Miller & Rhoads

Men's Shirts

An Exhibition of the Choicest Productions for Spring, 1912

First of all, it is a showing with which we are confident that dressy, particular men will be pleased.

They are the kinds of Shirts that are made right—to fit right, of right materials; perfect in workmanship and ABSOLUTELY NEW in coloring and design:

At $1.00

Shirts in a variety of styles, in percale and madras; coat styles, with attached cuffs; plenty of sizes. Excellent values.

At $1.50

A large assortment, the newest creations of shirtdom, comprising neat stripes and the popular candy stripe madras and cords.

New Neckwear

New patterns in Crocheted Four-in-Hands; plain colors and cross-bar effects. Ties that look like $1.00 ones, but they are not. The price we ask is but..... 50c

Silk Half Hose

Men's Black and White Pure Thread Silk Half Hose, made with a special double sole of lisle and high spliced heel, insuring exceptional wear, great value at..... 50c

The Men's Corner, Main Floor.

JUDGE SCOTT IS EXTREMELY ILL

Suddenly Stricken on Reaching Home After Hard Day in Court.

YIELDING TO TREATMENT

Late Reports Indicate That His Condition Was Somewhat Improved.

Judge R. Carter Scott, of the City Circuit Court, suffered a severe congestive stroke, affecting his head, yesterday shortly after 2 o'clock, at his home, 402 East Franklin Street, just after leaving the bench in his courtroom. For a time he was regarded as in a critical condition, but at a late hour last night his physician, Dr. Lewis C. Bosher, stated that he had showed marked improvement, and that his condition was decidedly more hopeful. The physicians could not define the exact nature of the attack, which was accompanied by a severe rushing of blood to the head, and other symptoms suggestive of an acute congestion. Dr. Bosher said that the attack was yielding to treatment, but that it would be some time before Judge Scott could resume his duties on the bench.

The City Circuit Court was engaged for several hours yesterday morning in hearing the appeal of the Radford Water Power Corporation from the tax assessment of the State Corporation Commission. A number of witnesses were examined, including expert accountants, and the evidence included many intricate accounts, by which the power company sought to show that it had been erroneously assessed. Court adjourned for dinner at 2 o'clock, no one in the room noticing any indisposition on the part of Judge Scott, who had presided throughout the morning, occasionally asking a question that showed he was giving close attention to the case in hand.

Going down in the City Hall elevator he mentioned that he was suffering with a headache, but attorneys and witnesses had no intimation of his condition, and expected court to resume after the usual recess.

On reaching home Judge Scott found the pain in his head increasing, and his physician, Dr. Bosher, who is a near neighbor, was summoned. Vigorous treatment was at once begun, but before submitting to the doctors Judge Scott insisted on sending a message to Clerk Edward Rowelle to notify him that he was indisposed and that the trial could not go on.

By agreement of the attorneys, the case went over yesterday afternoon to this morning, when more definite information is expected as to Judge Scott's condition, and when it will be determined whether the hearing will be further delayed or go over for a new trial.

Friends of Judge Scott stated last night that he was much more comfortable, and hope was expressed that with a few days of rest and complete quiet he would be able to resume his duties on the bench.

CHANTILLY FARM SOLD FOR $135,000

Record Price Paid for 135-Acre Tract on Broad Street Road.

DETAILS NOT GIVEN OUT

Real Estate Men Hear That Richmond Realty Corporation Is Purchaser.

Although the deal was closed the middle of last month, it only became known yesterday that the greatest trade in suburban real estate ever recorded in Richmond has been effected in the sale of "Chantilly Farm," a strip of land on the Broad Street Road, a few miles beyond the city limits. The price paid was $135,000—$1,000 an acre. It is said that the purchaser is the Greater Richmond Realty Corporation. The former owner was Mr. Blacker, who lives in England. It is further reported that this is the second transfer of this property within the last month, the original buyer from Mr. Blacker paying $100,000 for "Chantilly," and later disposing of it to the corporation at a profit of $35,000.

While admitting that his firm handled the transaction, R. B. Chaffin, of R. B. Chaffin & Co., refused yesterday to name the purchaser or the figure. When asked to confirm the price and buyer named above, Mr. Chaffin stated that he preferred to say nothing about the deal. He admitted that the sale was an accomplished fact, however. It is understood that it is the purpose of the buyers to hold the farm together until the growth of the city west justifies the division of it into building lots. There are approximately 135 acres in the tract.

Barton H. Grundy, who is farming "Chantilly" under a lease, professes ignorance of the details of the transaction when questioned about the sale yesterday. He admitted that the sale had been made, but stated that he had received no official confirmation of it.

The sale of the farm at $1,000 an acre marks the highest figures on record for Virginia land.

AMENDMENT TO BAGGAGE BILL

Gives Railroads Right to Grant Exclusive Through-Checking Privilege.

RICHMOND OPPOSES LAW

W. T. Dabney Declares That There Is No Local Demand for Change in System.

After suffering a series of delays extending over a period of three weeks, Senator Featherston's baggage bill was reported with an amendment yesterday afternoon by the Senate Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation. The bill owed its origin to transfer difficulties in the city of Lynchburg, where, it is contended, the Long Transfer Company enjoys an unfair monopoly in the business of transferring baggage from the railway stations. It has an important local application, the Richmond Transfer Company occupying a similar position of advantage.

The amendment, which was introduced by Senator Featherston, excepts the checking of baggage from the list of services which it prohibits the railroad companies from contracting out to any one company. The proposed law, in its amended form, will require the railroads to accord the same privileges to all transfer companies, under proper restrictions and bonds, and will at the same time permit it to make such exclusive contract for the through checking of baggage at the hotels or residences of travelers as it may deem wise. The amendment was introduced to remove the objection of the railroads that to permit a number of competing companies to check baggage through from residence to destination would result in endless confusion and would not work out in practice.

No Demand for Law.

W. T. Dabney, business manager of the Richmond Chamber of Commerce, opposed the enactment of the law on the ground that there was no demand for it by the traveling public. The Richmond Branch of the Travelers Protective Association, he said, had declined to indorse it. He quoted the president of the largest shoe manufacturing plant in Lynchburg, employing hundreds of traveling men, that there was no demand for the proposed law on the part of his men. The situation in Richmond, he said, was wholly satisfactory to the public, and to interfere with it would be to weaken the service. If there are abuses, the City Council, he thought, having exclusive jurisdiction over the streets of the city, was the proper body before which to seek redress.

Much the same argument was presented by C. B. Lorraine, general baggage agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. To grant equal privileges to an indefinite number of competing companies would cripple the present admirable service, he said, and the railroad will never be a party to such an agreement.

No Charge for Contract.

A significant fact brought out at the hearing was the statement made by Mr. Lorraine that no charge whatever is made by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway for the exclusive contract it grants to the Richmond Transfer Company. The company merely stipulates that the best equipment is to be used by the transfer company and that the life of the contract is limited to the duration of efficient service. It can be abrogated at thirty days' notice.

The bill was further opposed by Attorney Harper, of Lynchburg, who regarded the exclusive contract as the only solution of the transfer problem. Responsible service, he thought, was impossible without it. A short argument in favor of the bill was made by Senator Featherston. His statements were indorsed by a member of the United Commercial Travelers, who asserted that a large number of traveling men are dissatisfied with the present state of affairs.

New Warehouse.

A building permit was issued yesterday to the American Terminal Warehouse Corporation to erect a two-story brick, steel and concrete addition to structure at 417 North Seventeenth Street, to cost $4,000.

Gets Sixty Days.

James Goode, colored, was sentenced to sixty days in jail from Police Court yesterday morning on a charge of stealing a bag of flour from W. J. Robinson.

Boys as Well as Men

Can share in this clearance sale of ours. Every Suit—Overcoat—and Reefer in the house is offered at reduced prices.

Gans-Rady Company

HOSPITAL OFFER WARMLY PRAISED

(Continued from first page.)

be elected each two years by the City Council from names submitted by the Charlotte Williams Corporation, and suggest as the first board, John L. Williams, Eppa Hunton, Jr., E. D. Taylor, James Caskie and E. L. Bemiss, with the Mayor and chairman of the Finance Committee ex-officio."

McGuire Approves Plan.

"I earnestly and heartily indorse the proposition that has been presented," said Dr. Stuart McGuire, president of the University College of Medicine. "The city has grown so that its hospitals can no longer do the work. In every city of size I have visited I have found a city hospital that was the pride of the community. It isn't right that the city should longer impose a burden on its physicians and hospitals that should be borne by the city itself. It is just as much the business of the city to protect the poor in sickness as to protect the property of citizens in time of fire, or to maintain police to protect the lives and property of our people. A princely gift has been offered you worth easily a quarter of a million dollars. Of the need there can be no question. Can you maintain it? Other cities afford public hospitals. Certainly Richmond can. The location is desirable, and the building is evidently well arranged and well constructed, and the scheme of management proposed is admirable. The citizens suggested are men of the highest type in our community.

"If the city takes over the Memorial, the faculties of both schools will constitute its medical and surgical staff, thus giving the poor of the city the best skill of the community, and students here will have the best facilities. The University of Virginia is already committed to moving its medical department to Richmond, and the prospect for a medical school second to none in the South has never been brighter."

Dr. Johnston Speaks.

Dr. George Ben Johnston, who has given much time and attention to reorganizing the City Home Hospital ever since the creation of a visiting staff, said it had been his desire for many years to see established here a free hospital, worthy of the city. That at the City Home was doing what it could, but was not what the community demanded, or had a right to expect. The Memorial, he said, was designed by expert hospital architects.

"It my opinion," said Dr. Johnston, "the way is opening for the amalgamation of the three medical schools, locating the united school in Richmond; and making this great free hospital its clinical department. There are now 550 medical students in Richmond, and together with the public and private hospitals, more than $1,000,000 is put into circulation annually."

E. L. Bemiss predicted that the close relation of the two local medical schools in a joint staff of a city hospital would inevitably bring the colleges together. As a member of the Charlotte Williams Corporation he stated emphatically that under no circumstances would that hospital be continued as it is now after the expiration of the present lease thus answering those who had advised allowing the Memorial to continue to be operated by an association of doctors, the city to erect its own free hospital.

City Should Have Control.

Judge George L. Christian, chairman of the board of trustees of the University College of Medicine favored the plan offered except as to the management by a self-perpetuating board, holding that the city should have a stronger control. He suggested a board of six—three councilmen and three citizens, with the Mayor as chairman, with power to cast the deciding vote in case of tie. He was greatly impressed with the need for a city hospital, and said the day had passed when the indigent or those picked up by the ambulances could be hurried to the Almshouse. There was not room in Virginia for but one first-class medical school, and he favored the plans now pending for a consolidation. He did not believe the city would ever have an opportunity to acquire so valuable an institution at so low a price again.

E. D. Taylor, for eleven years chairman of the Board of the Virginia Hospital, considered the offer a most liberal one.

"They are giving you a building you could not duplicate for $500,000 for a total outlay of $40,000," he said.

He also desired the consolidation of the medical schools and believed it was coming, and that a great free hospital would insure its location in Richmond instead of at the University of Virginia.

Dr. Robins carefully explained his position as not having done anything to oppose the movement. The Memorial Hospital, he thought not altogether suited to the city's needs, having neither contagious wards nor a nurses home, while as a general hospital it was a valuable asset to the city as it stands.

Hard on Young Doctors.

"What would become of the younger doctors, who have no hospitals of their own if the city takes over the Memorial," asked Mr. Powell.

"They would go to the devil, I suppose," said Dr. Robins. "That is one of the reasons I have regretted this offer."

"The donors of the fund that made the Memorial Hospital possible," observed Mr. Hunton, "did not give that money to keep young doctors from going to the devil, but for the relief of suffering among the poor of Richmond. There are other general hospitals here. What did the young doctors do ten years ago, before the Memorial was erected, or twenty years ago, when there were but two hospitals in Richmond?"

Dr. Robins said the plan, which in many respects an admirable one, did crowd out the younger physicians now carrying their cases to the Memorial and who could not afford to erect a hospital. He suggested that the city might operate the public wards free and make a minimum charge against such citizens as could afford to pay.

Pollard Thinks Offer Fair.

"Sentiment plays a large part," said Mr. Pollard. "This hospital was erected by a distinguished Richmond family as a charity. Circumstances caused their plan to endow it to fail in part, and they see now an opportunity to consummate their charity. It is not unreasonable that they should desire some voice in the management. When they allow the Council to confirm their appointments every two years, and when we hold the purse strings, it is all we should require. We need a hospital. We can get a $250,000 plant for $40,000. Isn't that good business? It will cost from $40,000 to $50,000 a year to operate, as against $26,000 a year we are now paying for the makeshift hospital at the Almshouse."

Mr. Richards wanted to know more of the cost of operation, how many patients could be accommodated and whether pay patients were to be received. He would only vote, he said, for an all free hospital and for one controlled by the city.

Colonel Grundy thought it a most liberal offer, but said he was opposed to any plan which meant withdrawal of the small annual contributions the city now makes to various hospitals doing a charitable work. It was explained that the City Home hospital will accommodate 119 patients; that the Memorial now has 146 beds, and that by removing partition walls of private rooms a much larger number could be provided for.

On Mr. Pollard's motion a committee was named to confer with the Charlotte Williams Corporation as to a plan of management and also to report the cost of maintenance and any other details that will serve to put the proposition into a definite form before the committee. The committee was named as follows:

From the Finance Committee—Messrs. Grundy, Reade and Richards.

From the Relief of the Poor Committee—Messrs. Miller, Atkinson and Hirschberg.

Sugar and Suspenders.

George Meekins, colored, was arrested last night on three charges of larceny. He was charged with stealing sugar, hats, whiskey, neckties and socks from the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company. He first stole the sugar, it is said. Then he got the whiskey. The warrant does not state whether he mixed them, but other warrants state that he went out and helped himself to neckties and socks, with a pair of suspenders to boot.

Arrests Yesterday.

Paul Jackson, colored, was arrested last night on a charge of assaulting John Lowry with a shovel.

Mrs. Lillian Tenser was arrested on a charge of writing obscene letters to Mrs. L. Harvey Tenser.

Epot Fank, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of kidnapping. He said that the child was his own, and that he had no fear of the consequences.

Rates and Sailing of European Steamers

ON APPLICATION.

Reservations for next summer should be made now.

RICHMOND TRANSFER CO., 800 East Main Street.

If You Want a BEST ROOF Use G. M. Co.'s "Pearl" Roofing Tin.

Gordon Metal Co.

RICHMOND, VA.

DELEGATES NAMED BY EACH FACTION

Goochland Republican Convention Resolved Into Two Different Meetings.

The Goochland county Republican convention, which was held yesterday at Goochland Courthouse, resolved itself into two conventions, each electing delegates to the district and State conventions. There were about eighty people in the courtroom when the first meeting was called to order by J. T. Jones. Mr. Jones was nominated for temporary chairman, but it was stated that there was no second, and John J. Hall, commissioner of the revenue, was nominated and unanimously elected. Somebody nominated Jacob Pleasants for temporary secretary, but he declined in favor of Sam Haden, who was elected.

Mr. Jones ruled that the temporary organization was made permanent, and it was stated that possibly seventy Republicans in attendance stood by Hall and Haden and went through with the meeting, electing the following delegates:

John J. Hall, W. T. Haden and F. M. Nealey; alternates—R. S. Mills, A. W. Isbell and J. S. Pleasants. W. T. Haden was elected county chairman.

After the first meeting, Morgan Treat, Joseph P. Brady, George Hanson, John Thompson and others, representing the Slemp-Martin faction, retired to the treasurer's office and held a meeting. J. T. Jones, who call the first meeting to order, presided. Delegates to the convention were elected as follows: J. T. Jones, W. J. Utley and W. M. Woodson. J. T. Jones was elected county chairman. The Slemp-Martin faction indorsed President Taft, Martin and Slemp, while the Cabell faction only indorsed Taft.

Reports from the two factions were not in entire accord, but the fight for control will be precipited to the State committee.

STATE GOT $600 FEE

Gas Company Granted Charter to Operate in Alexandria.

A single charter issued yesterday by the State Corporation Commission netted the State a fee of $600. It was granted to the Chesapeake Blauss Corporation, of Alexandria, to manufacture and sell liquified gas and machine appliances. The corporation is allowed a maximum capital stock of $2,000,000 and a minimum of $100,000. It is not often that one charter yields the state a fee as large as this this.

In addition to the above charter, the following were issued yesterday by the Corporation Commission:

S. Ullman's Son (Inc.), Richmond, H. S. Wallerstein, president; S. S. Ullman, secretary; I. J. Wallerstein, treasurer—all of Richmond. Capital, Maximum, $25,000; minimum, $1,000. Object: Grocery business.

Roanoke Poultry Association (Inc.), Roanoke, Va. W. R. Cope, president, Salem, Va.; C. S. Baker, vice-president; H. H. Markley, treasurer—both of Roanoke, Va. Capital, Maximum, $500; minimum, $500. Object: Poultry association.

San Jose Chemical and Fertilizer Company (Inc.), Roanoke, Va. J. W. Cullen, president, Newport News, Va.; Richard Armstrong, secretary, Hampton, Va.; M. C. Armstrong, Hampton, Va. Capital: Maximum, $50,000; minimum, $5,000. Object: Fertilizer business.

The Northampton Corporation, Norfolk, Va. R. B. Stokes, Jr., president; W. W. Dey, secretary; W. F. Clarke, treasurer—all of Norfolk, Va. Capital: Maximum, $25,000; minimum, $500. Object: Real estate business.

Virginia Selling Company (Inc.), Buchanan, Va. O. C. Hoffman, president, Cincinnati, O.; H. A. Latane, vice-president; F. H. Schultz, secretary—both of Buchanan, Va. Capital: Maximum, $50,000; minimum, $1,000. Object: Mercantile business.

Two Operations on Boy.

Henry Preston Dalton, the entire child of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Street, underwent two operations Thursday afternoon at the hands of Drs. Baker, Mercer and Hart. The operations were performed at home. He is doing as well as can be expected.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND 1117 E. MAIN ST.

No matter how large the bank, none are stronger than ourselves, nor will give you better service. Come to see us.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY

BECK'S MEN CLEAN SIDEWALK SNOW

Force Put to Work Early Around City Hall Before Anybody Could Complain.

In January Building Inspector Beck, the man who made himself famous by condemning the Leaning Tower of Pisa and the Eiffel Tower, was reported for alleged failure to clean snow from sidewalks surrounding city property. The case against him was dismissed, because it was not proven that the property was actually in possession of the city, and therefore beyond his jurisdiction.

He was not caught napping yesterday. The City Hall square was as clean as a pin or a newly plucked goose. Not a particle of ice or snow was anywhere to be seen. He had his men out bright and early with pick, shovel and hoe, and then he blandly surveyed the scene, chuckled to himself, made some remark about Major Werner, and retired to his den.

"They won't have anything on me this time," he said to Assistant Byrne. "There ain't no snow anywhere around the City Hall, and the police cap go to blazes." Then he sat down, condemned half a dozen buildings, according to his usual daily program, and went home to dinner.

Mr. Beck is thorough. He condemns buildings as he eats his dinner, never stopping until the work—condemning or eating—is finished. On Wednesday afternoon, with Justice Crutchfield, he started at First and Main Streets and never stopped until he landed in Cunningham's Alley. As a result more than a dozen buildings must come down. One of them was the palatial residence of a justice of the peace. From the front door there idle swung an ambiguous sign in token of the fact that a magistrate could be had for the asking. Justice Crutchfield said that the sign at least must come down, or it would pull the building over. It came down.

Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued yesterday in the Hustings Court to Eddie Dickman and Maggie F. McCormack.

MAYBRICK CLAIM PLACED ON RECORD

Deed for Most of Southwest Virginia Figures in Buchanan Situation.

It has been learned that the deed for large boundaries of land in Southwest Virginia, recently put on record in Buchanan county, and about which so much has been said during the past few weeks at the Capitol, covers the old Maybrick claim. The beneficiaries are Baroness Caroline von Roques, mother of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, with her counsel, L. D. Yarrell, and others.

The conveyance was made by Hill Montague, special commissioner, by order of the Chancery Court of Richmond, in the case of Caroline von Roques against David W. Armstrong and others.

The following lands are conveyed: One hundred and fifty thousand acres in Grayson county, 25,000 acres in Wythe and Grayson counties, 100,000 acres in Patrick county, 500,000 acres in Wythe county, and certain other tracts, of which the number of acres is now shown, lying in the counties of Grayson, Wythe, Pulaski, Patrick, Buchanan, Bath and Russell. It will be seen that this covers a large part of the State, and is based on one of the old grants from the Commonwealth which are so much in litigation. This is one of the matters which the Buchanan people have been seeking to correct by legislation.

Three Judgments.

Judgment was entered yesterday in the Law and Equity Court in the appeal case of John H. Braxton against William Ellis, Jr., for $[illegible].

Judgment was also entered in the Law and Equity Court in the case of the Lafayette Land Company against R. E. Frecar for $50, and in the case of the Lafayette Land Company against R. E. Frecar and others for $[illegible].

NOBODY WANTED MONEY REFUNDED

Less Than Six, to Be Exact, Got It When They Heard Miss Marlowe Was Ill.

Notwithstanding the announcement of Miss Julia Marlowe's unfortunate illness and consequent inability to appear with E. H. Sothern at the Academy of Music on Monday, less than half a dozen tickets have been returned in accordance with Manager Leo Wise's offer to refund money to all who might not care to see the famous actor without his joint star, and these were instantly assigned to the first in order of the long list of applicants for seats.

Fortunately, Mr. Sothern is well prepared to fill Miss Marlowe's place in his company, for, owing to her recent illness two capable young actresses are "up" in the roles for which Miss Marlowe was cast. Miss Norah Lamison, who was Ophelia for more than twelve weeks in New York and for a number of performances since Mr. Sothern has been on the road, will appear in the evening in "Hamlet," and in the afternoon Miss Lenore Chippendale, who substituted for a number of weeks for Miss Marlowe in "The Taming of the Shrew," will play Katherine to Mr. Sothern's Petruchio. Although, of course, Katherine is a most important role, and one in which Miss Marlowe is charming, Miss Chippendale has had the benefit of long and careful coaching from the famous star and will unquestionably give a delightful performance, while Mr. Sothern's Petruchio is so happy as to be one of his most famous roles.

Still Critically Ill.

Dr. John Walker, of Lynchburg, has been in the city for several days in consultation with Dr. Burke, who is attending W. E. Vaughan. Mr. Vaughan has been critically ill at his home, 8 West Franklin Street. His brother, John T. Vaughan, of Winston-Salem, N. C., is also in the city.

County Property Transfer.

The heirs and executor of Goold Hoyt, deceased, yesterday transferred sundry parcels of suburban property in Scott's Addition to C. R. Nuchols for $11,700. The deed of bargain and sale was filed yesterday in the clerk's office of the Henrico county Circuit Court.

MOCK TRIAL LIVELY

Much Fun as Young Man Is Tried for Horse Stealing.

As a pleasing feature of a social entertainment in the parlors of the Grace Street Baptist Church last night a realistic mock trial was held, a young member of the congregation being accused in due form and in a most solemn and voluminous indictment of horse stealing.

William Crump Tucker presided as judge, Deputy City Sergeant Paul Latouche acted as court officer, and Deputy Clerk William Breeden, of the Hustings Court, acted as clerk. The accused was vigorously and successfully defended by D. C. O'Flaherty, while the prosecution was in the hands of William M. Justis. The jury was drawn from among the members of the congregation, and there was a wealth of conflicting testimony, with much impromptu merriment. The "prisoner" was not guilty.

The program was arranged by William H. Wyatt, Jr., High Constable, who was chairman of the committee in charge of the evening.

Bring Many Charges.

Gary Johnson, colored, was arrested yesterday by Detective-Sergeants Wiley and Kellam on six warrants, charging him with theft and passing worthless checks.

The first warrant charges that he stole $5 worth of groceries from J. Bernstein; the second, that he passed a worthless check for $4 on the Hofheimer Brothers Company; the third, that he stole $17.75 from Quarles & Woodall; the fourth, that he stole clothes from the Horace S. Wright Company (Inc.); the fifth, that he passed a worthless check for $5 on S. Ullman, and the last, that he stole $29 from the United States Clothing Company.

Suffers Compound Fracture.

Blanton Harksdale, a seven-year-old colored boy, fell down the stairway of his home at 319 Poplar Street yesterday afternoon and suffered a compound fracture of the left forearm. He was treated by Dr. Hulcher, of the city ambulance corps. His injury is said to be not serious.

Literary Society Elects Officers.

The Smithdeal College Literary Society held its first meeting yesterday afternoon and elected new officers as follows: R. B. Ingham, president; A. V. Gwaltney, vice-president; Mrs. J. A. Scott, recording secretary; M. B. Andrews, corresponding secretary; S. C. Brennaman, sergeant-at-arms.

Westmoreland Club Meeting.

The thirty-fifth annual meeting of the Westmoreland Club will be held at the clubhouse next Monday night. The yearly statement sent to each member shows the club list complete with a large number on the waiting list.

$660,000.00

It is gratifying that our shareholders with almost entire unanimity should have taken their proportion of the four thousand shares of stock sold by us on February 15th for six hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

We are sorry, however, that we could not have supplied some of our customers and friends with stock. Hundreds of shares were applied for which could not be secured. The management of the

American National Bank

OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

is appreciative of the confidence of the people and deeply sensible of responsibilities to shareholders and depositors. With CAPITAL and SURPLUS of ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS and good management, we know we are giving positive

SECURITY

Our customers know we are giving unexcelled

SERVICE

ONE WHITE HOPE IS UNDER ARREST

William Reinig, of Boxing Fame, Held for Police in Washington.

With aspirations of being a young "white man's hope," William Reinig, of Washington, D. C., an eighteen-year-old boy, came to Richmond three days ago, fought in the Herbert-Donaldson amateur ring on Broad Street Wednesday night, received a bruised nose, and yesterday afternoon was arrested by Detective Sergeant Bailey as an "absconding boy" from the capital city.

Reinig is stout and hearty. His chest measurement is something to envy. He said he came here to work as a tinner; that he had a promise of a job before he came. He did not deny that the only job he has had was in his attempt Wednesday night to lick the other fellow. He has never had any training. He doesn't know, he says, an uppercut from a sideswipe. He just watched and learned. He is still learning.

The Richmond police were asked to look out for him, and Sergeant Bailey was assigned to the case. Sergeant Bailey sauntered into the "fight" headquarters yesterday and espied Reinig. Reinig was not then engaged in tinning. He was taken in tow, and was lodged in the First Police Station.

The boy said that his father is dead. His mother is a cook. He admitted that he followed another boxer to Richmond. He became enamored of the city, and would like to stay.

In his opening engagement Wednesday night he was defeated, according to several fans, but was still game. There is still some hope for him, and he expects to make a return engagement after he goes home and fixes it up with the head of the house. He weighs 142 pounds, he says, in his clothes.

The last five years has seen Richmond's Wholesale Saddlery trade increase 568%.

Richmond Advertisers' Club.