

MASTER DAN GUIDO AGAIN IN CONTROL AT WHITE HOUSE

Love Runs Like Ripple of Sunshine Through Capital Troubles.

CLOSE INTEREST FELT IN ROMANCE

Engagement of Miss Eleanor Wilson and Secretary McAdoo Is Pleasing to Society, and Approaching Wedding Presages Gay Easter Season in Washington.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, March 14.—Love ran like a ripple of sunshine through the shadows of the Mexican trouble and the tangled web and wool of life at the national capital to-day, when it became known that Master Dan Cupido had again captured the White House, and Miss Eleanor Randolph Wilson, youngest daughter of the President, would be the fourteenth White House bride.

The news was intensified in interest by the revelation of the report that the happy bridegroom-elect is Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, one of the President's closest friends, and a popular social favorite among administration folk.

For some time, the attentions of the secretary had been manifest to all beholders, and that Miss Wilson, like her father, was still, was also evident. The approaching nuptial ceremony, and the pleasant comment buzzed over the tea-cups and between dances as the news spread like wildfire through the "400."

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Close Personal Interest. A closer personal interest is felt in the romance than that between Miss Jessie Wilson and Mr. Sayre, because both Mr. McAdoo and Miss Wilson have made many friends during their residence here. Miss Jessie Wilson was rarely here before her marriage, and most of her wedding guests were from out of town.

One of the first fruits of the engagement announcement was the blossoming forth in Washington shop windows of a very pretty white dress in dresses, stationery and trinkets. This color was made for the bride-elect, and it is said by friends that the color will predominate in the decorative scheme of her wedding.

Miss Wilson Picks Prize. If a tender, kindly parent, presages a tender, kindly husband, Miss Wilson has indeed picked a prize in the matrimonial lottery. One of the prettiest sights in the official circle has been the devotion which Secretary McAdoo feels for his motherless little ones, and they for him. He is inordinately proud of his pretty daughter, Miss Nona McAdoo, who has been called the prettiest girl of the administration.

Guest at Luncheon. Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo was the principal guest at a luncheon at the White House, which was given to greet the members of his fiancée's family to-day.

Contracts Cold During Recent Storm, Which Develops Into Pneumonia. Rev. John Scarborough, D. D., Protestant Episcopal Bishop of New Jersey, died at his home in New York City to-day, after a short illness. He was in his eighty-third year.

Bills Carries \$10,000,000. Washington, March 14.—The agricultural appropriation bill, carrying \$10,000,000, passed the House late to-day without substantial amendment. It now goes to the Senate.

PLEA FOR PARTY HARMONY

President Urges Tennessee Democrats to Get Together. Washington, March 14.—An appeal for party harmony among Tennessee Democrats was made by President Wilson to-night, after a conference with National Democratic Committee Chairman, Representative Doremus, of Tennessee, who was to have been in the city but was out of the city. The President feels that the success of party affairs in Tennessee has been hampered in some quarters. The authorized statement issued by the President is very clear and decided. It is the duty of all Democrats to stand together for the sake of the people and the success of party throughout the nation. The nation is now accepting the services of the party as a whole, and every Democrat should consider it part of his duty and privilege to contribute to the party in the most effective way possible. The President's statement is a plea for party harmony and a warning against the kind of dissension that has been shown in Tennessee.

SEARCH FOR HIDDEN WEALTH

Supposed to Be Hidden in Western Bank by Two Alleged Paupers. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, March 14.—Search for over \$3,000,000 in hidden bonds and mortgages, supposed to be concealed in Western banks, is being conducted by the postal authorities, according to Special United States District Attorney Arnold. The hidden wealth is said to belong to John J. Meyer and Archie L. Wisner, convicted on Federal court of using the mails to defraud. Going to Atlanta bank to serve term for several years, they are said to have hidden their money in banks in the West. Mr. Arnold says they are millionaires in disguise. Further investigation is being conducted by the postal authorities and Federal Accountant George Stork. The hidden wealth is said to be worth \$3,000,000, as shown during the two years that the Federal court was in session. The men never spent any of their earnings, and the money was hidden in various banks in the West.

GALE SWEEPS BRITISH COAST

Scores of People Injured and Ships Blown From Their Moorings. London, March 14.—The British coast was swept by a gale during the past twenty-four hours, during which the scores of people have been injured, and many ships have been blown from their moorings. The gale was the most severe since the beginning of the year. The damage done to property and to life is estimated at many millions of dollars. The gale was the most severe since the beginning of the year. The damage done to property and to life is estimated at many millions of dollars.

PRINCE OF WALES AROUSED

Given Lecture by Queen, Who Opens Package Addressed to Him. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] London, March 14.—The Prince of Wales, who is on a tour of the United States, was aroused by a lecture given by the Queen on the occasion of his departure. The lecture was given by the Queen on the occasion of his departure. The lecture was given by the Queen on the occasion of his departure.

SUCCESSOR TO JENKINS

Glass Will Recommend G. A. Sullivan for Postmaster at East Endford. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, March 14.—Congressman Glass, who is on a tour of the United States, will recommend G. A. Sullivan for the position of Postmaster at East Endford. Sullivan is a prominent citizen of the community and has served in various capacities.

TRIBUTE TO WESTINGHOUSE

During Funeral of Inventor 100,000 Men and Women Stop Work. Washington, March 14.—A hundred thousand men and women stopped work to-day as a tribute to George Westinghouse, the inventor of the alternating current system. The funeral services took place at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City. The funeral services took place at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City.

BISHOP SCARBOROUGH DEAD

Contracts Cold During Recent Storm, Which Develops Into Pneumonia. Rev. John Scarborough, D. D., Protestant Episcopal Bishop of New Jersey, died at his home in New York City to-day, after a short illness. He was in his eighty-third year.

NO TOLLS IN CANAL FOR SHIPS OWNED BY GOVERNMENT

Claims of Charge for War Vessels Denied by Adamson.

THREE MINORITY REPORTS ON PLAN

Two Democrats Make Statement They Can See No Reason to Reverse Position Advocating Exemption, and Two Republicans Attack Sims Repeal Measure.

Washington, March 14.—Statements that government vessels would be compelled to pay tolls if the Sims bill repealing the exemption clause of the Panama Canal tolls were enacted, were characterized to-day as "monstrous perversion of fact and the most foolish folly ever perpetrated by the House of Representatives," by Representative Adamson, chairman of the House Interstate Commerce Committee. "Such vessels are mentioned in the canal act not in the Sims bill and ought not to be," the statement continues. "They are owned by the same owner who owns the canal, and passed the vessel by right of ownership according to treaty. Owing both warships and canal, the government could pay tolls to nobody but itself, which would be concentrated nonsense."

Three minority reports on the toll repeal plan were presented from the committee to-day. Representatives of Michigan, Indiana, and Oklahoma, of Rhode Island, Connecticut, and Ohio, all of whom are Republicans, declared they could see no reason to reverse their position advocating coastwise shipping exemption, while Representatives of California, Illinois, and Pennsylvania, all of whom are Democrats, presented separate reports attacking the repeal plan.

Denunciation of Sims Bill. Denunciation of the Sims bill, which is characterized as the "Sims bill," by the United States abandoned its policy of an American-controlled Panama Canal. The bill would give the United States the right to operate the canal, and would repeal the tolls on government vessels. The bill would give the United States the right to operate the canal, and would repeal the tolls on government vessels.

Must Urge Contentions. "Thousands of patriotic American citizens insist that we cannot maintain our position in the present controversy if we do not insist on every American right at Panama. The history of this country would have been less glorious had we failed to defend our rights, even when fully convinced of our own error. The Venezuela question stirred the nation. It was a mistake, according to this new 'peace-at-any-price' policy, to have declared in 1895 that we commanded the respect of the world."

Exemption Means Big Loss. New York, March 14.—The exemption of coastwise shipping through the Panama Canal tolls would entail a loss of the first ten years of over \$20,000,000, said Professor Emory T. Johnson. This loss, he said, would be borne by taxpayers. Professor Johnson was appointed special United States Commissioner of Panama Traffic Tolls by former President Taft, and served as such in 1911-12.

Text of General Carranza's Reply to Consul Simplic. "As you know, the department at Washington has communicated with me through the American consul at Hermosillo to make two classes of representations to me, both unofficial, the one concerning American citizens, the other non-American foreigners. As you are aware, I have entertained the representations Secretary Bryan thought fit to make when nationals of his country were concerned, the said representations, however, being made by me as information to redress and avoid the wrongs to which they relate. In his letter to you about the injuries suffered at the Desaguadero mine at Guaymas, Secretary Bryan tells you that countries which have recognized the Huerta government cannot apply for recognition by this government, as well as by other governments," declared Senator Fall, of New Mexico, in accepting Carranza's suggestion, and allowing his consuls to do business with him on an unofficial basis, which will not carry with it political recognition. It is recalled that this was done by the United States during the war between the States.

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Monroe 1

CARRANZA WANTS EVERY NATION TO ACT FOR ITSELF

Declaration Transmitted Promptly to Various Powers.

CONSIDERED BID FOR RECOGNITION

Officials Feel That It Marks Change in First Uncompromising Attitude—Rebel Leader on Way to Chihuahua, and Cut Off From Communication.

Washington, March 14.—The declaration of General Carranza, outlining his policy as to the right of American consuls in Northern Mexico to act for citizens of other powers, was transmitted promptly to the various powers in Washington. Copies of the statement telegraphed to Secretary Bryan by American Consul Simplic, at Nogales, were supplied to diplomats late to-day, and considered of such importance that there was no delay in submitting them to the governments as a basis for specific instructions. Embassy and legation officials commented on the Carranza note only in general terms. One fact is accepted, however, that the United States cannot continue to act for them in defiance of Carranza's refusal to listen to representations on the old basis. They feel that there is no warrant of law for allowing United States consuls to act as consuls for other foreign governments, even if the various governments were willing to bestow such powers.

General Carranza has cut himself off from communication by starting on horseback with his staff across the Mountains of Chihuahua for the capital of that state. It will be nearly two weeks before he can be reached by telegraph, and it is assumed that the State Department that no change in the status of foreigners in Northern Mexico is likely in the immediate future. General Carranza's declaration marks a change in his first uncompromising attitude, and that when he reaches Chihuahua, he will be ready to concede to the United States the right to look after the interests in that country controlled by the Constitution, without the limitation imposed in today's declaration of policy.

For the next fortnight, at least, the consuls probably will be followed, and the State Department will continue to protest against any maltreatment of foreigners or injury to their properties; while, on the other hand, Carranza or his agents, without acting as official representatives of Carranza, will note their own representations as if they had been reported by Mexican officials. This policy will obtain, however, only in localities where foreign governments have no consuls.

May Accept His Suggestion. It is believed that in other cases the various governments will accept Carranza's suggestion, and allow their consuls to do business with him on an unofficial basis, which will not carry with it political recognition. It is recalled that this was done by the United States during the war between the States.

Carranza's note is a plain bid for recognition by this government, as well as by other governments," declared Senator Fall, of New Mexico, in accepting Carranza's suggestion, and allowing his consuls to do business with him on an unofficial basis, which will not carry with it political recognition. It is recalled that this was done by the United States during the war between the States.

Secretary Bryan to-day denied any knowledge of a shipment of arms consigned to the American embassy in Mexico City, and reported to have been detained. It is believed that if arms have been held up, they were destined for individual Americans, and not for the embassy.

Text of General Carranza's Reply to Consul Simplic. "As you know, the department at Washington has communicated with me through the American consul at Hermosillo to make two classes of representations to me, both unofficial, the one concerning American citizens, the other non-American foreigners. As you are aware, I have entertained the representations Secretary Bryan thought fit to make when nationals of his country were concerned, the said representations, however, being made by me as information to redress and avoid the wrongs to which they relate. In his letter to you about the injuries suffered at the Desaguadero mine at Guaymas, Secretary Bryan tells you that countries which have recognized the Huerta government cannot apply for recognition by this government, as well as by other governments," declared Senator Fall, of New Mexico, in accepting Carranza's suggestion, and allowing his consuls to do business with him on an unofficial basis, which will not carry with it political recognition. It is recalled that this was done by the United States during the war between the States.

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Monroe 1

PROMINENT CITIZEN DEAD



N. W. BOWE. Expires in Less Than Five Minutes After Being Stricken With Heart Trouble. WAS IN CONFEDERATE ARMY. One of Richmond's Leading Real Estate Brokers and Widely Known Citizen.

N. W. Bowe, seventy-one years old, a widely-known citizen and one of Richmond's leading real estate brokers, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at his home, 317 West Franklin Street. Death was due to heart trouble, and he expired in less than five minutes after he had been stricken.

For two days Mr. Bowe had suffered from a slight indisposition but it was not considered in the least alarming. Yesterday he was able to leave the house and went for a drive. A short time after he returned home he faintly called Dr. J. Garrett Nelson, of 317 North Harrison Street, who was quickly summoned, but Mr. Bowe was dead when he arrived. Dr. Nelson pronounced death due to aneuria pectoris, but said that it was a sudden attack and not brought on by his shoes. Mr. Bowe has always been in robust health. Mr. Bowe's death came as a great shock to his family and many friends.

Funeral arrangements had not been completed last night. Besides his wife, Mr. Bowe leaves nine children, as follows: Mrs. Cary Ellis Stern, Stuart Bowe, Bruce Bowe, Mrs. John T. Penn, of Martinsville, Va.; Mrs. Hattie B. Hodges, of California; Charles C. Bowe, Wm. D. Bowe, N. W. Bowe, Jr., and Dudley P. Bowe. He also leaves twelve grandchildren.

Mr. Bowe, who was a native of Hanover County, where he received his early education, was a Confederate veteran, having served in Company B, First Virginia Regiment, Pickens' Division, during the War Between the States. He was captured by the Federal forces and for nineteen months was held a prisoner at Point Lookout. In the exchange of prisoners he was released and returned to his old company. He won the rank of sergeant and a reputation as a sharp-shooter. At Gettysburg he was among the sharpshooters chosen to do scout work, and he was among the Confederates who terrorized the Federals with a deadly fire from the Devil's Den.

At the close of the war Mr. Bowe settled in Richmond and associated himself with the real estate firm of Grubb & Williams. He later became a partner in the business, and the style of the firm was made Williams & Bowe, and to-day it is N. W. Bowe & Sons, with offices at 110 North Seventh Street. Mr. Bowe was a member of the Commonwealth Club and of the Country Club of Virginia.

Signor Perugini, One-Time Husband of Lillian Russell, Retires From Stage. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Philadelphia, March 14.—Signor Jean Perugini, one-time husband of Lillian Russell, has retired from the stage. He has joined the colony of actors at the Edwin Forrest Home, near Holmesburg. Deafness caused his retirement, for he is now an old man, being in his sixtieth year.

There is no secret about the plans, railroad men having known for some time that the Southern was not willing to spend money on the improvement of its station at Fourteenth and Chestnut Streets, when the chances are that it will be closed in a few days to make room for bigger freight terminals. While not willing to discuss the negotiations, officials of the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Seaboard admit that the question has been under consideration for several weeks, and unless there is an unexpected turn, the three railroads will shortly have joint use of the Main Street Station. That arrangement the Southern will have ample accommodations for its freight yards and warehouses. It was pointed out that the convenience of the public could be served to better advantage with two city stations instead of three, while other railroad men asserted that when the Southern has joined the Atlantic Coast Line and the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroads may go ahead with their plans for a \$1,000,000 station on the Hermitage Club site.

GREAT APPLAUSE IN LEGISLATURE

AS SESSION ENDS. Worn Out by Work, All Hail Adjournment With Joy.

NO BIG MEASURE ON CLOSING DAY. Important Bills Cleared From Calendar on Friday, Which Makes Easy Sailing in Final Hour—Gifts Presented to Speaker, Clerks, Pages and Members.

The General Assembly of Virginia ended its labors early this morning, the House of Delegates adjourning at 12:22 o'clock, after repeatedly turning back the clock to make it possible to rush through a few more minor bills. The Senate has been members all evening. Its calendar had been cleared, and the vote could not be obtained to take up other measures not duly advanced.

While the final day was an intensely busy one in the House, the measures of most far-reaching importance had been disposed of on Friday, and the attention was directed to the afternoon and evening was to hold a quorum present to dispose of routine matters, hear conference committee reports, straighten out amendments, and clear up all the loose ends of legislation before the session could come to a conclusion.

Many Bills Not Touched. Technically the General Assembly will not adjourn until Friday, extra time has been given for the enrolling of bills which are to be signed by the Speaker of the House and the president of the Senate, but at no time will there be more than a few members present to witness those formalities. The period for the passing of bills ended with the final adjournment last night, and adjournment was made at 11:30 p.m. Of the bills left on the House calendar which might have secured final adoption, there was none of supreme importance or that, in the judgment of the House leaders, would have justified an extension of the actual working session. Lower down on the calendar came more than 200 House bills which have never reached or given any serious consideration.

Gorham Measure Adopted. Among the many bills passed yesterday, that creating the greatest comment allows the Gorham Manufacturing Company to make and sell duplicate casts of the Houdon statue of Washington, the passage of which brought forth heated protests against the presence on the floor of attorneys, office holders and professional lobbyists and politicians from several sections of the State, who were openly attempting to induce members to vote for the bill. The statute bill has been one of the most persistent and isolated measures before this session, and was bitterly though unsuccessfully fought until its final passage.

An important bill passed last night which is believed to a large extent abolish the reform of the constitution of Virginia, since it gives juries, in cases of murder in the first degree, the option of punishment by death or life imprisonment.

The much-discussed anti-elope and anti-shipping bills died in the Senate, lacking the votes to get them advanced to a position on the calendar where they could secure final passage. The Senate also failed to take final action on the Adams bill for reorganization of the State, and the Torrens land registration bill.

A feature of the closing day in the House was the presentation of a report from the investigations committee entirely unknown to the management of the Confederate Soldiers' Home, and highly praising the institution and its work. Another feature of the morning session was the presentation on the part of the members of the House of a handsome silver service to Speaker Cox, and of suitable remembrances to other employees.

To make it certain that no business will be taken up at the special session, which the Governor has been requested to call for the first Wednesday in January, 1914, save that which grows out of the report of the Special Committee on Taxation, both houses yesterday adopted joint resolutions of record to that effect, thus limiting the extra session to the one subject in hand, and making it impossible for the attention of members to be diverted to other subjects of lesser importance.

The closing scenes in the House. The closing scenes in the House of Delegates last night were characteristic. The long hours of the final week, when the House has been in almost constant session, were over. The members were tired, and the adjournment was greeted with joy. The members of the House found themselves as happy as schoolboys. It was only by the personal efforts of speakers and clerks that the adjournment was held together until some important matters had been disposed of, and when the last word had been said, piles of printed bills were scattered about the chamber, singing and cheering begun, and all over the House there was joy that the grueling work was over.

Calm and untroubled through the wild scenes of the closing hours, Clerk John W. Williams, the one man whom nothing has seemed to disturb, and who has steered the House through every legislative emergency, and through long hours of hard and constant work, gathered up his papers