

agreed to, and the night's work then ended.

Acrimonious Colloquy.
Senator Aldrich's recent denunciation of the course of any foreign government which might send to this country an anonymous letter concerning prices with a view to influencing legislation was made the subject of an acrimonious colloquy between the Rhode Island and Senator Stone at the morning session. The original remark of Mr. Aldrich was based upon the fact that in response to a request from the German government of the United States, the German authorities forwarded to this government reports from manufacturers concerning the rate of wages in Germany with a request that the names of the manufacturers be not used.

Senator Stone brought up the question again today by reading a cablegram from Berlin, in which it was stated that the German government had written to Mr. Aldrich concerning the rate of wages in Germany with a request that the names of the manufacturers be not used.

Mr. Aldrich responded that he had made no charge against the German government, but he had been talking of German manufacturers.

Hot colloquies followed as to whether the reference was to Germany. Mr. Aldrich's denials, that it was the government which was meant, Mr. Stone said he had given the impression that Mr. Aldrich had given a deliberate affront to a friendly power.

Mr. Aldrich declared that he had been at a loss to account for Mr. Stone's interest in the matter until he appeared as a representative of the German government. This intimation made Mr. Stone mad.

"That statement," he said, "is an impertinence. I am an American, and I represent American interests on this floor as much as does the Senator from Rhode Island, and I repeat to you that his expression is an impertinence, a gross impertinence."

Mr. Aldrich subsequently paid a compliment to the German Emperor and government, reaffirming that he had intended no affront to either. He said his criticism was directed toward the effort to use information from the United States to influence American legislation.

Senator Dewey spoke in deprecation of the entire incident, saying he was glad to think that the German government had in reality given serious consideration to the matter.

Senator Tillman said that he abstained from the statements from Germany should be published at once, and this was agreed to by Mr. Aldrich and ordered by the Senate.

Because these statements by German manufacturers did not conform to the ideas of the American manufacturer, the Senator from Rhode Island got unhappy over it," Mr. Tillman added.

The colloquy consumed almost three hours. The incident closed for the day with the statement by Mr. Stone that though Mr. Aldrich and Mr. Dewey had not made a straightforward retraction as he believed they should make, they were "sugar-coated" to the dose as to relieve it of its bitter taste.

Assault Finance Committee.
Following the adjournment of the Senate, La Follette resumed his speech in opposition to the cotton schedule and entered upon a general criticism of the methods of the Finance Committee.

He asserted that the German wage report had, contrary to a statement by Mr. Aldrich, reached the committee before the tariff bill was reported to the Senate, and he charged the committee with neglect in withholding information from the cotton growers as to the cotton duties as excessive and made an argument in favor of a general scaling down.

Toward the close of the afternoon session Mr. La Follette became quite exhausted, and an effort was made to obtain permission for him to suspend and return again to-morrow. Senator Aldrich took advantage of the incident to make an effort to obtain an agreement to vote on the tariff.

After an hour of discussion, the Senate took a recess until 8 P. M., when the night session began and when the attack on Senator La Follette was made.

DECLARES HIMSELF FORGOT IT WAS HOLIDAY
La Follette Wants It Understood That He Will Do as He Pleases.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—Senator La Follette to-day resumed his tariff speech. At the beginning of his speech he was interrupted by remarks made by Mr. Gallinger, who sought to interrupt Mr. La Follette's speech.

"The Senator can do as he pleases," said Mr. Gallinger. "I will do as I please when I have the floor—let that be understood."

"A system has grown up here," said Mr. La Follette, "by which legislation is in the hands of two or three men, who are not only not recognized here for many years without question."

"It seems hazardous on the part of any one who wants to know and who falls to come along when he is told, I want to announce to the autocracy of the Senate that the clock will strike presently, and there will be a new hour in the legislative business of the Senate."

Senator Aldrich wished to have a time fixed for a vote on the cotton schedule to-morrow, but considerable opposition developed toward that course.

Senator Daniel, referring to the lack of opportunity on the part of Democratic Senators to introduce themselves concerning the pending tariff bill, and addressing his remarks to the Senator from Rhode Island, said: "He who asks haste for what he wishes to do must not be impatient with those who have not had his opportunity to know what he knows."

No agreement being arrived at, Mr. La Follette continued.

After half an hour elapsed, Mr. Overman, interrupting, said: "It is evident that the Senator is physically disabled to go on."

"Oh," responded Mr. La Follette, "don't do that. I don't want to be put down as an invalid."

He continued to speak, but did not conclude.

Joins Philippine Constabulary.

UNION, S. C., June 3.—W. Judson Searles, of this city, a former member of the Legislature from Cherokee county, to-day received a commission as second lieutenant in the Philippine constabulary, and will sail from Seattle, Wash., on June 19.

"Ben's for Clothes"



At times a Raincoat gives a man many advantages, and in our climate there's not a week in the fifty-two but what a cut in the water light Snowproof Coat is a necessity.

We are showing the new London Coat—a distinct novelty in waterproof garments—and its extreme lightness commends it particularly for summer uses.

\$18 to \$35.
To be had in Richmond only of us.
Come and see it.



NEW YORK POST IS SUED BY CHALONER
(Continued from Page One—Column 1.)

The rare foresight to have himself declared insane before he shot his man."

The bill declares that the article is a false, scandalous and defamatory libel; that no extrinsic facts for the purpose of showing the application to the plaintiff of the defamatory matter are necessary, but such application has been publicly recognized, as appears from an article in Harper's Weekly, in its edition of March 27, 1909, of which the following is a copy:

"The latest prominent assassin had the rare foresight to have himself declared insane before he shot his man."

"New York Evening Post."
"When a man has been promptly found by his neighbors to have shot in self-defense, it is hardly polite to call him an assassin, even though his name is not given. It is all the less polite when he is interviewed to protect a threatened woman."

Mr. Chaloner declared that he is the owner of an estate of the value of considerably over \$1,000,000; that a part thereof is in the possession of Thomas T. Sherman; that the publication of the article in conjunction with the charges made by the petitioners in the lunacy proceedings in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to the effect that he has homicidal tendencies, tends to seriously affect his interests in the action now pending to recover his property.

By reason of the publication Mr. Chaloner claims that he has been and still is, in his good name, fame and credit, and is made to appear to have killed a fellowman in cold blood, and to have had himself previously declared insane, and has thereby been brought into public scandal, to the detriment of his good name, and of his neighbors and other good and worthy citizens, and the publication of the article has tended to prejudice the press and public generally against him, all to his damage in the sum of \$100,000.

AND MANY RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS HAD TO STAY IN ATLANTA.
ATLANTA, Ga., June 3.—At to-day's session of the Railway Mail Clerks Association's annual convention here resolutions were adopted favoring a strike, and a transfer of service, payment to mail clerks of actual expenses while on duty and away from the initial terminal, higher classification of the apartment car lines and elimination of deferred credits.

The association urged a better method of handling registered matter; a more thorough inspection of railway postal cars by the Interstate Commerce Commission; a more equitable method of discipline; extension of the retirement for aged and disabled railway postal clerks, and the transfer of efficient railway postal clerks to postmaster positions at offices with salaries of not less than \$1,000 per annum.

It was forcibly brought to the minds of some of the delegates that this was the anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis. Secretary of the convention, advised those who had planned to leave for their homes to-day to postpone their departure until to-morrow, unless they happened to have plenty of ready cash.

"Oh," he said, "I found it this morning. This is a legal holiday in the State. Jefferson Davis's birthday. You knew we haven't it as a holiday in New England, so I could not be warned in advance, and therefore made no preparations for money."

The election of officers was deferred until to-morrow. It is expected that Kansas City will be selected as the place for holding the next convention.

SELLERS ACQUITTED
He Was Charged With the Murder of Dispensary Constable.

COLUMBIA, S. C., June 3.—After a trial lasting two days, Wade Hampton Sellers to-day was acquitted of the charge of murder. Sellers killed J. P. Farmer, a dispensary constable, in February, 1908. Farmer was attempting to search Sellers's house for liquor when he was shot. The presiding judge ruled that the warrant on which Farmer was acting was invalid, and the jury remained out three hours.

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT PLACES.
(At 8 P. M., Eastern Standard Time.)

Table with 3 columns: Place, Weather, and other conditions. Includes entries for Asheville, Atlanta, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Denver, Detroit, Harrisburg, Jacksonville, Kansas City, New Orleans, Oklahoma City, Pittsburg, Raleigh, Norfolk, Tampa, Washington, and Wilmington.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.
Sun rises... 4:51
Sun sets... 7:28
Moon rises... 6:07
Moon sets... 6:07

VIRGINIANS ASK FOR A TAX ON OIL

Company Appeals to Members of Congress for Adequate Protection.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—That an immense oil field, remaining only to be developed, exists in Virginia is the claim set forth in resolutions forwarded to members of Congress from that State by the promoters of a Virginia corporation asking that a tax of 1 cent per gallon be put upon imported oils.

Accompanying the resolutions is a letter which states that members of the company have satisfied themselves and satisfied large oil producers and developers as to the existence of a large oil territory east of the Bull Run Mountains and running down through Virginia, perhaps into North Carolina. There are also oil breaks in the Valley of Virginia, with highly flattering prospects at Basic City and at points further south in the Valley.

The company, the letter states further, is in negotiations with large English and French interests, through London and Paris agents, for the further development of its fields.

Confident Oil Will Be Found.
Within the past month W. C. Ryan has made two separate geological surveys, he states, of a section of the country in Virginia, extending from Manassas, in Prince William county, to a point ten miles beyond Calverton, in Fauquier county. Of the results of this survey Mr. Ryan says:

"I am convinced that, owing to the geological formations I found to exist in these counties, namely, the sedimentary shales, slates, sandstones, limestone, fossil fauna, and flora, with an anti-cline running northeast and southwest, oil will be found in paying quantities at from 1,800 to 2,000 feet below the surface."

The companies now incorporated for the development of this oil zone are all Virginia concerns. One company has sunk six or seven experimental wells at from 132 feet to 600 feet, and gas has been encountered in small quantities in four or five of these wells.

The attention of the Virginia Senators and Representatives has been called to the fact that unless a tax is put on foreign oil the oil producers of this country will have a great deal to contend against, particularly with respect to the production of oil in Mexico. With regard to this point the resolution reads:

"To recent years the independent refiners and producers, by making inroads on the hitherto almost total monopoly of the Standard Oil Company in the refining and sale of oil, and, if no changes be made in the present conditions, the refiners of the future, secure a larger share of such business, with consequent competition and lower prices, while if oil be allowed to come in free it will result in the exploitation of the cheap Mexican fields and the abandonment of many American fields and the mines of the present competition, with consequent higher, monopolistic prices."

DENIES THE RUMOR
Newport News Company Will Have No Part in Merger.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., June 3.—General Manager W. A. Waiter, of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, who, in the absence of President Orcutt, now in Europe, speaks for the New York office, today categorically denied the report that the local company, at Camden, N. J., and the Bath Iron Works are considering a plan for consolidation. He said: "It is a matter of no concern to us, as far as our company is concerned, is absolutely without truth."

The local yard always has been wholly independent, and has never been concerned in any of the various shipbuilding mergers or agreements.

EXISTENCE THREATENED
Schools Must Adapt Themselves to Modern Conditions.

CONCORD, N. H., June 3.—"Schools like this one and universities like this one must pass out of existence unless they adapt themselves to the life," was the declaration of President Woodrow Wilson, of the New Jersey State Normal School, at an address at St. Paul's School, President Wilson took a pessimistic view of existing educational conditions. He said in part: "The modern world is not relaxed, but only so far do I believe in school diversions. When the lad leaves school he should be an athlete. The modern world is not relaxed, but the things it exacts are mostly intellectual."

Danger of Wealth.
"A danger surrounding our modern education is the danger of wealth. I am sorry for the lad who is going to..."

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Showers Friday; slightly cooler in east portion; Saturday partly cloudy; warmer in the interior; moderate variable winds.

Forecast: Virginia—Showers Friday; slightly cooler in east portion; Saturday partly cloudy; warmer in the interior; moderate variable winds.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.
S. A. M. temperature... 74
Humidity... 80
Wind... S.W.
Wind velocity... 6
Weather... Cloudy
Rainfall... Trace

BAD WASHOUTS
Fear That Floods of Last August Will Be Repeated.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., June 3.—Following a heavy rainfall for the last eighteen hours, bad washouts are reported on the Southern Railway between Spartanburg and Asheville, and

BRIBERY FINE, HE SAYS

Prosecutor Heney Says Money Was to Be Spent on City Officials.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF., June 3.—Comparative quiet prevailed at to-day's session of the State Bar, Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railroads.

George B. Wilcutt, secretary of the United Railroads, was recalled to produce sections of the corporation's by-laws, authorizing the expenditure of money by the president and general counsel, Alexander K. King, of Georgia, one of the attorneys for Calhoun, objected that the matter offered had nothing to do with the trial.

Mr. King assumed that the offer was made in order to show whether Calhoun had authority to pay out \$200,000 for a franchise, as alleged by the prosecution.

"We want to show nothing of the kind," said Prosecutor Heney. "Instead, we desire to ascertain by what authority money was paid to Luther G. Brown, and we want to show that Patrick Calhoun paid to Brown money that was subsequently used to bribe public officials."

Judge Lawler directed that the by-laws, showing the duties of the president and general counsel, be read.

TOPPLES INTO CREEK

Train Goes Into Water and Passengers Swim to Shore.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., June 3.—Eight persons were injured, none fatally, this afternoon when a combination freight and passenger train on the Short Creek division of the Southern Railway toppled into Black Creek, near Maxwell, Ala.

The injured, E. V. Lambeth, engineer; G. R. Woodall, brakeman; H. C. Collins, brakeman; George Rutledge, fireman; four negro passengers.

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NOT ITALIAN COUNT

Man Miss Garwood Would Marry Aided by Her Family.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—Today's developments disclosed that the young woman whose marriage to a man of Italian descent was being opposed by the department was asked to aid in preventing it.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—Now that Miss Garwood's name is in the news, friends are learning how serious her condition was immediately following the attack of nervous prostration she suffered two weeks ago.

MRS. TAFT WAS SPEECHLESS

Case Was Serious When She Was First Attacked.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—Now that Mrs. Taft's name is in the news, friends are learning how serious her condition was immediately following the attack of nervous prostration she suffered two weeks ago.

CHARGED WITH PEONAGE

Nine Residents of Alabama Indicted by Grand Jury.

MOBILE, ALA., June 3.—The United States grand jury to-day indicted nine residents of Monroe county, including two county officers, on charges of peonage and conspiring to commit peonage. Bonds aggregating \$14,000 were made to-day. According to the charge, negroes have been held in bondage. There is alleged to have been a conspiracy between the plantation owners and county officers.

CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY LOSES

Court Declares Waggaman Deed of Trust Invalid.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3.—The deed of trust to secure the Catholic University of America in the sum of nearly \$900,000, given by the late Thomas D. Waggaman, former treasurer of the United States, and his estate known as Woodley, in the suburbs of Washington, was yesterday declared invalid in a decision rendered by Justice Barnes of the District Supreme Court. The court held that it was an attempt on the part of Waggaman to prefer the claim of the university over other creditors to whom he was indebted at the time.

The result of the decision will be to make the university share with the general creditors of Waggaman in the assets of the estate. The settlement as the establishment of the deed of trust would have done. The university is expected to have a sharp increase in its endowment, but is not aware of Waggaman's insolvency at the time or that he had any intention of preferring their claim.



"That's the Reason They Feel So Fine"
Look at them! Those young men of America! Every limb and muscle pulsing with strength and vigor—the red sap of life bounding through their veins in a flood of surging health and power. Are not these the type of the coming time—the men who shall rule the future—are not these also the type who know the charm and cheer and social and dietetic value of

Budweiser

The King of All Bottled Beers
Every glass of it is a source of health and power. It satisfies the thirst, it brightens the mind, it develops energy and gives vigor to every organ of the body. For ages the tonic properties of barley and hop beer have been known, and its absolute wholesomeness has given strength to countless generations of the most victorious nations.

The Most Popular Beer in the World

Bottled Only at the
Anheuser-Busch Brewery
St. Louis, U. S. A.
CORKED OR WITH CROWN CAPS.



ANHEUSER-BUSCH BRANCH,
JOSEPH STUMPF, Mgr.
Telephone 411
RICHMOND, VA.

the passenger trains on that division are now reported six hours off schedule in the Congaree and Wateree Rivers, probably reaching flood stage by to-morrow night.

SLAIN MAN'S BODY DISAPPEARS.
Murder Mystery on Rockefeller Duck Farm.

POCANTICO HILLS, N. Y., June 3.—A large number of employees of John D. Rockefeller are searching his great domain at Pocantico Hills in the hope of getting some trace of the body of a man who had been murdered. It is alleged, which was seen lying near the roadside on the Rockefeller duck farm by a woman.

The police of North Tarrytown reported this morning that they had made a long search, but could get no trace of the body. Nor could they find out if there was a man missing in the vicinity.

Mr. Paulino Popwiltz, a Hungarian woman, who delivers milk at Pocantico Hills, reported to the police that she had seen the body of a man with many stab wounds lying about eight feet from the roadside. She said that the man was on the broad of his back with his hands stretched out.

An officer of the Tarrytown police force said he found a pool of blood near the roadside. There was also a trail of blood in the grass, as though the body had been dragged for some distance.

Mr. Rockefeller employs many Italians in his place, and thought that one of them has been the victim of a Black Hand outrage.

Several years ago an employe was shot down on the Pocantico Road by four Black Hand men, who demanded that he pay tribute to the district. When he refused four bullets were fired into his body.

The North Tarrytown police say that Mrs. Popwiltz told a straightforward tale. The most mysterious feature of the whole matter is the sudden disappearance of the body.

When Italians on the Rockefeller place were questioned about the body being seen they simply shrugged their shoulders. None would say a word. They also declared that none of their number was missing.

All the shanties for miles around will be searched to see if the body can be found.

BALTIMORE DEFICIT, \$732,400.
Controller Says McRae's Pecuniary Condition Begun from Three Sources.

BALTIMORE, June 3.—The pecuniary condition of George P. McRae, former chief marketmaster and auditor in the office of the city controller, has been going on since May, 1908, according to the investigation completed by Deputy Controller Freeman, who has been inspecting McRae's accounts. The total amount of the shortage is \$732,400. This, it is said, was taken in three ways—

market licenses, \$509.75; minor privileges, \$147.65, and rents \$75.

Following the verification of this figure McRae's attorney, A. J. Quinn, was informed of the amount and restitution, it is said, will at once be made. Mr. Quinn notified Controller Hooper recently that as soon as the exact amount of the shortage should be ascertained it would be made good. He called on Mr. Hooper yesterday afternoon and promised to send the money.

The city will take this money with the understanding, it is said, that its receipt will not abate the prosecution of McRae. It will be taken under the advice of City Solicitor Poe, purely as the payment of a debt.

This payment on the part of McRae prevents consideration being given the bond proposition. McRae was bonded for \$2,000 with the United Surety Company.

MARRIAGE OF MISS THAW.
HOT SPRINGS, VA., June 3.—After a ten weeks' sojourn at the Virginia Hot Springs, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller and party left for New York in their private car to-night.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Peck*

Johnson's Wood Dyes & Wax
We Carry the Complete Line.

Tanner Paint & Oil Co.
1419 East Main Street,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

Works Long Hours for You

You can work but eight or ten hours at a time; your savings in the Planters National Bank work the entire twenty-four hours on a stretch. You grow tired; your money doesn't.

Men grow rich, not by their efforts unaided, but by the help of money working day and night.

THE PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK, a bank having the largest surplus and profits of any national bank south of Washington.

THREE PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST paid on all deposits from the day of deposit. We make a specialty of banking by MAIL. Write to-day for booklet, "How to Bank by Mail."

MARRIED WOMEN
Every woman covets a shapely figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this liniment prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend makes the danger of child-birth less, and carries her safely through this critical period. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this remedy.

MOTHER'S FRIEND
Every woman covets a shapely figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this liniment prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend makes the danger of child-birth less, and carries her safely through this critical period. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this remedy.

C-N
THE difference between a clean and top-clean is the difference between a house that is free from sickness, and one where the doctor is a constant visitor. Clean your homes with C-N and you will never go back to the old methods.

ATTACKS THE COURTS
J. S. Merrill Objects to Many Methods in Vogue.
WARM SPRINGS, GA., June 3.—In his annual address before the Georgia Bar Association here to-day, President J. S. Merrill, of Thomasville, drew upon his personal reminiscences for illustrations of the methods of certain courts, vigorously criticizing judges who allow alterations among opposing attorneys, abuse of witnesses on cross-examination, the discarding of coats, etc. in the courtroom, and chewing tobacco and spitting.

STREAMS ARE SWOLLEN
Lowlands Inundated and Much Damage.
COLUMBIA, S. C., June 3.—Rains in the upper part of this State have caused all the rivers and streams to rise, inundating the low lying fields, and probably doing great damage to the crops in bottom lands. The amount of damage cannot now be estimated.

PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Capital, \$300,000.00 Surplus and Profits, \$1,160,000.00