—Alburt Oliver, accidentally shot himself in the head and after he was dead again fired the fatal weapon, the shot barely missing two of his companions. Oliver, a hunter, was returning from a hunting expedition in Harley's canyon. They were in a wagon, four town, a rabbit was sighted and Oliver reached under the wagon seat for his gun. He drew the weapon toward him, the muzzle pointing toward his face.

A Southern Complicity. Chief Justice Chase of the Supreme Court, had a grand time on one occasion when he visited the State of Louisiana. He was accompanied by his accomplished daughter, the justice partook of the generous hospitality of the South. He entered heartily into the spirit of the occasion, and was presuming to express the dignity of his exalted position upon his host. One evening the justice caught sight of the gallant of the South. Addressing himself to a fine old gentleman, the justice with warm and friendly greetings, said: "Sir, what do you think of my daughter?"

HEAVY LOSS SUFFERED BY BUILDING COMPANY

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The underwriting syndicate of the United States Realty Corporation, which put up \$1,000,000 in cash for the purpose of carrying through a merger of local building construction companies, was formerly dissolved to-day. The payments to the subscribers made to-day were on the following basis for each \$1,000 cash paid in: \$702 in common stock, \$115 in preferred stock and \$183 in cash. At to-day's prices this would give a return of about \$50 on each \$100 invested, indicating a loss of more than \$50,000 on the entire transaction.

HERE'S WIG WITH THE SNYG

She is a Fruiter of Schooner Rig—Other Ships that are Twice as Big. The steamship Snyg, of schooner rig, in again with Capt. Wig. She's smaller by half than the steamship Tart. Should it be a schooner rig, she would be four times as big as the snug ship Snyg—the nautical jig would be up with Wig, and all the crew, including the big and the ship's dog "Nig," unless they were saved by the skipper's gig—New York Sun.

USED KEROSENE OIL WITH USUAL RESULT

(By Associated Press.) FAIRMONT, VA., Sept. 11.—A kerosene explosion last evening at Lorena, a small village in Harper county, killing Mrs. Charles West and fatally burned her husband. Their daughter, Minnie, was seriously, but not fatally, burned. Mrs. West's attention was attracted to the fire with the aid of the oil.

MISS UNDERWOOD'S DEATH ACCIDENTAL

Though Only Fifteen She Was Soon to Have Been Married. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) ADAMS' GROVE, Va., Sept. 11.—Miss Hattie Underwood, aged fifteen years, shot and killed herself at the home of her father, Mr. S. G. Gay, yesterday. The weapon used was an old rusty revolver, 32-caliber, which had not been in use for a considerable length of time, and contained only one ball.

WOODWARD & SON LUMBER ROUGH AND DRESSED General Offices—Fifth & Arch Streets.