war records of the State of Virginia, made his annual report. This report detailed the work which is being done in collecting the rosters of all Confederate organizations from Virginia, to be published by the Federal government. Major Hunter stated that 1,725 muster rolls had been secured. He urged that Virginia undertake to publish a roster of her soldiers in the Confederate army. A most interesting feature of the report was the statement that 1,464 engagements were fought in Virginia during the war, 1,064 within the present boundaries of of Virginia and 249 within what is now West Virginia.

The report also shows the number of troops furnished by Southern States up to January 20, 1864, after which date there were comparatively few enlistments:

Virginia	[illegible]
Georgia	[illegible]
Alabama	[illegible]
North Carolina	[illegible]
Mississippi	[illegible]
South Carolina	60,127

If North Carolina had a greater number of men in the field the records do not show it, said Major Hunter, referring to the oft-repeated claim of North Carolina that she furnished to the Confederacy a larger number of troops than any other State.

Colonel Smith offered a resolution expressive of the sorrow felt by Confederate veterans on the death of Mrs. Varina Howell Davis. The resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

Colonel W. H. Stewart, of Portsmouth, was elected grand commander.

General T. T. Munford, of Lynchburg, was elected lieutenant-grand commander.

Colonel S. S. Brent, of Brooklyn, was elected second lieutenant-grand commander.

Judge John H. Lewis, of Lynchburg, third lieutenant-grand commander.

Colonel C. C. Martin, of Farmville, inspector-general.

Captain G. A. Bowen, Richmond, quartermaster-general.

Rev. Dr. J. Ryland Bagby, of Winchester, chaplain-general.

Colonel Smith's Generosity.

All the foregoing officers were elected without opposition, save Judge John H. Lewis, of Lancaster, who was at first opposed by Colonel Tom Smith.

But when Colonel Smith saw there would be a contest, he promptly withdrew his name and rushed into a complete accord with a Confederate soldier for anything and moved that the election of Judge Lewis be made unanimous, which was done. Colonel Smith's action was much applauded.

Mrs. William Mahone, president of the Crater, came into the hall at this point and was by jack to the platform.

"Three cheers for the widow of Billy Mahone," proposed a veteran standing in the aisle, and they were given with a will.

The daughter of Mrs. Mahone, Mrs. Morrill, and the daughter of General A. P. Hill, Mrs. Morrill, with the grandson of General James H. Morrill, were also carried to the stage at Roanoke.

Norfolk was selected for the next place of meeting. The invitation was extended by the Jackson-Lee Association of Norfolk and kindred bodies of Norfolk. The vote to make Norfolk the next meeting place was unanimous.

Four Aides.

The grand commander was instructed to appoint four aides-de-camp at large.

Resolutions were adopted thanking the Roanoke citizens, Daughters of the Confederacy, Sons of Veterans, the Chamber of Commerce, especially Mr. H. H. Quarles, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, and the committee of arrangements, which was a byword for hospitality to the veterans.

Resolutions were adopted thanking Major Cabell for his report of the History Committee.

Grand Commander Parker, in adjourning the camp, thanked the veterans for the honor conferred upon him, and the meeting was adjourned.

The camp was then opened for the transaction of business, and the following officers were elected:

The Virginia Division.

[illegible]

General Bolling said the national secretary of General Thomas L. Rosser, of Norfolk, commander of the Virginia Brigade, in which Rosser's Laurel Brigade is to be merged of the orders of his superior.

Judge Sam W. Williams, of Lynchburg, nominated General Cabell Bolling for the second major-general of the Virginia Division, and General Bolling was unanimously elected. He made a feeling speech in accepting the honor.

The election of General Bolling left a rank of major-general to be filled in Virginia. Bolling's left a vacancy in the place of brigadier of the Fifth Brigade, and Colonel Thomas W. Smith, of Southfield, was elected to the rank of brigadier.

The following brigadiers were elected: Second Brigade, General James Steptoe, of Pulaski; Third Brigade, General H. D. Funkhouser, of Strasburg; Fourth Brigade, General James Baumgardner, of Staunton.

The adjutant, Colonel Hilgood, was directed to send a letter to General Gordon, and the many letters this afternoon, notifying him of the action of the Virginia Division in his behalf.

Wear the Gray.

[illegible]

"Berry's for Clothes."

If you want Scarfs with "Dash and go," dash into our store and go to the furnishing department.

New Ascots that win by a neck.

New handkerchiefs—running designs.

New gloves for riding, driving and walking.

New shirts, with plaited bosoms if you prefer; and many do.

Underwear.

Dr. Jaeger's system of pure wool.

Ramie Fibre.

Linen mesh.

And the more popular makes of silk, wool and fleeced lined underwear, from 50c, up.

All Overwear, too.

O. H. Berry & Co.
MEN'S & BOYS' OUTFITTERS

[illegible] Colonel Smith, of Portsmouth, [illegible] Major Mahone, referring to the oft-repeated claim of North Carolina that she furnished to the Confederacy a larger number of troops than any other State.

Colonel Smith offered a resolution expressive of the sorrow felt by Confederate veterans on the death of Mrs. Varina Howell Davis. The resolution was adopted by a rising vote.

Colonel W. H. Stewart, of Portsmouth, was elected grand commander.

General T. T. Munford, of Lynchburg, was elected lieutenant-grand commander.

Colonel S. S. Brent, of Brooklyn, was elected second lieutenant-grand commander.

Judge John H. Lewis, of Lynchburg, third lieutenant-grand commander.

Colonel C. C. Martin, of Farmville, inspector-general.

Captain G. A. Bowen, Richmond, quartermaster-general.

Rev. Dr. J. Ryland Bagby, of Winchester, chaplain-general.

Colonel Smith's Generosity.

All the foregoing officers were elected without opposition, save Judge John H. Lewis, of Lancaster, who was at first opposed by Colonel Tom Smith.

But when Colonel Smith saw there would be a contest, he promptly withdrew his name and rushed into a complete accord with a Confederate soldier for anything and moved that the election of Judge Lewis be made unanimous, which was done. Colonel Smith's action was much applauded.

Mrs. William Mahone, president of the Crater, came into the hall at this point and was by jack to the platform.

"Three cheers for the widow of Billy Mahone," proposed a veteran standing in the aisle, and they were given with a will.

The daughter of Mrs. Mahone, Mrs. Morrill, and the daughter of General A. P. Hill, Mrs. Morrill, with the grandson of General James H. Morrill, were also carried to the stage at Roanoke.

Norfolk was selected for the next place of meeting. The invitation was extended by the Jackson-Lee Association of Norfolk and kindred bodies of Norfolk. The vote to make Norfolk the next meeting place was unanimous.

Four Aides.

The grand commander was instructed to appoint four aides-de-camp at large.

Resolutions were adopted thanking the Roanoke citizens, Daughters of the Confederacy, Sons of Veterans, the Chamber of Commerce, especially Mr. H. H. Quarles, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, and the committee of arrangements, which was a byword for hospitality to the veterans.

Resolutions were adopted thanking Major Cabell for his report of the History Committee.

Grand Commander Parker, in adjourning the camp, thanked the veterans for the honor conferred upon him, and the meeting was adjourned.

The camp was then opened for the transaction of business, and the following officers were elected:

The Virginia Division.

[illegible]

General Bolling said the national secretary of General Thomas L. Rosser, of Norfolk, commander of the Virginia Brigade, in which Rosser's Laurel Brigade is to be merged of the orders of his superior.

Judge Sam W. Williams, of Lynchburg, nominated General Cabell Bolling for the second major-general of the Virginia Division, and General Bolling was unanimously elected. He made a feeling speech in accepting the honor.

The election of General Bolling left a rank of major-general to be filled in Virginia. Bolling's left a vacancy in the place of brigadier of the Fifth Brigade, and Colonel Thomas W. Smith, of Southfield, was elected to the rank of brigadier.

The following brigadiers were elected: Second Brigade, General James Steptoe, of Pulaski; Third Brigade, General H. D. Funkhouser, of Strasburg; Fourth Brigade, General James Baumgardner, of Staunton.

The adjutant, Colonel Hilgood, was directed to send a letter to General Gordon, and the many letters this afternoon, notifying him of the action of the Virginia Division in his behalf.

Wear the Gray.

[illegible]

including the members of Lee Camp, of Richmond, remained for the special purpose of attending the ball, and many of them were out to-night, several of them essaying to trip "the light fantastic," and succeeding admirably.

The ball was a fitting climax to the four days of entertainment lavished by the people of Roanoke upon the visiting Veterans and Sons and Daughters. The reunion has been one of the most pleasant in the history of the Virginia Grand Camp, extending back through nineteen years.

Lavish Hospitality.

The business men of the city have left nothing undone to make the veterans have a good time. The Chamber of Commerce joined with William Watts Camp, Confederate Veterans, in extending the invitation of the Grand Camp to meet in Roanoke, and the chamber has left nothing undone in the way of making the visit of the veterans a delight.

The cost of the reunion, save that of the Sons of Veterans ball to-night, was borne by the chamber. There are many Northern men in the chamber, but there was not a discordant note when the proposition to go down into the treasury of the organization for funds with which to defray the cost of entertaining the Johnny Rebs was broached.

Several G. A. R. men living in Roanoke have done much to help entertain their one-time foes. Major "Bob" Day, for instance, a gallant soldier under Grant, in addition to helping entertain the Confederates, marched in procession with them yesterday. The cost of the hall of meeting, music, decorations, including badges, and the maintenance of the commissary, at which, it is said, nine hundred Confederates were fed on one day of the reunion, everything, was also borne by the Chamber of Commerce, of which, of course, many Confederate veterans are members.

The commissary, by the way, will not close until to-morrow night, so that the old Vet, who wants to remain a day after the close of the reunion may still go around and forage a meal.

One of the last official acts of Judge Fulton, retiring grand commander, was to appoint the following committee to make an effort to secure legislation amending the present Virginia pension laws, so as to provide that a widow who was the wife of a Confederate soldier on the first of May, 1878, may be eligible to the pension list:

Judge W. Dennis Vaughan, of Floyd; Judge George L. Christian, of Richmond, Judge T. L. Garnette, of Norfolk, George S. Bonar, of Petersburg, and Captain T. C. Morton, of Staunton.

Staff Appointments.

A resolution was passed extending the courtesy of the Virginia Division to the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, the Stonewall Jackson Camp, the Young Men's Christian Association, the newspapers, the Daughters of the Confederacy, and the Chamber of Commerce, the last being made up of Mr. Jacobs particularly for its entertainment and success.

A resolution was passed to the effect that the Virginia Division of Confederate Veterans [illegible] Many members [illegible] the floor of the convention at the close of the order.

[illegible] Colonel Smith, with drawn the name of Judge Lewis, which was withdrawn,