M'CARTHY'S SPEAKS TO BIG CROWD

(Continued From First Page.)

never forget the scenes, and friend and foe of Captain McCarthy alike are not unmindful that it forebodes no evil for the city accountant on Tuesday.

Wise an Old Favorite.

Former Congressman George D. Wise, long a popular favorite with the Richmond public, called the vast assemblage to order at 8.50 o'clock and in introducing the chief speaker, Captain Wise often provoked enthusiastic applause.

"I think it proper to state," said he in commencing his brief address, "that this meeting was called in the interest of no one candidate, but that the hall was secured by a number of patriotic citizens who desired to afford an opportunity to both the aspirants for Mayor to lay their views on public questions before the people. Neither am I here as the champion of any candidate.

"All those aspiring to the high position have been invited and assured of a cordial reception.

"I fear our people have been indifferent as to the importance of the office of Mayor," said Captain Wise, and then he proceeded briefly to outline the duties of the position as defined by the Constitution.

"The Mayor of your city," he continued, amid great cheering, "should have not a casual, but a constant supervision over all the departments of your city government. His mission should be to so guide the destinies of your city as to tend to the prosperity and happiness of all her people, and if he shall properly execute this high mission, no one can in truth refer to him as a figure head."

Captain Wise declared that no man could do more to advance the city's best interests than an active, intelligent, enterprising Mayor, and after urging all to an active interest in the primary he said: "I have the honor to introduce to you, my friend and your fellow-citizen, Mr. Carlton McCarthy."

Given Fine Oration.

When Captain McCarthy came forward, clad in a neatly fitting Prince Albert suit, he was given a splendid ovation by the vast audience and it was some moments before he could proceed.

"Friends, Fellow-Citizens, Ladies and Gentlemen," he commenced, "it is impossible for me to express in words my gratitude for this magnificent reception, and if elected to the office of Mayor, I can only promise in return to give you a faithful and diligent discharge of all the duties of the position. The next sentence caused a burst of enthusiasm, and in it, the speaker paid Captain Wise a tribute by saying that the late Dr. Curry had pronounced him the ablest and most faithful representative the district had ever sent to the Congress of the United States.

He plunged immediately into an interesting discussion of the subject of municipal government and declared that its importance had long been neglected by the voters. He came, however, to point out some of its benefits in one of his "patent extension speeches," which could be made long or short, according to the manner in which it was received. This created great laughter and the speaker declared that faithful, efficient and honest city government had become the basis of all proper State and national government.

General Indifference.

"The most successful military man," he continued, "of whom I have ever read or known is 'General Indifference.' It has been in command in Richmond for many years, and has killed more prospects, blasted more hopes and destroyed more opportunities than whole armies of soldiers; but I thank God it has been deposed, and, I hope, forever.

"All great problems of government find their resting place in the cities, and they are never solved unless the cities solve them. Something more than party politics is needed to keep our great cities alive and abreast of the times. We must have some pure, unadulterated patriotism, some energy and some devoted interests to the welfare of the whole people. In your sovereignty you should determine that every man holding office should not only earn his salary, but should assume all the responsibilities of the place as well. The people know what they want, but they cannot secure it alone for themselves. The best results of government must come to them at last through proper representatives in public places.

"The people in their might are invincible, but they must have a proper leader. An army of lions led by sheep can never accomplish any great results. No man's individual hopes and aspirations should stand in the way of the progress of his people, and any one so selfish should be branded forever as a traitor.

Practical Question.

"The practical purposes of government are to put into force and effect all the energy and good that reside in the people.

"Government is a business proposition and revenues and expenditures are its most important features.

"The chief objects of my campaigns," said the speaker amid laughter, and applause, "have been to show that city government is getting important.

"The cities represent nearly one-third of the population of this country, and if you corrupt your cities, you may as well bid farewell to the purity of the nation. The city of Richmond represents two-third of the revenue and expense of the entire State. Its government is ten times as complicated as that of the State, and therefore it needs the wisest and best, thought, in the community at its head."

Here Captain McCarthy created great enthusiasm by quoting from a newspaper which said that one of Richmond's greatest needs was a large public hall, and there was great laughter when he said he thought he had had something to do recently with creating this necessity. He declared for converting the West End Market house into a public hall, for the education and information of the people, affording them an opportunity to hear all great questions discussed. He thought the people had come to feel the need of such a hall, because they realized the importance and possibilities that lay in a more intelligent government, and he expressed the hope that laziness, ignorance and idleness in public places would shortly be things of the past.

What City Needs.

Following up this thought, Captain McCarthy created great enthusiasm by saying:

"The city government needs men of highest possible intellectual ability, with strong, moral sense, and genuine devotion of all they have, and are to the public good through the effective working of good governmental purposes under law.

"When the government goes to work for one class, one section, one creed, business, faith, religion, interest, calling, or trade, to the neglect or ruin of others, the time has come t oamend, altar, overturn or destroy it! The government which surrenders to any unlawful demand deserves to be dissolved in death."

Officers, State and city, were not made to serve as rewards for services rendered, nor as honors to be conferred, but for the service of the people by the executive of the laws and the effective application of the popular will to the practical welfare of the community or State.

No Wrecks and Failures.

"Instead of the wrecks and failures of other lines, the Mayor of Richmond should be a man trained in the school of municipal government. A man who fits himself for that work, and then by force of character and by labor and by energy forces himself to the front in the city government, is more apt to be a practical success."

In speaking of the attention which should be given to the youth of the cities, the speaker said amid great cheering:

"The foundation of the future is the child and the youth. 'The child is father to the man.' Children must have guidance, encouragement, sympathy, liberty to grow, space, air, sunshine, exercise, consideration and charity. All the wealth of all the world is not too much to be expended on the children, who will soon own the earth and the seas and will guard our graves!

Would Form Cabinet.

He declared that the extension of the corporate limits was a moral and physical necessity, and he was cheered on this point; and when he said he favored a free bridge connecting this city with Manchester.

"Obedience is the first duty of a soldier, and is an absolute requisite in the good citizen," he continued. "If elected Mayor I will at once proceed to surround myself with a cabinet composed of the best and ablest men in Council, the heads of departments the wisest, purest and ablest men in this community, wherever they can be found. The Mayor ought to be the leader in the peculiar work of each department, in all franchise conditions and laws, in the theory and practice of taxation, revenue and expense, in all public educational questions and interests, in modern methods of accounts concerning streets, fire, police, health, schools, sanitation, building, constitution, charter and State and city laws; in literature of government, laborious, tireless, and ready for sacrifice!

Is Not Posing.

"I am not 'posing' to attract the support of any interest, locality, class, creed, association, society or organization, but I am up for general inspection and universal approbation. I am not the candidate of any ring, clique, machine, society, association, locality, creed, faith, nationality, trade, business, profession or calling. I was not 'called out,' not 'urged' to run, not 'generally mentioned,' not 'solicited by friends.' I simply came into the race of my own free will and accord.

Faithful Promise.

"If I shall be chosen to the office of Mayor, I realize that my election will be the result of a generous impulse which will be conferred by many heretofore estranged from me and by the wise, serious and thoughtful men, the forceful people of this community.

"I fully realize that one act of folly; one distinct error of judgment, at a critical time, failure of courage or lack of decision, any act or omission would bring upon me the just condemnation of the people responsible for my election, and would mean my irretrievable ruin. On the other hand, faithful, judicious and successful service under divine guidance and with the counsel and sympathy of the good people of Richmond, would be amply repaid by repose in the confidence, affection and esteem of my fellow-citizens."

Others Are Cheered.

When the thunderous applause which greeted Captain McCarthy's closing sentence had subsided there were loud calls for "Hicks," and the former candidate came forward an dentertained the audience for some moments with a characteristic speech, interspersed with timely anecdotes and witticisms. Colonel Anderson was given a flattering call, for which he made graceful acknowledgement, and declared that no feeling of disappointment could ever mar or shake his interest in the city government.

Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson was called for and spoke briefly. He said he was the only ex-Mayor of Richmond residing in this country, the Hon. A. M. Kelley being a resident of Egypt. Mr. Ellyson said he endorsed all Captain McCarthy had said concerning the importance of municipal government, and he urged the voters to greater activity in the primaries.

Mr. Ellyson paid a pretty tribute to Mr. Virginius Newton, who lies ill at his home, and when he wound up by returning thanks for the flattering call made upon him, the great crowd melted away, all conscious that the meeting had been one of the greatest political gatherings ever held here in a municipal campaign.

Captain McCarthy Driving It Home.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

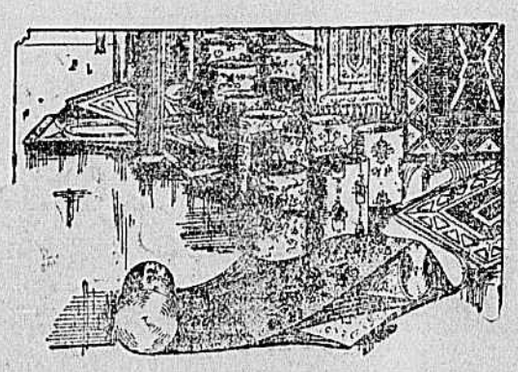
LOOK FOR THIS TRADE-MARK ON EVERY BOTTLE.

MEDICINE FOR ALL MANKIND

At all druggists and grocers or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co. Rochester, New York.

Oh! What's the Use?

you say, of buying Matting and Summer Furniture now, the weather's too cool. But—do you know that it is now spring, and that on one warm day our business is quadrupled. Buy now; we'll lay your Mattings free at any time you want them laid, and we think a good deal cheaper than if you waited till the weather gets warmer—you'll certainly have a better lot to pick from. We sell Matting from $3.75 per roll of 40 yards to $27.00, and offer you 200 already fringed Carpet Rugs at $1.00 each.



Some New Arrivals this Week

First—Our SECOND car-load of Alaska Refrigerators has arrived, and we can furnish any private family, grocer or butcher with a Refrigerator right out of stock. Oil Stoves, the "Fortune," and the Mrs. Rorer's Gas Ranges; the "Blick," "Haywood" and "Whitney" Baby Carriages and Go-Carts; Porch and Lawn Furniture, and a lot of the nicest, prettiest and cheapest Fiber Rush Green Furniture and Mission Antwerp Odd pieces you ever saw—look in our windows as you pass by.

Chas. G. JURGENS' Son

419-21 E. Broad Street,

Between 4th and 5th.

CREDIT GIVEN IF YOU WISH IT.

CATALOGUES FOR THE ASKING.

WHO MAY VOTE.

Those Who Will be Permitted to Enter Tuesday's Primary.

The following shows who may vote in the primary on Tuesday:

1. Citizens who have become 21 years old since January 1, 1904, and who have at the time they offer to vote paid to the City Treasurer $1.50 poll tax. He may register Monday by applying to the registrar of his precinct, or he may register the day of the primary by producing his poll tax receipt, and showing it to the precinct registrar, who will be at the voting place.

2. Citizens who, prior to December 14, 1903, paid to the City Treasurer $1.50 poll tax for 1903, and who were on the registration books prior to January 1, 1904.

3. Citizens who paid only the 1903 poll tax prior to December 14, 1903 and are not registered at the present time, cannot vote unless they also pay the poll tax for 1901 and 1902, which may be paid to the City Treasurer at any time prior to the time they offer to register. When they make application to register they must produce the tax receipts for 1901, 1902 and 1903.

The booths, annexes, curtains, etc., to be used at Tuesday's election, will be issued to the registrars to-morrow morning, between 9 and 11, at room 11, in the basement of the City Hall. The ballots, poll books and necessary papers will be issued by the secretary, W. G. Duke, Monday, between 4 and 6 P. M., at 9 Governor Street.

Persons desiring transfers may secure them up to noon to-morrow by applying to City Chairman Doherty, at the Capitol. They may be secured from the registrars at the polling places on Tuesday.

BRYAN ON NEW YORK PLATFORM

(Continued From First Page.)

doubt that in the first case involving a trust he may join the majority, defeat the Sherman law. The President to be elected this fall will doubtless have the appointment of one or two or possibly three, Supreme Court judges. If his sympathy is with the corporations he will doubtless appoint judges satisfactory to the corporations—especially if obligated to the corporations by large campaign contributions—and these judges can make it impossible to secure any remedial legislation for years to come.

"The issue presented to-day in the trust ousting and in all the other questions with which we have to deal is the question between human rights and the so-called 'property rights'—or, more properly speaking, between ordinary people and the great corporations. Those who believe that property rights are supreme take the side of the trusts. If we have a President who is in sympathy with this theory, it means that the dollar will be given consideration before the man. It means that organized wealth can continue to trample upon the rights of the people; it means that the instrumentalities of government can be used for the protection of every scheme of exploitation that the capitalists can conceive.

"We ought to appeal to the conscience of the public and arraign Republican policies as hostile both to the principles of free government and to the principles of morality. We have an opportunity to make the Democratic party a power in this country, not only a power, but a power for good. Let us array the party against every abuse of government and against every policy that is hurtful to the people. Let us drive out of the party every Democrat who betrays his trust, every official who would administer the office for his private advantage.

"The New York platform is ambiguous, uncertain, evasive and dishonest. It would disgrace the Democrats of the nation to adopt such a platform, and it ought to defeat as an aspirant for a Democratic nomination any man who would be willing to have it go forth as a declaration of his views on public questions. In Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Indiana, Ohio, and in every State that has not acted, it behooves the Democrats to arouse themselves and organize to the end that they may prevent the consummation of the schemes of the reorganizers. Their scheme begins with the deception of the rank and file of the party. It is to be followed up by the debauching of the public with a campaign fund secured from the corporations, and it is to be consummated by the betrayal of the party organization and of the country into the hands of those who are to-day menacing the liberties of the country by their exploitation of the producers of wealth."

JAPANESE LAND TROOPS

(Continued From First Page.)

when in Copenhagen he had an hour's talk with the Russian ambassador, urging mediation and explaining that his desire for mediation was personal and not sovereign. On his return to London on Thursday the King had a long audience with Count Benekendorff, who reluctantly explained that however much Russia might desire peace, she was unable to consider mediation at present, because at the end of the war, Russia wished to be magnanimous with Japan and allow her terms then, which now would be impossible to grant. This was an intimation to His Majesty that Russia is confident of victory, and intends to push the war until the Japanese are vanquished, no matter at what cost and Russia could be more generous to vanquish Japan than to Japan in the field.

This morning Mr. Hardinge, the new ambassador to St. Petersburg, was summoned to Buckingham palace, and had a long audience with the King, who wrote an autograph letter to the Czar detailing his talks with the Emperor's ambassadors, and durging again the submission of the war to mediation. Mr. Hardinge starts for St. Petersburg tomorrow.

Japan has knowledge of the King's renewed efforts at mediation, wherefore Count Okuma's warning to the public at Tokio yesterday to be prepared for the intervention of some European power during the war.

Former Candidate T. B. Hicks Responding to a Call.

MAKAROFF COMPLAINED.

Said Before His Death That the Fleet Was Weak—Resignation of Alexieff.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch. Copyright.)

EYDTKUHNEN, April 23.—A letter from St. Petersburg states that before Makaroff's death the Admiral complained bitterly of the weakness and lack of capacity of the naval forces at Port Arthur.

The Czar ordered an investigation. Fifteen officers were relieved and sent home for incompetency. It is admitted that the morale of the fleet has suffered severely from the persistency of the Japanese attacks and the loss of vessels through ill fortune.

Admiral Skrydloff is depended upon to brace up and impart new spirit to the navy. It is believed Alexieff's viceroyship is near an end. The Emperor blames him for the catastrophes. Alexieff has been unable to explain satisfactorily, and undoubtedly will resign soon. The viceroyship will not be filled until the end of the war, when the most successful officer will be appointed to the place.

MUST PAY DEARLY.

Kuropatkin Says Japs Will Have to Pay Price of Many Lives When They Enter Manchuria.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—The Russians have placed guns in position covering the crossings of the Yalu River. While General Kuropatkin desires that the Japanese shall enter Manchuria, he proposes they shall pay as dearly as possible for the privilege, but without precipitating a general engagement. Major-General Kashtalinsky is anxious to engage the enemy, and begged General Kuropatkin for permission to do so, but the commander-in-chief strictly forbade even small skirmishes where it was possible to avoid them. It is understood that General Kuropatkin intends to deliver the decisive battle himself. In the meantime the cavalry and artillery at the front are engaged in constant drill and reconnoissances.

NO FIGHTING ON YALU.

Associated Press Informed That Government Has Not Been Advised of Fighting.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23, 8 P. M.—The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that the government has no advices supporting the rumors of heavy fighting on the Yalu River.

A rumor was current in this city that the Japanese sustained heavy loss while attempting a landing near the mouth of the Yalu River. According to the report, which is said to be based upon a private telegram from Port Arthur, the Japanese lost 7,000 men.

RUSE FAILED.

Japs Endeavored to Entice Russian Ships Out of Port Arthur, But Attempt Was Fruitless.

(By Associated Press.)

PORT ARTHUR, April 23.—The Japanese have failed in what is believed to have been a clever ruse to entice the Russian ships out of Port Arthur. Several men-of-war were sighted immediately after the battleship Petropavlovsk was blown up, steaming rapidly towards Port Arthur, with other ships pursuing them demonstratively and firing at them. It is possible that it was a chase of a merchantman, but the opinion here is that the Japanese desired to create the impression that the Vladivostok cruisers were attempting to form a junction with the Port Arthur fleet. Knowing the whereabouts of the cruisers, however, the Russian fleet did not go out, and the Japanese ships retired.

The survivors of the Petropavlovsk are recovering from their burns and the inflammation of the lungs consequent upon their immersion in the sea.

NATURE'S GREATEST CURE FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Swamp-Root is the Most Perfect Healer and Natural Aid to the Kidneys, Liver and Bladder Ever Discovered.

SWAMP-ROOT SAVED MY LIFE.

I received promptly the sample bottle of your great kidney remedy, Swamp-Root.

I had an awful pain in my back, over the kidneys, and had to urinate from four to seven times a night often with smarting and burning. Brick dust would settle in the urine. I lost twenty pounds in two weeks, and thought I would soon die. I took the first dose of your Swamp-Root in the evening at bed time, and was very much surprised; I had to urinate but once that night, and the second night I did not get up until morning. I have used three bottles of Swamp-Root, and to-day am as well as ever.

I am a farmer, and am working every day, and weigh 150 pounds, the same that I weighed before I was taken sick.

Gratefully yours,

Sec. F. A. & I. U., 504, T. S. APKER,
April 9th, 1903. Marsh Hill, Pa.

MR. T. S. APKER.

There comes a time to both men and women when sickness and poor health bring anxiety and trouble hard to bear; disappointment seems to follow every effort of physicians in our behalf, and remedies we try have little or no effect. In many such cases serious mistakes are made in doctoring, and not knowing what the disease is or what makes us sick. Kind nature warns us by certain symptoms, which are unmistakable evidence of danger, such as too frequent desire to urinate, scanty supply, scalding irritation, pain or dull ache in the back—they tell us in silence that our kidneys need doctoring. If neglected now, the disease advances until the face looks pale or sallow, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, feet swell, and sometimes the heart acts badly.

There is comfort in knowing that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, fulfills every wish in quickly relieving such troubles. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. In taking this wonderful new discovery, Swamp-Root, you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that has ever been discovered.

Swamp-Root a Blessing to Women

My kidneys and bladder gave me great trouble for over two months and I suffered untold misery. I became weak, emaciated and very much run down. I had great difficulty in retaining my urine, and was obliged to pass water very often in day and night. After I had used a sample bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, sent me on my request, I experienced relief and I immediately bought of my druggist two large bottles and continued taking it regularly. I am pleased to say that Swamp-Root cured me entirely. I can now stand on my feet all day without any bad symptoms whatever. Swamp-Root has proved a blessing to me.

Gratefully yours,

MRS. E. AUSTIN,
10 Nassau St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MRS. E. AUSTIN.

To Prove What SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy Will do for YOU, Every Reader of the Richmond Daily Times-Dispatch May have a Sample Bottle FREE by Mail.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—If you are sick or "feel badly," write at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and a book telling all about it, and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Richmond Sunday Times-Dispatch.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Enjoyable Birthday Party.

Little Miss Ethel Johann entertained quite a number of her friends Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at her home, No. 823 W. Main Street, the occasion being her tenth birthday.

After indulging in many childish games, Miss Ethel invited her friends to the dining room, where many delicacies of the season had been prepared for them.

Among those present were Misses Blanche Cole, Julia Spratley, Ida Pettit, Marion Turpin, Lutie and Marguerite Hodsworth, Ella and Mary Quisenberry, Lucie and Eugenia Johnson, Edith and Ethel Davis, Irene Lohmann, Emily Poulig, Rosa O'Rork, Grace Bennett and Elenora and Ethel Johann; Masters Rutherfoord and Sewell Wingfield, Stranghan, Turpin, Louis Lohmann, Emile Poulig, Walter Schutte, Walter Davis and Willie and Ernest Johann.

One Victory for Shamrocks.

The Shamrocks yesterday defeated the Pine Street Sluggers by the score of 18 to 7. The teams were as follows:

Shamrocks—Catcher, Leslie Englekingt; Pitchers, Lenie Kouster and Albert Davis; Short-stop, Cap Sales; First Base, Willie Vaughan; Second Base, Tom Davis; Third Base, Willie Adams; Left Field, Willie Pfaff; Right Field, Charlie Doggett; Center Field, Lenie Houster; Captain, Willie Vaughan.

Sluggers—Catcher, Oscar Blunt; Pitcher, George Ganzert; Short-stop, Rudolph Goldbach; First Base, John Foster; Second Base, Wingfield Cobean; Third Base, Lewis Herndon; Left Field, Roy Bryant; Right Field, Robert White; Center Field, Doc. Missure; Captain, Oscar Blunt.

Mrs. Arista Hoge, of Staunton, is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. W. H. Henson, No. 109 West Grace Street.

Mr. J. W. Brooks, Jr., is sick with blood poisoning at his father's residence on Park Avenue.

The Tyler Store,
Corner First and Broad.

I Guess You Know

We haven't had Clothing weather. That's a condition sadly bad for Clothing manufacturers. When they should have clear decks, their counters are piled high. We offer you your choice of a fortunate purchase of—

250 Men's and Young Men's Suits made to the Round-cut and Double-breasted Sack styles, the value of which was never less than $10, for - - - **$7.50**

These Suits are of strictly Pure Wool Cheviots, in Fancy Mixtures, Blue Serges and Black Thibets. They are perfect fitting, thoroughly well tailored and in every instance guaranteed to hold their shape. See the display in our First Street window.

Julian W. Tyler, Corner First and Broad Streets.