confident expression of his friends here. Washington officials said they did not interpret Carranza's notes as unfriendly. That Carranza really was offended because the United States addressed its first communications about the Benton killing to American consuls in touch with General Villa was the generally accepted explanation here of his declination to submit information to Washington about Benton's death.

The principles which the American government has been following in dealing with General Villa and others had been one of practical expediency. Its course has been to make representations quickly through American consuls to the authorities, civil or military, who happened to be in de facto control of the region where the danger lay. Instances of this were the representations made about foreigners at Torreon and Tampico.

Bid for Recognition.

In some quarters Carranza's suggestion that he should be first addressed was regarded as a bid for formal recognition. The American government, however, it was stated on the highest authority holds that recognition could be extended only through formal announcement, and expressed intention, rather than through any casual relationship. In dealing with General Carranza, it is felt here the United States merely is consulting the man whom General Villa says he acknowledges as chief.

In view of many officials here, Carranza desired by his notes to impress upon the world the cohesion of the Constitutionalist movement. His assertion of authority over Villa, which in many quarters has been doubted, is one of the phases of the situation which the developments of the next few days now are expected to clarify.

On the assumption that Carranza is the chief of the movement it is more than likely now that if the American government on behalf of Great Britain, seeks reparation for the Benton killing, representations will be made directly to him. Failure or inability of Carranza to comply would be regarded as having an important bearing on the relation of the United States government to the future of the Constitutionalist movement. Officials here admit they are considerably perturbed over Mexican affairs. They will wait, however, for Villa and Carranza to give the world the facts on the Benton episode before declaring the next step.

Secretary Bryan stated positively to-day that the American government had reached no final conclusion on the circumstances surrounding Benton's execution, although it already had much evidence.

Will Accept Rebel Money.

Brownsville, Texas, March 1.—A local bank announced to-day that the recently issued money of the Mexican Constitutionalists will be accepted on deposit at the rate of 35 cents on the dollar. Brownsville does a large business with Matamoras, the rebel headquarters in Eastern Mexico, but this is the first bank to accept the rebel money on deposit.

Huerta Will Take Command.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Mexico City, March 1.—It is learned that Huerta has definitely determined to take command of the defense of Torreon in person. This will insure a decisive battle, as Huerta is undoubtedly the greatest master of military tactics in the republic. He will have at his command an army of 30,000 men. Friends of the administration predict that the coming battle will be the turning point of the war.

Answers Demanded.

Washington, March 1.—Rush messages were sent to Consul Marion Letcher at Chihuahua and to Deputy Consul Frederick Sampich, at Nogales, demanding answers from Rebel Generals Carranza and Villa to the following questions:

First, will general Carranza guarantee the same protection to the train to bear the international commission, which General Villa promised?

Second, to ascertain whether General Villa has changed his views and withdrawn his protection in view of the attitude of Carranza?

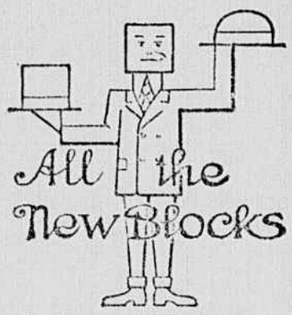
It is understood that if these questions are not answered categorically and satisfactorily to the State Department the United States commissioners will not proceed to Chihuahua, and an entirely new plan of procedure in the Benton investigation will be formulated.

Federals Captured by Rebels.

Brownsville, Texas, March 1.—Colonel Quintana, former commander of the Mexican Federal garrison at Nuevo Laredo, and regarded as one of the most daring of the government military leaders, and 150 of his troops were captured by the rebel forces of Colonel Portirio Gonzales at Candela, after a sanguinary battle, according to a Constitutionalist report to-day received in Matamoras. Candela is a small town on the Mexican National Railroad between Monterey and Laredo. When the battle occurred was not stated.

Officers in Matamoras stated that Quintana probably would be executed.

Rumors were current to-day of a battle yesterday at Camaroge, about seventy miles west of Brownsville, and six miles south of the border. At Constitutionalist headquarters the report was denied. Rebels, it was stated, held complete control of that territory.



All the new blocks to suit sack coats or frocks, for we're in the race to top off your face with the very best collection of all sorts of new stylish spring hats.

Whatever goes in New York and London goes, and comes here.

The Dunlap.
The Henry Heath.
The Stetson.
The Berry Specials.

O. N. Berry Co.

EXPLOSION DAMAGES CHURCH

Attempt to Wreck Old Edifice Believed to Be Work of Militants.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]

London, March 1.—The Church of St. John the Evangelist, Westminster, was damaged by a bomb explosion to-night shortly after the congregation had left.

Two stained glass windows were broken and several seats damaged. The explosion is believed to have been the work of militant suffragettes.

The church is an early eighteenth century construction, and of unique design. It is described by Dickens in "Our Mutual Friend."

The General says:—

We use no coal tar in this roofing, because coal tar is of gaseous origin and naturally returns to gas, thus drying out too quickly. Roofs do not wear out—they dry out.

Our properly blended asphalts are the result of our quarter of a century's experience and tests. They are not of gaseous origin, and dry out very slowly. That's why our Certain-teed label tells you in advance the service you get in

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Quality Certified — Roofing — Durability Guaranteed

It's made of the very slowest drying materials—a soft, properly blended asphalt centre with harder asphalt protecting surface.

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For buildings of the most permanent character appeals to architects, engineers and builders as well as to owners.

A Certain-teed Construction Roof is a built-up roof and is the modern cemented process of covering—whether a gable roof or a flat roof with good drainage.

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ENGLAND WILL NOT RECOGNIZE REBELS

British Minister to Mexico Says No Request Will Be Made of Carranza.

New Orleans, La., March 1.—Great Britain will never recognize the Constitutional party of Mexico even to the extent of requesting that General Carranza investigate the death of William Benton, according to an opinion of Sir Lionel Carden, British minister to Mexico, who was here for a short time to-day.

"Great Britain has recognized the Huerta government as the only constituted authority in Mexico then why should my government request Carranza for a report on the killing of Benton?" Sir Lionel asked.

Sir Lionel had refused to discuss Mexican affairs until shown dispatches reporting that General Carranza, head of the rebels in Mexico, had refused to report to Secretary of State Bryan on the Benton incident, and that he would give such information only at the request of Great Britain. The minister apparently believed this a rather audacious stand for the rebel leader to assume and quickly broke his promised silence on the situation when shown Carranza's statement.

After making this statement Sir Lionel did not give his opinion as to how Great Britain expected to get an official report of the killing of Benton from Carranza.

Sir Lionel refused to discuss reports he is expected to make to his government on the Mexican situation, or say what information he would impart to President Wilson with whom he will have a conference Tuesday. He will leave Washington on Tuesday night for New York, where he will board a steamer for England. He said he would be back in Mexico City soon and would resume his duties as Great Britain's minister in that country. The minister arrived to-day from Galveston and spent less than an hour in New Orleans.

ATTEMPT TO SETTLE FATE OF VERGARA

Conflicting Reports as to Disappearance Only Add to Uncertainty.

Laredo, Tex., March 1.—Conflicting reports concerning the disappearance of Clemente Vergara, the Texas ranchman, with the possibility that he still was alive, to-day apparently aroused hope in only one person in the neighborhood of his home. That person was his wife.

"I do hope it is so," cried Mrs. Vergara, when she heard that General Guarlardo, a Federal commander at Piedras Negras, Mexico, said that he had an official report that Vergara escaped his Federal guards and had joined the Constitutionalists.

This tallies with one statement of Captain Rodriguez, the commander whose name was used to lure Vergara across to the Mexican side, where he was assaulted and imprisoned, but S. J. Hill, Vergara's brother-in-law, and others connected with the investigation of the disappearance still held to the belief that Vergara had been executed when taken from the Hidalgo jail presumably to be transferred to Piedras Negras. They pointed to the fact that nothing has been offered in explanation of the arrest of Vergara, and that the ranchman had not taken sides in Mexican politics.

In order to determine the matter, friends of the missing man to-night were planning a demand on the government to secure Vergara's body if it lies in the newly-made grave in Hidalgo Cemetery, noticed by Mexicans soon after a swinging body was cut down from the place of its execution near the city.

Consul Garrett has received no further instructions from the State Department on the subject of the recovery of the body. He is continuing his investigation.

Says Vergara Is Alive.

Eagle Pass, Tex., March 1.—Characterizing as "fiction" reports of the alleged execution of Clemente Vergara, an American ranchman, General Alberto Guarlarado, a Federal commander at Piedras Negras, Mexico, to-day, reiterated that Vergara was alive and well, a member of a rebel band.

Guarlarado stated that his advices were that Vergara, after his arrest had been started for Piedras Negras under guard, but that he had escaped.

SPANISH SUBJECT IS IN DIFFICULTY

Information Asked of Carranza by State Department May Not Be Accorded.

Sonora, Mexico, March 1.—The State Department at Washington to-day took up with General Carranza the difficulty of a Spanish subject named Ruise in territory controlled by the Constitutionalists. While the Constitutionalist commander-in-chief has not answered the communication, it was said his reply would be similar to that made in the case of W. S. Benton, a British subject, in which the Washington government was refused information on the ground that representations should have been made by English officials. General Carranza was to have left tomorrow on his trip to Chihuahua, but it was announced to-night that he would not depart for several days. It was explained that recent dealings with Washington over the complaints of foreigners in Mexico had created a condition which the insurgent chief did not wish to leave unsettled before his overland march into the eastern border states.

The message from Secretary Bryan regarding Ruise had been sent before the receipt at Washington of Carranza's note in the Benton case.

Ruise represented owners of a large quantity of tobacco, which had been confiscated by insurgents, according to the information at Washington. Spain had recognized the Huerta government, and it was said by some that its position in dealing directly with the Constitutionalist officials would become as difficult as that of England. Officials here asserted that complaints regarding the treatment of foreigners must come through diplomatic agents. The opinion was expressed semiofficially that assurances of General Carranza that he would investigate the case of Gustav Bauch, an American, who disappeared at Juarez, and his expression of regret at the incident, would be sufficient assurance to the Washington government of the friendliness of the Mexican insurgents.

Conductor Is Killed.

Greensboro, N. C., March 1.—Conductor George W. Taylor, of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad, was instantly killed this morning at 3:40 o'clock by falling from his train between Lake Waccamaw and Bolton, N. C. He was walking on top of the freight train from the caboose to the engine, when he lost his balance and fell. Taylor's home was in Salisbury, N. C.

Arrested After He Is Robbed.

G. L. Hastings, of Amelia Courthouse, yesterday reported to the police that he was robbed of $65, an overcoat and watch. Shortly afterward he was arrested on the charge of being drunk.

Note

Owing to the large number of votes received in the Lantern Contest, it has been impossible to announce the name of the winner in this issue.

Who is the Most Popular Teacher?

The Times-Dispatch Will Offer a $500.00 Piano-Player to the Teacher Who Receives the Greatest Number of Votes. No Subscription Votes Will Be Counted

The Times-Dispatch Voting Contests have proved so popular that this paper has decided to continue the features with the distinct provision that it is in no way a subscription solicitation, but is simply a straight voting contest.

A $500.00 piano-player, with cover, bench and twelve rolls of music, will be offered to the white school teacher, either man or woman, who teaches in a school, either private or public, within the limits of the city of Richmond.

It is not necessary to be nominated, and it will not cost the candidates one cent of expense to enter the race, for the subscription feature does not enter into the contest.

In a word, there will be printed each day in The Times-Dispatch a coupon good for one vote—no more, no less.

This coupon through the entire voting campaign will only be worth one vote. New subscriptions or renewals of old subscriptions will not count in any way, and the only way that candidates can secure votes is by clipping the coupon from The Times-Dispatch and sending it to the Popularity Manager, Room 406, Times-Dispatch Building.

The contest will begin on Monday, March 9, 1914, and will end at 6 P. M. on April 30, 1914.

The $500.00 piano-player is offered to the most popular school teacher teaching in a school within the limits of the city of Richmond.

The player is an exceedingly handsome one, and during the period of the contest will be on exhibition in the window of a music store on Broad Street.

This contest offers a rare opportunity for the school children to show their appreciation of the various teachers in the school departments and schools of the city.

The contest is limited to white teachers, but either a man or woman may be a candidate.

For further information call at Room 406, Times-Dispatch Building, and talk to the Popularity Manager, or call Monroe 1 and ask for his office.

BRAVES STORM FOR CHURCH

Rockefeller Attends First Service of United Congregations.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

New York, March 1.—"It was a beautiful service," said John D. Rockefeller to-day as he cordially shook hands with every one who approached him in front of the pulpit of the Calvary Baptist Church, at the close of the morning service. He greeted many strangers, who, henceforth will share in his religious devotions.

Mr. Rockefeller and his son had braved the storm to attend the first service held by the United Fifth Avenue and Calvary Baptist churches in the house of worship of the latter, in Fifty-seventh Street, near Sixth Avenue.

Stork and Cupid Cunning Plotters

Many a New Home will Have a Little Sunbeam to Brighten it.

There is some dread in every woman's mind as to the probable pain, distress and danger of child-birth. But, thanks to a remarkable remedy known as Mother's Friend, the period is one of joyful anticipation.

Mother's Friend is a penetrating, external application. It makes the muscles of the stomach and abdomen pliant so they expand easily and naturally without pain, and with none of that peculiar nausea, nervousness and other symptoms that tend to weaken the prospective mother. Thus Cupid and the stork are rated as cunning plotters to herald the coming of a little sunbeam to gladden the hearts and homes.

Thousands of women know from experience Mother's Friend is one of our greatest contributions to happy motherhood. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Especially recommended as a preventive of caking breast.

Write to Bradfield Regulator Co., 231 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for their valuable book to expectant mothers.

Montague Mfg. Co.

LUMBER AND MILLWORK,
Laths, Shingles, Posts.
Office, Yards and Factory:
Broad Street and Belt Line.

COAL STRIKE WILL END

National Council Requests Men to Resume Work on Tuesday.

Paris, March 1.—The National Council of Miners' Unions to-day decided to call off the strike of coal miners begun in the Southern coal fields on February 24. The council requested various organizations to have their men resume work on Tuesday. The strike was called as a protest against the elimination by the Senate of some clauses of the underground workers' pension bill. Forty thousand men struck.

CRIMINAL LAW INADEQUATE.

Sayre Tells College Men of New York "Down and Outs."

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Williamstown, Mass., March 1.—Francis Bowes Sayre, son-in-law of President Wilson, outlined the life in the "down and out" world of New York," before about 100 Williams undergraduates at the meeting of the Williams Christian Association here this evening.

After telling about the various types of men of this "down and out" class, he commented upon the inadequacy of the New York criminal law.

"Yet the one great thing to be learned from dealing with this great class of individuals and realizing the enormity of the crime committed by them," said Mr Sayre, "is to feel that one must have something bigger than himself to lean on, namely, a faith in Jesus Christ. For men in the more or less idealistic college life this is hard to realize."

Beatty Yacht Located.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]

London, March 1.—The steam yacht Beekah, owned by David Beatty, which was reported missing in the Mediterranean after leaving Syracuse for Algiers, was located to-day in Algiers harbor. Mrs. Beatty and her son, David, are on board.

The yacht was located by the British cruiser Dublin, which had put out from Malta in search of her.

BALTIMORE NEAR TOP.

Nearly 18,000 Income Tax Returns Already Filed.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Baltimore, Md., March 1.—With only one more day in which to file tax returns at the office of Internal Revenue Collector John B. Hanna, the fact that Baltimore will rise far up in the list of American cities as revenue producers under the new act is becoming more and more apparent. At the present time New York is leading, while Baltimore is fourth, ahead of Boston, since the local office hit the 18,000 mark last night, with hundreds of unopened declarations still facing the employes.

LICENSES SURRENDERED.

"Nuisance Act" in Tennessee Becomes Effective.

Memphis, Tenn., March 1.—Of 700 revenue licenses held in Memphis, 576 to-day were surrendered to County Attorney-General Z. N. Estes, when the "nuisance act," passed at the latest session of the State Legislature, became operative, closing saloons in Tennessee. A number of the saloons transformed into "soft drink" establishments, reopened to-night to serve nonalcoholic and other beverages coming within the requirements of the State prohibition laws of less than 2 per cent alcohol.

Government licenses still in force, it is stated, are held by drug stores, river steamers and wholesale dealers, the latter of whom will be permitted to continue shipments outside the state.

STUDENT LOSES HIS LIFE IN POND

Ernest Gary, Freshman at Washington and Lee, Is Drowned.

HE VENTURES ON THIN ICE

Son of Chief Justice of Supreme Court of South Carolina.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Lexington, Va., March 1.—Ernest Gary, the seventeen-year-old son of Eugene B. Gary, of Abbeville, S. C., Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of South Carolina, was drowned at 3 o'clock this afternoon in a pond about a mile from Lexington. Young Gary, who was a freshman at Washington and Lee University, and a friend, Cadet Smith, of Virginia Military Institute, were out walking when they came to the pond. They were tempted to see if the ice would hold them up, and Gary ventured too far. The ice gave way, and before assistance could be given, he was helpless in twelve feet of water.

Cadet Smith hastened to the assistance of Gary. The ice broke under him, and he, too, fell into the water, but was able to reach the shore after hard work. Securing a plank, he extended it to Gary, but by this time the South Carolina boy was too weak to grasp the plank with a firm hold, and he sank for the last time.

Several persons, attracted by the cries of Cadet Smith, searched for the body of Gary, which was recovered.

Religious services will be held over the body of Gary to-morrow morning at 7:30 o'clock, after which it will be shipped on the 8:15 train to Abbeville, S. C., where burial will take place on Tuesday.

Gary was a member of the Episcopal Church and sang in the local choir. He was very popular with his classmates, and President Henry Louis Smith said to-night that the boy was one of the brightest students in the institution.

News of the death of Gary spread rapidly among the student body and the cadets of V. M. I., many of whom knew him well, and general sorrow was expressed.

Cadet Smith received much praise for the heroic attempt he made to rescue his friend. He is almost prostrated to-night from the experience through which he passed.

Member of Prominent Family.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Columbia, S. C., March 1.—Ernest Gary, the Washington and Lee student drowned to-day at Lexington, Va., was a son of Eugene B. Gary, Chief Justice of the South Carolina Supreme Court, and was closely related to some of the most distinguished South Carolina public men. His father was for years associate justice, and when Ira B. Jones resigned as Chief Justice to run against Cole L. Blease for Governor of South Carolina, Justice Gary succeeded him as the head of the State's highest court.

Judge Frank B. Gary, an uncle, is judge of the Tenth South Carolina Circuit. He was formerly United States Senator from South Carolina, serving the unexpired term of the late Senator Latimer. Frank Gary was formerly Speaker of the South Carolina House of Representatives.

Judge Ernest Gary, for whom the lad was named, is judge of the Fifth South Carolina Circuit, Columbia, the capital, is in this circuit.

The boy's granduncle was General Martin W. Gary, known as the "Bald Eagle of Edgefield," who was a distinguished officer in the Confederate army during the War Between the States, serving with gallantry with Generals Hampton and Butler.

SEARCH FOR WILLIAM HOOPER.

Postal Authorities Want Director in Defunct Company.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Philadelphia, March 1.—The postal authorities are searching for William Hooper, a director in the defunct Snug Harbor (Alaska) Copper Company, and the moving spirit in the Central Finance Company, to get his explanation of the various dealings of the Snug Harbor Company. This action was taken at the instigation of Mrs. Alma Heur, a stockholder of the company, who asked the postal authorities to ascertain whether she had been defrauded or not.

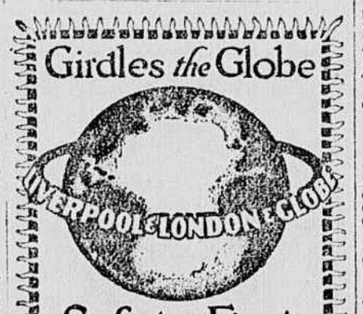
Mrs. Heur declares she would never have trusted him had it not been she met him at the Christian Science Church and had been wonderfully impressed by his faith. She alleged he persuaded her to mortgage her home in order to obtain the funds necessary for the purchase of the pretty certificates of the Snug Harbor Company, which she holds.

Queen Is Careful Financier.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]

London, March 1.—Another instance of Queen Mary's careful financing has been shown in connection with the expenses of the coming trip to the Continent. Being anxious to spare the King the necessity for opening his private purse, she urged him to ask that the whole bill be settled by the treasury on his return from Paris. The treasury at first objected, but finally consented to the arrangement.

Girdles the Globe



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Here's the most satisfactory

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to be found on the market. It's excellent for furniture, woodwork and highly polished surfaces of every description.

Easily applied, does not stick or gum. Cleans and polishes all fine woods.

Special Introductory Offer For This Week

Large bottle.....39c
Medium bottle.....29c

Try it. Ask for Tabor Reliable Piano Polish. We unhesitatingly recommend it to all our patrons.

The Corley Company

The House That Made Richmond Musical

213 E. Broad Street

Cold Wave Will Be of Short Duration

Washington, March 1.—A cold wave for the eastern part of the country, extending as far south as the Gulf of Mexico, for the first days of the week, with warmer temperatures by the middle of the week and generally fair weather, were forecast to-day by the Weather Bureau.

"A storm of marked intensity, central Sunday morning off Hatteras," said the weekly bulletin, "will move northeastward and be attended by west and northwest gales and decidedly colder weather.

"Frosts and freezing temperature will occur in connection with this cold wave as far south as the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, except the southern portion of the Florida Peninsula. This cold wave, however, will be of short duration, and a general reaction to higher temperatures will set in over the Middle West on Monday and Eastern and Southeastern States on Tuesday.

"Generally fair weather will prevail during the next several days in virtually all parts of the country except the North Pacific States.

"The next storm of importance to cross the country will appear on the North Pacific Coast Wednesday, cross the Great Central Valley about Friday and the Eastern States near the end of the week. This disturbance will cause rains in Southern and probably rains and snows in Northern States east of the Rocky Mountains."

UNEMPLOYED INVADE CHURCH.

Welcomed by Pastor and Purse Made Up to Relieve Their Needs.

New York, March 1.—The unemployed invaded Fifth Avenue to-day and stormed a fashionable church. As the choir of the First Presbyterian Church was singing the opening hymn 100 men entered and marched down the centre aisles. The Rev. Howard Duffield, D. D., stopped the service and made the newcomers a speech of welcome and asked them to be seated.

Frank Tannenbaum, the Industrial Workers' of the World leader, arose and said:

"We are hungry and we are homeless. We want something to eat and a place to sleep."

Other speakers said they wanted to sleep in the church.

Dr Duffield explained that he had no authority to grant this request, but told the men a way would be provided for them to have food and shelter.

At the close of the service a purse was made up to provide food and lodging for the men for the night.

Select Site for Building.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

Washington, March 1.—The Bolivian Minister and Madame Calderon will leave here next Thursday for San Francisco, where they will select the site for the Bolivian building at the Panama Exposition.

En route they will stop at New Orleans and other points of interest in Southwestern States.

The Weather

Forecast: Virginia and North Carolina—Fair, colder east portion; Tuesday fair, with rising temperature.

Special Local Data for Yesterday.

12 noon temperature	40
3 P. M. temperature	44
Maximum temperature up to 8 P. M.	44
Minimum temperature up to 8 P. M.	33
Mean temperature	38
Normal temperature	42
Deficiency in temperature	4
Excess in temperature since March 1	72
Accumulated deficiency in temperature since January 1	15
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1	1.01
Accumulated excess in rainfall since January 1	.80

Local Observation 8 P. M. Yesterday.

Temperature	33
Humidity	49
Wind—direction	N. W.
Wind—velocity	24
Weather	Clear
Rainfall last twelve hours	.02
Temperature 11 P. M.	22

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES.
(At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)

Place	Ther.	H.	T.	L. T.	W'ther.
Asheville	12	20	12		Snow
Atlanta	28	40	28		Clear
Boston	44	44	..		Cloudy
Buffalo	12	34	..		Snow
Calgary	42	48	..		Clear
Charleston	42	48	..		Clear
Chicago	18	20	..		Clear
Denver	58	60	..		Clear
Duluth	8	14	..		Clear
Galveston	58	66	50		Cloudy
Hatteras	36	48	36		Cloudy
Havre	42	56	..		Clear
Jacksonville	50	60	46		Clear
Kansas City	26	30	..		P. cloudy
Louisville	16	18	..		Clear
Montgomery	42	50	42		Clear
New Orleans	56	60	30		P. cloudy
New York	32	38	..		Snow
Norfolk	38	44	28		Clear
Oklahoma	46	52	..		P. cloudy
Pittsburgh	10	34	..		Snow
Raleigh	30	48	30		Clear
St. Louis	22	24	..		Clear
St. Paul	12	16	..		Clear
San Francisco	56	58	..		Clear
Savannah	40	54	40		Clear
Spokane	46	48	..		Cloudy
Tampa	54	60	52		Clear
Washington	26	42	..		Cloudy
Winnipeg	8	10	..		Cloudy
Wytheville	12	32	..		Cloudy

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

March 2, 1914.

		HIGH TIDE:	
Sun rises	6:42	Morning	8:06
Sun sets	6:03	Evening	8:57