

MURDEROUS FIRE FALLS LIKE HAIL IN ADRIANOPLE

Turkish Stronghold Must Surrender Within Few Hours.

BALKAN ALLIES ARE IRRESISTIBLE

Battlefields Are Covered With Masses of Dead and Dying, and Suffering Is Terrible.

Balkan States Practically Assured of Final and Speedy Victory.

Latest From the Balkans

England, France and Italy are working frantically for peaceful intervention.

Adrianople is under heavy bombardment and burning.

Enormous roll of dead and wounded, frightful suffering in Turkish-Bulgarian battles.

Greeks are marching on Monastir, gateway to Salonika.

Serbia proclaims Sanjak of Novi-Bazar as a Serbian province.

Serbia reported captured by Montenegrins.

Berlin, October 26.—Turkey's fate was considered practically sealed here to-night.

The Constantinople claim that the Sultan's forces had won a great victory was hardly noted.

It was looked upon as a last expedient to arouse a little enthusiasm.

It was doubted that even the ignorant Turkish masses will be deceived by it.

It was recognized that the news of Bulgarian, Serbian, Montenegrin and Greek victories, telegraphed from Sofia, Belgrade, Cetinje and Athens is probably colored.

EVIDENCE PRODUCED

Jury Seen Material for Bomb, Taken From Union Headquarters.

Indianapolis, Ind., October 26.—Alvin Karpis, gun shoemaker, dynamite can, tags from dynamite packages and wires were produced before the jury at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial today.

Chief Hyland testified that on the night of April 22, 1911, when McNamara, secretary of the union, was arrested, President Frank M. Ryan and other of the defendants were present.

Out of a vault in the basement of the office building the witness testified, four packages containing sticks of dynamite, fuse and other articles were taken.

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C. P. TAFT IS MOST GENEROUS DONOR

He Contributes \$57,000 to Republican Campaign Chest.

PARTY HAS TOTAL FUND OF \$591,032

J. P. Morgan & Co. Appears in List With \$25,000, While Cabinet Officers Are Liberal.

Largest Item of Expense Is for Newspaper Advertising.

Washington, October 26.—Total contributions of \$591,032.20 and expenditures of \$588,211.25 in the Republican presidential fund were disclosed in the financial statement of the Republican National Committee filed to-day with the clerk of the House of Representatives.

Charles P. Taft, brother of the President, appeared as the largest contributor. The report showed that he gave \$50,000 in two \$25,000 contributions to the New York headquarters and \$6,000 to the Chicago headquarters.

Francis L. Leland, of New York, was second, with one \$20,000 contribution and another \$30,000 contribution. The third largest contributor was Andrew Carnegie, with one \$25,000 contribution and an additional one of \$10,000.

J. P. Morgan & Co. is credited with contributing \$25,000; George F. Baker, of New York, \$10,000; William Nelson Cromwell, \$10,000; and Harry M. Moore, of Chicago, \$10,000.

Large number of persons in the diplomatic corps are listed among the larger contributors. Lars Anderson, minister to Belgium, gave \$10,000; Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State, is listed as giving \$5,000.

Secretary Meyer, of the Navy Department, heads the Cabinet with \$4,500; Secretary MacVeagh gave \$2,000; Attorney-General Wickersham and Postmaster-General Hitchcock each gave \$1,000.

The largest aggregate expenditure given by the report is \$19,153.17 for advertising to the American Association of Foreign Newspapers.

Advertising figures are prominent throughout the statement of expenditures. One photographer in New York was paid \$1,696 for professional work. The Republican State Committee of Florida was given \$500.

A group of contributors from Honolulu sent \$2,500. Among other large givers were: J. G. White, of New York, \$2,500; Senator Sanders, of Tennessee, \$1,000; Otto S. Stiefel, St. Louis, \$1,000; R. T. Lincoln, of Chicago, \$1,000; E. K. Niedringhaus, of St. Louis, \$1,000; C. S. Shepard of New York, \$1,000; C. H. Kelsey, of New York, \$1,000 (additional); A. Lewisohn & Son, of New York, \$2,000; W. A. Marburg, of Baltimore, \$2,500; Arthur C. Jancek, of New York, \$5,000; A. B. Juillard & Co., of New York, \$5,000; Edwin Gaudet, of New Jersey, \$2,500; J. W. Zeligman & Co., of New York, \$5,000; F. Q. Brown, of New York, \$5,000; Joseph H. Choate, of New York, \$1,000; Charles Goldman, of New Orleans, \$1,500; G. L. Stone, of Boston, \$2,000; J. Fleishman, of Cincinnati, \$1,000; George Lauder, of Pittsburgh, \$5,000; William Whitman, of Boston, \$2,500; Middleton Burrell, of New York, \$2,500; Senator Wetmore of Rhode Island, \$2,500; Hulbert Taft, of Cincinnati, \$500; Samuel Mather, of Cleveland, \$1,000; Henry Clew, of New York, \$500; Secretary Fisher, of the Interior Department, \$500; Secretary Stimson of the War Department, \$500.

Of the total contributions, \$92,311 was received at the Chicago headquarters. The New York headquarters showed the largest total, 777,529 had been received in amounts of less than \$20. The names of these contributors were not included in the 1,200 in the report. Several names represented contributions of organizations. An aggregate of less than \$10,000 was received under several contributions, such as "cash" and "a friend."

Senator Morgan came to Hartford, his native city, to-day, and informed the trustees of Trinity College that he would give that institution a new building and an administration building, to cost approximately \$200,000, the entire amount to be given by him.

Mr. Morgan came to Hartford in a special train to-day to see the completion of the new building. Mr. Morgan was in Hartford three and one-half hours, and during the time he was in the city he was in the process of construction, his gift to the people of Hartford in memory of his father, Junius Spencer Morgan, and later went to Trinity College.

ALLENS ARE HERE FOR EXECUTION

Father and Son Await Death in State Prison.

NIGHT JOURNEY FROM ROANOKE

Prisoners Sentenced to Death November 22 for Carroll Courthouse Murders Maintain Equality—Appeal to Be Taken in Their Behalf to Supreme Court.

Floyd Allen, the man who on the morning of March 14, 1912, swore in the presence of the court and the jury which had convicted him that he would never go to jail, was brought to the State Penitentiary yesterday morning and placed in the death cell.

Under the law, prisoners condemned to the gallows are removed from jail to the penitentiary not more than thirty nor less than fifteen days before the date set for the execution. It was recently determined that it would be advisable to have Floyd and Claude Allen brought to the State prison at an early date as possible.

Superintendent James B. Wood was notified Friday of the readiness of the prisoners and sent Keeper R. R. Penn and Guard John F. Mullins to Roanoke, where the Allens have been kept ever since their arrest in March, save when in attendance on the trials at Wytheville.

Following the plan adopted from the beginning, the movements of the Allens were kept from the public. The prisoners were taken to the train in Roanoke early yesterday morning at an hour when practically no one is on the streets. They spent the night sitting in a sleeper, without retiring. At 7 o'clock they arrived in Richmond. During the trip the Allens talked with the officers most of the time, sleeping not at all.

The party was met at the Byrd Street Station by Max Wood, who had determined to attend in person to the transfer to the prison. The penitentiary carriage was in waiting, and to it the Allens were hurried. The drive was a matter of but a few minutes. Floyd and Claude Allen, mountaineers, gazed their first and last upon a modern skyscraper, caught a glimpse of the Capital of the State, the seat of the law they had treated with contempt. Then the doors of the prison opened for them and closed behind them. When their bodies are borne out the law will have done its utmost.

So far as appearance went, the condemned prisoners seemed to blink and care little of their fate. They were as calm as they have been from the beginning. Fear is an unknown quantity to them when it refers to personal encounters. Floyd Allen has been in many difficult situations, and when his temper was aroused he was never afraid. The fear that no man can resist for long, that of the unknown, has not as yet, it seemed, touched them or if it has they successfully conceal it.

As soon as the preliminaries at the penitentiary had been completed and the names and other records of the prisoners duly entered, they were assigned to cells in the section set apart for those who are condemned to die. They will not be compelled to wear trousers nor will they be permitted to read or write, or their immediate families, spiritual advisers and attorneys. No other visitors will be permitted.

Floyd Allen and Sidna Edwards, nephews of Floyd Allen and cousins to Claude, have not seen the new arrivals, nor is it probable they will be permitted to do so. No good can be accomplished, it is argued, by such a meeting. Friel, who has a sentence of eighteen years for his part in the Hillsville murders, and Sidna, who was given fifteen years, are at work in the shoe shop. They are regarded as good prisoners. "Anyway," says Major Wood, "I hear nothing from them, which shows they are behaving themselves."

Few people saw the men taken to the penitentiary, a crowd having been guarded against by secrecy. Still fewer will ever see them again.

Floyd Allen is still obliged to use his crutches in walking, but his wounded leg gives him no pain. At the courthouse shooting, with the other members of the family, he went to a feed stable nearby and tried to mount his horse. He was already badly wounded, and while trying to get on the horse he fell and his leg doubled under him on a rock, breaking the large bone. He was treated by physicians in Hillsville, Roanoke and Wytheville, but the leg is shorter than the other.

His son, Claude Swanson Allen, who fired the first shot in the courthouse, and who, it is believed, was the murderer of Judge Thornton I. Massie, looks as strong as ever, and is thoroughly well, in spite of his long prison confinement. He is a magnificent specimen of physical manhood, and has a face which, while unattractive in general appearance, is not unpleasing. He is generally in a good humor.

Floyd Allen, fifty-five years old, had been on trial for interfering with an officer at the time of the tragedy. He was sentenced to the State penitentiary for one year.

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WALL STREET CAN'T SPEAK FOR WILSON

Money Centre Makes No Plans for Democratic Nominee.

NO MISTAKING HOW HE STANDS

Governor Takes Occasion to Make This Plain When Told of New York Rumor That He Would Not Call Extra Session of Congress to Revise Tariff.

Princeton, N. J., October 26.—Governor Woodrow Wilson saw Princeton defeat Dartmouth at football to-day and joined in the general enthusiasm of Princeton's graduates over the result. The Governor took a day off from political affairs and went to the University Field, where thousands of men and women cheered as he took a seat in Princeton section.

The under-graduates' cheer leaders of both Dartmouth and Princeton signalled for a cheer for the nominee, and before the contest the Governor said he enjoyed the game very much. As an old football coach himself, he remarked that the teams were evenly matched, despite the result, and would hazard no predictions about the approaching Princeton-Yale game.

"I couldn't do much rooting," he said, "on account of my voice. I'm saving that for speeches next week." Governor Wilson's attention was called this evening to a report current to-day in Wall Street that if elected he would not call an extra session of Congress to revise the tariff.

"Wall Street is not making plans for me nor is it authorized to speak for me at any time," remarked the nominee, "and furthermore I would not consider any question like that unless I had the right and power to do so." W. B. Haldeman, editor of the Louisville Times and part owner of the Louisville Courier-Journal, called to pay his respects to Governor Wilson. The nominee saw a host of graduates of the State University throughout the day. William E. Gonzalez, editor of the Columbia (S. C.) State, and Edward F. Giltra, of Missouri, were other visitors.

Governor Wilson watched a workman installing a telegraph instrument in his home to-day, over which electric returns will be flashed by courtesy of a telegraph company. The nominee wondered if the noise would not prove distracting.

"Really," he told the correspondents, "I'd rather go to bed at 9 o'clock than to sit up and follow the early returns, which are usually fragmentary and fatiguing." Even if the Governor goes to bed early, his wife and three daughters will sit behind the telegraph instrument and watch the returns. The Governor, however, may find little rest after all, for the Princeton University students are going to be on hand election night for a noisy program.

Mr. Bryan is especially anxious to see Nebraska swing into the Wilson column and will start from Lincoln Thursday, October 31, on a tour which will take him into two-thirds of the counties in the State. The State committee has provided a special train for the trip, and the Bryan party will include virtually every State and congressional candidate on the Democratic ticket.

Superintendent Egan is in charge of the investigation into the murder, and he has in his possession a mass of letters, photographs and other evidence taken from the trunk of the dead woman when it was opened by the police. They found the trunk check on the slayer, Buonomo, who had taken it from the woman.

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MILITIA IN TURMOIL

Officers Are Inconvenienced Over Recent Action of Governor Dix.

Major-General O'Ryan would not say a word about the situation.

The first decisive move in the fight to supersede General O'Ryan was the announcement, October 4 in Albany, that the Governor had appointed Adjutant-General Verbeck, chief of staff.

This move started the military pot boiling. Men who had been in the guard in responsible positions for fifteen years or more saw their pay cut and their status put in jeopardy.

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NONE ESCAPES GANG'S THREAT OF VENGEANCE

Judge, Jurors, Witnesses and Attorneys Are in Danger.

CONDEMNED FOR DOING THEIR DUTY

Justice Goff Has Armed Guard, While Others Connected With Becker Case Know That Their Lives Are Imperiled and May Pay Penalty to Underworld.

New York, October 26.—An extraordinary situation in a civilized community has developed since Lieutenant Becker was found guilty of murder in the first degree. The man who did duty—the judge of the court, the lawyers for both sides, the jurors and the witnesses—cannot walk the streets with the same feeling of safety that they had before the trial.

Justice John W. Goff was often misled by letter and over his private phone before the jury rendered the verdict. When he leaves his home in West 164th Street, his assistant secretary, Thomas Kearney, or an armed guard, accompanies him.

District Attorney Charles F. Whitman is compelled by the insistence of his staff to permit Detective Albert Thomas to keep near him when he is not in his private office or in his home. He has received threats that he will not live to prosecute another case.

John F. McIntyre, chief counsel for Becker, makes no secret of his belief that his life is in danger. Towards the close of the trial and while he was standing just outside of the courtroom, a gangman muttered in his ear that his comments about Jack Rose's wife would cost him his life. Mr. McIntyre since has carried a revolver.

Rose, Webber, Vallon and Scheppe, the informers, have received messages from the West Side court prison that if they have any property to dispose of they might as well make the will. These threats are supposed to emanate from the friends of the gunmen, "Big Frank" and "Whitey" Lewis. The informers are chilled with fear.

Shapiro, the chauffeur, who turned against the gunmen and who announced to-day that he is ready to identify them as the murderers of Rosenthal, has told his lawyer, A. J. Levy, that he fears he will be shot or stabbed as soon as he is let out of the West Side court prison. Shapiro has been threatened with death as a "squealer."

Lawyer Aaron J. Levy thinks that he is no longer safe because he permitted his client, Shapiro, to take the witness stand against Becker, and because he has advised Shapiro to testify against the gunmen when they come to trial. Mr. Levy receives venomous threats daily.

Friends of the jurors who convicted Becker have been getting anonymous letters and telephone calls, some of which have been very alarming.

The utmost precautions are taken to safeguard the lives of Rose, Webber, Vallon and Scheppe, as well as the lives of Shapiro, Thomas Coups and other witnesses.

Lieutenant Becker, awaiting sentence of death, was visited by his wife in the Tombs to-day, and by Mr. McIntyre and Mr. Hart. He urged the jury to hasten the appeal. Mr. McIntyre told him that all haste would be made, but it would require from six to eight months. Becker displayed bitterness to-day.

"This case is legal butchery," he broke out. "I can't understand how twelve American citizens would take the word of such liars as Rose and Scheppe. A child could see that they were lying to save their own lives. I read papers," he continued, "and I spent at least \$25,000 on my lawyer. That is more money than I ever had in my life. \$2,000 more. The public seems to believe that I was worth \$100,000. That isn't true. If I had been allowed to take the stand, I could have explained every cent of my bank accounts."

It was denied that William Shapiro, driver of the gray murder car on the night of Herman Rosenthal's shooting, has made a confession before that made by him to District Attorney Whitman before the trial and conviction of Charles Becker as instigator of the crime. Whitman himself denied that he gave the State the confession of Shapiro. It was also denied to-night that Whitman would refuse to allow one of the four gun-wielders who shot the fatal bullet into the crowd, either "Big Frank" or "Dago Frank," would in all probability be allowed to go with a second degree, or even a manslaughter sentence, on condition that he give the State the truth about the case. Shapiro had been given assistance in convicting the other three.

TAFT'S VACATION OVER

Arrives in Washington To-Day to Take Up Winter's Work.

Cambridge Springs, Pa., October 26.—President Taft left to-day for Washington to begin his winter's work.

The President traveled from Boston more than 500 miles to speak to-day at the opening of the National Polish Alliance College here. On the way to Cambridge Springs he addressed crowds at Lancaster, Pa. In these speeches he avoided politics, dwelt on prosperity and peace, and urged his former audience to back his administration plan of co-operative banks for farmers.

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WRECKERS AT WORK

They Fall in Attempt to Throw Train From Tracks.

Meridian, Miss., October 26.—An attempt to wreck a north-bound Mobile and Ohio passenger train was made early this morning, three miles north of Quotman, Miss., by unknown parties. A telegraph pole, two cross-arms and a north-bound trolley were placed on a high trestle. The obstruction was seen by the engineer in time to slacken the speed of his train, which saved the north-bound trolley. The engine struck the obstruction, the telegraph pole catching in the machinery underneath, being carried 100 yards before a stop could be made. The train was not derailed and only a short delay was caused. No one was hurt. An official investigation is in progress.

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VICTIM OF "SLAVERS"

Superintendent of Police Given Report of Murder Investigation.

Bridgeport, Conn., October 26.—Superintendent Thomas F. Egan, of the Connecticut State Police, is authorized for the unequalled statement that the band of white slavers who on Tuesday night slew Jennie Cavallieri has its headquarters in Brooklyn, N. Y., and that the band operates its nefarious Chicago and elicits and is actively engaged in the transportation of women from city to city, particularly from Chicago to Eastern points.

Superintendent Egan is in charge of the investigation into the murder, and he has in his possession a mass of letters, photographs and other evidence taken from the trunk of the dead woman when it was opened by the police. They found the trunk check on the slayer, Buonomo, who had taken it from the woman.

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