folk, whose rise was by weary and painful labor, lived to lead his people through the burning flames of a struggle from which the nation emerged, purified as by fire, born anew to a loftier life. After long years of iron effort and of failure that came more often than victory, he at last rose to the leadership of the republic, at the moment when that leadership had become the stupendous world-task of the time. He grew to know greatness, but never ease. Success came to him, but never happiness, save that which springs from doing well a painful and a vital task. Power was his, but not pleasure. The furrows deepened on his brow, but his eyes were undimmed by either hate or fear. His gaunt shoulders were bowed, but his steel thews never faltered as he bore for a burden the destinies of his people. His great and tender heart shrank from giving pain, and the task allotted him was to pour out like water the life-blood of the young men and to feel in his every fibre the sorrow of the women. Disaster saddened but never dismayed him. As the red years of war went by they found him ever doing his duty in the present, ever facing the future with fearless front, high of heart and dauntless of soul. Unbroken by hatred, unshaken by scorn, he worked and suffered for the people. Triumph was his at the last; and barely had he tasted it before murder found him, and the kindly, patient, fearless eyes were closed forever.

Washington and Lincoln.

As a people, we are, indeed, beyond measure fortunate in the characters of the two greatest of our public men, Washington and Lincoln. Widely though they differed in externals, the Virginia landed gentleman and the Kentucky backwoodsman, they were alike in essentials, they were alike in the great qualities which rendered each able to render service to his nation and to all mankind such as no other man of his generation could or did render. Each had lofty ideals, but each, in striving to attain these lofty ideals, was guided by the soundest common sense. Each possessed inflexible courage in adversity and a soul wholly unspoiled by prosperity. Each possessed all the gentler virtues commonly exhibited by good men who lack rugged strength of character. Each possessed also all the strong qualities commonly exhibited by those towering masters of mankind who have too often shown themselves devoid of so much as the understanding of the words by which we signify the qualities of duty, of mercy, of devotion to the right, of lofty disinterestedness in battling for the good of others. There have been other men as great and other men as good; but in all the history of mankind there are no other two great men as good as these, no other two good men as great. Widely though the problems of to-day differ from the problems set for solution to Washington when he founded this nation, to Lincoln when he saved it and freed the slave, yet the qualities they showed in meeting these problems are exactly the same as those we should show in doing our work to-day.

Lincoln saw into the future with the prophetic imagination usually vouchsafed only to the poet and the seer. He had in him all the lift toward greatness of the visionary, without any of the visionary's fanaticism or egotism, without any of the visionary's narrow jealousy of the practical man and inability to strive in practical fashion for the realization of an ideal. He had the practical man's hard common sense and willingness to adapt means to ends; but there was in him none of that morbid growth of mind and soul which blinds so many practical men to the higher things of life. No more practical man ever lived than this homely backwoods idealist, but he had nothing in common with those practical men whose consciences are warped until they fail to distinguish between good and evil, fail to understand that strength, ability, shrewdness, whether in the world of business or of politics, only serve to make their possessor a more noxious, a more evil member of the community, if they are not guided and controlled by a fine and high moral sense.

Must Learn From Lincoln.

We of this day must try to solve many social and industrial problems requiring to an especial degree the combination of indomitable resolution with cool-headed sanity. We can profit by the way in which Lincoln used both these traits as he strove for reform. We can learn much of value from the very attacks which following that course brought upon his head, attacks alike by the extremists of revolution and by the extremists of reaction. He never wavered in devotion to his principles, in his love for the Union and in his abhorrence of slavery. Timid and lukewarm people were always denouncing him because he was too extreme, but, as a matter of fact, he never went to extremes; he worked step by step; and because of this the extremists hated and denounced him with a fervor which now seems to us fantastic in its defication of the unreal and the impossible. At the very time when one side was holding him up as the apostle of social revolution because he was against slavery, the leading abolitionist denounced him as the "slave hound of Illinois." When he was the second time candidate for President the majority of his opponents attacked him because of what they termed his extreme radicalism, while a minority threatened to bolt his nomination because he was not radical enough. He had continually to check those who wished to go forward too fast, at the very time that he overrode the opposition of those who wished not to go forward at all. The goal was never dim before his vision; but he picked his way cautiously, without either halt or hurry, as he strode toward it, through such a morass of difficulty that no man of less courage would have attempted it, while it would surely have overwhelmed any man of judgment less serene.

Yet perhaps the most wonderful thing of all, and, from the standpoint of the America of to-day and of the future, the most vitally important, was the extraordinary way in which Lincoln could fight valiantly against what he deemed wrong and yet preserve undiminished his love and respect for the brother from whom he differed. In the hour of a triumph that would have turned any weaker man's head, in the heat of a struggle which spurred many a good man to dreadful vindictiveness, he said truthfully that, so long as he had been in his office, he had never willingly planted a thorn in any man's bosom, and besought his supporters to study the incidents of the trial through which they were passing as philosophy from which to learn wisdom and not as wrongs to be avenged, ending with the solemn exhortation that, as the strife was over, all should reunite in a common effort to save their common country.

Lived in Terrible Days.

He lived in days that were great and terrible, when brother fought against brother for what each sincerely deemed to be the right. In a contest so grim the strong men who alone can carry it through are rarely able to do justice to the deep convictions of those with whom they grapple in mortal strife. At such times men see through a glass darkly; to only the rarest and loftiest spirits is vouchsafed that clear vision which gradually comes to all, even to the lesser, as the struggle fades into distance and wounds are forgotten, and peace creeps back to the hearts that were hurt. But to Lincoln was given this supreme vision. He did not hate the man from whom he differed. Weakness was as foreign as wickedness to his strong, gentle nature; but his courage was of a quality so high that it needed no bolstering of dark passion. He saw clearly that the same high qualities, the same courage and willingness for self-sacrifice and devotion to the right as it was given them to see the right, belonged both to the men of the North and to the men of the South.

As the years roll by, and as all of us, wherever we dwell, grow to feel an equal pride in the valor and self-devotion alike of the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray, so this whole nation will grow to feel a peculiar sense of pride in the man whose blood was shed for the union of his people and for the freedom of a race, the lover of his country and of all mankind, the mightiest of the mighty men who mastered the mighty days—Abraham Lincoln.

Hurrying out The Higher-priced Suits

Every purchaser of the more than eight hundred suits in this nine days' sale which started Thursday is not only at once gainer by many dollars, but will have long run satisfaction in his suit such as he probably can't get in any other clothes.

$38 and $35 Suits rushing out at . . . $24.75

$28 and $25 Suits rushing out at . . . $17.75

$20 and $18 Suits rushing out at . . . $12.75

Make haste!

Lower priced Suits, too, reduced.

O. H. Berry & Company,

Main and 11th Streets.

UNITE PRAISE TO ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Impressive Ceremonies Are Held in Springfield—Son at the Tomb.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., February 12.—Amid a scene of unrivaled brilliancy at the State armory to-night three nations paid their tribute to Lincoln and to each other. French Ambassador Jusserand brought the message from France, British Ambassador Bryce, the eulogy of England, while William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, and United States Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver, of Iowa, laid America's wreath of respect at the feet of Lincoln.

This was a fitting climax for the remarkable all-day celebration, which took the distinguished guests mentioned above and two-score others through the old Lincoln home, past the old courthouse, where Lincoln practiced law; by the building where his office was situated, to the old church, where Lincoln worshiped, and where his name yet appears upon the pew he occupied, and to the burial place of the martyred President.

Son at Tomb.

An impressive feature of the celebration was the scene at the Lincoln tomb, when Robert T. Lincoln, son of the martyred President, stood beside the sarcophagus in which the body of his father rests and bowed his head with tear-dimmed eyes in silent meditation, with Ambassadors Jusserand and Bryce and many other distinguished guests. At the base of the monument, old soldiers who had responded to Lincoln's call to arms stood guard with fixed bayonets.

This afternoon 8,000 persons crowded a large tabernacle, and thousands were turned away. Formal addresses were delivered by William J. Bryan, on "Lincoln as An Orator," and by Senator Dolliver, on "The Career of Lincoln." Informal addresses were delivered by Ambassadors Jusserand and Bryce.

Letter from Negro Leader.

A letter from Booker T. Washington was read at the banquet to-night. It urged negroes to be law-abiding, and added "that every member of my race who does not work, who leads an immoral life, dishonors the name and memory of Lincoln."

"In every part of this country I want to see my race live such high and useful lives that they will not merely be tolerated, but that they shall actually be needed."

He urged the white race to be just with the negro. "No man," he said, "who hallows the name of Lincoln will inflict injustice upon the negro because he is a negro or because he is weak."

Negroes Hold Banquet.

The negroes of Springfield, having been excluded from the Lincoln centennial banquet held a competitive event to-night, and tributes to Lincoln were delivered. Rev. L. H. Magee criticized the banquet of the centennial association, saying:

"I would rather be one of the number of the black devotees of Lincoln than a toastmaster at a so-called Lincoln banquet at $25 a plate. O consistency, thou art a jewel! How can you play Hamlet without the melancholy Dane?"

Chicago Pays Homage.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 12.—Chicago, as the metropolis of Lincoln's home State, to-day paid tribute to the great emancipator. The city was bedecked with flags and banners, and more than fifty commemorative meetings were held chief of them being one at which Dr. Woodrow Wilson, president of Princeton University, was speaker.

Million Participate in New York.

NEW YORK, February 12.—Beautiful, and sincere was the homage paid today to the memory of Abraham Lincoln. In practically every schoolhouse, church and hall memorial services were held, and it is estimated that more than 1,000,000 people participated.

In every armory, many of the schools, hotels and clubs, celebrations of various kinds were given to-night. Among the speakers at the functions were Booker T. Washington, at the Republican Club; Andrew Carnegie, at the meeting of the Cooper Union Alumni, and Judge Emory Speer, of Georgia, at the armory of the Twelfth Regiment.

Vice-President-Elect at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, PA., February 12.—Vice-President-Elect James S. Sherman, of New York, was the principal speaker at the Chamber of Commerce dinner at the Hotel Schenley here to-night.

Mr. Sherman responded to the toast, "Abraham Lincoln."

Fairbanks at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, PA., February 12.—Vice-President Fairbanks was the principal speaker here to-night at the Lincoln Day meeting. Mr. Fairbanks was the recipient of an enthusiastic welcome.

Day in Norfolk.

NORFOLK, VA., February 12.—The Lincoln Emancipation Association and Negro G. A. R. of Norfolk and Portsmouth to-day held several Lincoln memorial exercises in the colored churches with large attendances. In one instance 1,500 tags were distributed to negro children. The tags bore on one side a Civil War scene, with a negro running from his log cabin towards President Lincoln, the reverse side showing the proposed monument to the negro troops of the Civil War.

Front Royal Celebrates.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

FRONT ROYAL, VA., February 12.—The centenary of Abraham Lincoln's birth was celebrated to-day at the Eastern College. The principal address was made by Rev. J. R. Daniel, pastor of the Baptist Church, followed by Rev. Dr. Webster, of the Presbyterian Church. The closing address was made by Dr. Newman, president of the college. Recitations and music by the students and faculty of the school were rendered. Other schools granted holiday.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Rain Saturday in north and west and by night in southeast portion; Sunday colder and generally fair; moderate southwest winds, shifting to northwest Sunday night.

North Carolina—Rain Saturday in west and in afternoon or night in east portion; Sunday fair; colder, moderate south winds, becoming variable.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

8 A. M. temperature	30
Humidity	53
Wind, direction	S.
Wind, velocity	5
Weather	Clear
Rainfall	0.00
12 noon temperature	51
3 P. M. temperature	60
Maximum temperature up to 5 P. M.	60
Minimum temperature up to 5 P. M.	27
Mean temperature	44
Normal temperature	39
Excess in temperature yesterday	5
Accum. excess in temperature since January 1	203
Accum. deficiency in rainfall since January 1	0.27

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES. (At 8 P. M., Eastern Standard Time.)

Place.	Ther.	H.T.	Weather.
Asheville	48	52	Cloudy
Atlanta	54	60	Clear
Buffalo	42	44	P. cloudy
Chicago	48	48	Cloudy
Detroit	40	42	Cloudy
Cincinnati	46	50	Rain
Kansas City	26	52	Rain
New Orleans	68	74	P. cloudy
Oklahoma City	60	76	Clear
Norfolk	52	58	Clear
Tampa	64	74	Clear
Washington	50	52	Rain
Wilmington	52	62	Clear
Yellowstone	34	38	Rain

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

February 13, 1909.

		HIGH TIDE.	
Sun rises	7:03	Morning	10:40
Sun sets	5:46	Evening	11:07
Moon rises	12:26		

FACTS

Why waste time and money using old fogy treatment that has been proved worthless many years ago or trying cheap and worse than worthless nostrums with all kinds of schemes to offer, free treatment, bank guarantee, etc.

There is only one remedy that has ever been officially tested and proved a success in treatment of acquired BLOOD POISON in all stages of the disease.

There is only one Remedy Co. that dare offer their product free to clinics and hospitals for test purposes. This remedy is

SALVAR

the only remedy known to man that is a permanent cure for acquired

BLOOD POISON in any stage, or **RHEUMATISM** in any form.

Full information and 100 page book free. This costs you nothing—use common sense and write.

The Salvar Medicine Co.,
1313 OLIVE STREET,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

36-inch pipe at the present head would deliver 50,000,000 gallons of water in twenty-four hours. This some of the members of the committee doubted, and said so, claiming that at the usual head a pipe of this size could deliver little more than 25,000,000 gallons in this time.

"You want us to ignore completely our board of experts," said Councilman Grundy.

"I want my proposition to go to the Council over the head of the board," answered Mr. Lambert. He went into other technicalities, which the committee let go over to the hearing before the board of engineers.

Smith & Co. Protest.

I. J. Smith, of I. J. Smith & Co., protested because the board said that his plans were all right, but impracticable. He wanted time to show either the members of the board or the Council that they were and that he could furnish the city with a satisfactory flume of the lock-joint pipe variety for $13,780 in less time than the Atlanta concern. Mr. Smith will appear before the board with Coleman Meriwether, an engineer of the lock-joint pipe company, who will fully explain its construction.

Councilman Don Leavy, merely as a matter of obtaining the information for himself as a Councilman, asked the committee just how and why the board reached its decision in awarding the contract, and complained later that he got no satisfaction.

AMUSEMENTS.

Bijou—"Lena Rivers."
Lubin—Continuous Vaudeville.
Leader—"Buster Brown."

Musical Success of the Year.

Madame Blanche Marchesi, golden-throated bird of song though she is, received an ovation in Richmond last night that must have satisfied even an artist like herself, a leading vocalist in Europe and America, and accustomed to ovations.

A personality like Madame Marchesi's dominating her audience, moving it to laughter or silence at will, counts for a great deal and adds much to the exquisite charm of a voice that appeals to every artistic instinct of a listener. To see her and to hear her awakens an instant feeling of gratitude that a great opportunity in life has not passed one by.

When the great singer confronted her audience at the Academy she said quietly: "There is too much noise. I cannot sing until it is stopped." But after she began she had everything her own way, and carried the house with her by storm, the enthusiastic applause demanding several recalls during the evening.

Every number given by Madame Marchesi was heard with delight, the beautiful purity and shades of expression in her voice, its wonderful power and the sweetness of her low notes, the perfect ease with which she sang and the dramatic force which sustained her every effort rendered her charm irresistible.

Her choice of program showed her excellent judgment and her unerring knowledge of what would please her audience. Numbers in which she awakened most prolonged applause were "Violette," by Scarlatti; "Have You Seen a White Lily Grow?" "The Lass With the Delicate Air," by Dr. Arne; Schubert's "The Erlking," Willeby's "Cuttin Rushes," "Hawley's "A Dream of May," and Liza Lehman's "Bird Songs."

There were no tedious waits. Madame sang with scarcely any pauses between parts, and smiled her way so effectually into the hearts of Richmonders that they were very loth to bid her good-night when her evening came to an end. As they were reluctantly rising from their seats she came back and amid a breathless pause gave them "The Last Rose of Summer" as a parting benediction. And as the last note fell from her lips, she bowed her gracious farewell.

Part first on the program last night and part fourth were rendered by Brahm Van Den Berg, to whom Madame Marchesi owed much as a rarely sympathetic accompanist. As a pianist, he won a generous share of the applause with which the evening was continually punctuated and was heard with great pleasure, especially in the Mendelssohn-Liszt arrangement of "A Midsummer Night's Dream."

The song recital and the piano performance will fill the minds of hearers with reminiscent melodies for many days to come.

Lovers of music who attended the concert were emphatic in their indorsement of Madame Marchesi, several of the best musical critics in Richmond placing her voice above anything heard in Richmond in recent years. Among these none was more enthusiastic than A. B. Guigon, who said after the concert, "I believe that is the most wonderful artistic production I have ever heard, certainly the finest I have heard in Richmond. Her voice is marvelously cultured; I do not think her equal has ever sung from a Richmond stage. It is not so much her voice in itself, as her marvelous art which is really of the highest quality. All musical people were carried away with the performance. Her pianist also is one of the best I have heard in years. He is sympathetic and powerful, and should equal, if not surpass, many well known soloists."

Douglas Gordon was also emphatic in his indorsement of Madame Marchesi as an artist of the highest rank, possibly surpassing any one who had sung in Richmond in years.

At the Lubin.

The Lubin is offering a blue-ribbon assortment of vaudeville and picture features and novelties this week that will satisfy the most exacting.

Of the vaudeville numbers the Dwyer Trio are excellent dancers; Charles York has a delightful musical number, introducing several novel instruments; Lamberto is one of the best slack-wire artists yet seen here, and Harvard and Cornell are far above the average vaudeville artists.

The bill is clean, diversified and enjoyable throughout.

A Steinway Piano

Was Used to Accompany the Distinguished Prima Donna,

MME. BLANCHE MARCHESI

At the Academy Last Night

The STEINWAY meets the demands of every voice, every occasion. It is the standard—it is inimitable.

We are sole agents for the Steinway in Virginia and North Carolina. Let us give you particulars.

Walter D. Moses & Co.

103 East Broad Street.

Oldest Music House in Virginia and North Carolina.

CLERK MISPLACED BURGWYN'S PLANS

(Continued from Page One—Column 1.)

hardly two years' experience. He threw out my plans."

"What do you consider the best method of getting fair play?" asked Councilman Cutchins.

"I ask," was the reply, "that my bid, which is the lowest bid, go before the Council as worthy of consideration."

Mr. Lambert then stated that one

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

News of the Southside

Manchester Bureau, Times-Dispatch,
No. 1102 Hull Street.

The City Assembly last night received the yearly budget showing estimated resources and expenditures for the coming year of $94,137.83. The amount included what was previously received from the school and sewer taxes, which this year is eliminated, and through increasing the general tax, show up in the budget. The appropriations are much the same as the previous year, and only a small sum remains for the contingent fund. Being an appropriation, the Assembly could not pass on the budget at this meeting, so it was laid on the table and a special meeting will be called for the purpose of adopting it. Notwithstanding the fact that last year the city received something over $12,000 in taxes from the settlement of the Archer estate, making a total of $83,909.86, this year's budget, not including the amount received from the raise in the general tax, in lieu of the school and sewer tax, shows something over $1,000 more than the estimated receipts for the past year.

In making the appropriations, the Finance Committee figured the matter down to a rather fine point, leaving only a small sum for the contingent fund. If, the report, which has been recently circulated to the effect that as many as nine of the present saloon-keepers would not apply for a license at the beginning of the new year is true, the city's income will be reduced about $5,000, and there will consequently be a pinch to raise the money appropriated.

The report of the Sinking Fund Commissioners was especially pleasing, showing assets of over $40,000. The yearly report of City Treasurer was received and filed. In the budget appropriations of $500 for the high school, and $100 for the kindergarten were made.

Land Company Wants Sewer Rights.

Thomas P. Bryan, representing the Southside Land and Improvement Company, presented a petition asking the Council to grant the company the privilege of running sewer pipes into Canoe run, not far above where it empties into the James River.

Mr. Bryan read reports from chemists who analyzed the water, stating that it was at present unfit for use and that connecting a sewer with it could do it little harm. Mr. Bryan stated that many prospective builders, and some who had already located on the land, were anxious to have the facilities for making sewer connections and that he hoped that the matter would be taken up by the Assembly at its first opportunity. On Mr. Brown's motion it was voted to appoint a committee of five, three from the Assembly and two from the Board, with the City Engineer, to confer with the officers of the company in regard to the sewer. Messrs. Brown, Adkins and Bradley were appointed from the Assembly, and the other members will be appointed next Tuesday night.

Consolidation Not Mentioned.

Consolidation was not brought before the body in any form, nor were any of the other recently mooted questions. It is said, however, that the chain-gang ordinance will be presented at the next meeting of the body.

Many ordinances were received and passed to the Board of Aldermen. The Assembly concurred with the Street Committee in refusing the petition of C. F. Carrington regarding the turning of a stream of water running through his property, at the corner of Seventh and Porter Streets.

Combine Efforts for New Bridge.

Now that the question of consolidation no longer occupies the minds of the City Fathers and citizens, every one is beginning to take up the bridge question. All agree that the city must have a bridge at no very distant time, and will combine efforts in this direction. There is now little that can be done. The question of the validity of the law giving Manchester and Richmond the right to acquire the old Mayo's Bridge property, passed by the last Legislature, has not been settled, and will not come up before the Supreme Court of Virginia before March. After the question is settled, and there is every likelihood that the court will decide that the law is valid, the matter will be taken up by the business men and pushed to an issue. Just what line of action will be followed cannot be said.

Buster Brown Comes to Town.

To-day, matinee and night, at the Leader Theatre, Buster Brown, the idol of the children and well-known by the older folks, will be seen in "Little Lord Fauntleroy" and "Buster Brown's School Days." The two comedies, taken from Outcault's cartoons, are staged especially for the children, and will be seen in this city for the first time. Following the matinee performance Buster will hold a stage reception for the children.

Workman Falls from Car.

W. H. Hicks, an employe of the Virginia Passenger and Power Company, fell from the top of a car at the Manchester barns yesterday and broke his right forearm. Hicks was taken to his home, where a physician set the bone. He is now doing well. The car was not connected with the current when the accident happened. According to several who saw it, Mr. Hicks slipped and fell.

Death of Mr. Webster.

Robert Samuel Webster, formerly of Goochland county, but for several years a resident of this city, died at his home, 1300 McDonough Street, yesterday morning at 10:20 o'clock, in the sixty-ninth year of his age. He was a gallant Confederate soldier and served during the war in Colonel Carter's command. He is survived by eight children and three grandchildren. Funeral services will be held at Cowardin Avenue Christian Church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment will be in Riverview Cemetery.

Valentine Tea Successful.

A large crowd attended the valentine tea given in the lecture-rooms of the Presbyterian Church last night. Following a delightful musical program, ice cream and cake were served. A silver offering was taken.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. J. A. Lucus will leave in a few days to visit friends in Raleigh, N. C.

A pretty marriage was solemnized in Mattoax Memorial Church, Chesterfield county, Tuesday night, when Miss Emma Wright became the bride of Arthur West. Miss Mamie West was maid of honor.

Mrs. Foster and Mrs. Tunstall, of Norfolk, are visiting Mrs. W. G. Smart, on Hull Street.

Miss Alice Clary is visiting friends in Longview.

Miss Temple Carter, who has been visiting her grandfather in Petersburg, has returned to her home.

The Valentine party given at the Kindergarten School yesterday afternoon was successful. A number of children and many adults were present.

The February term of the Corporation Court will convene Monday. Civil cases are set for this term.

Regular Sunday services will be held at Central Methodist Church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. S. Peters, to-morrow. Sunday-school at 9:15. The subjects for discussion in the men's Bible class will be "Wrecks" and "The Wireless Message."

Augustine Royall, who has been on a pleasure trip to North Carolina, has returned to the city.

Mrs. G. W. Schoodt will give a Valentine party at her home at Twelfth and Porter Streets this afternoon. The proceeds will go to Central Church.

The condition of Mrs. J. A. Staples, who has been extremely ill at the Memorial Hospital, Richmond, for the past week, remains about the same.

George Cumberland Anderson celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday at his home yesterday. Mr. Anderson's children and grandchildren celebrated the occasion.

SIGNS MANY ORDINANCES

Mayor Returns Many City Papers With His Approval.

Mayor Richardson returned to City Clerk Ben T. August with his approval yesterday the following ordinances recently passed by both branches of the Council:

Ordinance to accept a drinking fountain from a Baltimore woman in memory of "One who loved animals."

Resolutions authorizing a very large number of allegations for sidewalk and alley paving, and other street improvements.

Resolution directing the City Attorney to acquire land to straighten and improve Harrison Street.

Ordinance in regard to tax on sewers, culverts and drains, relieving property-owners from payment of sewer tax where city water is not available.

Appropriating $642.50 to pay claim of C. Manning Plumbing Company for extra work at colored City Home.

Resolution directing the City Auditor to pay warrants for the High School building from general fund to be reimbursed after bonds are sold.

Resolution to pay $247.86 to the City Sergeant for care of vagrants.

Ordinance amending chapter 19 of the City Code in relation to the city debt, directing the Auditor to mail checks for interest when due.

Ratifying the action of the Finance Committee in the sale of the Gas Works bonds.

Changing the name of Walnut Street from Grove Avenue to Cary Street and of Carter Street, from Cary Street to Colorado Avenue to Allen Avenue.

COCAINE CASE CONTINUED

Counsel for Lucinda Davis and Blanche Whitehead Declare Powders Are Not Dope.

Requesting postponement because they allege that the powder found in the possession of a witness who is said to have bought them from Lucinda Davis and Blanche Whitehead, both colored, is not cocaine, counsel for the two women, who are charged with dispensing cocaine, secured a continuance to February 18.

The two women were arrested at 1416 East Broad Street, the Philadelphia Lunch Room, operated by Cattie Price. Price had his house guarded by the same pair of bulldogs which had stood guard at the house recently raided on College Alley. They showed fight at the time of the raid, but the barking of a revolver quickly cowed them, and they beat a nasty retreat.

Earnings Show Increase.

A statement of the comptroller of the Southern Railway Company, issued yesterday, shows that the estimated earnings of the road for the past year were $991,921, an increase of $148,413 over the earnings in 1907.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Sarah J. Barrett.

Mrs. Sarah J. Barrett, widow of A. M. Barrett, died suddenly at her son's residence, 711 North Twenty-fourth Street, yesterday. She was seventy-three years of age, and is survived by two sons, W. A. and C. E. Barrett, and four grandchildren. The funeral will take place from the Leigh Street Baptist Church this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Funeral of Mr. Burbank.

The funeral of Charles A. Burbank, formerly an engineer in the City Fire Department, who died suddenly Thursday night, will be conducted from the Pine Street Baptist Church this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Burial will be in Riverview Cemetery.

William M. Doyle.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA., February 12.—William M. Doyle, secretary and treasurer of the James T. Williams's Sons, one of the oldest wholesale concerns of the city, and treasurer of the Diamond Ice Company, died late last night at his home here, after an illness of several weeks.

Mr. Doyle was a native of Baltimore, where he was born forty-three years ago. He was educated at "Cabert Hall," after which he engaged in business in Baltimore for a time. He came here seventeen years ago. He was a member of Holy Cross Catholic Church and a past exalted ruler of the Lynchburg Lodge of Elks.

In April, 1891, Mr. Doyle married Miss Mary J. O'Brien, who with four sons and three daughters survive him. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Doyle; a brother, Charles A. Doyle, and three sisters, Miss Katie G. and Ella C. Doyle and Mrs. Edward T. Kenny, all of Baltimore, survive him.

Dr. John J. Ensor.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

BRISTOL, February 12.—Dr. John J. Ensor, eighty-four years old, a pioneer physician, died here to-day.

He was a native of Carter county, Tenn., and was educated at Washington College, Tenn., where he was a chum of the late Senator "Zeb" Vance.

It was while they were schoolmates that Vance told Ensor of the political career he had mapped out for himself, predicting that he would be Governor of North Carolina.

After Vance had been inaugurated Governor he wrote Ensor from Raleigh, reminding him of how he had lived up to the prediction.

Dr. Ensor died on the fifty-seventh anniversary of his wedding with Miss Amanda Anderson, and his widow, now very feeble, survives.

Mrs. Nannie B. Collier.

BIG STONE GAP, VA., February 12.—Mrs. Nannie B. Collier, wife of J. B. Collier, died at her home here Wednesday, aged about thirty-five years. Mrs. Collier returned only a few weeks ago from New Mexico, where she spent six months in search of health. Besides her husband, she is survived by two small children, her father, J. K. P. Barron, of Lee county, and a sister, Mrs. George L. Taylor, of this place. After the funeral services, conducted by her pastor, Rev. J. M. Carter, at the Southern Methodist Church, her body was taken to Turkey Cove, Lee county, for interment.

Mrs. Virginia A. Galleher.

LEESBURG, VA., February 12.—News has been received here of the death in Washington, D. C., of Mrs. Virginia A. Galleher, aged seventy-two years, of paralysis. She was the widow of John W. Galleher, of Leesburg, for many years commissioner of revenue for Loesburg District, and the daughter of the late S. M. Boss, of this town. She is survived by four sons and one daughter. William R. Galleher, of Leesburg, a well known merchant, is a son.

Mrs. Sallie Wright.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

RADFORD, VA., February 12.—Mrs. Sallie Wright, wife of Sidney Wright, after an illness of three months, died Tuesday morning at 3 o'clock of heart trouble. She was seventy years of age. The funeral services were held Wednesday, and were conduced by Rev. J. A. A. Shuler, assisted by Rev. L. W. Irwin. The remains were taken to Union Bridge, Md., for interment Thursday.

Thomas Stockton.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

BRISTOL, VA., February 12.—Thos. Stockton, sixty-seven years old, died of pneumonia here to-day. He was a native of Franklin county, Va. He served as a member of the Fifty-seventh Virginia Regiment of the Confederate Army in the Civil War. He was wounded at Gettysburg. He is survived by his wife, four sons and one daughter.

Charles L. Slusser.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

BLACKSBURG, VA., February 12.—Charles L. Slusser, of this place, died late Wednesday night at the Memorial Hospital, in Richmond, where he had been under treatment for three weeks. The funeral will be held Saturday, and burial made in the family cemetery, three miles from Blacksburg.

Mr. Slusser was forty-one years old and the eldest son of the late John Allan Slusser, during his lifetime one of the best known men in Montgomery county. He was unmarried, and leaves four brothers—Messrs. Walker, Arthur, Samuel and William Slusser—and two sisters—Mrs. Gutherie, of Giles county, and Miss Mattie Slusser. He also had many relatives in this and adjoining counties.

Enoch Duncan.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WOODSTOCK, VA., February 12.—Enoch Duncan, a well-known blacksmith, died here to-day after a long illness. He served with distinction in the Confederate Army. He is survived by his wife, two sons and three daughters.

Mrs. Agnes McGee.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WELDON, N. C., February 12.—Mrs. Agnes McGee, widow of Captain J. H. McGee, died at her home here this morning. She was eighty-two years old, and was of Scotch-Irish descent. She came to America when she was a small girl. She was a communicant of the Presbyterian Church.

Funeral of Miss Taylor.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA., February 12.—The funeral of Miss Caroline Taylor took place this afternoon from her home, 110 South Fayette Street. Rev. W. J. Morton, rector of Christ P. E. Church, conducted the services.

Abraham Bly.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

STRASBURG, VA., February 12.—Abraham Bly died here this afternoon, aged sixty-three years. He is survived by his widow and three sons—Thomas, Martin and William. He was a Confederate veteran.

Edward Talmage.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., February 12.—Edward Talmage died yesterday at the home of Mrs. Little, in Stafford county, near this city, of paralysis, aged sixty-four years. He is survived by four children.

Mrs. Lillie Wright.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

BRISTOL, VA., February 12.—Mrs. Lillie Wright, widely known in Southwest Virginia, died here to-day of pneumonia, aged forty-four years.

DEATHS

BURBANK.—Died, suddenly, February 11, 1909, CHARLES A. BURBANK, aged forty-eight years.

Funeral services THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 3:30 o'clock at Pine Street Baptist Church. Burial in Riverview.

BARRETT.—Died, suddenly, at her son's residence, No. 711 North Twenty-fourth Street, MRS. SARAH J. BARRETT, relict of A. M. Barrett, in the seventy-third year of her age. She leaves two sons, W. A. and E. C. Barrett, and four grandchildren.

Funeral from Leigh Street Baptist Church THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

FRANKLIN.—Died, Thursday, February 11, 1909, at his residence, JAMES FRANKLIN, in the forty-third year of his age. He leaves a wife and a host of friends.

Funeral SUNDAY, February 14th, at 1 o'clock from First Baptist Church (colored).

WEBSTER.—Died, at his home, 1300 McDonough Street, at 10:20 A. M., February 12th, after a short illness of la grippe, MR. ROBERT SAMUEL WEBSTER, formerly of Goochland county, Va., but for several years a resident of Manchester. He is survived by eight children and three grandchildren. He was a gallant old Confederate veteran, and served in Colonel Carter's command. He was sixty-nine years of age.

Funeral services will be held at Cowardin Avenue Christian Church at 3 P. M. SUNDAY, February 14th. Interment in Riverview Cemetery.

AWFUL RASH ALL OVER BOY'S BODY

Weeping Eczema Kept Spreading on Little Sufferer—A Score of Treatments Prove Dismal Failures—Grateful Father Tells of

CURE ACHIEVED BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

"It gives me great pleasure to express my deep gratitude in appreciation of the incalculable benefit that the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent did my little boy. He had an awful rash all over his body and the doctor said it was eczema. It was terrible and used to water awfully. Any place the water went it would form another sore and it would become crusted. A score or more physicians failed utterly and dismally in their efforts to remove the trouble. Then I was told to use the Cuticura Remedies. I got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and before we had used half the Resolvent I could see a change in him. In about two months he was entirely well. When people see him now they ask, 'What did you get to cure your baby?' and all we can say is, 'It was the Cuticura Remedies.' So in us Cuticura will always have firm and warm friends. George F. Lambert, 139 West Centre St., Mahanoy City, Pa., September 29 and November 4, 1907."

MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

Rely on Cuticura Remedies.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, assisted, when necessary, by Cuticura Resolvent (liquid or pills) for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for eczemas, irritations and inflammations, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Guaranteed absolutely pure.

Cuticura Soap (25c.), Ointment (50c.), Resolvent (50c.), and Chocolate Coated Pills (25c.), are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 137 Columbus Ave., Boston.

Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases.

Actors eat Grape-Nuts

It aids memory, and gives poise to mind and body.

"There's a Reason"