Golf
Tennis
Shooting

SPORTS

Racing
Baseball
Aquatics

VIRGINIA LEAGUE

(Continued From Fourth Page.)

by O'Brien, 2; by Ramey, 1. Time of game, 2:15. Umpires, Henderson and Reynolds.

TARS AND SHIPBUILDERS SPLIT DOUBLE-HEADER

Champions Take First Game by 4 to 3 Score, and Was Whitewashed in the Nightcap, 5 to 0.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 7.—Newport News and Norfolk split even in to-day's double-header, the visitors winning the first, 4 to 3, and the locals taking the second, 5 to 0. Lewis, a Mountain League recruit, was invincible in the second game, holding the Tars to four scattered hits, only one of which was a clean drive. Hail was hit opportunely by the Builders in the early rounds.

Murphy started for the locals in the opener and pitched good ball, but his support wobbled at critical times, a misjudged fly by Smith, Clunk's wild heave and Spratt's high throw to the plate giving the Tars three of their four runs. Gaston was supported superbly by his teammates in the opening game. The scores:

FIRST GAME.
Newport News.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Gondolfi, ss	4	0	1	1	2	0
Meixell, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Spratt, 2b	4	0	2	2	3	0
Clunk, cf	4	0	1	2	0	1
Walters, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	1
Smith, lf	4	2	2	3	0	0
Carnes, 1b	4	0	0	11	4	0
Glockson, c	3	1	0	4	0	0
Murphy, p	2	0	1	1	3	0
Barton, p	1	0	1	0	1	0
*Krepps	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	3	9	27	15	2

Norfolk.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Cleveland, 3b	4	1	1	0	1	1
Steinbrenner, 2b	4	1	1	0	1	1
Thrasher, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hopkins, lf	3	0	0	1	0	1
McMahon, ss	3	1	1	1	4	0
Alexander, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Pressly, 1b	3	0	1	12	2	0
Ulrich, c	1	0	0	2	1	0
Stewart, c	2	0	0	6	2	0
Gaston, p	3	0	0	2	2	0
Totals	31	4	5	27	15	2

*Batted for Barton in ninth inning.

Score by innings:		R.
Newport News	0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	3
Norfolk	0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	4

Summary: Two-base hits—Spratt, Cleveland, Alexander. Three-base hit—McMahon. Stolen bases—Spratt, Clunk, Glockson, Barton. Sacrifice hit—McMahon. Double plays—Barton to Carnes to Glockson. Struck out—by Murphy, 1; by Barton, 1; by Gaston, 8. Bases on balls—off Murphy, 1; off Gaston, 1. Left on bases—Newport News, 6; Norfolk, 2. Hits—off Murphy, 5 and 4 runs in 21 times at bat in 5 innings. First on errors—Norfolk, 1. Wild pitch—Gaston. Passed ball—Stewart. Umpires—Messrs. Franklin and Norcum. Time of game—1 hour and 50 minutes.

SECOND GAME.
Newport News.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Gondolfi, ss	4	1	1	3	4	0
Meixell, rf	3	1	1	4	0	0
Spratt, 2b, 3b	4	1	1	2	3	0
Clunk, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Walters, 3b	2	0	0	1	0	0
Krepps, 2b	2	0	0	1	0	0
Smith, lf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Carnes, 1b	2	0	0	10	2	0
Copeland, c	3	1	0	4	1	1
Lewis, p	2	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	31	5	4	27	14	1

Norfolk.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Cleveland, 3b	4	0	0	0	3	0
Steinbrenner, 2b	4	0	0	1	3	0
Thrasher, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Hopkins, lf	3	0	1	1	0	0
McMahon, ss	3	0	0	2	4	2
Alexander, rf	3	0	0	1	0	1
Pressly, 1b	2	0	0	12	3	0
Stewart, c	2	0	2	5	0	0
Hall, p	2	0	0	1	2	0
Gaston, p	1	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	28	0	4	24	16	3

Score by innings:		R.
Newport News	2 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 *	5
Norfolk	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0

Summary: Two-base hits—Stewart, Meixell. Stolen bases—Smith (2), Meixell, Spratt, Clunk, Copeland, Thrasher. Double plays—Lewis to Gondolfi to Carnes; Copeland to Gondolfi. Struck out—by Lewis, 4; by Hall, 2; by Gaston, 2. Bases on balls—off Lewis, 2; off Hall, 2. Left on bases—Newport News, 5; Norfolk, 3. First on errors—Newport News, 2. Hits—off Hall, 4 and 5 runs in 22 times at bat in 5 innings (none in sixth). Passed ball—Stewart. Hit by pitched ball—Carnes by Hall. Umpires—Messrs. Norcum and Franklin. Time of game—1 hour and 45 minutes.

NINTH-INNING RALLY WINS GAME FOR TIGERS

Efird as Pinch Hitter Starts Trouble, and Twirls Last Session for Roanoke—Score 7 to 6.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., August 7.—Roanoke made it two straight from the Truckers by scoring three runs in the ninth inning, overcoming a 6 to 4 lead. The final count was 7 to 6. Manager Welcher used three pitchers, Jamison, Poole and Efird, in copping. Efird went in originally as a pinch hitter, and came through with a single that started the winning rally. He then went in and held the Truckers helpless in the final session.

Foiles connected for a homer in the sixth, sending a man across the plate ahead of him. Goalby led with the stick for the visitors, making a double and a pair of singles. The score:

Roanoke.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Cook, cf	5	1	1	1	0	1
Moran, lf	5	1	2	4	0	0
Graham, 1b	5	0	0	10	2	0
Goalby, 2b	5	1	3	1	1	0
Irnischer, 3b	4	0	1	1	3	0
Steinheuser, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Poh, ss	4	0	2	4	3	0
Leibs, c	4	2	2	4	0	0
Jamison, p	3	1	1	0	2	0
Poole, p	0	0	0	0	2	0
Efird, p	1	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	40	7	14	27	13	1

Portsmouth.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Boyd, cf	5	2	2	1	0	0
O'Keefe, 3b	4	1	1	4	0	0
Whitted, rf	5	0	3	0	0	0
McElveen, ss	5	0	2	1	5	0
Hurley, lf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Troy, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	0
Foiles, 1b	3	1	2	9	1	1
Riley, c	4	1	1	4	3	0
McCleary, p	4	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	38	6	14	27	14	1

Score by innings:		R.
Roanoke	0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 3	7
Portsmouth	0 0 2 0 1 2 1 0 0	6

Summary: Two-base hits—O'Keefe, Steinhauser, Whitted, Goalby. Home run—Foiles. Stolen bases—Graham, Hurley. Sacrifice hits—Hurley, O'Keefe. Base on balls—off Jamison, 1; off Poole, 1. Left on bases—Roanoke, 7; Portsmouth, 9. Hits—off Jamison, 10 in 6 innings; off Poole, 3 in 2 innings; off Efird, 1. Struck out—by Jamison, 1; by Poole, 1; by Efird, 1. Time of game, 1:50. Umpire, Clarke.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

(Continued From Fourth Page.)

Magee. Daubert, O'Mara (2). Double plays—Cutshaw and Daubert (2); Egan, Cutshaw and Daubert; Magee and Snyder. Time, 1:35. Umpires, Byron and Johnston.

REDS BEATEN BY PIRATES

PHILADELPHIA, August 7.—The Philadelphia Nationals defeated the Concinnati Reds by scoring a shutout victory, 2 to 0. Up to the eighth inning it was a pitchers' battle between Ames and Alexander, neither team scoring. In this inning the Phillies put an end to the hill, when two runs were scored on Alexander's double and singles by Byrne, Martin and Becker. Alexander fanned seven men and gave no passes, while Ames fanned two and passed three. Score:

Philadelphia.	AB	R	H	O	A	E	Cincinnati.	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Byrne 2b	4	1	1	2	2	0	Daniels cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Martin ss	4	0	2	2	6	0	Herzog ss	4	0	0	2	3	0
Becker cf	4	0	1	3	0	0	Topsy lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Magee lf	4	0	1	2	0	0	Niehoff 2b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Cravath rf	3	0	0	3	0	0	Groh 3b	3	0	0	2	2	0
Luderus 1b	4	0	0	1	0	0	Miller rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Killifer c	3	0	0	11	1	0	Mollwitz 1b	3	0	1	11	0	0
Alexander p	3	1	0	0	3	0	Clarke c	3	0	0	7	1	0
							Ames p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	32	2	6	27	5		Totals	30	0	4	24	12	

Score by innings:		R.
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 *	2

Summary: Error—Luderus. Two-base hits—Niehoff, Miller, Alexander. Stolen base—Lobert. Sacrifice hit—Mowitz. Bases on balls—off Ames, 3. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1. Struck out—by Ames, 2; by Alexander, 7. Wild pitch—Ames. Time, 1:25. Umpires, Quigley and Eason.

RULINGS STRICT, AND RESERVISTS ARE IN TROUBLE

(Continued from First Page.)

to German cruisers off the coast. Furthermore, it was stated if German cruisers have been communicating by wireless with this side of the Atlantic, such messages have not reached the German embassy in Washington.

The continued presence of German cruisers was reported by incoming vessels to-night. The captain of the steamer Denbigh Hall, from Oran, Algiers, said he heard code messages between German warships.

Communication with the cruisers from the wireless station at Sayville, Long Island, has ceased since a United States ensign was placed in charge. The Cunard liner Lusitania, yesterday reported to have been pursued by German cruisers, sent word by wireless to-day that all was well with her.

German reservists here apparently have despaired of getting back to the Fatherland. Fifty-six thousand stranded in New York were notified to-day to return to their homes. Similar instructions were given to 10,000 Austrians and several hundred Dutch reservists.

Messages were received here to-day that the White Star liner Cedric, which put into Halifax yesterday to escape capture, had started for New York under convoy of the British cruiser Essex.

GREAT BRITAIN EXPECTED TO REQUISITION CEDRIC

The Cedric will remain at Halifax for the present, officials said, and it was believed here to-night Great Britain would requisition her for carrying Canadian volunteers to England.

The early establishment of an American merchant marine was foreshadowed, according to shipping circles, by an order received here to-day by Collector Malone from the Assistant Secretary of Commerce directing him to prepare an estimate of the number of ship officers available for service to foreign countries. The same order was sent from Washington to-night by telegraph to all collectors of customs.

Mail addressed to residents in Germany and Austria will leave here tomorrow for the first time since the war began if customs officials allow the Italian liner Europe to sail. About 400 sacks are consigned by way of Naples.

The American liner St. Paul, which left port for Liverpool to-day, carried besides her own mail several thousand sacks, which, once on their way to Europe, were landed in Bar Harbor, Maine, when the Kronprinzessin Cecilie took refuge there.

A cablegram received here to-day from R. A. C. Smith, the city's dock commissioner, who is in Naples, said he had chartered a ship to bring back many Americans stranded along the Austrian frontier. Mr. Smith said the ship would leave on Saturday or Monday.

NEW YORK TO RICHMOND RATES ARE SUSPENDED

WASHINGTON, August 7.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day suspended until December 10 the proposed changes in freight rates between New York and Richmond. The suspended schedules contain proposed changes in rates between New York, Philadelphia and other Northern points and the following points in Virginia: Fredericksburg, Acca, Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Fort Monroe, Hampton, Old Point Comfort, Portsmouth, City Point, Hopwell, Newport News Soldiers' Home, and Phoebus.

The present class rates between these points are governed by the Southern classification.

The suspended schedules provide for the application of the official classification on traffic moving between these points, which results in a number of increases and some reductions.

It is understood that the proposed changes are made to remove discriminations protested against by the Chamber of Commerce of Washington. In that case, attention was called to the fact that less than carload shipments of paint in oil, in tin cans, or tin pails loose, from New York to Washington, were charged for on a basis of 74 cents per 100 pounds, under the official classification, while under the application of the Southern classification, such shipments were charged on a basis of 25 cents per 100 pounds, less carload from New York to Richmond, and that the less than carload rate on soap from New York to Washington is 27 cents, under the official classification, while the rate to Richmond under the Southern classification is 14 cents per 100 pounds.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Generally fair Saturday; local showers at night or Sunday.
North Carolina—Partly cloudy Saturday and Sunday.

Special Local Data for Yesterday.

12 noon temperature	84
3 P. M. temperature	87
Maximum temperature up to 8 P. M.	88
Minimum temperature up to 8 P. M.	68
Mean temperature	78
Normal temperature	79
Deficiency in temperature	1
Deficiency in temperature since March 1	231
Accumulated deficiency in temperature since January 1	250
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1	6.53
Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1	5.73

Local Observation 8 P. M. Yesterday.

Temperature	80
Humidity	69
Wind—direction	S. E.
Wind—velocity	8
Weather	Clear

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES.
(At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)

Place.	Ther.	H. P.	L. P.	Weather.
Asheville	74	84	62	Clear
Atlanta	76	84	70	Rain
Atlantic City	72	76	72	Clear
Boston	72	80	60	Clear
Buffalo	78	80	74	P. cloudy
Calgary	74	74	54	Cloudy
Charleston	86	88	80	P. cloudy
Chicago	76	82	74	Clear
Denver	78	88	64	P. cloudy
Duluth	64	72	62	Cloudy
Galveston	78	78	78	Cloudy
Hatteras	78	82	76	Cloudy
Havre	76	80	60	Clear
Jacksonville	80	88	78	Cloudy
Kansas City	92	98	74	Clear
Louisville	86	90	76	Cloudy
Montgomery	74	86	72	Cloudy
New Orleans	78	86	76	Cloudy
New York	86	84	66	Clear
Norfolk	78	84	72	P. cloudy
Oklahoma	86	92	70	Clear
Pittsburgh	82	92	76	P. cloudy
Raleigh	80	88	70	P. cloudy
St. Louis	82	94	78	Cloudy
San Francisco	56	62	54	Cloudy
Savannah	78	88	78	Cloudy
Spokane	72	72	56	Cloudy
Tampa	74	92	74	Rain
Washington	82	90	72	Clear
Winnipeg	78	82	58	P. cloudy
Wytheville	74	86	64	P. cloudy

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

		August 8, 1914. HIGH TIDE:	
Sun rises	5:21	Morning	6:07
Sun sets	7:11	Evening	6:52

QUICK RESPONSE MADE TO APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Already $1,125,000 Has Been Subscribed for Relief of Poor in England During War.

AMERICANS ARE ALSO HELPING

Queen Mother Alexandra Seeks Money to Assist Red Cross—Embassy Relieved of Much Work in Looking After Stranded Tourists.

LONDON, August 7.—Although it was opened only this morning $1,125,000 already had been subscribed to-night to the Prince of Wales fund for the relief of the poor during the war. Provincial cities still are to be heard from.

One of the first subscriptions was $50,000 from the prince's regiment, the First Life Guards. Among others who contributed were George Coats, the manufacturer, $250,000; Lord Ashton, $75,000; the Rothschilds, $50,000; King George, Sir Ernest Cassel and Sir William Hartley, each $25,000, and dozens of other persons, $5,000, including Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt.

The Queen Mother Alexandra has appealed for funds for the Red Cross Society, and Ladies Paget, Lowther and Churchill and Mrs. Harcourt, American women who married Englishmen, have formed a committee, and will arrange a plan whereby Americans can "manifest in some way their sympathy with England in her present emergency and offer some useful aid to alleviate the sufferings of her sailors and soldiers."

Alexander McKay has given $500, and James Byrne, Quincy D. Boze, Edward Coyne, Charles Farrell and Samuel Untermeyer and others, each $100, to the Americans' charity fund, of which Mr. Hoover is chairman. This committee has relieved the embassy and the consulate of much work. Members of the committee and of the embassy and consular staffs are working night and day.

Congressman Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts, is acting as a volunteer clerk at the embassy.

Among those who applied at the embassy to-day for passports was Chandler Hale, a former assistant Secretary of State of Washington, who is trying to rescue his family from Normandy. Five hundred Americans arrived from the Continent by channel boats to-day.

The American committee has been unable to learn if there are any destitute Americans at coast ports.

The committee of the American society, of which H. C. Hoover is chairman, has assumed charge of American relief work. This committee takes the place of one previously organized by American tourists forced to leave the Continent.

The committee has arranged with banks for an immediate advance of $75,000. This will be put out in loans not exceeding $200 to persons having paper they cannot negotiate, or on satisfactory assurance from America that they have bank accounts.

More than 500 Americans thus far have been assisted. There have been few entirely penniless Americans.

HERRICK COMPILING LIST OF AMERICANS

PARIS, August 7.—American Ambassador Herrick to-day telegraphed American consular officers in France asking how many Americans in their districts desire to return immediately to the United States. The ambassador is compiling a list of such Americans to arrange for their embarking for home when opportunity offers.

The War Office to-day informed Mr. Herrick a safe port would be indicated for American transports, but that its location will not be announced now.

Americans in Paris are tranquil, but Mr. Herrick is receiving panicky messages from Americans in the smaller sea coast resorts and other places who cannot obtain regular news of events except every kind of alarming rumor afloat. Some of these telegrams ask if it is true that the German fleet has escaped into the Atlantic, and whether there is danger of French towns being bombarded. To each message the ambassador sends a reassuring reply.

GERARD MAKES APPEAL TO BRITISH FOR AID

BERLIN, via London, August 7.—James W. Gerard, American ambassador to Germany, to-day cabled an appeal to the British public to send funds for the relief of the "great number of British subjects, left in my charge."

"Many of the refugees," the ambassador said, "are young girls without relations or friends and with only enough money to keep themselves for a very short time. The temper of the people may make it hard for them to find lodging in Berlin, even if they have funds. Many already have been arrested as alleged spies."

Mr. Gerard added that Sir Edward Goschen, the British ambassador, had asked him to advance British subjects money up to the amount of $5,000 on the credit of the British government.

"But where am I to get the cash?" Ambassador Gerard asks. "We ourselves have only a little store of money, as the war came so suddenly."

AMERICAN CHECKS WILL BE HONORED

THE HAGUE (via London), August 7.—Henry Vandyke, United States minister to the Netherlands, to-day made arrangements with the Netherlands government for the cashing of American checks and drafts indorsed by him under the authorization of the State Department at Washington. The minister was instructed to indorse drafts necessary to supply the absolute necessities of traveling Americans.

AMERICAN TOURISTS ARRIVING AT MADRID

MADRID, August 7.—More American tourists arrived here to-day, and it is thought probable a transatlantic liner will be sent to a Spanish port for those wishing to return to the United States.

RICHMOND FEELS EFFECT OF CHAOTIC CONDITIONS

(Continued From First Page.)

price paid to tobacco growers. Reports from several North Carolina tobacco centres tell of the withdrawal of buyers representing international corporations and a general fear that the opening of the tobacco season will find a lack of live competition.

In Richmond and Virginia tobacco men betray the same fear. Although the domestic demand is enormous and will prevent anything like a slump in prices, the foreign demand for the weed has been an important factor, and its curtailment is expected to have an important bearing upon the marketing of this year's crop. The larger exporting companies are still in the market, but no one is willing to predict how long they will stay there.

It is pointed out that much of Richmond's tobacco goes to the Orient, and that this trade will be only slightly affected. The carrying, however, has been to a large extent in British and German bottoms, and the withdrawal of these ships from the merchant service will seriously embarrass the traffic. Most of those who discussed the situation yesterday agreed that it was too early to forecast conditions with any degree of accuracy, but every one expressed apprehension.

EXPECT ALMOST TOTAL CESSATION OF IMPORTS

Imports at the port of Richmond will be similarly affected. Deputy Collector Smith, of this port, said that while the effect of the embargoes has not yet had time to become noticeable here, he expected an almost total cessation of imports from the countries at war. The most important articles of import at this port are Turkish tobacco, wines and liquors, clover seed and burlaps.

Turkish tobacco is used in enormous quantities by Richmond cigarette factories. Most of it reaches this port by way of Norfolk, Baltimore, New York and other ports, in ships flying the French, German and English flags. These are now for the most part embargoed, and all imports depending upon them for transportation will cease.

Reports that the export of coal, one of the large industries affecting Virginia coal fields and seaports, was in danger of serious curtailment were set at rest yesterday by E. P. Goodwin, general inspector of transportation of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company. The Chesapeake and Ohio is one of the largest coal-carrying roads in the State.

HAS STIMULATED DEMAND FOR VIRGINIA COAL

"Instead of curtailing coal exports, the war has had the effect of stimulating them," said Mr. Goodwin. "We are borrowing coal cars from the Hocking Valley, C., H. & D. and other roads to take care of the business. The withdrawal of Welsh coal from the market has given rise to a sharp demand for American coal, particularly from South American countries.

"One of the largest coal shippers in the country informed us to-day that they are perfecting arrangements for vessels and that plenty of boats are available. As soon as the first excitement of the war is over there will appear plenty of vessels, now at anchor within the five-mile limit, to take care of transportation demands. We anticipate no trouble from this source."

In the realm of foodstuffs the relentless law of supply and demand has made itself felt in marked increases in the price of commodities whose production or consumption is affected by the war. On the Richmond market flour has within the past ten days jumped in price $1 a barrel. The price of sugar has increased 20 per cent in a period only a little longer. Many articles of food imported from the warring countries have disappeared from the market. Such distinctively foreign products as sardines, olive oil and nuts are rising in price daily, as the difficulty of obtaining them increases.

SUGAR SITUATION IS EXTREMELY CRITICAL

"The sugar situation appears extremely critical," said the secretary of one of the largest local importing and jobbing firms. "When the war scare started the refiners were holding at 4.20, New York. To-day London was buying freely in New York at 4.25 there, net cash in bond, equal to 5.35, regular refiner's terms, as the duty refund on export sugar is over 1 cent a pound.

"None of the refiners will now sell below 5 cents f. o. b. New York, and all except one are asking 5.50, and no refiner will take any large order. Of course, the price of sugar is determined by the price of beet sugar, of which Russia, France, Germany and Austria produce about 7,000,000 tons.

"The beet crop begins maturing next month. The main sugar supply will, therefore, under the best conditions, be greatly curtailed, possibly reduced to a minimum, and this crop will have to supply the world's demand until the fall of 1916. The European demand will therefore have to be supplied largely by Cuba and Porto Rico. The production of these countries is so small that if the war lasts any length of time there may be almost a sugar famine.

"Granulated sugar is to-day selling at 10 cents in London and 12 cents in Glasgow. It would, therefore, behoove the practical housewife to be as economical in her use of sugar as possible, at least until the situation clears up."

Mexican Plot Failed.

PHOENIX, ARIZ., August 7.—The arrest of ten Mexicans to-day was followed later by the confession of two that the arrests had frustrated a plot to raid the banks of the city, the State capital and the militia armory, and thus procure the means to finance and arm 10,000 men for warlike operations in Mexico.

The alleged plot was declared to be preliminary to a prospective counter-revolution in Sonora against Carranza.

CARRANZA THREATENS WHOLESALE KILLINGS

Tells Carbajal He Will Put in Effect Decree of 1862 if He Dares Defend Mexico City.

MEANS REIGN OF TERROR

Message of Rebel Chief Is Intercepted at Vera Cruz and Is Causing No Little Apprehension to Administration at Washington.

MEXICO CITY, August 7.—The day's developments in the capital resulted in a triumph for the war party. All hope for peace between the Federals and the Constitutionalists now is apparently gone. The war party is in control and is being backed up by Provisional President Carbajal. Unless concessions are made, General Carranza, it seems, must fight his way into the capital and to power.

General Medina Barron was appointed commander-in-chief of the Federal forces in the capital to-day.

"We have 25,000 men, sixty-five field pieces, 100 machine guns and plenty of ammunition," said a prominent army official to-day, "and are prepared to resist to the end unless ample guarantees are given us. If we must fight it will be one of the greatest battles of the revolution. Every officer in the Federal army is prepared to die in defense of the capital."

If a battle is fought it is believed it will be on the plains, eight miles north of the capital. The Federal advance guard of 7,000 men is facing the Constitutionalists at Teoloucan, fifteen miles north of Tlalepantla.

MEXICO CITY, August 7.—El Sol, recognized organ in Mexico City of General Carranza, to-day published a proclamation calling upon all the inhabitants of the city to meet in front of the Statue of Columbus in the Paseo de la Reforma at 10 o'clock to-morrow, and demand the unconditional surrender of the Carbajal government.

The proclamations calls on the people who favor a peaceful rendition to fly a white flag from the balconies of their homes and places of business. Senor Lijan, Subsecretary of the Interior, has informed the leaders that the government, if a manifestation is attempted, will put it down with troops if necessary.

MEXICAN CAPITAL MAY SEE REIGN OF TERROR

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 7.—General Carranza has notified Provisional President Carbajal that if he dares to defend Mexico City with Federal troops the Constitutionalists will put the decree of 1862 into immediate execution.

The decree of 1862 is that which covered the execution of Maximilian and many other military executions and proscriptions. If Carranza's threat is carried out a reign of terror will be inaugurated in Mexico.

Carranza's telegram was intercepted at Vera Cruz and sent to this government to-day. The State Department has within the last few days sent messages to Carranza stating that it would be pleasing to the United States if there were a peaceful occupation of Mexican capital.

Secretary Bryan, in his latest announcement, discountenanced the information that Carbajal and Carranza peace delegates had disagreed at Saltillo. His attitude was one of hope that the occupation would be bloodless and expressed the view that matters "were progressing favorably."

In view of the secret character of the information concerning Carranza's threat and the manner in which it was obtained, nothing was given out as to how this government would meet Carranza's action. It is certain, however, that the plans for withdrawing all the American fleet from Mexican waters will be halted.

Repeated reports from Northern Mexico indicate that important moves may be expected from General Villa within a few days.

Constitutionalist headquarters in Washington has reports that their troops have reached a point only fifty miles from Mexico City. A bulletin issued from the headquarters to-night states that "Outside of a small boyd of Cientificos, the great body of citizens are in favor of surrendering Mexico City to Carranza."

"Carbajal's actions since succeeding Huerta," continues the bulletin, "have been unexplainable to the Constitutionalists. It was expected that he would facilitate the transfer of authority to Carranza. On the contrary, he has hindered this step in every way, and by his conduct has compelled an armed advance on the capital.

"Carbajal has seen fit to consider himself as more or less the champion of the old order, and as such delegated to preserve its interests."

YOU Are Invited

to attend Sunday school at the Second Baptist Church. Rev. W. W. Landrunm, D. D., will teach the Business Men's Bible Class next Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

A most cordial welcome awaits you.

IF you notched yo' pipe ev'ry time it killed a grouch, pretty soon it'd be all notches an' no pipe

It takes a mighty deep grouch to long withstand the cheering influence of VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco. VELVET is Kentucky *Burley de Luxe* with an aged-in-the-wood mellowness. Full weight 2 oz. tins, 10c.

Swept By Ocean Breezes

C&O

Sunday Seaside Outings

DUSTLESS DOUBLE TRACK

STONE BALLAST

$1.50---ROUND TRIP---$1.50

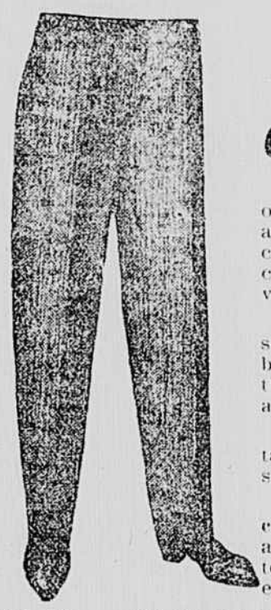
OLD POINT, BUCKROE, WILLOUGHBY BEACH, OCEAN VIEW, NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.

Choice of three trains, 8:30 A. M., 9 A. M. and 12:35 Noon—$1.65 Round trip to Cape Henry and Virginia Beach.

EVERYTHING COSTS LESS AT WEISBERGER'S RICHMOND'S GREAT STORE

Store Opens To-day at 8 A. M. and Closes 7 P. M.

The Great Men's Pant Sale



Continued To-day

So insistant was the demand of our many customers (who were unable to come last Saturday) that we continue this great sale, we have decided to offer the same remarkable values for to-day.

The same qualities, the same selections and the same service will be offered to-day as last Saturday, to those men who were unable to take advantage of this sale.

Every pair in the lot is splendidly tailored, perfect fitting, and the assortment of patterns is very broad.

Materials are fine worsteds and cassimeres, and wise men who want an extra pair of trousers will come to-day and purchase while they can effect such tremendous economies.

$1.75 to $2.25 Values **$1.35** | $2.50 to $3.50 Values **$1.95**

Weisberger's Street Floor.

Men's Furnishings

Men's Pure Thread Silk Socks, in all colors; the best 50c kind; special for Monday. **39c**

Sale of Shirts from our regular stock, $1.00 and $1.50 quality; made either with soft French cuffs or negligee styles, with stiff cuffs; closing out special **75c**

50c Men's Underwear, made of excellent qualities nainsook and open stripe madras; specially priced **35c**

Best quality $1.00 Union Suits, athletic style, made of the best checked nainsook; special for to-day **75c**

Children's School Shoes $1
ALBERT STEIN
Cor. 5th and Broad Sts.

Refrigerators Reduced
Rothert & Co.
Fourth and Broad

THE FREED CO.
OUR EAST BROAD STREET STORE

Manufacturers Exhibit
Main & Sixth Sts—3 Floors.
A Permanent Display of Richmond-Made Goods
Free Admission, Nothing Sold.
Open Daily, 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Gift Department
Wedding and Birthday Gifts in great numbers always on hand.
Sydnor & Hundley
Incorporated

"For Better Acquaintance" Come To Our CLEARANCE SALE
Which is now on. We have sacrificed Forty Thousand Dollars' Worth of Reliable FURNITURE, FLOOR COVERINGS, REFRIGERATORS and RANGES so as to make room for our fall stocks. Don't miss this opportunity to save 20 to 40 per cent on your FURNITURE NEEDS.
JONES BROS., & CO, Inc.
1418-1420 East Main Street.
"THE STORE THAT PLEASES."

Who Answers Your Telephone?

It is very important that the person who answers your telephone in your office or store be one of intelligence and one who knows something about the business.

It is rather annoying to call a business house and be answered by a person who will let you tell him everything you have to say and then inform you that you will have to talk to somebody else about it.

When you Telephone—Smile

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA

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