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MERRY HUNTERS AT MECKLENBURG

A Half Hundred Dogs in an Exciting Chase of Early Morning.

THE ENTHUSIASM OF THE LOCAL HUNTERS

Many Hunt Clubs Represented and Great Sport Is Expected During the Week—To Wind Up With a Great Hunt Ball.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)

CHASE CITY, VA., March 22.—

"The sound of his horn 'woke me from my bed and
The cry of his hounds, which you have oft times heard"—

did much to arouse every single guest in the Mecklenburg Hotel at 4 o'clock this morning. Colonel W. T. Hughes, president of the Mecklenburg Hotel, and M. F. H. of the Mecklenburg hounds, had his pack out long before day, and the wild peal of his horn awoke almost every citizen of Chase City, as well as those living in the neighborhood.

This is a week of fox hunting in Mecklenburg county, for every farmer who has a horse or a hound, is taking personal interest in the sport, and many sportsmen from Virginia and North Carolina and distant cities are registered at "The Mecklenburg," to enjoy four days following the straight-going red and the twisting gray fox.

Enthusiastic Hunters.

The most interesting feature of this morning's hunt was the presence of Mr. W. R. Gregory, of Chase City, a veteran fox hunter, who, though full of years and infirm, followed the hounds as well as he could in his buggy and sounded his horn as briskly as the youngest sportsman present. In conversation, Mr. Gregory said that he hoped to die while fox hunting.

"It has always been my greatest amusement," said he, "and I want to tell you something to prove it. Some years ago, I was very busy thrashing my crop; it was a hard year, and every hour meant a good deal to me. It was the last day of my work and I had almost finished, when right through the field where the thrashing machine stood, came a great big gray fox with hounds close behind him.

"It was too much for any fox hunter to stand, so I stopped my thrashing, unhooked the horse from the machine and went out and killed that good old gray fox," and this is the kind of fox hunters they breed in this part of the country.

Another story of interest is that of Mr. L. M. Pettus, a fox hunter of the old school, who lives near Chase City. Mr. Pettus, though fond of his farm and family, has his affections centered on a small, but famous, pack of fox hounds, which are the joy of his existence. The bright particular star of this pack is "Davy Crockett," whose virtues and exploits are known from one end of this section to the other. Some time ago a resident of New Kent county published in a daily paper a statement that his dog, "Stonewall Jackson," could outrun any dog of Virginia, and that he had money to back this assertion. Mr. Pettus took issue with the gentleman from New Kent, and invited him to be present at the hunt this morning. The New Kent man did not appear, and loud was the voice of scorn of Mr. Pettus, when he discovered this, for he had come to the meet simply bulging with "greenbacks," with which to back the performance of the great and only "Davy Crockett."

Early Morning Run.

At 4 o'clock fox hunters were aroused and called to breakfast. At a quarter of 5 sharp, fifty hounds were unkenneled and forty-two riders rode away from "The Mecklenburg Hotel." The heavy rain of the previous night had spoiled any chance of a firstrate run, but Colonel Hughes, M. F. H., had determined he would take out the hounds so that his guests might see them work and become familiar with the country. The hounds were taken to the old Gregory place and cast in a pine wood, where they found almost immediately and went away at a lively clip, carrying the wildly enthusiastic fields over field and fences for some two miles, until a deer crossed the trail, and the hounds dashed madly in hot pursuit. Colonel Hughes sounded his horn, back came the hounds, and a check followed. The hounds were carried on to Drapersville and again cast. After some little delay, "Davy Crockett" and "Johnson," pride of the Mecklenburg pack, gave the true fox tongue that told the story that a gray had been aroused from his quiet repose, and was off and away for life and liberty.

For three hours the hounds ran according to their own sweet will, for no horse was able to live the pace with them. Whether or not they "killed" it is but a conjecture, but veteran fox hunters, who know the country, and, better still, know the hounds, say that the gray fox perished.

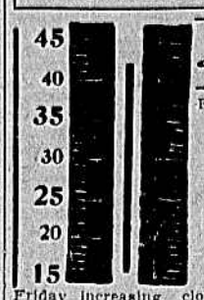
The Riders.

Among those who followed were Mrs. L. M. Moody, of Bon Air, the only lady out. Mrs. Moody was greatly complimented for the very sportsman-like manner in which she rode. Colonel W. T. Hughes, M. F. H. of the Mecklenburg hounds; Captain Roberts, deputy M. F. H. Mecklenburg hounds; Mr. Sidney P. Cooper, M. F. H. Henderson hounds; L. M. Pettus, M. F. H. Chase City hounds; Dr. J. Mann, Louisburg; Dr. G. G. Taylor, Chase City; Mr. L. M. Pettus, Mr. W. J. Pettus, Mr. P. M. Pettus, Mr. William T. Lipscomb, Mr. Cooper, Henderson; Mr. Allen Potts, Richmond; Dr. N. Jackson, Norfolk; Mr. W. T. Jones, Pillsburg; George Cole Scott, Richmond; Dr. Fleming, Louisburg; Judge A. M. Aiken, Danville; Mr. Thomas Hamlin, Danville; Mr. W. C. Hurt, Danville; Mr. P. G. Alston, Louisburg; Mr. W. R. Gregory, Chase City; Mr. G. K. Gilmore, Chase City; Mr. J. Haskins, Mr. H. Gregory, Mr. James Wilkerson, Chase City; Mr. Tom Royll, Robert Jennings, Chase City; Colonel Chester Flam, Chase City.

The following clubs are represented at

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

POINTER ON THE WEATHER



At 1 A. M.

FORECAST—For Thursday and Friday: Virginia—Fair Thursday, warmer in interior; Friday increasing cloudiness, followed by rain, warmer on coast; fresh to brisk east to southeast winds. North Carolina—Fair Thursday; Friday increasing cloudiness, probably rain in the afternoon or night; fresh to brisk east winds.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Richmond's weather yesterday was cloudy and chilly. Range of the Thermometer:

9 A. M.	43	6 P. M.	50
12 M.	50	9 P. M.	48
3 P. M.	54	12 midnight	42

Average 44½

Highest temperature yesterday 54
Lowest temperature yesterday 41
Mean temperature yesterday 48
Normal temperature for March 49
Departure from normal temperature 01
Precipitation during past 24 hours 00

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

March 23, 1905.

Sun rises	6:10	HIGH TIDE.	
Sun sets	6:23	Morning	6:12
Moon rises	9:36	Evening	6:43

TAKES SHOTS AT GAME OF POLITICS

State Board of Education Adopts Kent Resolution.

OTHER STANDARDS TO BE EMPLOYED

Political Activity Not to be Considered Badge of Efficiency in Superintendents—Consolidation of Districts Not Effected—Favorable Expression Made.

The State Board of Education adjourned at midnight last night until April 27th, when it will reconvene and take up the election of division superintendents and will sit from day to day until all shall have been chosen.

The board did not succeed in effecting any consolidation of superintendency divisions, as some had anticipated, discovering that under the existing statute prescribing the remuneration of superintendents sufficient salary could not be offered to compensate a competent man for the work required, and that the distance to be covered would make it impracticable, if not impossible, for a man to cover the territory required in any consolidation plan within the five months of the school term.

The other action of the board of greatest interest was the adoption of a resolution drawn and offered by Professor C. W. Kent, of the University of Virginia, designed to discourage participation in partisan politics by division superintendents, and favoring the selection to those positions of men experienced in teaching.

Session in Detail.

The State Board began early and sat the greater part of the day and until midnight or after. At the forenoon session the list of books for use in the high schools and supplementary text-books for use in the grammar schools was completed.

The board added "Civil Government" to the studies in the grammar and high schools of the State, and adopted several books for the use of the pupils, as follows:

Grammar Schools—Judson's "Young America," published by Maynard, Merrill and Company; Peterman's "Civil Government," published by the American Book Company; Clarke's "Civil Government," published by the American Book Company.

High Schools—Clarke's "Civil Government," published by the American Book

(Continued on Second Page.)

SIGN OR—?

FAIRBANKS'S VISIT TO GREENSBORO

Makes a Patriotic Speech at Republican Banquet.

HOLDS OUT OLIVE BRANCH

Partisanship Which Forgets Patriotism Worse Than an Error.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

GREENSBORO, N. C., March 22.—An immense crowd was at the railroad station here to-night to greet Vice-President Fairbanks and party when they arrived on a special train from Washington at 7 o'clock. In the party were Commissioner Yerkes, Congressman Dixon, Colonel Miram Parker and others, and escorted by a special committee, headed by District Attorney Harry Skinner, who had gone to Washington to accompany the party to Greensboro.

A large number of staff representatives of Washington and New York papers were among them.

A public reception under the auspices of the Republican Tar Heel Club was given from half-past 8 to 9:30 o'clock, persons filing by and being presented to the guests.

At the banquet, which followed, three hundred members of the club and invited guests were seated in the dining-room of the Benbow Hotel, Congressman Blackburn, president of the club, acting as toastmaster.

Fairbanks Speaks.

Vice-President Fairbanks responded to the first toast, and made a fine impression, being frequently interrupted by applause. The Vice-President's prelude to his address brought applause, when after speaking of how glad he was that he had come, said:

"There is something about Southern hospitality that is delightful, and, indeed, there is nothing in all the rest of the world like it."

He declared he had no message of partisanry to bring, but that he hoped to be excused for saying that he thanked God there was no more sectionalism in the republic, and that the South was fast being recognized as not only fully as enterprising as other sections of the country in material things, but was the equal of any in boundless valor and noble patriotism.

He paid a tribute to President McKin-

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

WANT MITCHELL IN PUBLIC LIFE

Movement in Favor of Richmond College Man for Superintendent Public Instruction.

WOULD MAKE A STRONG RUN

Member of City School Board and One of Ablest Educators in State.

If the views of conservative voters in Richmond are to be counted for anything, the ticket for State officers is by no means made up at present, for the strongest possible pressure may be brought to bear on Dr. S. C. Mitchell, of Richmond College, to stand for the Democratic nomination for the position of superintendent of public instruction, to succeed Dr. Joseph W. Southall, who declines to stand for re-election.

The candidates at present are Mr. James A. McGilvray, of the Department of Education; Mr. J. D. Eggleston, of Farmville, and Mr. G. A. Huivey, of Rockingham.

In making his announcement, Mr. Eggleston stated in a card that he had been constrained to run for the place because he did not think those who had previously offered had in them the elements properly to fill the place, and that had such a man as Professor Mitchell, according to his judgment, been in the field, he would have remained out of the struggle.

Friends of Dr. Mitchell are earnestly urging that he is the man for the place, and they will do all within their power at the proper time to get him to consent to run.

A Leader of Thought.

They urge that he is one of the foremost educators in the State, and would, on account of his advanced views on public education and unusual attainments, throw new life into the public school system.

Dr. Mitchell is professor of history at Richmond College, and is regarded as one of the leaders in the faculty of that institution.

He is a member of the City School Board, and is looked upon as one of the ablest leaders for public education in Richmond and in the State as well.

"I believe the State has the opportunity," said a warm admirer of Dr. Mitchell last night, "to place the educational system on a basis where it will command the admiration of all the people, and will be equal to that of any other State in the Union.

"We need such a man as Dr. Mitchell," said the gentleman, "in view of our advanced constitutional ideas on the subject of public education, and I do not believe the people would hesitate a moment as to their choice if he would indicate his willingness to run."

It is not known that Dr. Mitchell has been approached by any considerable number of people with reference to his possible candidacy, but the discussion of his name in this connection among public men indicates plainly that if he shall run, he will have strong support.

Guilty of Peonage.

(By Associated Press.)

SAVANNAH, GA., March 22.—In the United States Court to-day, William F. Crawley, an attorney of Waycross, and Thomas J. McClellan, former sheriff of Ware county, entered pleas of guilty to the charge of causing citizens to be held in a condition of peonage. Judge Speer fined each defendant $1,000, but remitted $500 of that amount during good behavior. The fines were paid.

CASTRO SLOWLY BACKING DOWN

Postponement of Decision in French Case Virtual Abandonment of Contention.

BRITISH-GERMAN AGREEMENT

Papers Adjusting Debt Will be Signed To-day—President Roosevelt on Alert.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The President is concluding arrangements for his Southwestern trip, on which he expects to start Monday, April 3d, and no apprehension exists that the trip will be either abandoned or postponed on account of the Venezuelan embroglio. The President expects, during his absence from Washington, to keep in close touch with the situation as it may develop and will be in position constantly to issue such instructions from his train as may be necessary.

The first heard here of the action of the Venezuelan court respecting the French Cable Company's case was contained in the Associated Press Paris dispatch to the effect that the court had ordered the postponement sine die. While this proceeding is peculiar to Spanish law practice, the officials here regard it as being equivalent to a practical abandonment of the attempt to secure by decree a forfeiture of the company's concession. Therefore, it appears that the action of the French minister to Caracas as reported by Minister Bowen to Washington last Monday in demanding a discontinuation of the proceedings against the company has been effectual so there will, in all probability be no occasion for a resort by the French government to other measures to protect the company's interests.

Decision Postponed.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, March 22.—The French Cable Company has received a further dispatch from M. Brun, its representative at Caracas, confirming the postponement of the decision of the court relative to the company's concessions. He says the postponement was sine die. The company's officials here say the postponement resulted from the representations of the French minister. It is understood that the representations point out that the company is a governmental concern, and

(Continued on Third Page.)

SITUATION ACUTE IN SANTO DOMINGO

Country Threatened by Revolution and Menaced by the Powers.

CRISIS CAUSED BY FAILURE OF TREATY

Dominicans Believe Grab Game by Europeans Will Soon Begin—Morales Unable to Resist Demands—Cruisers and Gunboats Keeping Near.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN DOMINGO, REPUBLIC OF SANTO DOMINGO, March 2.—The news of the postponement by the United States Senate of action on the treaty with Santo Domingo makes the situation here acute, and an internal uprising seems to be imminent, based on the cry that President Morales has been discredited in the United States.

President Morales states that he is prepared to put down any revolution, but that a more serious matter, in his mind, is foreign complications, growing out of Belgium's demands presented March 21st. Belgium wants the customs receipts of a port of Santo Domingo to the extent of $25,833 a month, according to a former agreement, on which no payment has been made for three years. This first demand is construed as a direct result of the failure of the treaty between the United States and Santo Domingo. President Morales anticipates demands from other foreign powers, which he will be helpless to resist. In the course of an interview with the Associated Press, President Morales said:

"It is entirely possible that the United States may have to send an ultimatum here, on account of the Dominican government's being unable, though not unwilling to pay the sums due foreign nations unless the United States can procure from foreign powers a postponement of their demands. Otherwise these demands will be pressed. I have no physical or moral force to resist them."

With two Dominican ports now in the hands of the United States and the failure of the treaty, Dominicans believe that a grab-game by foreign powers will begin at once. An Italian cruiser was here a few days ago, but withdrew to Kingston. The American gunboat Gastine is here with 150 men; the cruiser Chattanooga at Samana Bay, the Detroit is at Puerto Plata and the Dixie is at Monte Cristi. Rear-Admiral Sigsbee has gone to Guantanamo for a consultation with Rear-Admiral Barker. No reply has yet been made to the Belgium demand.

President Morales has about 1,200 men under arms ready to crush the first internal uprising, but should the custom houses be seized he speedily would be without funds with which to pay his army, which would immediately desert.

MAN WHO WANTED WIFE IN BALTIMORE ARRESTED

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BALTIMORE, MD., March 22.—J. W. Robertson, of Selma, N. C., who gained much notoriety here by advertising that a "Southern gentleman" wanted a wife not under thirty-five years old, was arrested to-day on the charge of obtaining lumber from the Sussex Lumber Company of Elm City under false pretences, and is held for the action of the North Carolina authorities. Unless they are heard from to-day Robertson will be released.

MEXICO HAS NEW SECRETARY OF WAR

(By Associated Press.)

MEXICO CITY, March 22.—General Manuel Cossio has taken the oath as Secretary of War in place of General Mena, resigned. General Cossio is sixty-nine years of age, and was born in the State of Zacatecas. He is a veteran of many campaigns.

NEW HOPE FOR PEACE IN EAST

Witte and Others Leading Czar to Point of Making Overtures

PROPOSAL MAY BE MADE IN FEW DAYS

Rojestvensky Said to be Planning to Go in Search of Togo—Portion of Oyama's Army Now on Its Way to Kirin.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, March 23—1:33 A. M.—The party within the government which is urging the Emperor to indicate to Japan, Russia's willingness to end the war if a reasonable basis can be reached, as related in these dispatches on March 20th, has been greatly encouraged the last few days, and an actual pacific proposal may be just ahead. The subject has occupied much of the attention of the conferences at Tsarskoe Selo. Certain grand dukes, supported by General Sakharoff, the minister of war, Admiral Avellan, the head of the admiralty, and what is known as the war party, are still bitterly opposed to the idea of peace under present circumstances, but with the exception of the minister of war and marine, the Emperor's ministers backed by M. Witte, favor this course, and the convincing arguments they offer are telling.

French influences in the same direction are now being supported by German opinion. The rumor noted by the Associated Press last week that Emperor William had tendered his good offices now seems to be confirmed. The Associated Press is now in a position to assert, however, that if Emperor Nicholas decides to approach Japan it will be through France, and that negotiations will be conducted either between M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister and Dr. Montono, the Japanese minister at Paris, or M. Harmand, the French minister to Japan, and Count Katsura, the Japanese premier at Tokio.

The Russian government now feels certain that Japan will not make the first move nor disclose her position until overtures are made authoritatively in the Russian Emperor's name on the ground that he alone is capable of binding Russia.

In the conferences concerning the question whether Russia should now indicate her willingness for peace all agreed, firstly, that preparations to continue the war shall not be relaxed, and secondly, to reject humiliating terms. There would probably be two points on which Russia would be found implacable, namely, cession of territory and indemnity, to neither of which, it is said, would Emperor Nicholas ever agree. It is pointed out, however, that if Japan seriously desires enduring peace on collateral questions, Russia might be ready to offer liberal compensatory considerations. For instance in lieu of direct indemnity, she might turn over to Japan the proceeds of the sale of all the rights and property of the Port Arthur and Dalny, and the Chinese eastern railways and liberally pay for the maintenance of Russian prisoners in Japan, and while refusing to cede Sakhalin, might grant rights to the fisheries there or even relinquish all the valuable seal fisheries on the commander islands. It is possible also that satisfactory arrangements might be made regarding Russian naval strength in eastern waters for a period of years.

GOING AFTER TOGO.

Rojestvensky, However, Will First Effect Junction With Admiral Nebogatoff.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, March 22—5:30 P. M.—At the admiralty it is strongly intimated that Admiral Rojestvensky will effect a juncture with Admiral Nebogatoff within ten days and then proceed to meet Admiral Togo.

MARCHING ON KIRIN.

Japanese Eastern Army Moving in This Direction—Period of Comparative Inactivity.

(By Associated Press.)

GUNSHU PASS, March 22.—The Japanese appear to have given the Russians a temporary respite from pursuit, probably for the purpose of reforming their forces, as they did after the pursuit of the Russians north from Liao Yang. The Russian front runs southeast by northwest with the Russian right much nearer the railroad than the left while the Japanese position follows a line intersecting Kalyuan.

The impression here is that the Japanese eastern army is marching on Kirin, while the western army is continuing north by the Mongolian border and the railway with the main line from Harbin westward, its objective; but a period of inactivity is the likeliest outcome after the great exertions of the Japanese on the Shakhe, at Mukden and at Tie Pass.

Plan of Retreat.

Tuesday, March 21.—Extensive preparations to carry out the plan of retreat were made by Generals Kuropatkin, Linevitch, Bilderling and Kaulbars and were successfully carried out.

On March 19th, Kuropatkin, considering that the army was safe, departed for Harbin, but having subsequently decided to remain as commander of the first army, reached here to-day, receiving a great ovation at the railroad station and acknowledging the cheering by a short speech, in which he expressed the hope that the army would soon be able to retrieve its reverses.

Gunshu Pass, which has a large railroad station and Red Cross settlement, with all army facilities, is now an enormous camp, overflowing the native hamlet in all directions. Troops are arriving

TOWBOAT SINKS AND ALL ON BOARD ARE LOST

Struck Channel Pier and Went to Bottom of Flooded River.

(By Associated Press.)

WHEELING, W. VA., March 22.—An unknown towboat, with all on board, went to the bottom in the flooded river at Bellaire, Ohio, four miles below Wheeling this morning. The disaster was caused by the boat's striking the channel pier of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bridge. The number of lost is unknown.

CZAR PLANS GREAT NEW NAVY FOR RUSSIA

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, March 23—12:35 A. M.—The prospects that American shipbuilders will have a large share in the rebuilding and enlargement of the Russian navy are growing brighter. An extensive naval programme, which in a few years will restore Russia to an equality with the first class sea powers, has practically been completed, but has not yet received the final assent of Emperor Nicholas.

All the foreign shipbuilding interests are enlisted in the rivalry. The admiralty is inclined to show special consideration to the claims of Russia's French allies; but American propositions also are regarded with favor, and when orders are distributed America, next to France, is likely to get the largest share.

ROCKEFELLER MONEY "TAINTED," THEY SAY

Fight Against Acceptance of Gift Taken Up by New England Ministers.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BOSTON, MASS., March 22.—The fight against the acceptance by the American Board of Foreign Missions here of $100,000 given by John D. Rockefeller for foreign Mission educational work has been taken up by leading clergymen all over New England. A protest signed by ministers in Waltham, Arlington, Cambridge, Haverhill, Providence, Derry, N. H. Nashau, President Tucker, of Dartmouth; Dr. Washington Gladden, of Columbus, Ohio; George P. Morris, editor and publisher of the Congregationalist, and many others, was presented to the board today by a committee of twenty-five, asking that the gift be refused on the ground that it is "tainted money" from a man whose concern "stands before the public under specific indictments for methods which are morally iniquitous and socially destructive." After a two hours' debate this afternoon the matter was referred to a special subcommittee, comprising Samuel B. Capen, E. C. Moore and Rev. Dr. Denison. It is understood that the money was solicited, and it is certain that radical differences exist among the leaders of the denomination over the wisdom of soliciting the gift and the propriety of accepting it.

12 WANT HELP TO-DAY.

The 12 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 10 are as follows:

4 Trades. 7 Miscellaneous. 1 Salesman.

This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

SIX KILLED, FOUR HURT IN MINE EXPLOSION

Number of Rescuers Overcome by Foul Air—Second Disaster at Same Place.

(By Associated Press.)

PRINCETON, IND., March 22.—Six miners are dead and four injured, two fatally, as the result of an explosion in the mine of the Princeton Coal and Mining Company this afternoon. The dead bodies were rescued two hours after the explosion, the delay being caused by the inability of the rescuers to combat after-damp. The injured were brought to the surface thirty minutes after the explosion. They were found heaped together in an unconscious state. When the explosion occurred most of the miners had left the mine. Whether the explosion was a premature shot or an overcharge is not known.

Within a short time fifty women, relatives of the miners, surrounded the mouth of the shaft and anxiously awaited each ascension of the cage. The miners worked heroically and a number were overcome by the foul air which filled the mine. The explosion hurled supporting timbers in every direction. In consequence the slate roof gave way in many places and the rescuers were in constant danger from this source. This is the second serious disaster in the mine, an explosion some years ago having killed nine men. The mine was then the property of the Maule Coal Company.

MAGISTRATE SENDS FISHER TO GRAND JURY

Held in $1,000 Bail for Trial on Charge of Grand Larceny.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, March 22.—Magistrate Ommen, in the Yorkville Court, to-day held George E. Fisher, a railroad man, of No. 37 Wall Street, in $1,000 bail for trial on a charge of grand larceny. His lawyer, Fred House, asked that Mr. Fisher be not locked up, but simply detained in court, as he was going before Judge McCall, of the Supreme Court, to obtain a writ of certiorari. Magistrate Ommen consented.

The proceeding was the culmination of a hearing which was begun in December at the Tombs Court, on complaint of T. Ashley Blythe, of No. 114 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, who charged Fished with the larceny of $3,750, which he alleged Fisher had received for entering into a certain underwriting agreement on March 28th last. The hearing has been going on intermittently ever since, and witnesses have been brought on from the South and West to give testimony. George Gordon Battle, who represented Mr. Blythe, asked that the bail be increased, as, he said, he understood other cases were pending and that $1,000 was entirely too small. This was refused by the magistrate, who said there was no intention on the part of Fisher to leave the jurisdiction of the court.