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THE TIMES-DISPATCH

The Times Dispatch

RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1914.

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THE TIMES-DISPATCH

Miller & Rhoads

*A Big Sale of*

Wayne-Knit Hosiery!

9,696 pairs of this celebrated make were just received by us for this sale of women's, misses' and children's Hosiery that begins here to-day. See window and interior displays.

We would suggest that our patrons who are accustomed to wear WAYNE-KNIT Hose take advantage of our present supply, which may soon become exhausted. To those who have not worn WAYNE-KNIT Hose, we also suggest that they get acquainted with this celebrated brand, which we recommend as THE BEST wearing and the finest finished product of any mills—home or abroad.

A vast stock of WAYNE-KNIT Hosiery, including the widest possible range of styles, in various popular weights. Prices range from 25c to $1.00 a pair.

Wayne-Knit Silk Lisle Seamless Hose, in black
Wayne-Knit Gauze Lisle, Full Fashioned Hose, reinforced heels and toes, in black
Wayne-Knit Medium Weight, Full Fashioned Lisle Hose, in black
— 25c Pair.

Wayne-Knit Fine Quality Gauze Lisle Hose, in black
Wayne-Knit Medium Weight Lisle Out-Size Hose, in black
— 50c Pair.

Wayne-Knit Boot Silk Hose, made of pure thread silk; reinforced foot, high spliced heel, lisle top; made with the "Way-New" foot; not found in any other history, in black and white
— $1 Pair.

Wayne-Knit Silk Hose, with the "Way-New" lisle foot and high spliced heel; deep garter tops
Wayne-Knit Out-Size Silk Hose, reinforced lisle foot, high spliced heel
— 35c or 3 prs. for $1

Wayne-Knit Silk Lisle Hose, medium weight, full fashioned, four-thread heel and toe, in black
Wayne-Knit Lisle Hose, split foot, medium weight
Wayne-Knit Ingrain Lisle Hose, medium weight, white-tipped toes, heel and tops
Wayne-Knit Medium Weight Lisle Hose, with ribbed tops, four-thread heel and toe
Wayne-Knit Out-Size Lisle Hose, in black
Wayne-Knit Out-Size Lisle Hose, with split foot

Wayne-Knit Pony Hose for Boys and Girls

Boys' and Girls' Heavy Ribbed Hose, with reat maco double sole
Boys' and Girls' Fine Lisle Ribbed Hose, in black, white and tan; sizes 5 to 10½
— 25c Pair.

First Floor.

## The Marriage Settlement Is Signed at Last

The Wedding Bells Will Ring on November 5.

## POSTAL SAVINGS BANK SHOWS HEALTHY GROWTH

**Started Here Three Years Ago, and Now Has $25,000 to Credit of Depositors.**

**ACCOUNTS OPENED NUMBER 581**

**Restrictions of Department Cause Many to Place Their Surplus Cash With Uncle Sam—Interest of 2 Per Cent Is Paid.**

Three years ago there was started in Richmond a new savings bank, which without advertising of any sort, and hedged in with numerous restrictions, has had a remarkable growth, and now has nearly $25,000 standing to the credit of its depositors, in addition to a number of illegible investments made by them. The name of this bank is the Richmond Postal Savings Bank, and it is owned and operated by the Postoffice Department. It was started in September, 1911.

Richmond people were slow to take hold of the innovation, but in spite of the low rate of interest paid by the government, there have been 581 individual depositors during the three years of it existence and 184 of these still have small accounts, while others have invested $9,200 in government bonds.

Owing to the restrictions on the amount of deposits, hundreds of persons are kept from placing their surplus cash with Uncle Sam. The bank is not permitted to receive more than $100 a month from any one person, and a depositor cannot have more than $500 to his credit. He is, however, permitted on July 1 and January 1 of each year to invest his savings in government bonds at 2 1-2 per cent, or Panama bonds at 2 per cent. The bank itself only pays 2 per cent on deposits.

The clerk in charge of the postal savings department of the local postoffice is Mr. J. F. Carman. He receives deposits, issues certificates of deposit, and keeps the books. As each deposit is received the depositor is given a certificate showing the amount. This is receipted by the bank.

The following list shows the activities of the savings bank here during the last three years:

Number of accounts opened, 581; number of accounts closed, 297; number of accounts remaining open, 184; number of deposits, 2,[illegible]; number of withdrawals, 9[illegible]; number of certificates issued, 3[illegible]; number of certificates paid, 2[illegible].

Amount standing to credit of individual depositors, $[illegible]; total amount of bonds applied for, $[illegible].

## BOCORSELSKI ARRESTED

**Charged With Reckless Driving His Automobile on Streets.**

After he had crashed into an obstruction near the corner of Eighth and Broad Streets last night, E. B. Bocorselski, a civil engineer, was arrested by Sergeant Weybright and Policeman Marsden in front of the First Police Station.

It was said that Mr. Bocorselski disregarded a red light signal when he drove his automobile into the obstruction. He was charged with being drunk and with recklessly driving his machine.

## ENGLISH REPORTED TO BE BUYING HORSES HERE

**Man, Supposed to Represent British Government, Seeks Cavalry Mounts.**

**ARMY MULE IN GREAT DEMAND**

**Purchases Are Said to Be Made for Individuals, and Animals Are Shipped to Canada to Avoid Neutrality Regulations.**

On reliable information, it was learned yesterday that a man, supposed to be representing the English government, has been in Richmond for several days for the purpose of obtaining horses and mules for the use of the army now operating against Germany. A systematic search is being made throughout the country for animals suitable as mounts for cavalry, as well as for draft purposes.

Virginia has a large number of horses and mules, which would be available for army purposes. It is presumed that the animals will be bought in the name of an individual or individuals and shipped to Canada, where they will be transported across the seas. In this manner the neutrality laws will not be violated.

American horses and mules are to bear an important part in the great war game which is to decide the destinies of the belligerent European powers. The Animals now used by the armies are being killed and maimed fast, and it is expected that the equine herds of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and other States will be depleted of some of their best members within the next week or two. The horses are needed badly by the cavalry regiments.

The fame of the American army mule has traveled through Europe, and these hardy animals will soon be in great demand. His endurance and strength is said to make him superior to the foreign quadrupeds, and the Virginia breed is said to rank among the best in the United States.

Every horse and mule must be in the best possible shape, and will be personally inspected before being purchased. Local horse dealers claim to have no knowledge of the presence of the English representatives.

## MAY RESTORE CITIZENSHIP

**Governor Has Power in Case of Offenders Against United States.**

It is within the province of Governor Stuart to restore to full citizenship any person convicted in Virginia under Federal laws. Attorney-General Pollard has rendered an opinion to that effect. He points out that there is no provision in the Federal laws for restoring his citizenship rights to a man who has been convicted in the United States courts.

The Governor was prompted to ask for an opinion on the subject when he recently received a petition from a man who had lost his right to vote by reason of a conviction in the Federal court. The petitioner has served a term in prison for his offense against the Federal laws, and now represents that he is a law-abiding citizen. He wants to vote, but is denied registration. Governor Stuart will inquire into the case when he returns from Baltimore.

## CITY CIRCUIT COURT HAS SOLE JURISDICTION

**Right of Hustings Court to License Ministers to Perform Marriage Ceremony Is Questioned.**

**LAW WAS AMENDED IN 1908**

**Apparent Discrepancy Is Found, but Marriages Performed by Ministers Improperly Licensed Since 1908 Cannot Now Be Questioned.**

Under what appears to have been a misunderstanding of the law which provides how a minister may be authorized to celebrate the rites of marriage, the Hustings Court has since 1908 been qualifying ministers for this duty without apparent authority to do so.

Previous to 1908 the Code provided that a minister may appear before the court of any county or corporation in the State and secure from such court an order authorizing him to celebrate rites of marriage upon the execution of a $500 bond. An amendatory act, effective on June 26, 1908, changed section 2219, of the Code, to read as follows:

"When a minister of any religious denomination shall, before the Circuit Court of any county or corporation in this State, or before the judge thereof in vacation, produce proof of his ordination and of his being in regular communion with the religious society of which he is reputed a member, such court, or judge thereof in vacation, may make an order authorizing him to celebrate the rites of marriage upon the execution of a bond with surety conditioned according to law before the clerk of the court in which the minister resides."

**CITY CIRCUIT COURT HAS SOLE JURISDICTION**

It appears clear from a reading of this section that, while it was undoubtedly the intention of the Legislature to make the license court the court of qualification for ministers, the City Circuit Court is the only court in this city that can perform this function. This construction was placed on the law yesterday in the Hustings Court, when two ministers applied for orders authorizing them to perform the marriage ceremony. Deputy Clerk Breeden referred them to the City Circuit Court.

The discrepancy was discovered by Clerk Walter Christian, of the Hustings Court, who is now on his vacation. Unless a competent authority authorizes the Hustings Court to continue qualifying ministers, as it has done for many years, the qualifications will hereafter have to be made by the City Circuit Court—the only Circuit Court of the corporation of Richmond.

While no authority has as yet passed upon the point, it is believed that all ministers who have qualified in the Hustings Court, whether before or after the act of June 26, 1908, are properly qualified, and need take no further steps. The quibble is extremely fine-spun, and even if a strict interpretation of the act would jeopardize the authority of those ministers who have qualified in the Hustings Court since June 26, 1908, the legality of the marriages performed by them is beyond question.

Until the situation is corrected, the City Circuit Court will from now on qualify all ministers to celebrate the marriage rites, while the Hustings Court will, as before, issue all marriage licenses. The condition is regarded as anomalous, and will in all probability be corrected by an amendment to the present law.

**Prisoners' Pen Installed.**

The steel-barred cell, which will be used for the safe-keeping of prisoners removed from jail to stand trial in the District Court, was installed yesterday in the United States Marshal's office. This will relieve the necessity of keeping a guard over those being being temporarily detained.

## MAY SEGREGATE RACES IN WAITING-ROOMS

**City Attorney Expected to Ask State Corporation Commission to Compel Railroads to Act.**

**MINGLING CAUSES ANNOYANCE**

**Richmond Is Now Only City in Virginia Where White and Colored People Are Not Separated at Passenger Stations.**

The State Corporation Commission will be called upon probably before the end of next week to compel the railroads entering Richmond to provide separate waiting-rooms at all passenger stations for white people and negroes.

The annual hearing granted to the railroads on the question of assessments for taxes has been concluded, and, if the City Attorney appears before the commission in good time, in accordance with a resolution which has passed both branches of the City Council and been signed by the Mayor requesting him so to do, it is likely that action will be taken on the waiting-room proposition before the end of this month.

Richmond is now the only city in Virginia where separate waiting-rooms are not provided for the races. The segregation rule has been enforced even in the rural districts. It was in response to frequent and widespread complaints made by the traveling public that the waiting-room segregation resolution was offered by Councilman Edgar E. English. It was shown that the mingling of whites and negroes in the railroad waiting-rooms here occasioned great annoyance and many disagreeable experiences, especially to women. The greatest discomfort and annoyance is apparent on Saturdays. Negro laborers employed along the lines of the different railroads within fifty miles of the city flock to Richmond on Saturday. Through the afternoon and evening hours they crowd the waiting rooms at the railroad stations, many of the blacks wearing the soiled working clothes in which they have toiled in ditches, tunnels and fields all week. Frequently the negroes are more or less under the influence of liquor and inclined to be obtrusive.

The resolution adopted by the Council was signed by Mayor Ainslie in August. It instructs the City Attorney to appear before the State Corporation Commission and request that body to exercise the power with which it is vested by statute and compel the railroad companies to provide separate waiting-rooms as speedily as possible.

**Marriage License.**

License to marry was issued yesterday by Deputy Clerk Breeden, of the Hustings Court, to Peter J. J. Diaz and Annie Satter.

## HOME OF W. P. LAWTON IS RANSACKED BY BURGLAR

**Residence at 2907 Floyd Avenue Turned Topsy-Turvy, and $22 Found Missing.**

**THIEF SEEKS ONLY MONEY**

**Jewels, Valued at $700, Left in Sitting-Room, but Are Not Disturbed. Thief Goes About Business With Greatest Care.**

Without awakening any one in the house, a burglar some time Thursday night or early yesterday morning, according to a report made to the police, entered and ransacked the home of W. P. Lawton, 2907 Floyd Avenue, and stole $22. Every room in the house, with the exception of that in which Mr. and Mrs. Lawton were sleeping, was ransacked with thorough detail. In the room of a nephew of Mr. Lawton the thief went about his business with the greatest care. After emptying all the drawers and moving things about on the tables, he went to the head of the bed, where the young man's clothes had been placed, and, gathering them up in his arms, carried them downstairs, where he could go through them at his leisure. He also went through the room occupied by a child of the Lawtons. Every particle of clothing was searched, every bureau drawer was emptied and ransacked, and all the closets were examined, the intruder confining himself, evidently, to money. He must have moved with celerity and precision, for his presence in the house was not learned until the family awoke at the usual hour in the morning, when they found telltale evidences of a marauding visit.

It was with great trepidation that Mrs. Lawton went into her sitting-room, for there she had left diamonds and other jewels amounting in value to $700, and she felt sure that they must have been stolen, too. Much to her surprise and to her gratification, she found the small pile of jewelry intact. Not a jewel had been stolen. Only cash was missing.

Detective Sergeant Krengel, who, with Detective Sergeant Atkinson, investigated the case, believes that the burglar who entered the home of the Lawtons is the same man who entered and robbed some time ago the homes of W. R. Hill, of 104 North Elm Street, and Eugene E. Davis, superintendent of the Water Department, of 1623 West Grace Street, and three or four other dwellings.

**Building Permits.**

Permits were issued yesterday by the Building Inspector as follows:

Purity Ice Cream Corporation, to alter new addition now in construction at its manufacturing plant at 8 South Jefferson Street, $7,500.

William A. Walker, to repair brick garage in the rear of 9 North Belvidere Street, $850.

Farm Demonstrator

Many of our farmers do not know that J. C. Hunter, Expert Farm Demonstrator, is employed by the United States Government, County of Henrico and a few public spirited citizens to give free advice and aid to the farmers of Henrico County.

Demonstration is working wonders for our agricultural interests.

The American National Bank
of Richmond, Virginia.

SECURITY AND SERVICE.

Capital and Surplus, - - - - - $1,600,000.00
Resources, - - - - - - - - $9,300,000.00

A Timely Sale

Of Men's Medium Weight Suits at 33 per cent discount—representing a stock sufficiently large to enable an easy selection.

For your boy we continue to offer Knee Pants Suits in fall weights at HALF PRICES.

GANS-RADY COMPANY

## ANNEXATION TO CAUSE NO DELAY IN SCHOOL WORK

**Pupils Not Affected by Transfer Either in Tuition or Grading.**

**DETAILS ARE BEING ADJUSTED**

**Abnormal Increase in Attendance Is Reported by Superintendent J. A. C. Chandler—School Age Lowered to Six Years—Conflict in Law.**

"The prospective annexation will in no way disturb the public school system," said Superintendent J. A. C. Chandler yesterday. "It appears that the impression has gone abroad that difficulties of tuition and grading would arise should high school pupils now attending county schools attempt to enter the John Marshall High School.

"No such difficulty will arise because the schools now located in the new territory will automatically on November 5 become the property of the city and part of its school system. All pupils now entering these county schools will continue to attend them after annexation goes into effect. High school pupils in the new territory will continue to attend the high schools at Barton Heights and Highland Park in which they are enrolled at the time annexation goes into effect.

**ABSOLUTELY NO CHANGES IN SCHOOL ARRANGEMENTS**

"Absolutely no changes will be made in the school arrangements of the added territory during this school year. What we will do next year is another matter. We will probably abandon the high school department at either the Barton Heights or Highland Park School, making one of them a primary school purely. In all probability, an intermediary school will be established in the northern part of the city to take care of the first two years of high school work.

"It is the plan of the School Board to make the John Marshall High School the one central high school to serve the whole city. Supplementary intermediate high schools, offering the first two years of high school work, in accordance with this plan, are to be established in northern, eastern, southern and western sections of the city.

"The first of these schools is already under construction on Floyd Avenue. When in operation, it will relieve in large measure the congestion at the John Marshall High School by taking care of a large number of pupils in the first two secondary grades. Intermediate schools of the same character will be established in the other sections of the city as soon as we are provided with means for establishing them."

**COUNTY SCHOOLS PATTERNED AFTER SYSTEM OF CITY**

The county schools which will become a part of the Richmond public school system, said Dr. Chandler, have for several years been patterning their courses to conform with the courses given in the city schools, and their incorporation will for that reason be free from confusion. In the high school courses the differences between the county and city systems are more marked.

The absence of industrial and commercial courses from the county high school curriculums will operate to prevent county high school pupils of advanced standing from enrolling for these courses in the John Marshall High School. The Latin and modern language courses of the two systems, however, are almost identical, and county pupils will receive full credit for their work when, at the beginning of the school year in the fall of 1915, they apply for admission to advanced standing in these courses in the John Marshall High School.

Incomplete enrollment figures tabulated at the office of Superintendent Chandler yesterday indicated that the school attendance this year will be 12 per cent higher than the attendance last year. With the opening of the night schools the first of next month, said Dr. Chandler, the total attendance will be in excess of 25,000.

**INCREASE IS ABNORMAL, DR. CHANDLER SAYS**

"A 12 per cent increase in one year is, of course, abnormal," said Dr. Chandler. "Last year's increase over the year before was only 4 per cent. The average from year to year is between 4 and 5 per cent. The abnormally large increase this year is due in large part to the new State law admitting to the public schools six-year-old children. The minimum age for admission the the public schools, prior to the passage of this law, was seven years.

"In the absence of complete figures, I should say that fully 600 children have been enrolled in the past two days who could not have been enrolled under the old law."

The new territory which will become part of Richmond on November 5, said Dr. Chandler, contains a school population of about 3,500. By the end of next year, he said, the school population of Greater Richmond will be more than 30,000. Under the State law, a school census of the State will be taken in 1915. The returns from this census, predicted Dr. Chandler, will give the city of Richmond a school population not far from 35,000.

"There is a remarkable discrepancy," said Dr. Chandler, "between the new law reducing the minimum school age to six years, and the State Constitution, which still holds the school age to be between seven and twenty years. Complying with the provisions of the Constitution, the school census next year will be taken on the basis of seven to twenty, since the law requires the school fund to be divided among the cities and counties according to the number of children between these two age limits, that they contain. A census of the six-year-olds, if it is undertaken at all, will have to be made at our own expense. The Constitution does not provide for it."

**Amelia Farmer Bankrupt.**

Through his counsel, Pollard, Smith & Pollard, B. F. Smith, a farmer, of Amelia County, yesterday filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the clerk's office of the United States District Court. His liabilities are placed at $6,805.91, while assets of only $25 are claimed.

## POLICE LEARN DETAILS OF LEO KIDD'S CONDUCT

**Society Women Had Endeavored in Vain to Induce Him to Leave Thorpe Girl Alone.**

**SHE IS SERIOUSLY INJURED**

**Victim of Automobile Accident, Police Say, Was Dragged Into Near-by Yard and Left—Her Jawbone Is Broken in Two Places.**

Leo M. Kidd, charged with carelessly and recklessly operating his automobile, and with feloniously injuring Miss Pauline V. Thorpe, of 1026 South Randolph Street, early yesterday morning, was bailed in Police Court yesterday by Justice Cratchfield in the sum of $1,000, with S. C. Gordon as security. Miss Thorpe, the only victim of the accident, in which Kidd's automobile and a taxicab, with which it collided, were wrecked, is in a serious condition at Virginia Hospital. She is suffering with two fractures of the jawbone, with concussion of the brain and with numerous lacerations and lesions. She lay unconscious many hours after the accident.

The collision occurred at the intersection of Grace and Belvidere Streets. Kidd was driving west, and the taxicab, driven by G. W. Meredith, a chauffeur for the Richmond Transfer Company, was proceeding north on Belvidere Street. It is said that Kidd was running at a rate of forty or forty-five miles an hour, and the taxicab, according to a measurement made by Detective Sergeant Wiley, was hurled sixty-three feet by the impact. Kidd's car swept on for eighty-four yards before it came to a halt, a fact which the police believe will prove that Kidd was running at a highly dangerous and excessive speed.

**POLICE LEARN DETAILS OF KIDD'S CONDUCT**

Further details as to Kidd's alleged conduct immediately after the accident were learned by the police yesterday. According to his own admission, made through his attorney, L. O. Wendenburg, Kidd picked up the unconscious young woman and placed her in the yard of the house at 612 West Grace Street. The police, they say, have a witness who will swear that he saw Kidd drag Miss Thorpe from the wrecked machine and deposit her like a log in the yard. Then he returned to look at his machine. After gazing at the wreck, the witness says, Kidd went back to his companion's side and dragged her further into the yard, returning again to the scene of the accident. Dr. St. Julien Oppenhimer, police surgeon, who had been out to mail a letter, came upon Kidd talking to Meredith, and, noticing that he was bleeding about the face, suggested that he come into his office for attention.

Oppenhimer says that during the conversation he overheard between Kidd and Meredith, Kidd never once spoke of Miss Thorpe, and did not even mention her while he himself was having his slight facial injuries dressed.

When Policeman Porter arrived on the scene his attention was called to the body lying in the yard by Bruce Palmer. Mr. Palmer at first though that the body was that of a child who had fallen from a window. Closer examination revealed that it was the body of Miss Thorpe, who, though unconscious, was groaning in her agony. She was picked up by physicians and carried into St. Elizabeth's Hospital, from where she was later transferred to Virginia Hospital. Kidd was then arrested by Sergeant Johnson.

**BELIEVE IT WAS HIS INTENTION TO LEAVE HER**

The police are inclined to the idea that Kidd placed Miss Thorpe in the yard in order to shield himself from blame, and that it was his intention to leave her. It was not until after she had been found, the police say, that Kidd admitted that he had had a companion in his machine. Then he said that there was also another passenger in the car—a man, named Brooks or Morgan, who is said to reside in Gresham Court.

It was frankly acknowledged by the police yesterday that their attention had been called some time ago to the relations existing between Kidd and the young girl, and that at the request of a well known woman who is active in social work, they had requested Miss Thorpe's mother to swear out a warrant against her daughter so that she could be taken to and cared for in a well-known institution near Baltimore. Mrs. Thorpe refused. She told Detective-Sergeant Krengel, who was sent by Captain McMahon to interview her, that her daughter was in good employment, that she knew Kidd was paying attention to her, but that he had been forbidden the house. She further said that the young girl was the chief support of the household, as her father is an invalid. Then, it is said, a personal appeal was made to Kidd. He was asked by a prominent woman, who had interested herself in Miss Thorpe, to pay her no more attention, with what results it is now generally known.

Kidd has a most unenviable record with the police. In nearly every instance in which he has come before the authorities the name of a young girl has been involved, and it was authoritatively stated yesterday that his record extends back for sixteen years.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND
1172 MAIN ST.

Protect your family with a Home. The Savings Bank will help you, so line up with it and receive the benefit. One dollar starts an account.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
POSTAL SAVINGS DEPOSITORY