

NEGROES SECURE ANOTHER RESPITE

Governor Mann to Look Further Into Murder of Sidney Woods.

GUEST OF PRESIDENT TAFT

Supreme Court Refuses to Grant Writs of Error in Two Cases.

In order that he may look further into the alleged confession of John Beales, who was electrocuted recently for the murder of Sidney Woods, Governor Mann yesterday granted a further respite for thirty days to James Hairston and Thomas Bailey, both of whom are in the State Penitentiary under sentence of electrocution on Friday morning. This is the fourth respite granted by the Governor to the two negroes, the evidence being very conflicting.

Beales and the two men respited were charged with being implicated in the murder in Henry county of a colored man named Sidney Woods, early this year, on an excursion train running between Winston-Salem and Roanoke. From all accounts, it seems to have been a general free-for-all fight, in the course of which Woods was so badly cut that he died. Beales was the first to be convicted. Before his electrocution he made what purported to be a full and complete confession, stating that neither Hairston nor Bailey had had anything to do with the actual murder, but that he and a negro named Walter Joyce did the cutting which resulted fatally.

Accounts Do Not Agree.
Joyce jumped from the train before it reached the next station, and efforts to locate him since have been unsuccessful.

The men were tried in the Circuit Court of Henry county and convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death. Beales's statement to the trial jury implicated the other men, and does not tally with the confession he is alleged to have made later while in jail in Danville, where the men were taken for safekeeping. "Biggy" Penn, another negro implicated in the fight, has been sentenced to the State Penitentiary, and is now applying for a pardon.

WRIT REFUSED

Judge Scott Sustained in Mechanicsville Turnpike Case.
The Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia yesterday refused to allow an appeal in the case of Thomas S. Garrett and others against the New Mechanicsville Turnpike Company, from a judgment of the Circuit Court of

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath. Mothers should teach the little ones its daily use.

Henrico county, the Supreme Court in effect sustaining the position taken by Judge Scott in the turnpike matter. The appellants were Thomas S. and Charles E. Garrett, William and John Sledd, Thomas R. Puller, William Heath, Cary Wood, John Heath, L. L. Aerie, Gus and John Brooks, Dabney Martin and A. L. Jeter. They instituted proceedings in the Henrico Circuit Court against the turnpike company nearly a year ago, alleging that the road was not kept in proper condition, and that therefore the company had no right to charge toll for passing over it, asserting that the company had lost any charter rights it might have by its negligence.

The charter of the turnpike company was granted by the State Legislature in 1817. At that time the road ran from the corporate limits of Richmond to Chickahominy Swamp, to intersect with Swamp Road in Hanover county. Since the original action was brought the company has greatly improved that portion of the original road on which toll is now charged.

JONES LOSES CASE

Fireman Claimed Damages for Injury to Ear Drum by Locomotive Whistle.
The Supreme Court of Appeals yesterday refused to allow a writ of error in the case of Ned L. Jones against the Southern Railway Company, from the Circuit Court of Fauquier county. Jones based his claim for damages on the statement that the shrieking whistle of the locomotive, of which he was fireman, had split his ear drum, causing partial deafness for life.

The jury in the lower court gave him a verdict of damages in the sum of \$2,500, but the verdict was set aside by the judge on the defendant company's demurrer to the evidence. The fireman thereupon appealed to the Supreme Court, which, in refusing to allow a writ of error, practically sustains the trial judge in setting the verdict aside. The injury to Jones is alleged to have occurred in 1905, when he was acting as fireman on a Southern Railway engine. The whistle got out of order at Calverton Station, and wouldn't stop. The engineer put cotton in his ears, while looking into the cause of the trouble. He called on the fireman to help him, but didn't say anything about stopping his ears, and Jones's ear drums were said to have been ruptured by the noise, resulting in serious and permanent injury to his hearing.

VALLEY TURNPIKE WANTS EQUAL RATE

Petition Is Designed to Make All Patrons of Road Bear Same Burden.

Equalization of toll charges and not an increase in the cost to travelers over the Valley Turnpike is the aim of the petition now pending before the State Corporation Commission, asking that the concern be permitted to erect additional toll gates near five of the Valley towns. The explanation was made yesterday by R. E. Byrd, counsel for the Valley Turnpike Company.

Since the first publication by The Times-Dispatch of the fact that this petition had been presented the newspapers published in the section through which the turnpike runs have been full of articles on the subject. Most of them protest against what they construe as an effort to secure additional toll revenues by reason of more gates, and communications signed by those old friends of the newspapers, "Pro Bono Publico," "Pontifex Maximus" and others, fill their columns. Some of these writers want to abolish the whole toll gate business altogether.

Mr. Byrd's statement follows:
Stanton Misunderstood.
"There seems to be a good deal of misunderstanding in reference to the petition filed by the Valley Turnpike Company before the State Corporation Commission. The object of the petition is not to increase the burden of the tolls, but to equalize the burden. The Valley Turnpike runs through the heart of the Shenandoah Valley from Winchester to Staunton, a distance of about ninety-five miles. It traverses numerous towns, such as Woodstock, Broadway, Harrisonburg, Strasburg, New Market, Mt. Jackson, etc.

"Under the present plan the Valley Turnpike Company is only permitted one toll gate for each five miles of road. Other turnpikes are allowed more toll gates and to charge proportionally to the width of the section of five miles from which the toll gates collect.

"The Valley Turnpike can only establish a gate on one side of Harrisonburg, for instance. The people living on that side must all pay toll. The people on the other side for four or five miles pay no toll at all to get to the town. This applies to all towns in the Valley.

Unequal Burden.
"This leaves the burden of maintaining the road largely to patrons on one side or the other of an arbitrary line and free patrons on the opposite side. "If the Valley Turnpike Company is permitted, as other companies are, to require persons on both sides of the town to pay, instead of those on one side, the burden will be equalized and the through rate will not be increased, because the gates will be half gates instead of whole gates, and the charge proportionately less. In the present state of the finances of the State, it is

NEW TREATMENT! CORNS! BUNIONS! CALLOUSES! 15c KEENE'S GLAD-PHEET REMEDY
OUR GUARANTEE—If there is any trace on your feet of Corns, Bunions or Callouses after a trial of Keene's Glad-Pheet remedy, return money-back coupon (enclosed); your money will be refunded immediately.
FREE—Send us the names of any three druggists who do not sell Glad-Pheet Remedy and we will send you complete treatment free.
Keene Co., 48 Franklin St., N. Y.



FIRE DESTROYS BIG COTTON GIN

Loss Estimated at \$5,000. With Only Partial Insurance.

SUCCESSOR TO MR. FINNEY

Masons Elect Officers—Appomattox Trust Company to Rebuild.

Times-Dispatch Bureau, 109 North Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va., December 14.
E. L. Lee's cotton gin at Stony Creek, Sussex county, was destroyed by accidental fire yesterday afternoon, with a considerable quantity of cotton. Mr. Lee had just commenced the ginning of the cotton he had collected during the fall. His loss is estimated at \$5,000 or more, with only partial insurance. The gin was a good-sized plant, with a capacity, it is said, of about ten or twelve bales a day.

New Secretary Chamber of Commerce.

At a meeting last night of the board of Governor of the Chamber of Commerce William M. Martin, of this city, was unanimously elected secretary, to succeed R. Gordon Finney, who has resigned to resume the practice of law at his home in Alexandria county. About a year ago Mr. Finney was elected to succeed Edwin L. Quarles, who resigned to accept the position of secretary of the Southern Commercial Congress. Mr. Martin, who is a wide-awake, progressive citizen, and a man of great energy of purpose, will enter on his duties in January.

Resigned as Director.

The resignation of Bartlett Roper, Jr., some time ago tendered, as a director of the Chamber of Commerce, was yesterday accepted with regret by the board, of which he has long been a member. Mr. Roper is the president of the Virginia National Bank, and his duties in that position and in connection with his mercantile business occupy his whole time and attention. Mr. Roper is one of the oldest and most influential members of the chamber, and in large measure the success of that important commercial body is due.

Masonic Election.

At the meeting last night of Blandford Lodge, No. 3, A. F. and A. M. officers for the ensuing term were elected as follows:
Worshipful Master, C. L. Guthrie; Senior Warden, Rev. W. C. Taylor, D. D.; Junior Warden, John W. Hays; Senior Warden, Henry N. James; Junior Deacon, Virgil St. Cloud; Treasurer, Rt. Worshipful W. W. Pession;

WILL ELECT ONE SCHOOL TRUSTEE

Joint Session of City Council Called for Monday Night.

President Robert Whittle, of the Board of Aldermen, instructed City Clerk Ben T. August yesterday to call a joint session of the Board of Aldermen and Common Council for Monday night at 8 o'clock to go into the election of a school trustee from the First District. The Council has recently adopted an ordinance redistricting the city into three school districts, changing the lines more or less, and placing all that part of the city lying south of James River in the First District, together with the eastern part of Church Hill and Fulton, the aim being to make the school population of the three districts as nearly equal as possible.

Each district is entitled to three representatives on the City School Board. John Bagby, for some years a member from the First District, resigned recently, having moved from that section of the city, and there has since been a vacancy. It is expected that there will be a stiff contest between South Richmond and Marshall Ward for the honor of the position. South Richmond claims that while not specified in the annexation ordinance, it was clearly intended that it should have at least one of the nine members of the board. There will probably be several nominations.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Secretary, T. J. Ellis, Sr.; Tiler, Worshipful Joseph Williams; Chaplains, Rev. W. T. A. Haynes and Ro. Stewart; Property Committee, C. E. Williamson, R. T. Matteson and James Y. Branch; Stewards, C. E. Williamson and James Y. Branch.

Blandford Lodge is one of the oldest in the State, and has a very interesting history. Its first charter was received from the Grand Lodge of Scotland over 150 years ago.

The Sales of Tobacco.
The sales of loose tobacco at the warehouses yesterday exceeded 299,000 pounds, the prices ranging from \$6 to \$20 per 100 pounds. To-day the sales aggregated 150,000 pounds, with \$25 as the highest price for wrappers, an advance of \$5 over yesterday. No very fine wrappers have yet appeared on the market, the planters preferring to reserve this grade for a natural season in which to order. The sales this week will reach over half a million pounds.

Not Seriously Hurt.

William J. Rahilly received a telegram from Decatur, Ill., to-day stating that his brother, Patrick Rahilly, who had been injured by accident there, was not seriously hurt, and that he is being well cared for.

Preparing to Rebuild.

The Appomattox Trust Company to-day began tearing down the walls of its old building in the burned district and will continue the clearing of its site preparatory to the erection of a fine structure for its bank offices. Some time will be required, of course, for beginning the improvement and securing plans and specifications. The Wright block is to be rebuilt on a handsomer scale than before, and next year the entire burned district will blossom into commodious and handsome structures.

Sudden Death.

Mrs. Mabel Clair Hardy, aged thirty-six years, died suddenly yesterday at the home of her husband, J. H. Hardy,

at Church Road, Dinwiddie. She was a highly esteemed Christian woman, and besides her husband, is survived by one daughter—Miss Wingfield Hardy—and several brothers and sisters.

Personal and Otherwise.

The Rev. F. R. Chenault, who for the greater part of the year acceptably filled the pulpit of the Washington Street M. E. Church, left to-day to take a post graduate course at Vanderbilt University.

A United States recruiting office, to secure enlistments for all branches of the service, has been established in this city, with Lieutenant Fowler in charge.

Invitations have been sent to the vestries and rectors of the Episcopal churches in the city and other prominent churchmen to join with the vestry and congregation of St. John's Church in a reception and welcome to the latter's new rector, the Rev. Pembroke W. Reed, in the parish home to-morrow night.

In the bride's home on Bank Street, this morning, Miss Margaret McNamara and Grover Leigh Wells, both of this city, were united in marriage by the Rev. Father O'Farrell. The couple left for the North on their wedding trip.

The River in the Harbor was Frozen.

The river in the harbor was frozen over from bank to bank this morning, but the ice was not thick enough for skating.

A Twelve-Months' Sentence.

Charles Gilliam, a negro, with many aliases, was given a twelve-months' sentence to work on the public roads by Justice Dunstan, of Ettrick, last evening. Gilliam stole some money in this city, on which he got drunk, and arming himself with a shotgun, went over to Ettrick to amuse himself. Part of his amusement was in firing his gun at some of the citizens of the village. His aim was fortunately too unsteady to be true, and his intended victims escaped injury. He was quickly disarmed and locked up.

What About Brain Food?

This Question Came Up in the Recent Trial for Libel.

A "Weekly" printed some criticisms of the claims made for our foods. It evidently did not fancy our reply, printed in various newspapers, and brought suit for libel. At the trial some interesting facts came out.

Some of the chemical and medical experts differed widely.

The following facts, however, were quite clearly established:

Analysis of brain by an unquestionable authority, Geoghegan, shows of Mineral Salts, Phosphoric Acid and Potash combined (Phosphate of Potash), 2.91 per cent. of the total, 5.33 of all Mineral Salts.

This is over one-half.

Beaunis, another authority, shows "Phosphoric Acid combined" and Potash 73.44 per cent. from a total of 101.07.

Considerable more than one-half of Phosphate of Potash.

Analysis of Grape-Nuts shows: Potassium and Phosphorus (which join and make Phosphate of Potash), is considerable more than one-half of all the mineral salts in the food.

Dr. Geo. W. Carey, an authority on the constituent elements of the body, says: "The gray matter of the brain is controlled entirely by the inorganic cell-salt, Potassium Phosphate (Phosphate of Potash). This salt unites with albumen, and by the addition of oxygen creates nerve fluid or the gray matter of the brain. Of course, there is a trace of other salts and other organic matter in nerve fluid, but Potassium Phosphate is the chief factor, and has the power within itself to attract, by its own law of affinity, all things needed to manufacture the elixir of life."

Further on he says: "The beginning and end of the mat-

ter is to supply the lacking principle, and in molecular form, exactly as nature furnishes it in vegetables, fruits and grain. To supply deficiencies—this is the only law of cure."

The natural conclusion is that if Phosphate of Potash is the needed mineral element in brain, and you use food which does not contain it, you have brain fag because its daily loss is not supplied.

On the contrary, if you eat food known to be rich in this element, you place before the life forces that which nature demands for brain-building.

In the trial a sneer was uttered because Mr. Post announced that he had made years of research in this country and some clinics of Europe regarding the effect of the mind on digestion of food.

But we must be patient with those who sneer at facts they know nothing about.

Mind does not work well on a brain that is broken down by lack of nourishment.

A peaceful and evenly poised mind is necessary to good digestion.

Worry, anxiety, fear, hate, &c., &c., directly interfere with or stops the flow of Ptyalin, the digestive juice of the mouth, and also interferes with the flow of the digestive juices of stomach and pancreas.

Therefore, the mental state of the individual has much to do (more than suspected) with digestion.

This trial has demonstrated:

That Brain is made of Phosphate of Potash as the principal Mineral Salt, added to albumen and water.

That Grape-Nuts contains that element as more than one-half of all its mineral salts.

A healthy brain is important if one would "do things" in this world.

A man who sneers at "Mind" sneers at the best and least understood part of himself. That part which some folks believe links us to the Infinite.

Mind asks for a healthy brain upon which to act, and Nature has defined a way to make a healthy brain and renew it day by day as it is used up from work of the previous day.

Nature's way to rebuild is by the use of food which supplies the things required.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.,

Battle Creek, Mich.