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THE DISPATCH FOUNDED 1850. THE TIMES FOUNDED 1886. WHOLE NUMBER 17,051. RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1905. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MR. JAMES B. PACE SWEEPS FIELD FOR TREASURER OF RICHMOND CITY

NAVAL ACADEMY COURT-MARTIAL

Coffin Under Charges of Hazing Midshipman Kimbrough.

MADE HIM STAND ON HIS HEAD

Alleged Confession of Coffin Admitted As Evidence at Trial. Kimbrough Himself Was Important Witness at the Investigation.

(By Associated Press.)

ANNAPOLIS, MD., December 28.—Court martial proceedings against Midshipman Trenmor Coffin, Jr., a member of the third class, on the charge of hazing Midshipman Jerdone P. Kimbrough, of the fourth class, began at the Naval Academy to-day.

Midshipman George W. Hewlett, of the third class, was the first witness.

The witness testified that he had looked in the door of room 53, in Bancroft Hall on the evening of December 12, and that he had seen Kimbrough standing on his head and Coffin and Kimbrough's roommate in the room with him. Witness said that he left the vicinity of room 53 and remained away about five minutes. When he returned Kimbrough was still on his head and Coffin was the only other person in the room. The witness was asked to illustrate what "standing on the head" meant. He put his head on the floor and raised his feet a few inches from the ground in a series of jumps. Exercise apparently put much strain on the legs and arms and was hard on the head.

Kimbrough also exhibited this performance to the court a little later.

Kimbrough As a Witness.

Midshipman Kimbrough was the next witness, and it developed that he was unable to identify Coffin as the man who had hazed him. The rule, it appears, is that no lower classman must look at an upper classman under such circumstances, and this was so rigidly observed in the present case that Kimbrough could not say that Coffin had hazed him. He told, however, how he had been hazed by being compelled to stand on his head. He had been hazed, he said, until he gave out entirely.

Then the midshipman who was doing the hazing threw water over him and compelled him to go on again. He brought the relation up to the point where he had lost consciousness. He had regained consciousness, he said, in the Naval Academy hospital. His arms, legs and head were very sore.

Lieutenant-Commander Charles B. McVey, Jr., was the last witness during the morning session. He is attached to the department of discipline at the academy and is a member of the board of investigation now going into the subject of hazing at the academy.

Found Kimbrough in Bed.

The witness said during his testimony that he had learned a great deal about hazing during the last few weeks. He said that he was on duty in Bancroft Hall on the evening of December 12th. He had found Kimbrough in bed, which was contrary to regulations at that time. He had questioned him and found that he was apparently unconscious, and had summoned the academy surgeon, by whom Kimbrough was removed to the hospital.

The witness then investigated the matter with the object of finding out who had hazed Kimbrough, the fact that he had been hazed having been elicited from his room-mate. He discovered that Midshipman Hewlett had looked into the room and seen the hazing. He then informed Hewlett that unless he told the name of the midshipman he would either be reported for disobeying orders or called before the board of investigation in the morning and compelled to testify. Hewlett was allowed to make up his mind, and in the meantime Coffin sought an interview with the witness.

Testimony Objected To.

At this point the counsel for the accused objected to the testimony, after an alleged confession, and asked the court to be allowed to interrogate the witness. This the court permitted, but took a recess at this point.

Upon reassembling the court admitted the testimony of Lieutenant-Commander McVey as to Coffin's confession. Coffin, the witness said, admitted that he had stood Kimbrough on his head for about ten minutes.

Cross-Examination.

On cross-examination the witness said that he was confident that Kimbrough was not feigning unconsciousness.

Surgeon J. C. Byrnes, the ranking medical officer of the academy, stated that he was called to see Kimbrough on the night mentioned, and found him in an alarming condition, being in a state of physical collapse. On cross-examination Dr. Byrnes said positively that Kimbrough's unconsciousness was real, and that he might have died had he not had prompt attention. Dr. Byrnes was the last witness for the prosecution, which here closed its case.

For the defense several witnesses testified that they did not consider Kimbrough's reputation for truth telling the best, but admitted that they had only heard reflections upon his truthfulness since the incident which forms the basis of the trial, and they also admitted that the midshipmen had considerable feeling against him. The two principal witnesses who made this statement were Raleigh E. Hughes, a first-class man, who is captain of the company to which Kimbrough belongs, and Roy L. Stover, a second-class man and petty officer in the same class. The only incident upon which they based their opinion was one in connection whether or not Kimbrough had crushed his blouse, as he had stated. The case will be continued to-morrow.

New Official is Deeply Grateful to Friends.

MEETS MANY OF THEM IN EVENING

Realizes That Triumph Was Result of Fine Work By Loyal Supporters—People Delighted Over Results. Will Take Office Monday.

Great interest was manifested last night in the result of the election and the victory of Mr. Pace seemed to give the utmost satisfaction, not to say delight.

An exceedingly interesting meeting of Mr. Pace's workers and advisers was held at Murphy's annex at 7 P. M., when sufficient returns had come in to assure even the most dubious that the former banker's victory was overwhelming. Probably sixty men of all classes were there, and when Mr. Pace arrived he was received with a demonstration little short of an ovation.

The meeting was informal, however, and there were no speeches. Great enthusiasm was shown in offering congratulations to the winner, and Mr. Pace stood with beaming eyes and outstretched hands, with thanks and kind words for all. He had only come down to receive the returns at Murphy's annex, and to have some of his close supporters on hand to assist him. They were coming and going for several hours, and among them were several of Mr. Pace's competitors.

Messrs. Wood and Phillips were among the latter, and gave their hands to the winner in congratulation.

Is Very Grateful.

Said Mr. Pace in expressing his thanks:

"Gentlemen,—I wish to thank you and all my friends from the bottom of my heart for your splendid work in my behalf, for I owe it to you and to them. I have but one regret in this moment of triumph, if triumph it may be called. That is that my victory means the defeat of some one else."

Mr. Wood, Mr. Pace's strongest opponent, who was at the hotel at the time, came in, and he, too, made a little informal talk.

"The race was clean," said he, "and Mr. Pace has won fairly, and I congratulate him most cordially."

Mr. Wood was vigorously applauded. He is warmly liked by those who knew him.

Back to His Home.

Mr. Pace remained at the hotel until he had been told by many of how they were pleased at his splendid victory. He then went to his home on West Franklin Street, where his telephone was kept ringing for a long time with further congratulations. There were also quite a number of Mr. Pace's intimate personal friends who dropped in from time to time during the evening to say a kind word. Mr. Pace was a very happy man when seen last night and asked if he cared to talk concerning his victory.

"I have nothing to say," he observed, "further than to make grateful acknowledgment to my loyal friends and the public for the generous and hearty support which came to me from all over the city.

"My friends have never wavered for one moment since I entered the race, and their devoted action touches me most deeply."

Mr. Pace added that it was a matter of great pride to him that the ladies of the town gave him their warm support as well.

"I had the women and the men both for me, and this accounts for the splendid victory achieved, for I know I could not have won without their confidence and support."

Mr. Pace had a conference with Judge Witt last night, and it was agreed that the new treasurer-elect shall assume the duties of his office to-day.

Meanwhile he is being fairly showered with the earnest congratulations of his uncounted friends, who are quite jubilant on account of the splendid triumph of their leader.

Major Patton was very proud of the victory of his long-time friend. He was all along regarded as having contributed much to the very excellent management of Mr. Pace's campaign. The two have been warm personal friends for many years, and have been intimate in many of their business ventures and relations.

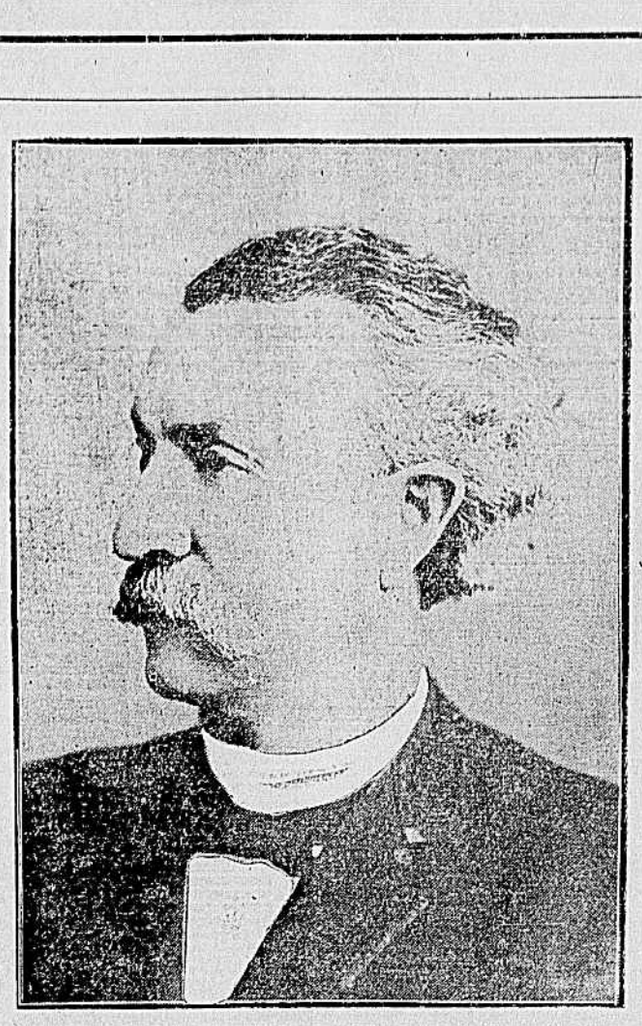
Strong Business Man.

The history of Mr. James B. Pace is an inseparable part of the business history of Richmond, for he has been a conspicuous figure in the financial and commercial world almost since the Civil War.

At one time Mr. Pace was decidedly one of Richmond's wealthiest citizens. In the days when he prospered most financially, Mr. Jace was always public spirited, and those seeking alms never went away empty handed. Mr. Pace invested thousands of dollars in real estate and was ready to assist in pushing every enterprise for the good of the people.

Park Place M. E. Church, that beautiful edifice, stands in great part, at least, as a monument to his generosity, for it is

(Continued on Second Page.)



JAMES B. PACE.

25 MEN DROWNED IN THE PACIFIC

British Bark Pass of Melfort Founders Off Ampitrite Point, B. C.

(By Associated Press.)

VICTORIA, B. C., December 28.—About twenty-five men, it is believed to-night, were drowned with the British bark Pass of Melfort, which foundered on the rocks off Ampitrite Point Tuesday night.

The salvage steamer Salvor, maintained at Esquimalt by Lloyd's agency and the Canadian government, to-day started for the wreck, from which wreckage is still coming ashore. The greater portion of the wreckage, all of which is much broken, is washing on the rocks on a small bay a quarter of a mile east of Apmhitrite Point. Settlers from Ucleulet, the nearest village, about seven miles from the wreck, have started a systematic search for bodies. The bodies of the three men already found were buried to-day. Captain Gaudin, agent of marine, who is waiting advices from Ucleulet, has instructed Captain Harris, of the steamer Salvor, to spare no effort in the endeavor to recover the bodies of the bark's crew.

The wreck of the Pass of Melfort is submerged fifty yards from shore with two spars anchored to it. An Indian is said to have seen the ill-fated ship firing rockets just before she foundered. The Indian went to Uncluelet and told settlers that a wreck had occurred and white men and Indians went to the wreck. The sea rushes into the bay where the wrck lie as though in a tide race. Settlers recovered three bodies.

Two other bodies were beaten against the rocks and later floated ashore. It is almost impossible for a man to land alive near the wreck, so rocky is the shore.

It is believed that the captain's wife was among the lost in the wreck, for among the miscellaneous wreckage washed ashore is a woman's gray coat, trimmed with red cord.

The search for the bodies of the victims continues.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Rain Friday; Saturday fair, colder; brisk to high southeast winds, becoming northwest Saturday.

North Carolina—Clearing Friday; brisk to high south winds, shifting to northwest; Saturday fair, colder.

Conditions Yesterday.

Richmond's weather yesterday was rainy and moderate. Range of the thermometer:

9 A. M.	36	6 P. M.	48
12 M.	48	9 P. M.	44
3 P. M.	53	12 midnight	42

Average ..... 50 1-6.

Highest temperature yesterday	54
Lowest temperature yesterday	33
Mean temperature yesterday	43
Normal temperature for December	41
Departure from normal temperature	2

Thermometer This Day Last Year

9 A. M.	46	6 P. M.	39
12 M.	43	9 P. M.	38
3 P. M.	43	12 midnight	31

Average ..... 39 5-6.

Conditions in Important Cities.

(At 8 P. M., Eastern Time.)

Place.	Ther.	High. T.	Weather.
Asheville, N. C.	42	46	Rain
Augusta	48	50	Rain
Atlanta, Ga.	48	50	Rain
Charlotte	40	42	Rain
Charleston	60	64	Rain
Jacksonville	58	64	Rain
Key West, Fla.	78	80	Clear
Mobile	56	64	Rain
New Orleans	66	66	Rain
New York City	46	52	Clear
Norfolk, Va.	54	56	Rain
Raleigh	50	62	Rain
Tampa, Fla.	62	70	Cloudy
Washington	48	50	Rain
Wilmington	62	66	Rain

Miniature Almanac.

December 29, 1905.

Sun rises	7:26	HIGH TIDE.	
Sun sets	4:58	Morning	6:55
Moon sets	8:52	Evening	7:16

BIRMINGHAM NEGRO RIDDLED WITH BULLETS

(By Associated Press.)

ATHENS, ALA., December 28.—Abe McDonald, a Birmingham negro, who attempted the life of Policeman Henry Nichols at Elkmont, this county, injuring him slightly, yesterday was pursued by a hundred men and brought back to the town with a rope around his neck and his body riddled with bullets, more than a hundred shots being fired into him. The body disappeared mysteriously after the affair.

PRESIDENT ANGRY AT SOUTHERN MEN

Sorry There Are Federal Offices to Be Filled in Southern States.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 28.—"I wish there was not a Federal office in the Southern States to be filled by a Republican. It would help the Republican party." And the man who made the remark brought his fist down on his big desk with a bang and showed his teeth in a manner that would have delighted the heart of cartoonists.

The President was talking to a delegation of North Carolina Republicans, who went to see him on the eve of his departure for Virginia yesterday. The delegation was headed by Representative Spencer Blackburn, of North Carolina, really one of the most respectable Republicans in the State. They had unfolded a long tale of charges against certain other Tar Heel Republicans, including one against United States Judge Jeter Pritchard. It was alleged that Judge Pritchard had used his powerful influence to have a kinsman appointed to the postmastership of a village in North Carolina, and had then succeeded in having the salary of the office advanced far beyond that justified by the receipts.

The President Was Mad.

No wonder the President was mad.—e appointed Judge Pritchard to the criminal bench of the District of Columbia on his retirement from the Senate and then elevated him to the circuit judgeship. He consulted him on nearly all matters of Federal patronage in North Carolina and other Southern States. In fact, with the solitary exception of Booker Washington, there was no Southern man more welcome at the Executive office. To be

(Continued on Third Page.)

Gets Clear Majority Over All Competitors.

CARRIES EVERY WARD IN THE CITY

Mr. Wood is Second in the Race, But is Defeated By Nearly Three to One — Heavy Vote, But Scenes Quiet About Polls.

J. B. Pace	2,429
J. B. Wood	871
C. I. Phillips	624
E. C. Garrison	359
W. H. Zimmermann	185
A. C. Harman	153
W. W. Davis	95
E. A. Barber	50
A. B. Clarke	45
L. B. Hancock	29
John Krausse	10
Scattering	1
Total	4,851

The above concisely tells the story of yesterday's special election for City Treasurer, which was one of the most interesting and unique in some respects ever held in the city.

Mr. James B. Pace swept in upon a tidal wave by which he carried every ward in the city, got a clean majority over all his competitors, and defeated Mr. James B. Wood, who was next to him, by a vote of nearly three to one.

The vote was surprisingly large, being nearly 5,000, and greatly in excess of that for the State ticket in November. The figures are: Yesterday, 4,851; November, 3,516.

The wild run made by Mr. Pace was the almost exclusive topic of conversation in political circles last night, and the popularity of the new treasurer is not only attested by the earnest and tireless efforts of his friends, but by the deep interest manifested on all hands.

The talk all flay was "Pace," "Pace," "Pace," everywhere, and it was apparent in the early morning that the former bank president and popular business man would win in a walk.

Great Activity.

Although the weather was inclement and the voting hours were short, great activity was displayed about all the precincts, and Pace stock started on the up tide early and kept going till the climax came with the counting of the ballots. Never was there a more orderly election in Richmond, however. No disturbances of any sort took place, and the scenes about the polls were in keeping with the good nature displayed by the workers for the various aspirants.

There were but few scattering votes. Mr. Charles L. Todd, who had withdrawn, received one of these, and the others were defective. Some old friend of Mr. Todd in Second Monroe threw in one for him, his name having appeared upon the official ballot because there was not sufficient time left in which to withdraw it. The whole treasurership fight has been unique. There were but little more than twenty days in which to make it, and though it came off in the holiday season, there never was a lull in public interest concerning it.

Some Dropped Out.

There were seventeen original entries, but one by one there were retirements, until the contestants finally numbered eleven. There were combinations and withdrawals from time to time in the interest of this or that candidate, all of which was natural in such a fight. The campaign of Mr. Pace, however, was finely managed. Chief among all those back of him was Major James D. Patton, who had charge of the fight. Other prominent Pace leaders were Messrs. James N. Boyd, H. M. Smith and James W. Gordon.

The Republican vote was gotten out pretty thoroughly yesterday, and it went largely for Pace. The Wood forces became demoralized early in the day, and it was hard for them to stem the tide of falling courage in their ranks. The run made by Mr. Phillips was gratifying to his friends, and while he was far behind the winner, the first clerk in the office was loyally supported, coming in ahead of Mr. Garrison, who had been counted by many as a strong competitor for the place.

All in Promptly.

Great interest was displayed in the returns last night, and they never came in more promptly or in better shape. Every precinct reported by 7:20 o'clock. Mr. W. P. Leaman, of Fourth Madison, having kept his record for being first. Mr. Leaman reported how those in his precinct had voted before 6 o'clock, and then the figures fairly rolled in from all along the lines.

The term for which Mr. Pace was chosen treasurer yesterday will begin at once and expire on January 1, 1906. So it is really for a very few days. The City Election Commission will meet to officially decare the result to-day, and Mr. Pace will qualify to-morrow. He will then hold until his successor is elected and qualifies, which will be on July 1, 1906. Meanwhile, with such a powerful vote of confidence and esteem in his favor as has just been received from his fellow-sitizens, it is easy to believe he will be renomi-

(Continued on Second Page.)

WILL CALL OFF STRIKE MONDAY

Russian Revolution Will Pass With the Old Year.

MOSCOW UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Soldiers Have Occasional Conflicts With Agitators, But Desperate Fighting Has Ceased. Father Gapon Whiles Away Time at the Gaming Table.

(By Associated Press.)

MOSCOW, December 28.—The revolt is practically over and the strike will be called off Monday.

Comparative quiet prevailed to-day. Only a few fanatics are continuing the struggle.

(By Associated Press.)

MOSCOW, December 28.—There was artillery firing in Sadovia Street to-day. The shops in the main streets are open.

(By Associated Press.)

ODESSA December 28.—Martial law has been proclaimed in this city. The strike, however, is nearly over.

(By Associated Press.)

WARSAW, December 28.—The general strike is weakening. The shops are opening and cabs are circulating in the center of the city. The employes of the factories and street railroads are still on strike. Among the railroads only the employes of the Vistula Lines have struck.

The soldiers occasionaly have conflicts with agitators. Yesterday they killed four and wounded twelve.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LONDON, December 28.—The Pall Mall Gazette corespondent at Monte Carlo reports an interview with Father Gapon, who has been said to have been indulging in high play there. He declared that he had played his own money only, and that in small sums, and had won. He said he had visited the tables merely from curiosity, and he gave the correspondent fervent assurances that he devoted all his earnings as a writer to the Russian Proletariat.

Poland Strike Extending.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, December 28.—To-day's news from Russian Poland indicates that the general strike is extending and wholesale arrests have been made in the cities. At Sosnovice, near the Emperor's hunting lodge, an attempt was made to blow up the barracks with dynamite.

The Novoe Vremya reports that a meeting of railroad men at Rostoff-on-Don was bombarded by artillery, and that 800 of those present were killed or wounded. The paper also says that all the Russian officials in Courland, except those at Mittau and Libau, have been driven out of that province.

From many places come reports that the enraged people are threatening the strikers and revolutionists with vengeance and massacres on a large scale are feared.

Strikers Weakening.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. PETERSBURG, December 28.—According to advices received by the government to-night, the rebellion at Moscow is entering on its final stage.

The same guerilla warfare was continued to-day, but on a smaller scale. Governor-General Doubassoff is acting with great energy and hundreds of members of the "Drujina" are already behind the bars.

The strikers have lost heart and the workmen's council is considering the question of calling off the strike. The principle danger now seems to be that the "Black Hundreds" will complete the work begun by the troops and end the revolt with a horrible massacre of the "reds." The lower classes are represented as enraged at the attempt of the revolutionaries to overthrow the Emperor, and even with the best intentions, it may be impossible for the authorities to restrain the fury of these classes once the opportunity is offered them. The attacks made on striking railroad men at Wayside stations sufficiently shows the temper of the peasant class.

Four thousand strikers marched out of Moscow and completely destroyed several miles of the railroad track between St. Petersburg and Moscow, thirty miles outside of Moscow, in order to prevent the arrival of troop trains bearing the Seminovsky battalion of the Horse Guard, and the trains backed twenty miles to Clyne, whence, it is understood, the troops will proceed to-morrow, on foot for their destination.

Rebels Loot Safe.

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, December 28.—A dispatch fo the Local Anzeiger from Warsaw, dated to-day, says:

The revolutionists of the district of Wysokie-Mazowieckie, government of Lomzha, have appropriated all the district government funds. During the night of December 27th, eighty armed men occupied the square where the public officers are situated, overpowered several night watchmen and drove off the policemen who hurried to the scene. The revolutionists tiren blew open the safes of the district treasury and took 243,000. There were no troops in the town.

STORES REOPENED; CITIZENS IN STREETS

(By Associated Press.)

MOSCOW, Wednesday, December 27, 6 P. M., via ST. PETERSBBURG, December 28.—The backbone of the insurrection is broken, and the uprising here is rapidly going to pieces.

The revolutionists are able to keep up only a guerilla warfare, but the ease with which they can move small detachments from place to place renders the task of suppressing them slow and tedious. The Brunnaia quarter has been cleared of the members of the "Drujina," as the fighting organization of the revolution is called.

THE VOTE IN THE CITY FOR TREASURER BY PRECINCTS.

	Marshall.				Jefferson.					Madison.					Monroe.					Henry.				Lee.			Clay.				Grand Total.
	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	3	4	Total.	1	2	3	4	Total.	1	2	3	4	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	1	2	Total.	1	2	3	Total.	
Barber	2	1	1	4	0	1	0	3	4	13	1	1	0	15	6	1	2	1	10	5	1	1	7	0	0	0	5	0	5	10	50
Clarke	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	3	6	2	3	1	12	3	5	0	0	8	5	5	0	10	6	0	6	7	0	1	8	45
Davis	2	18	6	26	2	4	10	5	21	5	8	1	1	15	3	4	1	1	9	3	3	1	7	7	2	9	6	1	1	8	95
Garrison	8	19	43	70	8	10	68	77	163	7	5	6	8	26	1	1	8	8	18	2	5	2	9	2	35	37	11	13	12	36	359
Hancock	2	5	0	7	0	0	3	2	5	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	3	1	0	1	5	2	2	9	29
Harman	1	3	0	4	0	0	4	0	4	20	15	6	0	41	10	7	5	1	23	13	6	0	19	11	4	15	22	6	19	47	153
Krausse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	10
Pace	73	100	27	200	50	45	83	43	221	172	103	57	22	354	163	162	93	65	483	103	200	87	390	298	113	411	288	100	82	470	2,429
Phillips	60	43	13	116	10	11	25	21	67	44	10	8	14	76	16	11	21	4	52	23	23	12	58	33	21	54	56	96	49	201	624
Wood	23	29	20	72	54	33	82	28	197	55	33	18	53	159	31	26	50	18	125	27	30	11	77	50	43	93	43	39	66	148	871
Zimmermann	2	1	1	4	0	5	4	0	9	16	12	5	1	34	7	2	13	7	25	5	2	6	14	9	13	20	12	4	3	75	185
For Mr. C. L. Todd, who had withdrawn																															1
Grand total of votes cast																															4,851