the illness of Bishop John C. Granbery, and of sympathy with him in his troubles. In response to an urgent request, Bishop Hendrix consented to deliver a series of short talks on "The Holy Ghost," one at the beginning of each session of the conference. The devotional feature of the conference, he said, was often sadly lacking in power. He hoped this would not be the case this time. His subject to-morrow morning will be "The Authentication of the Holy Spirit."

CONFERENCE SERMON.

At night the matter of chief moment was the usual sermon, preached by the Rev. George H. Ray, of Franktown. The occasion was made memorable by the fact that it was the semi-centennial of the speaker. Dr. Ray is one of the six surviving members of the class of '53.

One is an Episcopal rector, the others are Dr. Paul Whitehead, Dr. W. E. Judkins, Rev. J. E. Potts and Rev. B. F. Woodward.

Such of these ministers as were present sat upon the platform, while Dr. Ray spoke to a great audience that filled the house to overflowing. He made frequent and touching reference to the occasion and gave a history of the class.

During the afternoon and evening the cabinet and many of the committee met and rumors are becoming thick as flies.

KELLUM-CHRISTIAN.

It is whispered that efforts are being made to settle the Kellum-Christian affair outside of conference. One of the ministers says he has been approached and asked to serve as an arbitrator, if necessary. Mr. Christian says he knows nothing of any such movement, and that he has nothing to compromise.

With reference to the transfer matter, a resolution has been prepared and may be offered to-day declaring the conference opposed to transfers for picked churches. The promoters of it are canvassing the conference. If the bishop refuses to entertain the resolution, a mass-meeting will be called.

There is a good deal of talk about the Advocate. Unless some conclusion satisfactory to all is reached, it is possible that this matter may go over for another year.

The oBard of Education decided at a meeting held this evening to offer to-morow a resolution that would "upset," as one member states it, the very important ruling of the bishop on the matter of certificates. J. F. G.

Anniston Wins.

(By Associated Press.)

ANNISTON, ALA., Nov. 11.—Anniston College 21, Alabama State Normal College 5.

OBITUARY.

John Thompson Brown Jr.

The entirely unexpected death of Mr. John Thompson Brown, Jr., early yesterday morning was learned with great sadness by his many friends at the Chesapeake and Ohio offices and in the city generally.

Mr. Brown was in the twenty-seventh year of his age. He was a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute and a bright young man, with apparently a promising future before him. Much of the time since his graduation he has been in the Chesapeake and Ohio general offices. Besides his parents, Captain and Mrs. J. Thompson Brown, he leaves two brothers, Messrs. Wallace and Edward Brown, and two sisters, Mrs. Conway Baker and Mrs. May Hannon, of Danville.

The funeral will take place from the house, No. 100 South Third Street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the interment will be made in the family section in Hollywood. Rev. John Bosman, pastor of the Park Place Church, will conduct the services at the house and the grave, coming down from Charlottesville this morning for that purpose. The pallbearers will be Messrs. Edward C. Shafer, M. D. Smith, Orrin White, W. B. Catlett, W. B. Harwood, J. F. Knowles, Edward Pierce and William H. McConnell.

Mrs. Nannie D. Winston.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.).

KING WILLIAM C. H., VA., November 11.—Mrs. Nannie D. Winston died at 10 o'clock A. M. to-day at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. A. B. Hill, of this place, in the seventy-third year of her age. On April 4th last she was stricken with paralysis, it being the third stroke, since which time her life has been hanging by a thread.

She was the widow of the late O. M. Winston, and before her marriage was a Miss Nelson, and comes of a distinguished old Virginia family. She leaves two daughters—Mrs. A. B. Hill, of this place, and Mrs. Mary O. Wright, of Tappahannock, Va.—several grandchildren and great-grandchildren. The burial will take place at the family cemetery, near here, at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

George Bourne.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

MONTPELIER, VA., Nov. 11.—Mr. Geo. Bourne, a well-known and honored citizen died here to-day of paralysis, and was stricken but a few hours before his death.

Mr. Bourne was a soldier in the Confederate army. He was sixty-five years old and leaves a wife and three sons.

The interment will take place in the cemetery at Hopeful Baptist Church, of which he was a member, at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

Charles Massie.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PERS, VA., Nov. 11.—Mr. Charles Massie died at the home of his brother, Joseph H. Massie, near Sandidge, Saturday at a very advanced age. He was esteemed by all who knew him, and was an uncle of Drs. Wm. S. and J. Page Massie, who are both prominent physicians of Richmond.

William McCarthy.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LYNCHBURG, VA., Nov. 11.—William McCarthy died here to-day, aged 87 years. He was born in Cork, Ireland but came to America 65 years ago. He is survived by six children, Mrs. James McKenna, Mrs. Kate Sweeney, Messrs. John, Charles and Peter McCarthy, of Lynchburg, and George McCarthy, of Marion.

Mrs. Permelia Riddle.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

CHATHAM, VA., Nov. 11.—Mrs. Permelia Riddle died at her home in Pittsylvania county Monday after a brief illness. She had reached the advanced age of seventy-nine, and was visited professionally by a physician for the first time a few days before her death. Several relatives survive her.

DEATHS.

BROWN.—Died, Wednesday morning, November 11th, J. THOMPSON BROWN, Jr., after an illness of several days, aged twenty-seven years.

Funeral will take place THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock from his father's residence, No. 100 South Third Street. Interment in Hollywood Cemetery. By request, no flowers.

MARABLE.—Died, at her residence, in Henrico county, November 11th, 1903, at 10:45 A. M., Mrs. ROBINETTA A. MARABLE, in her sixty-ninth year of her age. She is survived by one son, Thomas E. Marable, and one daughter, Mrs. Newton Throckmorton.

The funeral will take place from the residence FRIDAY, November 13th, at 11 o'clock. Interment in family burying-ground.

MARRIAGES.

HOUSTON-HOWARD.—Miss ADELAIDE R. HOWARD was married yesterday to Mr. PUGH BUCHANAN HOUSTON. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's brother-in-law, Mr. A. C. Bruce, No. 10 North Laurel Street, and was performed by Rev. Robert Dick Wilson, D. D., assisted by Rev. Lars Witherspoon.

Hose, hats and ties, which you are not tied to, if you change your mind after spending your change.

Come in, if only to exercise your money

DERBYS AT $1.35
INSTEAD OF $2.50.

Hundreds of them.

Every block that's popular.

A new, serviceable black Derby hat at $1.35.

A $1.15 saved to you!

OHBERRY & CO.

MEN & BOYS' OUTFITTERS.

REPEAL THE AMENDMENTS

Representative Kitchin Will Introduce Bill Which Will Hardly be Passed.

TO OPPOSE PANAMA ROUTE

Democrats and Many Republicans Will do so on Account of Government's Course.

Times-Dispatch Bureau,
Colorado Building,
Fourteenth and G Streets,
Washington, D. C., Nov. 11, 1903.

Representative W. W. Kitchin, of the Fifth North Carolina District, will introduce soon a bill, designed to procure the repeal of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution. His bill will provide for the submission to the States of the question of repeal of the amendments.

He said to-day that he had inquired of Senator Carmack, whether he intended, as reported, to introduce a bill of this character, and the Tennessee senator informed him that he had abandoned the idea. It is reported that Senator Bacon, of Georgia, purposes introducing such a bill at the regular session.

While every Democrat and many Republicans believe the right of suffrage should never have been bestowed upon the negro, and that it will eventually be taken from him, there are few if any of either party who believe that a bill of the character proposed by Mr. Kitchin has any chance of passage at present. Northern Republican sentiment is still far from being crystallized in favor of the disfranchisement of the negro, and no better evidence of this fact ned be offered than the resolution introduced by Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, yesterday, providing for the appointment of a committee to investigate and report on the disfranchisement of negroes in Southern States, with a view to learning whether the congressional representation of those States should not be reduced in proportion to the number of negroes from whom the ballot had been taken. The resolution is expected to have strong support, though it is not believed that it will get through either branch, certainly not through the Senate.

TO RETIRE MORGAN.

I learn authoritatively to-day that, as has been intimated, Senator Morgan is to be retired by the Republicans for the chairmanship of the Committee on Interoceanic Canals. He himself recognizes the fact. He will probably be succeeded by Senator Hanna. It may also be authoritatively stated that Mr. Morgan will retire from the committee, if he is not again made chairman. He will take this action unless it be the wish of the Democrats that he remain. A prominent Democratic senator said to-day, that he thought Mr. Morgan could be of as great use to the party if a fight be made on the adoption of the Panama route, as if he were a member of the committee.

It begins to appear as though the Democrats and many Republicans would line up in opposition to the adoption of the Panama route, largely because of the course this government is believed to have pursued in encouraging, aiding and abetting the secession of Panama. It is the belief of everybody here, irrespective of party, practically, that our government was behind the revolutionists. Senators and members are suspending judgment until the information on the subject, called for by the resolution adopted Monday, has been sent to Congress by the President. It is not believed that Mr. Roosevelt will hasten in the matter of sending the information called for. The publication of the news this morning of the recognition of the Panama government by France strengthens the belief of many that France and the United States united in bringing about the revolution—France being desirous of helping her citizens to dispose of the Panama Canal franchise, while the United States, desirous of getting an isthmian canal built at any cost, were wedded to the Panama route. The whole affair will be well aired for the edification of the nations and it is generally expected that the Senate discussion of the matter will become historic.

STEERING COMMITTEE.

The Democratic Steering Committee of the Senate has not yet recommended the minority members of the Finance Committee. It was thought that Gorman and Bailey would be recommended, but there is now said to be some doubt as to the first named.

Senator Daniel, who, by the way, is the senior Democratic member of the committee, was in his seat to-day. He will probably be unable to go to Norfolk tomorrow night, owing to the press of public business here.

All the Virginia delegation were in their seats to-day at the five-minute session of the House with the exception of Mr. Glass, who went on to his home in Lynchburg from attendance on the session of the Board of Visitors of the University at Charlottesville yesterday.

The action of the Board of Visitors in voting to expend the sum of $5,000 for an exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition is not approved by all the university alumni here. An alumnus, whose name is known to nearly every man in Virginia, said today that he thought the board had made a great mistake, and he hoped that it would yet see its error and correct it. He thought it did not have the right to appropriate money for the purpose indicated, and that if it had the right it was unwise to exercise it.

Representative Lamb was notified by the Postoffice Department to-day that rural delivery routes had been established in the Third District from Beach, from Manchester, and from Winterpock, one carrier each. Service begins in each instance on the 15th of December.

PENSION LIST.

Although but few of the readers of The Times-Dispatch are on the government pension rolls, many of them who wore the gray in the little scrap between the States will be interested in knowing that a bill has been introduced which will really swell the pension list, both in numbers and in the total amount paid out every year to the men who fought under the Stars and Stripes. Representative Mahon, of the Seventeenth Pennsylvania District, has offered a measure which provides that all pensioners now on the roll and all hereafter placed there, provided they have reached the age of sixty-five years, shall be paid not less than $12 a month. It is said that in spite of the large total of the amount paid in pensions, now, there are men who do not get as much as $12 a month. As a rule when a man goes after a pension, he is willing to take any amount he can get. Mr. Mahon, by the way, is a railway president, of Chambersburg, Pa., the town burned by General Early during the war. He served in Virginia in the Federal army, and was wounded at Boydton plank road in 1864. It would not be at all surprising if his bill became a law. The Grand Army is still a power in politics.

It is said that the total number of pensioners who were soldiers who served in the army during the Spanish war, and the number who have asked for pensions but whose applications have not yet been granted, reach a total of 70,000.

TO REDUCE COST.

Representative Stevens, of Texas, is the author of a bill which aims to reduce the amount which Uncle Sam now pays out every year in pensions. The bill provides that a pension shall not be paid to any person who is the owner of real or personal property, or both, to the amount of $4,000, or who shall be drawing a salary from the national government or from any State, county or municipality, or from any corporation or company in the United States, or who shall be receiving any salary or income from any source whatsoever in excess of the amount of the pension to be granted. It is furthermore provided that any person now on the rolls who are in the financial condition described above shall be dropped therefrom, but when it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner of pensions that such person dropped has afterwards become impoverished through no fault of his own, he may be restored by the commissioner. The bill provides, also, that the foregoing as to the financial condition of the applicant shall apply to the widows or minor children of officers and soldiers. It is also provided that where any pensioner is on the roll because of any wound or disability incured in the line of duty it shall be the duty of the commissioner to require such pensioner to be examined by a board of surgeons, and if it is found that the disability has been diminished since the pension was granted, the pension shall be decreased, and if the disability has disappeared the pension shall cease.

The bill provides finally that no pension shall ever be paid to the heirs of any person except for military service rendered by such person, and it is provided that all laws granting such pensions are hereby repealed. The effect of this provision would be to cut off the pension being paid Mrs. McKinley, since the pension is not being paid because of the military service rendered the country by her husband.

TO CHANGE THE LAW.

Representative Walter Brownlow, of Tennessee, has introduced a bill, which allows the wives of veterans of the Federal army in the war between the States to be buried beside their husbands in government cemeteries. At present this cannot be done, and Mr. Brownlow says he is sure a majority of the members wish to correct what he regards as a wrong. There is said to be a general demand for the change in the law among the Federal veterans.

A large number of bills for the relief of veterans of the war with Spain have been introduced already this session. A number are from Virginia. Congress last session passed many bills providing for the payment of pension to men who are suffering from the effects of diseases resulting from service in the army during the Spanish war, and the total of the pensions of this nature now being paid is enormous, when the comparatively small number of men who actually smelt powder is taken into consideration.

THE MILITIA.

The annual report of Acting Adjutant-General Hall, of the army, made public to-day, contains the statement that the fear in Virginia and other Southern States that the men enlisted in the State national guards, which, under the new national militia law are made parts of the regular army under special circumstances, has prevented enlistments during the past year. Much of the report is devoted to the militia in the various States, and the Adjutant-General says that in several of the States of the South there is great opposition to enlistments. The report says:

"In some cities of Virginia, Georgia and Louisiana the newspapers have prejudiced the minds of the militiamen by their distorted views. The fear is expressed in some Southern communities that under the President's orders white national guardsmen might be compelled to serve under a colored commander, and still others believe that they are State troops, and should not be ordered to serve outside the State. All these disorders, however, are to be regarded as sporadic rather than contagious, and as the intent of the law becomes better understood, with some further legislation, perhaps, it is believed that all opposition will be confined to such irreconcilable elements as are not to be satisfied with anything less than the abolition of all agencies that make for the preservation of law and order."

The report also mentions Virginia as one of the States in which the labor unions are opposing the enlistment of members in the national guard.

The report says that nearly ten per cent. of the entire enlisted strength of the army deserted during the past year. The present strength of the army is 55,000 enlisted men, and there were 5,634 who deserted in the past twelve months. The army is commanded by 3,631 officers.

BOLL WEEVIL.

"It is my opinion," said Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture to a delegation of Texan and Louisianan Senators and representatives," that the boll weevil will be devastating the cotton fields of the Carolinas in three years, possibly two."

The Senators and members from the two States called on Secretary to urge him to help them secure an appropriation for the purpose of fighting the pest that threatens to utterly destroy cotton raising in the South. He promised them that he would do all he could to help get an appropriation to be expended in an endeavor to find a way of killing the weevil but he gave it as his opinion that there was likely nothing to be found. At present, he said the only way to escape the weevil was to plant early cotton. The boll weevil has done an enormous amount of damage in Texas, but has not yet crossed the Mississippi. Mr. Wilson thinks it is only a question of time before it does so. And then North and South Carolina planters are in immediate danger of ruin.

MILITARY INSTITUTE.

General Scott Shipp, superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute, is here on business connected with the institute. This afternoon he went around to Columbian University, on invitation of Dr. Tucker, dean of the law faculty, and heard Hon. John W. Foster lecture on diplomacy.

General Shipp said that typhoid is disappearing in Lexington, and he thought that when the institute reopened in two weeks, it would have disappeared. "The cadet corps is the largest in thirty years," he said, "and it was very unfortunate that we had to close temporarily, but we can make it up by hard work."

General Shipp was greeted by a number of old institute men, many of them occupying high places in the government. He will return home to-morrow.

There is a warm contest on for the postmastership at Norton, Wise county, which has just been raised to the presidential grade. A delegation of three gentlemen from Wise Courthouse, headed by Representative Slemp, called on Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow to-day in behalf of a certain applicant, whose name they did not care to give out. The applicants are J. N. Taylor, the incumbent; J. F. Alley and W. M. Adams. An appointment will be made in about ten days.

Marriage licenses were granted here today to two Lynchburg couples: T. Harry Flowers and Minnie Grace Shanner; Edgar J. Swisher and Sallie Roberts.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

THE GREAT CIRCUS DISBANDS HERE AND PAYS OUT FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

Interesting Scenes at the Breaking Up of Barnum & Bailey's Show.

IS THROWN FROM HER HORSE

An Accident During the Afternoon Performance—A Magnificent Parade Yesterday.

THE MOSS-HAIRED LADY'S LOSS.

BIDDING HIS HORSE FAREWELL.

SAYING GOOD-BYE.

"Good-bye, good-bye! I'll see you again in the spring."

Then kisses, hearty handshakes, watery eyes, a few little sobs that squeezed themselves out between feelings of joy and sorrow, and the Barnum & Bailey people went their ways, after having been together for a long time, like a big family of children at home for the holidays, many to join hands again at the opening of the next season, and many never to see each other again.

More than $50,000 was turned loose yesterday. It was pay day, as well as closing day, and many of the performers and other attaches of the show were glad in two ways. Most of them were glad to have their rest, and most were glad to get their money, and in most cases the happy medium was reached and the people were glad to have both money and rest.

The thousands of people who went out to the show last night, and who laughed and applauded, did not know what was going on in the big dressing tent. They were there to enjoy themselves, and just so the actors entertained them, they didn't care what they did for themselves.

WERE PACKING UP.

But back in the dressing tent there was great commotion. Grips were being packed, trunks strapped and tongues were rattling. There was sorrow and joy. Friendships that had been cemented by time were being broken by separation, some of them to remain broken, others to grow closer and closer. Little loves that had developed between some of the young women and the men were strained and made almost unbearable at the thought of separation, and hands were squeezed and lips pressed.

Some of the army of people with the show looked forward to a speedy homegoing with satisfaction. In some of the homes they expected to find changes, vacant chairs and absent loved ones, but these cases were few. The great majority anticipated outstretched arms and fatted calves.

The spectacle in the dressing tent was well worth seeing; it was inspiring. Gathered around in little groups were the performers, some dressed ready for the street, other in their gay raiment, awaiting their turn to go out into the arena to entertain the great public.

All was animation. As fast as the trunks and grips could be packed and the performers could get into their street clothes they bade their friends good-bye and left the tent, stopping on their way to shake hands with even the humblest canvas man.

The first to get into their street clothes and leave were the dancing girls, whose act opened the show. Then the freaks got their "stuff" together and got it out of the way, and as each act in the circus was completed, the performers put their "stuff" away and were soon gathered about in little groups, talking about the past season and the future, and in less than ten minutes after the last race had been run in the hyppodrome, all the actors were away from the tent, and all their baggage was on the way to the train, and by midnight the special C. & O. train that had been arranged for, was filled with its men, women and children of the show, the tents were down, the regular circus trains were loaded with the animals, and paraphernalia and workmen, and all that was left of the big circus were the holes in the ground.

QUICKEST KIND OF WORK.

There were three hundred canvasmen with the show, and it took one hundred of them fourteen minutes to remove the animal canvas and all the cages. As fast as the dens are covered for the night the fine horses are driven into the enclosure, each team in its own place, and in less than five minutes all the cages are on their way to the train.

The same method is gone into in taking down the big tent, and the management of the enterprise has got things down to the finest system.

Before the crowd had caught the last car home last night, there was scarcely a vestage of the show left. Only a few wagons remained, and they were not for long.

OFF FOR NEW YORK.

The Chesapeake and Ohio special to New York will reach that city this morning with the main body of performers. From that point they go to their various homes, many of them going to Europe on Saturday, and others going to Mexico and South America. A large number of the clowns are high-class vaudeville and farce comedy performers, and they will go right ahead with their work in the theatres during the winter.

The animals will be taken through to Bridgeport, Conn., their winter headquarters, and when the season opens again next March, many of the same people will be again together.

LOCK OF HAIR.

"Shivers," the famous clown of the aggregation, has a souvenir of the season, and will use it in one of his vaudeville acts. Just before going on in his clown act last night he stepped up to the "moss-haired girl" and asked her in a jocular way for a lock of her hair.

"Take it," she said, and "Shivers" just raised the whole thing. It turned out to be a mere wig, and the funny clown will keep it as a memento of his season.

The parade yesterday was the finest and most elaborate ever seen here, and the reputation that Barnum made years ago is sustained now by his surviving partner.

LADY RIDER THROWN.

Miss Fannie Gleichrist, the equestrian, was thrown from her horse yesterday afternoon during the races. She was thought to have been seriously hurt, but was able to appear at the performance last night.

Dr. Robert C. Bryan attended the young woman and in a short time she recovered from the shock.

ATTACK COURSE OF PRESIDENT

(Continued from First Page.)

government, but there were no indications of hostile demonstrations. The residence of Lorenzo Marroquin (believed here to be a Senator and son of the President) has been attacked with stones.

An Attack Expected.

(By Associated Press.)

PANAMA, Nov. 11.—The United States gunboat Concord, which left here yesterday afternoon, is said to be bound for Buena Ventura.

The United States cruisers Boston and Marblehead remain here.

The last news received at Panama from Buena Ventura was to the effect that the Colombian authorities were expecting an attack on that port from the direction of Panama, that they were building entrenchments and that the Colombian gunboat was being stripped for action.

Manuel Espinosa has been appointed to succeed Frederico Boyd, now on his way to the United States with Dr. Manuel Amador and Carlos Constantin Arosemena, as a member of the Junta of the Republic of Panama.

The municipal Council of Panama has unanimously approved a proposition by which Dr. Amador will be considered Panama's "favorite son," and has ordered his picture, as a hero of the republic, to be hung in a prominent place in the hall where the sessions of the Council are held. The expense will be borne by the municipality.

Dr. Belisaro Porras has been appointed confidential agent of the Republic of Panama to the Central American Republics.

France is Friendly.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Ambassador Porter called at the foreign office to-day and had a long and agreeable conversation with Foreign Minister Delcasse concerning the events at Panama. The discussion showed that a most harmonious accord of views existed between the two governments. The Ambassador took occasion to thank M. Delcasse for the friendly and sympathetic attitude of France.

The numerous informal conferences held between M. Delcasse and General Porter have contributed largely towards insuring the French attitude of leaving the United States untrammelled in connection with Isthmian affairs.

English Steamers Released.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The State Department has been informed that the two British steamships which were delayed at the port of Buena Ventura by the Colombian government with the intention of using them to transport troops to the Isthmus have been released and have left that port.

The State Department has decided to request the authorities at Panama to receive General Reyes, who is going to the the Isthmus on a peace mission from Bogota. It is estimated that he cannot reach his destination within two weeks.

Rumors Are Baseless.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—The imperial chancellor, Count Von Buelow, authorized the Associated Press to declare that all rumors of German interference in Colombian affairs are baseless, and that Germany follows with its sympathies the efforts of the United States to establish order in the Isthmus.

AFTER MR. SMOOT.

Hundreds of Petitions Protest Against Utah Senator.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Several hundred petitions protesting against Reed Smoot retaining his seat as junior Senator from Utah were filed in the Senate to-day. Most of these were offered by Senator Burrows, chairman of the Elections Committee, though nearly every State registered objections through petitions filed by their Senators. Churches, religious organizations of all kinds, universities, colleges and other educational institutions are among the organizations which have filed protests. Some of these petitions charge that Senator Smoot has practiced polygamy, while others rest their objections on the charge that he is a member of an organization which countenances the practice of plural marriages. Senator Burrows said to-day no action will be taken by the Elections Committee until the one vacancy on the committee has been filled and that it is not likely the charges will be considered before the last week of the special session or the first week of the regular session.

WANT TO OUST MAN FROM UTAH

Many Petitions Received, But Mr. Hoar Says They Are all Out of Order.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—The Senate began business in earnest today by receiving for the first time in the session a number of petitions and also many bills. Some of the petitions protested against Senator Smoot, of Utah, remaining in the Senate.

In presenting a numerously signed petition asking the Senate to expedite the consideration of the charges against Mr. Smoot, Mr. Hoar took occasion to remind the senders of the petitions bearing upon Mr. Smoot's case that the proceeding is out of order and improper. He based his remarks upon the fact that the determination of Mr. Smoot's rights will be a purely judicial proceeding, to be determined by the laws and the Constitution of the United States.

"With all due respect to the signers of petitions of this character," he said, "I want to say to them that their petitions are as much out of place when addressed to this high court as similar petitions would be if addressed to the Supreme Court of the United States in any case pending before the tribunal."

After a brief executive session the Senate adjourned.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—The House was in session but five minutes to-day, and adjourned without transacting any business.

Representative W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina, introduced a resolution to-day providing a new article to the Constitution prohibiting national or State legislation establishing or supporting any religion or prohibiting the free exercise of religion.

Also a resolution repealing the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution.

GUANTANAMO NOW IN OUR POSSESSION

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Without any formality the United States has come in actual possession of the coaling station at Guantanamo. Although the flag raising has not taken place it was learned at the Navy Department to-day that the transfer was effected in a quiet manner several days ago. Under the arrangement Cuba will pay the owners of the property. A board of inspection, consisting of Major-General Chaffee, assistant chief of staff; General Gillespie, chief of engineers, and Capt. Dayton, of the Navy, left to-day for Norfolk, where they will board the cruiser Buffalo, now fitting there for a visit to Guntanamo and Bahia Honda, the other coaling station granted to the United States under an agreement with Cuba.

GOOD LUCK

MAKES BREAD THAT FATTENS

BAKING POWDER

Millinery Department

White Felt Hats, worth $1.50 and $2, now 75c.

Childrens Felt Hats, all colors, $1.50 and $2, now $1.

Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Waists and Cloaks.

Men's Department.

LINDSEY W. ALLEN, Manager.

Immense Variety.

We have everything in Furnishing Goods that skill can produce, good judgment select and refined taste demand. Shirts, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Underwear, &c.

Try our Pay-Easy Plan.

J. H. BUSBY
CO BROAD STREET.

REWARD OF
$200
OFFERED!

Messrs. Kelley and Dudley, of 1009 and 1011 East Cary Street, have had taken from their warehouse 15,000 10c. packages of Quaker Gelatine, and in order to get back the coupons out of these packages they are offering $100 reward to the boy or girl returning to them the greatest number between now and December 19th. For the second greatest number returned, $20, and so on. The checks for the different amounts are on exhibit in ROTHERT & CO.'S window, corner of Broad and Fourth Streets.

A CLUE

Every young sleuth may obtain all the particulars of this offer by inquiring at any retail grocery store. The contest closes on December 18, 1903, when the coupons will be counted by impartial judges and the rewards paid over to the successful contestants on December 20th by Messrs. Kelley and Dudley. For further information, see ad. in The Times-Dispatch of Sunday, November 8th.

Let Schnurman
MAKE YOU A
Rain-Proof Overcoat to Order for $25

See demonstration of qualities of CRAVENETTE in my window. These coats are made in my own workrooms.

Schnurman,
Tailor and Furnisher,
907 East Main Street.

AS AN INDUCEMENT FOR YOU TO TRY

Our New Way to Repair Shoes

we will accept this advertisement for 50c rebate on wholesoling. Men's shoes, regular price, $1.00; ladies', 35c. Every pair sewed; no nails or pegs; best leather.

DREW'S ELECTRIC POWER SHOE FACTORY,
718 East Main.
'Phone, 2667. Good only until Nov. 14.