

story. His answers came without hesitation. So far as he had not made any material contradiction. From time to time he has actually corrected the record itself when his answers of the day before have been read and the transcription shows an error. At times his reply to an assertion made by Richardson is positive in the extreme. "I made no such statement," or "I said nothing of the kind," is a frequent answer, and when he finds frequent mention not to his satisfaction, he will change it, always preceding the change with "I beg your pardon, sir, but I would like to explain that answer."

State to Take Him Again. At the close of Orchard's cross-examination, the State will take him in hand for re-direct questioning. Then will come the renewed cross-examination. It seems hardly possible that he will be dismissed before the end of next week. He may be recalled afterwards as the case develops. The warden at the penitentiary says that Orchard shows no sign of nervousness or strain. He eats well and speaks without particular emotion of the events of the day.

The Pathetic Side. One of the interesting features of today's examination was the development of the fact that Orchard fled in 1895 to run away with another man's wife. He testified that he had sold a pocket and chain and some of the property for something like \$115, the greater part of which he had sent to his wife. This property, aside from the pocket and chain, consisted of a fishing rod, a gun and a revolver, together with some other little things. He said that the warden had disposed of these for him, with the understanding that the person buying them could have them after the trial.

Orchard said that the warden told him that he had received part of this money from Governor Gooding. It is possible that the Governor may be called as a witness to explain the transaction.

Met Him at Headquarters. Orchard said to-day that he had not become acquainted with Pettibone until 1904, the early part of the year. He had roomed over Pettibone's store for a while.

"Wasn't it because of that fact that you met him?" demanded Attorney Richardson.

"No, I met him at headquarters," the witness replied.

Richardson next went into the attempt made upon the life of Governor Peabody, of Colorado. He wanted to know why Orchard had gone to Cripple Creek to get Steve Adams to help him assassinate the Governor.

"Was it because he was a federation man?" he asked.

"No," replied Orchard, "it was because I wanted a partner."

"Did you know Adams very well?" "Not so very well."

A Counter Plot, Perhaps. Orchard constantly corrected Richardson as to inferences he would draw from his answers and as to the attorney's recollection of his direct testimony.

Haywood was repeatedly in consultation with Mr. Richardson, suggesting questions and giving correct dates. The tack taken by the defendant's attorneys in asking Orchard if he wanted Adams to help him in the assassination of Governor Peabody because Adams was a federation man is taken as another indication that the defense will contend that Orchard was in the employ of the Mine Owners' Association, and that he tried to involve the federation or a federation man in all of his crimes.

It is certain the defense will claim that Orchard was in the employ of the mine owners to break up the miners' union by having lawless acts attributed to it.

Went Over the Testimony. Richardson went over Orchard's testimony on direct and cross-examination, and made a most word for word with the witness, each question in direct evidence suggesting five to twenty interrogations in cross-examination. Orchard adhered to every one of his first statements, and elaborated them under the hail of questions from the defense.

Mr. Richardson devoted much time to "fixing places and dates in the witness's story, evidently laying the foundation for contradictory evidence when the defense has its innings.

"Outside of your assassinations," Mr. Richardson asked the witness, "did you have any little enterprises on the side?"

Orchard said he gambled some with the money he drew from the federation, but lost more than he won.

"Didn't you ever hold anybody up on the street and take their money away from them?"

"No, I didn't."

Did Not Know Gregory. "What was the reason given you for the killing of Gregory?" demanded Richardson.

"Because of his opposition to the federation and the coal miners," the witness replied.

"But the federation had nothing to do with the coal miners, did it?" "I believe not."

"And there was not a coal strike on?" "Yes, I believe there was."

Mitchell Their President. "But the coal miners belonged to Mr. Mitchell's organization?" "Yes, I believe Mitchell was president."

Orchard said Gregory had been a deputy of the coal operators. He had also been a detective at Idaho Springs during a strike the federation was conducting there.

The witness said Pettibone had reported the proposed assassination of Gregory to the executive board of the Western Federation of Miners, and had said the board thought it would be a good thing. Asked to name the members of the executive board at this time, Orchard gave the names of Jack

"Berry's for Clothes"—the distinguishing sort. A sign of the times. Don't be taken by surprise. THERE'S A HOT TIME COMING WITH A RUSH. The cool stuff is all ready for you here. Underwear and clothing suitable for everywhere. Suits, \$12.50 to \$32.00; Straw Hats, \$1.00 up; Genuine Panama, \$3 to \$10; Berry low shoes—any leather—\$3.50; Hatan's, \$5; Negligee Shirts, \$1.00 to \$3.50; Wash Suits, 95c up; Boys' Cassimere Suits, \$2.95 up. O. H. BERRY & CO., --The Quality Store--

WENT FROM SOUTH TO FACE LYNCHING. Charleston Negro Had Narrow Escape from New York Mob. FURED INTO STREET CROWD. Police Had difficulty in Protecting Him After the Arrest.

NEW YORK, June 8.—A negro, who described himself as Paul Poineette, nineteen years old, of No. 152 Church Street, Charleston, S. C., and who said he came to this city a few days ago and got work as a strike-breaker at one of the steamship piers, narrowly escaped a possible lynching at the hands of an infuriated crowd to-night after he had shot and seriously wounded a man and a boy and had fired several shots at policemen who sought to capture him. He was arrested after a long chase. A detail of police had much difficulty in getting the negro to a place of safety.

THE WEATHER. Forecast: Virginia—Fair and warmer Sunday; Monday fair; light variable winds. North Carolina—Showers and cooler Sunday; Monday fair; light west winds. CONDITIONS YESTERDAY. Richmond's weather was warm and partly cloudy, with showers in the afternoon. Range of the thermometer: 12 A. M. 68 6 P. M. 86 12 A. M. 73 9 P. M. 64 3 P. M. 70 12 midnight 61 Average 70.5. Highest temperature yesterday 74. Lowest temperature yesterday 60. Mean temperature yesterday 67. Normal temperature yesterday 74. Departure from normal temperature 7.

THERMOMETER THIS DAY LAST. YBAK. 9 A. M. 83 6 P. M. 88 12 M. 81 9 P. M. 81 3 P. M. 82 12 midnight 78 Average 80.5. CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES. At 8 P. M., Eastern Time. Place. Ther. H. T. Weather. Charlotte 74 80 Cloudy. Asheville 68 74 Rain. Charleston 80 90 Cloudy. Savannah 84 92 Cloudy. Jacksonville 83 92 Clear. Tampa 82 90 Clear. Atlanta 82 88 Clear. New Orleans 82 90 Clear. Mobile 80 84 Clear. Montgomery 85 82 Cloudy. Wilmington 80 86 Cloudy. Raleigh 78 86 Cloudy. Norfolk 82 88 Rain. Galveston 80 84 L. cloudy.

MINIATURE ALMANAC, June 8, 1907. Sun rises... 4:50 HIGH TIDE. Sun sets... 7:27 Morning... 3:34 Moon rises... 4:24 Evening... 4:04

B. A. Degree for Turcheil. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) MIDDLETON, CONN., June 8.—Among the students who receive the bachelor of arts degree at Wesleyan University commencement, June 8, is Walter Hutton, of Chynso, N. C., one of the high ranking students in scholarship of the graduating class.

Dandelion a safe and sure specific for rheumatism. Guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. Serial number 3511. Rheumatism for the most part attacks the sinews and muscles of the body. Therefore the joints, the muscle casings and heart valves suffer most. Like gout, this disease is caused by an excess of uric acid or blood poison in the system. Rheumatic pains sometimes change their location; wander from one part of the body to another, and visit various joints in succession. The nature of this painful disease is still a matter of opinion, but certain remedies have been discovered that produce immediate and lasting relief in many times a permanent cure. Probably the most important discovery made in the connection is the famous prescription from which Dr. Edwards' Compound Dandelion Tablets are prepared. Thousands of people have used this wonderful remedy for rheumatism, and are now well and happy. It will pay you to get a box to-day. Sold by all Druggists, 25c; Schenck Chemical Co., Manufacturers, 54-56 Franklin St., New York. (LOOK FOR THIS SIGNATURE) Les Edwards

MANY SPEECHES BY CANDIDATES. House and Senate Aspirants Talk to Clay Ward Voters. DISCUSS THEIR PLATFORMS. Grand Rally to be Held in Auditorium Saturday Night Before Primary.

After hearing all the legislative candidates save Mr. A. Blair Blair, who was absent, the Clay Ward Actives last night adopted a resolution directing President Minor to arrange for a great rally in the city Auditorium on Saturday night, June 22, when the voters of the entire city will be invited to hear the issues discussed. The meeting last night was the most successful yet held in this campaign, and much interest was manifested in the utterances of the candidates. The club transacted but little other business, though resolutions were adopted respecting the death of Alderman M. Hill Seay, long a faithful member of the organization.

Harman is First. Senator A. C. Harman opened up and spoke briefly of his record in the Legislature. He thought his long experience would enable him to nerve his people in a more intelligent manner, and upon this ground asked a reelection. Senator Harman was followed by Mr. Folkes, and the former House member, who is running for the Senate, declared that the legislatures of the last twenty years had done nothing to break up a great railroad monopoly in this State. He was not against railroads, but upon an issue between them and the people he would take his stand on the side of the people. He did not think the people were so much concerned about rates as to create competition among railroads, so that the people might have fair treatment.

More Railroads. "What we want," he said, "is more railroads, and we should encourage legislation which will lead to the building of new ones, so that a great proportion of the trade of our State will not go to Baltimore or other outside cities." Mr. John B. Minor was given a flattering reception. He spoke briefly, outlining his public life and professional career in this city. He said he would favor the raising of the limit of the income tax from \$500 to \$1,200, and would also seek to have a readjustment of the tax laws, so as to do away with double taxation.

For the House. Mr. John J. Blake was the first House aspirant to speak. He declared in favor of the general principles of the Torrens land registration system and for the raising of the income tax limit to \$1,500. Mr. Blake praised the efforts of the present generation in the interest of public education, but said other improvements could be made, and he would favor them if elected. Captain John A. Curtis, the "ballot" candidate for the House, stirred his voters to a high pitch of enthusiasm. He was in favor of all the good things

spoken of by his predecessors. If there could be found a spot or blemish upon his record, either in peace or in war, he was willing to "back out" of the canvass. Wants Another Term. Hon. Harry C. Glenn spoke in his own interests for re-election. He pointed to his record in the Council, and declared that one of the greatest honors of his life was the part he bore in the new High School movement, which would shortly culminate in one of the most beautiful and commodious buildings in the South. Mr. Glenn declared that he had offered a traveling auditors' bill at the last session, and he desired to return mainly to press this important measure to a successful issue.

Delegato Cox followed, but spoke briefly. He opened by paying a tribute to the late M. Hill Seay, who was his friend and a faithful public servant. Mr. Cox declared for every possible reform in the public school system. He would open the highways and improve them so as to open the marts of trade to every citizen of the Commonwealth. He believed the water-works should be moved in the River above Tidewater, and to this end the start should be made by naming a board of engineers to examine into the question. Mr. Hill Montague spoke of his platform, and congratulated the people upon the splendid wave of prosperity upon which the old Commonwealth seemed to be riding. He favored nearly all the reforms pointed out by the candidates who preceded him, and emphasized the importance of the improvement of State highways. He favored the increase of the income tax exemption to \$1,200, and warmly advocated the highest and best system of public schools throughout the State.

Colonel Minette Speaks. Colonel E. C. Massey spoke earnestly in favor of the Torrens system of land registration, for which he had fought for so many years, and also of other measures to which he gave support in the last House. Mr. R. N. Pollard made a brief address, and declared that though he had no public record, he would work

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK? Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It. Nature warns you when the track of health is not clear. Kidney and bladder trouble compel you to pass water often through the day and get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause lumbago, rheumatism, enlargement of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints or muscles, at times have headache or indigestion, as time passes you may have a sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, sometimes feel as though you had heart trouble, may have plenty of ambition, but no strength, get weak and waste away.

If such conditions are permitted to continue, serious results are sure to follow; Bright's disease, the very worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you. A Trial Will Convince Any One. If you are sick or feeling badly, begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. You will feel better as soon as your kidneys begin to get better. They will help the other organs to health. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for it is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that has ever been discovered. You cannot get rid of your aches and pains if your kidneys are out of order. You cannot feel right when your kidneys are wrong.

How to Find Out. If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle, and let it stand twenty-four hours. If it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of attention. Swamp-Root is Pleasant to Take. If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE.—To prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root, you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands of letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value of Swamp-Root is so well-known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in the Richmond Sunday Times-Dispatch. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

faithfully for needed reforms if sent to the Legislature. Mr. Puller declared for a modern dining-room for the inmates of the penitentiary, both of which he regarded as public necessities. He said he favored reform in the matter of land registration, and was ready to support any measure for this purpose which would properly safeguard the rights of the land-owner. Mr. R. E. Peyton, Jr., asked that he be returned to the House; gave an account of his stewardship, and promised renewed faithful service.

Colonel C. E. Wingo was the last speaker. The hour was late and he did not consume a great deal of time. His life's record was before the people of Richmond, and he was willing to stand upon it. He promised to be a representative of all the people if sent to the House. EARTHQUAKE DESTROYS VILLAGE IN PARIS. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 8.—The village of Corala, seventy-five miles east of Van, on the Turco-Persian frontier, was destroyed by an earthquake yesterday.

Mrs. Mary Jane Buncutter. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) WINCHESTER, VA., June 8.—Mrs. Mary Jane Buncutter, widow of John H. Buncutter, a prominent land owner, died at her home near Oppeque, today, aged eighty-six years. She was the last member of her family.

Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N. WASHINGTON, D. C., June 8.—Medical Director Robert A. Marmion, U. S. N., retired, died here today as the result of a stroke of apoplexy. Dr. Marmion was born in West Virginia and was retired from active service in the navy last year. Since his retirement, he has by special designation been on duty as a member of the naval medical examining board in this city.

Virginia-Carolina Fire. MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 8.—A warehouse of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, containing 8,000 tons of meal and 40,000 tons of acid, was burned here late today. The loss of \$25,000 on the building and contents of the contents is reported to be covered by insurance.

NATIONAL TOILET COMPANY, Paris, Tenn. Cream, a new discovery, rid under a positive guarantee, and money refunded, if it fails to remove freckles, pimples, liver spots, tan, sallowness, collar discoloration, blackheads and eruptions of the skin, no matter how long standing. Ordinary cases in 10 days, the worst in 30 days. Leave the skin clean, soft, healthy and beautiful. No possible harm can result from its use. Indisposed by thousands of grateful ladies. Price, 50c, and \$1.00 by leading druggists or mail.

NO CONFESSION BY HAU, THE PRISONER. Still Denies That He Murdered His Mother-in-Law, Frau Molitor. HEARS OF WIFE'S SUICIDE. Latter Kills Herself in Lake Because of Separation and Grief.

KARLSRUHE, GERMANY, June 8.—Karl Hau, professor of Roman law at the George Washington University, Washington, D. C., who is in prison here charged with the murder of his mother-in-law, Frau Molitor, was visited by the governor of the prison today and informed that his wife had committed suicide by drowning in a lake near Pfaffikon, Switzerland. The governor had quite a lengthy conversation with the professor, which led to a report that he had confessed that he had murdered his wife's mother, which he has strenuously denied. The State's attorney subsequently denied the report that Hau had made a confession.

Mrs. Hau came to Karlsruhe two days ago and had a long talk with her husband. She left the prison in a state of the utmost depression and went back to the village of Pfaffikon. On arriving there Mrs. Hau went into a bathing establishment on the small lake and requested to be given a separate dressing room. The attendants later were found floating in the lake, but soon afterwards they observed that she was no longer moving. A boatman rowed out to the spot and brought the body ashore, where a physician, who was hurriedly sent for, tried in vain to resuscitate the unfortunate woman. A long farewell letter was found in her clothing, in which she declared it was impossible for her to any longer bear the sorrow of living apart from her husband, notwithstanding, she said, that death was bitter for her, owing to her child. A considerable sum of money was also found in Mrs. Hau's clothing.

ROBINSON SENT ON. Confessed to Burglary in Ellis Cooper's Store. Richard Robinson, colored, charged with being a suspicious character and with having entered the store of Ellis Cooper, No. 123 1/2 West Broad Street, was taken away from a lot of suits, suitings and tailoring materials, confessed to the crime in the Police Court yesterday morning, and was sent on to the State penitentiary.

For Better Morgans. Superintendent E. P. Morgan, of the State Penitentiary, returned from Pittsylvania county, where he went to arrange for sending convicts to work on proposed new public roads. Pittsylvania county is being made a model road question, and her supervisors are in favor of building all the new ones the treasury will stand.

For Desecrating Graves. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) WINCHESTER, VA., June 8.—George Whitley, a well known young farmer, residing near Gaylord, Clarke county, was arraigned before Justice Wilson in this city to-day and given a long jail sentence for desecrating graves in M. Hebron Cemetery, this city, on Memorial Day, June 6th. Whitley claimed he was drunk at the time and was not responsible for his acts of vandalism.

Hair on Face, Neck and Arms. Removed by the New Principle. De Miracle. A revelation to modern science. It is the only scientific and practical way to destroy hair. Don't waste time and money on electrolysis, wax and depilatories. These are offered you on the DE MIRACLE of the opera house and are guaranteed to remove hair from the face, neck and arms. It is endorsed by physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. De Miracle mailed, sealed in plain wrapper for \$1.00. Write for free trial and full particulars to De Miracle Chemical Co., 109 N. 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by all first class druggists, department stores, hairdressers, etc.

The Cohen Co. Peik Miller-Childrey Co. Money from the Soil. The dollars harvested from the soil are many, and the greater portion of these are deposited in the savings banks throughout the country. Our list of accounts with shrdwd, down-to-date farmers is growing regularly and rapidly. These men appreciate the strength of our institution, the 3 per cent. compound interest we pay, and the exceptional facilities afforded for the transaction of business. It is easy to bank by mail if you live at a distance. Planters National Bank Savings Department, Richmond, - - - Virginia. Capital, - - - \$300,000.00 Surplus and Profits, \$1,000,000.00 V. P. I. and V. M. I. Cadets in Camp AT EXPOSITION. Special Excursion via C. & O. Tomorrow, \$1.50 Round Trip. Two trains, 7 A. M. and 8 A. M. No stops. Returning leave Exposition 4:30 and 9 P. M.

GRADUATING CLASS 1907 OF BLACKSTONE FEMALE INSTITUTE. A large group photograph of the graduates of the Blackstone Female Institute, showing a diverse group of young women in formal attire, standing in several rows in front of a building.