

VIEW SHOWING THE NEW SETTLING BASINS FILLED WITH WATER.

HALF MILLION FOR BIG GIRLS' SCHOOL

Baptist Campaign Takes On Definite Shape, and Will Soon Be Pushed.

DR. HENING OUTLINES PLAN

General Committee Will Have Headquarters in This City. Many Other Committees.

The campaign to raise a fund of a half million dollars for the Woman's College, and for the strengthening of Richmond College, has taken definite shape, and within a few weeks literature and personal canvassing will begin to make its impression on the Baptist population of Virginia.

The much-discussed problem of "education" is now admitted to have been settled, at least in principle. It is a question of the present colleges for men renders the consideration of this question, from an economical viewpoint, necessary.

The matter of the removal of Richmond College from West Grace Street to some point in the suburbs, in conjunction with the University of Richmond, has not as yet been taken up officially by the board of trustees.

As a matter of fact, the university board not having reached the point where it can make any definite offer to the colleges which it is proposed to affiliate in the group, the proposition to establish a Woman's College on a sufficiently broad basis to command the attention of the denomination throughout Virginia has been under discussion for years.

The undertaking at present is therefore to raise from Baptists of the State a half million of dollars in the next twelve months. Dr. Cabell Hening, D. D., of Richmond College, has been appointed to take charge of the campaign, and has entered into his work with vigor.

Dr. Hening is confidently expected, the churches are giving a cordial welcome to Dr. B. Cabell Hening in his great task to raise a half-million dollars for the Woman's College at Richmond.

Dr. Hening realizes that so large an undertaking can be carried through only by the united efforts, not only of every pastor and church member in the State, but of every district association in the State.

Dr. Hening says that as the winter is now nearly over, and access to country churches will become easier, it is important to push the preliminary work at once.

He proposes to inaugurate such a campaign as Virginia has never seen before, and calls upon all those who have been asked to serve on district campaign committees to get together and map out their work at an early date.

When it is remembered that according to United States government reports, the only first grade woman's college in the entire South is the Randolph-Macon School, at Lynchburg, there is an abundant opening for the proposed institution.

There is reason to believe that the Baptists of Virginia and neighboring States will liberally patronize the proposed school, as the present Woman's College, with its inadequate facilities, is continually overcrowded.

DELEGATES LEAVE.

To Attend Meeting of Woodmen of World in Lynchburg.

Head Camp, Jurisdiction L, Woodmen of the World, will meet in Lynchburg, Va., March 12th and 13th.

It is composed of camps in Delaware, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia and North Carolina.

The following delegates from this city will leave for Norfolk and Western Railroad at 12:15 o'clock today.

Hickory Camp—A. M. Parker, J. H. Lawler, William Britton and J. L. Croasy.

Magnolia Camp—Isaac Held, E. J. Wright.

Black Gum Camp—J. B. Wood, J. D. Barnett, H. W. Milton.

Cedar Camp—W. C. Keems, James W. Gentry, of this city, is head clerk of this jurisdiction.

Change of Schedule.

A new freight schedule on the Southern Railway between Richmond and Danville will go into effect today.

There will be no very material change in the time of the arrival and departure of the freight trains, but there will be a decided change in the manner of handling these trains.

For nearly three months the freight trains going South from Richmond have changed crews at Clover. The new schedule which goes into effect today is made to change this to Keyaville the crew-shifting point.

WHEN MAJOR TOOK MATTERS IN OWN HANDS

TO INSPECT CANAL ZONE FOR HIMSELF. Regardless of Packet Lines or Rights of Canal Company, Ordered Sluice Gates Opened to Relieve Water Famine—Some Interesting History Now Being Brought to Light.

The recent statement of Mayor Carlton McCarthy in his speech at the Mechanics' Institute, wherein he avowed his willingness to defend by force if necessary, this city's rights to as much James River water as may be needed—an utterance criticized by some as rather radical—found actual exemplification in the action of the Mayor of Richmond, who was regarded as a very conservative man.

It is a fact of history with which many are perhaps unfamiliar and which others have forgotten, that in the year 1831, month of August, Mayor Carrington, then chief executive of Richmond, in disregard of legal formalities, opened the waste-ways or sluice gates of the James River and Kanawha Canal above the dam, and allowed the waters to flow therefrom into the river. This astonishing action was taken in one of the crises of the city's history.

Owing to a remarkable and prolonged drought the level of the river was so low that the pumps at the Old Pump-House could not perform their functions, and the city was face to face with a water famine. A large part of the volume of the river was diverted into the canal for the purpose of the city, thus further depleting the water in the shriveled stream upon which the people depended.

It was a time calling for action, and Mayor Carrington measured up to the emergency. The report of Superintendent Davis, of the Water Department for that year and a diary kept by him present records of this drought and of the heroic action taken by the Mayor for the relief of the city.

On August 17th the total supply of water for the city was but one million gallons. The Mayor ordered the sluice gates of the canal opened, regardless of the packet lines or the rights of the canal company. The gates at Rutherford's Mill were opened and the water from the canal was diverted to the waterworks of the city.

The full extent of the city's water supply was inquired into some years ago by the City Attorney, who, in an opinion now on file, held that the city had the right to raise the height of the dam just beyond the Old Pump-House six feet above its present level.

The dam is now in a bad state of decay, allowing much water to escape through the breaks. The dam extends from ledge to ledge of the various islands in the route. It does not run as far westward as the limits of the city, but the subject connected with it is referred to actually define the water properly contained within these limits.

The quantity of water-power depends upon the flow of the river and the actual power possible to be developed can be ascertained from accurate engineering records available, as to the gaugings of the river.

As a general thing riparian rights extend one-half mile from shore to the adjacent shore, but in the original Harvie deed to this city, Richmond is granted the entire water-power in rights from the northern shore of the river to the northern shore of Belle Isle.

When the city acquired the rights for the New Pump-House, they were purchased from the James River and Kanawha Canal Company on March 3, 1889, just a year before the purchase of the canal to the Richmond and Alleghany Railroad Company. The consideration was \$200,000 for the release of bonds of that company to that amount held by the city.

Under the contract executed in this deed, the city is authorized to raise Boshers' dam not exceeding four feet above its present level. The dam is located nine miles from the city, and is further provided in clause 4 of this deed that under the purchase of water rights from the canal company the city acquired the water-power rights at the New Pump-House, the water to be brought down the canal from the river above Boshers' dam and to be returned into the Richmond level of the canal for such purposes as the city might see fit to use.

Had the city been given permission to divert the water from the river after deriving the power desired from it, this volume would be utilized again at the Old Pump-House and for other purposes.

The average minimum flow of the river at this point is about 1,300 cubic feet per second. In times of extreme drought as low as 700 cubic feet. The full flow of the river, about 1,600 to 1,800 cubic feet per second, would give all the water Richmond might want and leave sufficient for all other purposes for which it is now demanded.

In the event of a drought, however, the diversion into the canal of any large quantity of water might seriously embarrass the water-power industries in and near this city. The city of Richmond still has at the New Pump-House about 600-horse power of water-power, without further raising the level of Boshers' dam. As already explained, it could also increase its water-power by raising the level of the dam and still further increase it by raising the height of that dam.

CONGRESSMAN RAINEY GOING TO PANAMA TO GET IDEA OF CONDITIONS THERE.

Congressman Henry T. Rainey, of Chicago, Ill., who bears the distinction of having been the only Democratic Representative from his State in the Fifty-ninth Congress, registered at the Richmond Hotel yesterday, en route to Washington, where he will spend a few days preparatory to his departure for Panama, whither he is going on a private tour of inspection.

Mr. Rainey was accompanied by his wife, and both of them spent yesterday in viewing the historic points in the city. They were both very pleased with Richmond, this being their first visit here. This morning they leave for Norfolk where they will spend the day, proceeding thence to Washington.

From Washington they will go to New York, and sail on March 15th for Panama. Mr. Rainey will be gone for about three weeks, the city will be talking about six days, and they will spend a week in Panama. The Congressman said he wished to view the Panama situation for himself, so that he would be well informed on the subject of the canal whenever it came up again in Congress.

A party of Congressmen are now visiting in the canal zone, but Mr. Rainey thought he could accomplish more by going alone and spending all his time in a tour of inspection than with a number of members of the House, who would be in a great deal of the time they were in Panama.

Known Bryan Well. Coming from the same district Mr. Rainey is intimately acquainted with Bryan, whom he has known since the latter was seventeen years of age. He is a devoted follower of the great Democratic leader, and expresses no admiration for President Roosevelt, whose Democratic principles he thinks rather vague and undermined. He scouted the idea of Mr. Roosevelt's ever becoming the Democratic candidate for the presidency, and says that Bryan will be elected in 1916.

Asked as to his opinion on Bryan's idea of government ownership of railroads, he said that it would not become an issue in the presidential campaign, and that it would not be brought up at all.

The paramount issue, he said, would be the question of tariff, on which he thought the Republican party would become hopelessly divided, and on which the Democrats are thoroughly unified. Regulation of the tariff and the railroads, he said, is demanded by the whole country, and he thought it would ultimately be accomplished in the next Congress.

Mr. Rainey has been in Congress four years, and has just been re-elected. Democrats in Illinois are getting a firmer hold in national politics, and in the last election five of that party were elected to Congress.

Sons of Veterans to Give Ball to Sponsors. The Sons of Veterans will meet to-night in Lee Camp Hall, No. 508 East Broad Street. The camp has recently been enlarged, and has a number of new members, and expects to take an active part in the entertaining of the Confederate Reunion in May. It is probable that the Sons of Veterans will give a handsome ball in honor of the proposed reunion. This matter and others relating to the coming gathering will be discussed to-night, and Commander E. B. Thomson requests a large attendance.

Charged with Stealing. Mary Darwell, alias May Stern, a negro woman, was arrested last night and locked up at the First Station-House on the charge of stealing a raincoat. Bertha Brown, another negro woman, made the charge.

Pretty Young Woman to Sell Kisses at \$5 Each. Employers so Anxious to Kiss Her that She is Going Into Business—Declares She Was Born in This City.

Of the osculatory kind, which she says are typical. She has done everything from stenography to acting as a show girl in the "Princess of Pilsen." At first sight of her winsome face a kiss was generally demanded; if not at first, the demand was made sooner or later, and the employer was generally much aggrieved or indignant if the demand were not acceded to. Miss McChesney leads one to believe that she never gave in; but kisses were so much in demand that she conceived the idea of going into the business and offering her lips to prospective purchasers at so much per osculation. She is of the opinion that the scheme would be highly successful, as no doubt it would be, judging from her revelations of the weaknesses along this line of the sterner sex.

Miss McChesney says that her parents now live in Idaho, and that she could make her home with them; but she thinks she should do something for herself, as her father gave her a fine commercial schooling.

MANGLED BODY BESIDE TRACK. LOOKING TOWARD COMING CAMPAIGN. PASTOR PRAISES WORK OF MAYOR.

Negro Man on Way to See Relatives in Killed by Train. The mangled body of Creed Eggleston, a negro, who lived at No. 823 West Marshall Street, was found near the tracks of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, beyond Bowe Street, yesterday morning about 6:30 o'clock.

One leg was broken, the other was badly torn and bruised, the body was bruised in several places, and on the right side the head was a deep cut. Death probably resulted from the wound on the head.

Corner W. H. Taylor was called, and a doctor was summoned. Friends of the dead man took charge of this body.

Eggleston had relatives who lived beyond Bowe Street on the railroad, and it is supposed that he was on his way to see them last night when he was struck by the train.

Said to Be Considerable Sentiment for Abandonment of Primary Plan. Former Attorney-General Rufus A. Ayers, of Big Stone Gap, Va., one of the ablest lawyers and most successful business men engaged in the remarkable development of Southwest Virginia, may enter the list of candidates for the next governorship.

Although the nomination is more than two years in the future, aspirants are already announcing, and at least two are avowed candidates. When General Ayers was approached on the subject of his attitude in the matter he replied diplomatically that he had no idea of being a candidate. He added afterward, however, that he was decidedly in favor of it, but he did not know what he might do.

Hon. St. George Tucker, for several terms a representative of the Tenth District in Congress, later university professor and president, and now president of the Jamestown Exposition, is in the field. The complete success of the exposition will give Mr. Tucker's candidacy a powerful impetus in "Olden Virginia, and this, with his strength in his old home section, the Valley, would form for him such a nucleus of support at the very start that his prospects would be bright, whether the nomination be made primary or by convention.

State Senator for the district of Mann, of Nottingham, is the other avowed aspirant. He ran second two years ago in the primary and is a tactful and successful canvasser and stump, adding greatly to his following by his very effective campaign in the field.

His friends are speaking in the field, and his friends are offering him as an opportunity offers. He knows thousands of people, and many thousands more know him by reputation or by sight. The judge is a stalker and will be in at the finish, whether in first place or elsewhere.

Representative William A. Jones, of the First District; Representative Carter Glas, of the Sixth District, and ex-Judge R. T. Duke, of Charlottesville, are among others mentioned as probable candidates. Former Lieutenant-Governor Willard has not announced his intentions certainly not publicly, but may again make the race. There may be still others, including Lieutenant-Governor J. Taylor Ellison.

The number of candidates depends, to some extent, upon whether the nomination is made by primary or by convention. The expense attending a primary and canvass of the State is prohibitive upon some, but with a convention probably all or nearly all those named would aspire. The primary plan of the party has not been abandoned, and is therefore still in force, but the State convention next year to name delegates to the national convention may determine to abandon it.

BOARD MAY CALL HALT ON COUNCIL. Indications Are That Resolution Proposing Inquiry Will Fail of Passage.

The week in the City Hall is a fairly light one, save as to Friday, when three of the most important Council committees will get together to dispose of the accumulated business of the past fortnight or month. The feature of the week, of course, is the meeting of the Board of Aldermen on Tuesday night.

Chief interest centers in the question of whether or not the "economy combine," which made its presence felt so strongly at the February meeting, will still hold together and resist all efforts to grant salary increases. It is regarded as probable that the ordinance providing an increase of salary for the police patrolmen will pass, and possibly also that advancing the pay of street sergeants or roundsmen; but other raises are doubtful.

May Fail of Passage. The first matter of interest at the meeting will be action on the message from Mayor McCarthy, advising some legislation designed to secure prompt reports of city officials. Then, too, the committee proposing a committee to investigate certain charges of violation of oath and of the charter by Councilmen, made recently by the Mayor, will come up for concurrence.

The indications are that the resolution will fall of passage, several of the most influential and able members in the Board not believing that anything can be accomplished by such an inquiry. The Board will also take up the measures recently passed by the Common Council, among which, however, is none of importance.

To-night the regular meeting of the Board of Health will be held, but outside of routine work and the appointment of the revenue appropriated to the department in the budget, little of importance is likely to come up.

Wednesday is an off day, but on Thursday the meeting of the Water Committee is likely to be an important one. On Friday the Street Committee will meet at 5 P. M., the Committee on Light at 8 P. M., and the Committee on Ordinances, Charter and Reform at the same hour.

It is probable that at the meeting of the Light Committee the report of the subcommittee on bids for the rehabilitation of the gas plant will be taken up. This subject promises to engage the attention of the committee for some time.

Tillman Coming. The long delayed date of Senator Tillman's return to the city, and he will appear in the sixth number of the Association Course in Central Y. M. C. A. Hall Friday night, giving his stirring and timely lecture, "Corporations, Trusts and Monopolies." There is no more fervent advocate of what he believes to be right than Senator Tillman.

Reserved seats are now on sale. To-night the regular meeting of the Board of Health will be held, but outside of routine work and the appointment of the revenue appropriated to the department in the budget, little of importance is likely to come up.

Government Inspectors to Pay Official Visit to Richmond—Companies Here Expect to Make Good Showing—The Schedule.

This week will be a busy and important one in local military circles, owing to the fact that the United States government inspection of the six infantry companies and one battery of artillery is to be had. The inspecting officer is Colonel Charles A. Dempsey, U. S. A., retired, who is detailed to the Virginia troops by the government. Colonel Dempsey is a resident of this city and has been here for several years.

The following is the program of inspection: Monday night, Companies A, B, C, D, and Headquarters, First Battalion, Seventeenth Regiment. Wednesday night, Companies E, F, G, H, and Headquarters, Second Battalion, and E, First Battalion, and Drum Corps, First Battalion.

Friday night, Companies A and B, Richmond Light Infantry Blues' Battalion. Saturday night, Companies C, D, E, F, G, H, and Headquarters, Second Battalion, and E, First Battalion, and Drum Corps, First Battalion.

At a meeting of Company A, the Richmond Chaps, on Friday night, an indoor baseball team will be organized from the membership of this command. Plans will also be made for the company's trip to Fredericksburg when the rifle team will try conclusions with that of Company L of the city. Captain

PAYS TRIBUTE TO MRS. EDDY

Christian Science Lecturer, However, Does Not Refer to Pierson's Attack.

Mr. Bliss Knapp, a son of Ira O. Knapp, Christian Science doctor, and himself a graduate of Harvard University, who has been lecturing on Christian Science, gave a lecture to a large audience in the Academy of Music yesterday afternoon. The address was in the nature of an exposition of the tenets of the Scientists, and though, as a course of lectures, it was far into the subject, covered various points in an interesting and instructive manner. The entire lower floor of the building was well filled, and not a few in the balcony. Besides the local congregation, who are sufficiently numerous to be building a handsome church office at Park Avenue and Meadow Street, many persons attended with a view to learning from authoritative sources just what the Scientists believe.

No Reference to Pierson. Mr. Knapp was introduced by Mr. Roeder in a very brief address, and at once proceeded to discuss his theme. Those who anticipated that he might touch upon the local criticisms of Mrs. Eddy, did not expect a large audience. They were disappointed, no reference whatever being made to the article published by Mr. Pierson a few days ago. In substance the speaker said in the course of his address: "As I have no creedal dogmas; but in fact thereof I have certain religious tenets—six in number—to which all must subscribe their names upon joining themselves to any church of this denomination. These set forth the principles of the Christian Science, and are: 1. That God is the Father, and that we are His children; 2. That Jesus is the way-shower to life and salvation; and that we establish our Christian conduct on the guidance of the inspired Word of the Bible.

"The inspired writings of the Bible have comforted the world for centuries; and its highest ideals, its most perfect expression of religious teachings, has been manifested in the life of Christ Jesus. And why? Because He knew more about God than any other man in the annals of history. Christian Science is based upon His words and works. If Christians do not believe in His teachings, it is because He lived and demonstrated all that He taught concerning our heavenly Father and the way of life and salvation.

"The fact that Jesus could teach the healing Truth to the disciples, and that it follows a definite law; but the proof is even more certain, from the fact that Paul gained a similar understanding. Did not the Master promise to send us another Comforter? This Comforter He called the 'Spirit of Truth,' and we have learned that this 'Spirit of Truth' healed the sick in every age, and it does this just as certainly to-day in Christian Science.

"Christian healing did not end with the apostles, but continued to mark the efforts of the early Christians for nearly two centuries. The History of Rome relates how the dead were frequently raised by the prayers of the Christians, until near the close of the second century.

Tribute to Mrs. Eddy. "True, there have been differing theories about Christ, and therefore about Christianity, because men have been unable to answer the Master's own question: 'Whom do men say that I am?' To be sure, the subject has not lacked in serious deliberation. But in accordance with the purity of her own faith, Mrs. Eddy touched the hem of Truth, and was instantly healed. That was the falling apple, which she discovered that Christ Jesus had answered His own question in these words: 'He that believeth on Me, the works that I do shall he do also;—and greater works than these shall he do.' As Newton has said, 'The greatest gravitation and then found its law, so Mrs. Eddy, having discovered the healing Truth or Comforter, sought next for the spiritual law of Science which governed it. Her success endowed her with the wisdom and understanding to build up the broken-hearted and set the captive free. Truly, she must be a pure-minded woman to write the first book since the primitive Christians, the simple reading of which heals the sick.

"The method of good and intelligent people have run the gamut of Christian Science after everything else had failed. Therefore, standing on the vantage ground of experience, they have understood the value of gravitation and then found its law, so Mrs. Eddy, having discovered the healing Truth or Comforter, sought next for the spiritual law of Science which governed it. Her success endowed her with the wisdom and understanding to build up the broken-hearted and set the captive free. Truly, she must be a pure-minded woman to write the first book since the primitive Christians, the simple reading of which heals the sick.

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When one is possessed with the glow of spiritual understanding, Christian healing is as certain to him as a bird's flight when it feels the strength of its wings. The first time I announced the summer is at hand, so Jesus merely recounted His works to prove His spiritual identity. Sending forth His disciples, He said, 'And as ye go, preach, saying, The Kingdom of Heaven is at hand. Heal the sick, cleanse the lepers, raise the dead, cast out devils; freely ye have received, freely give.'

The speaker cited the popular theory that pain was often admitted to be in the thinking, declaring that the administration of anesthetics by suspending the action of the brain prevented pain. He asserted also that many physicians declare that they can accomplish the best results only when the patient has faith in them and in the drugs they administer, and declared that this was an instance of the use of the physical element of healing. Mr. Knapp referred to Science healing as metaphysical healing, as distinguished from the physical treatment administered by physicians and surgeons.

Negro Arrested. Albert Matthews, a negro, attempted to murder Hayes said, to cut her to pieces. She told her troubles to a justice of the peace, and Albert was arrested by Officers Tyler and Samuel. He will explain to the One John this morning.

DISCUSSES FAITH HEALING

Large Audience at Academy of Music Hears Address by Mr. Bliss Knapp.

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