The Norfolk Post.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1866.

All communications relating to business matters connected with this paper should be addressed to E. M. Brown, Norfolk *Post*. All communications pertaining to editorial matters, and all correspondence intended for the paper should be addressed to John Clark, Editor.

Advertisers are requested to hand in their advertisements before six o'clock in the evening, previous to publication.

Newsmen and newsboys desiring papers will please have their orders at the counting-room the evening previous before six o'clock.

Mayhew & Brothers, Booksellers and Stationers, are authorized agents to sell the Norfolk *Post*, and all orders left with them will be attended to the same as if left at the office of publication.

S. M. Pettergill & Co., are authorized Advertising Agents for the *Post* in New York and Boston.

NOTICE.

THE NORFOLK POST ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE.

The Norfolk *Post* newspaper establishment, which includes the most comptete and profitable Job-Office in Virginia, is offered for sale. The office is self-supporting, as will be fully demonstrated; but the present proprietors find it necessary, by reason of engagements elsewhere, to be relieved of the burden incident to the publication of a daily journal in Norfolk. For particulars apply at this office, to

E. M. BROWN.

Will those Norfolk dogs never cease howling at our heels. If the pups were of a Virginia origin, we could stand their yelpings; but Connecticut curs in this atmosphere are very painful at night.

"REPUBLICAN SIMPLICITY."

While the Queen of England, whose private fortune is immense—is perpetually asking the British Parliament for money for her children, Mr. George Peabody, a native of Danville, Massachusetts, is giving over a million of dollars to the poor of London. The following letter is worthy of a place in history:

LONDON, January 29.

GENTLEMEN: When I made a donation of £150,000 for the benefit of the poor of London, in March, 1862, it was my intention, if my life was spared until my retirement from business, and Providence continued me in prosperity, to place in your hands, as trustees of the charity, a further gift for the same object. That time has now arrived; but before entering upon the subject of the second donation, allow me to say a few words relative to the course you have pursued with regard to the first. Your duties and responsibilities have been great, and the performance of the work undertaken, you must have been aware, would occasionally and inconveniently tax your valuable time; but, from high motives of benevolence and duty, you cheerfully accepted the trust, and I cannot but express my grateful thanks for your constant attendance at the meetings of the board, and my gratification at the great success that has attended your labors.

With regard to this, my second gift, it is my desire that in the appointment of future trustees, the same rules may be continued as adopted for the first; and that the United States Minister at the Court of St. James, for the time being, shall always be one of them.

I now propose that, as soon as a deed can be prepared by your solicitor, to fully and legally meet the views and directions which I shall state herein, to transfer into your names 5,000 full paid-up shares of stock in the Hudson's Bay Company, of £20 each, amounting to £100,000, and representing one-twentieth part of that vast territory. It is my desire that all dividends, as they fall due and are collected, shall be at once invested in shares of the company until the market value of the capital and invested accrued dividends reaches the sum of £120,000, which, it is my impression, may be within two or three years: but should I be mistaken in this anticipation, and should the market value of the entire shares, including those acquired by the re-investment of dividends, be less than £100,000 at the expiration of two years from this date, I will at that time either make up the deficiency or take the shares, paying for them £100,000 in cash, as the trustees may think best for the interest of the fund; and in the event of my death before that time, my executors will be duly authorized and directed to fulfill this engagement.

Should the shares be taken by me for £100,000, or sold to others at the limit stated above, I desire that the proceeds shall be invested in safe securities, including interest accruing on the same up to the 1st of July, 1869, when you or your successors will consider all restrictions regarding sales at an end.

The delay thus caused in appropriating this gift to the charity will, I think, act beneficially by enabling you, first, to expend £76,000 now remaining on hand of the former donation, thereby testing by further experience the wisdom of the course you have hitherto pursued. Taking the joint capital of the two gifts at a minimum of £250,000, it will form a fund the operation of which is intended to be progressive in its usefulness as applied to the relief of the poor of London, (so correctly defined in your recent report,) without exclusion in consequence of religious belief or political bias. It will, therefore, act more powerfully in future generations than in the present; it is intended to endure forever. A century in the history of London is but a brief period comparatively with the life life of man, and should your successors continue the management of charity as you have begun it, it is my ardent hope and trust that within that period the annual receipts from rents for buildings of this improved class may present such a return that there may not be a poor working man of good character in London who could not obtain comfortable and healthful lodgings for himself and his family at a cost within his means.

As your course with regard to the former gift of £150,000 is already defined in your trust deed, I can only express my own views and wishes regarding the appropriation of the principal and income of this second donation, and leave to yourselves and successors ts manage it accordingly.

You are fully authorized to use any portion of the fund in building lodging-houses for the laboring poor, as expressed in my former letter; but as before many years it is to be apprehended that desirable sites for such buildings may be difficult to obtain at moderate prices within the limits of the metropolis, in that event it is my desire that my trustees for the time being may seek out and secure, at such rates as the state of the fund may warrant, such freehold sites, within ten miles of the present Royal Exchange, as may appear eligible, both on account of salubrity of position and proximity to the great centres of labor and railroad accomodation, due regard being had to the probable burden of taxation. It may also be desirable to obtain from railroad companies the most economical arrangements procurable for the conveyance of working people at stated hours to and from London at such moderate fares as will come within their means.

Comfortable and convenient houses are to be erected upon those sites for the exclusive accommodation of the honest and industrious poor of London, under such regulations and on such terms and conditions as my trustees may direct, subject only to the guiding principles laid down in respect to my former donation.

As dwellings in such sites may, in some instances, be remote from schools and other facilities for instruction, the trustees shall be at liberty in such cases, should they consider it needful, to set apart space adjacent to the building and suitable for school houses for the children of the families holding tenements. But such schools must be so organized as carefully to exclude sectarian influences, and so conducted as to avoid denominational jealousy. With this view it is my desire that the course of education shall be exclusively of an elementary and literary character.

I would also suggest to my trustees that for the mental improvement of the inmates, the school-rooms might, if they think desirable, be open some hours during the evening; and that books, periodicals, and newpapers be provided for those who chose to attend, and that at certain seasons popular and scientific lectures might be introduced at a charge, if any, merely sufficient to defray necessary expenses.

As some of these dwellings will probably be at inconvenient distances from good markets, I would also suggest to my trustees to consider the propriety, in localities where it may seem to be required, of providing within the buildings, or near to them, apartments in which the tenants may organize co-operative stores for supplying themselves with coal and other necessary articles for their own consumption, subject to such regulations as, in the judgment of my trustees, may be needful.

I also beg to suggest and recommend to you and to your successors in the management of this trust, that in the month of February in every year after 1868, a report of the progress in buildings, (if any should be commenced,) with an account of receipts and expeditures, with the various items attending the management of the fund, be prepared and published in the London newspapers. I would add my wish that in like manner, as trustees of my former gift, you should continue once in every year to lay a similar report before the public.

It having occurred to me that for good reasons my trustees may wish, at a comparatively early period, to change some part or parts of the deed which is to be prepared for the management of this fund, I therefore hereby authorize them to do so at any time during my life, conformably to any resolution or resolutions which may be unanimously passed by their board and approved by me.

In conclusion, looking to the object of this donation and to the large development in coming years of an arrangement deeigned to promote the physical, moral, and social welfare of the deserving poor of the metropolis, I entertain a strong and earnest hope that the project will so commend itself to the sympathies and judgment of the inhabitants of London as to insure on their part that interest and co-operation which will secure to future generations of the poor those comforts which, with the blessing of Providence, it is my object to bestow upon them. With great respect and regard, I am your humble servant,

GEORGE PEABODY.

To his Excellency Charles Francis Adams, United States Minister.
The Right Honorable Lord Stanley, M. P., Sir James Emerson Tennent, C. M. Lampson, Esq., and J. S. Morgan, Esq., trustees of the Peabody Donation Fund.

LONDON, February 6.

SIR: We feel that we only anticipate the satisfaction and gratitude of the public when we express to you our own, on the receipt of your letter announcing this enlargement of your already abounding generosity to the poor of London.

The importance of this gift is not to be measured by its money value alone—it will impart an augmented usefulness to the unexpended portion of your previous donation, by enabling it to be applied over a greatly enlarged area, as well as to give increased comforts and accommodation in the buildings to which it may be appropriated.

The most moderate return from so large an investment will furnish a permanent income, the judicious expenditure of which must in time exert an irresistible influence in raising the character of that class of houses which are now occupied by the laboring population in all parts of the metropolis; and thus to a remote posterity your name will continue to be held in grateful remembrance by the people of London as the benefactor of the poor on a scale hitherto unequalled in this or any other country.

Yours, faithfully,
STANLEY, Chairman.
C. F. ADAMS.
J. EMERSON TENNENT.
C. M. LAMPSON.
J. S. MORGAN.

To GEORGE PEABODY, Esq.

AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND FOOLISH LAW.

The Alabama legislature has passed a tax law, of which one section reads:

"13. To keep a news depot for one year, in any city, town or village, for the sale of any newspaper, periodical or magazine, not including pictorials provided for in the preceding paragraph, ten dollars."

So far, good; but the preceding paragraph runs as follows:

"12. To sell, or expose for sale, for one year, at any one place, any pictorial or illustrated weekly, or any monthly paper, periodical, or magazine, published outside the limits of this state, and not in a foreign country, and to vend the same on the streets, or on boats or railroad cars, fifty dollars."

Now, in the first place this is clearly contrary to the second paragraph of the tenth section of the first article of the Constitution of the United States, which declares that "no state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing the inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports shall be for the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of Congress."

The Alabama law levies a duty on imports; for the section, though ostensibly laying only a license in reality, discriminates against the products of other states, and imposes a special burden upon them. It not only does this, but it favors at the same time the products of a foreign country, to the disadvantage of our own. We advise the legislature of Alabama to "revise" their law, and expunge from it this passage, which appears to be merely a piece of spite against certain publications in the north like *Harper's Weekly*, a journal whose faithful, able and strenuous advocacy of the Union cause during the war has made it a powerful organ of public opinion, and has won for it the gratitude of our soldiers and of all loyal people north and south. Because some of these Alabama legislators do not like its sentiments they endeavor to tax it out of circulation. This is, to be sure, somewhat better than they used to do before the war, when they prohibited the circulation of journals disliked by the few slaveholders. But this act is bred of the same spirit of intolerance, and that is a spirit which the country will no longer endure. The American people mean that speech and discussion shall be free wherever the flag flies, henceforth. They have paid, by a costly and deadly war, for the imprudence of suffering this right to be restricted in the south. They will not tolerate any invasion of it hereafter. If the people of Alabama do not like northern journals, they need not buy them; no one will quarrel with them for that. But the passage of this tax law shows that there is a demand there for these journals, which these legislators wickedly endeavor to check. Of course, the present act is only an entering wedge. If that holds, the legislature may tax a newsvender one thousand or five thousand dollars for selling any of the prohibited journals; if they may thus prohibit the sale of an illustrated journal they may similarly forbid that of a daily, or of all the dailies, printed out of the state, or in any particular state, and, if newspapers, then any other articles of merchandise may be thus kept out.

Let them do down there as the people of New York do with the *Daily News*, a journal as hateful to loyal men and women as *Harper's Weekly* is to the bitterest rebel. It is not interfered with; its proprietor prints and sells his paper just as others do. No special tax is laid upon him; on the contrary, the paper is supported in great part by the advertising patronage of the Common Council. If southern men knew how much they hurt their own cause by such acts as that of the Alabama legislature, they would not, we think, pass them.—*New York Evening Post.*

PRODUCTION OF COAL IN THE UNITED STATES. The production of coal in the United States is continually on the increase, as will appear from the following statement of the production of coal in the fiscal years 1863, 1864 and 1865, the quantities being calculated from the Internal Revenue report of the amount of tax upon the production of coal. Tons coal produced: 1863, 13,500,000; 1864, 16,300,000; 1865, 17,000,000.

In the year 1860 the production of coal was estimated by the Superintendent of the census at 15,000,000 tons. The production in 1865 was 17,000,000 tons, an increase in five years of 2,000,000 tons. At this rate of increase our production in 1870 might be estimated at 20,000,000 tons. The development of manufactures, however, consequent on the adoption of a protective policy, will greatly increase the production of coal, and it will be no matter of wonder, if in 1870 its production in the United States reaches a total of at least 25,000,000 tons.

On Monday night Mr. McKean Buchanan and his daughter Virginia, were announced for "Hamlet" at Terre Haute. Mrs. Buchanan was at the time lying very dangerously ill at the Terre Haute House, of neuralgia of the heart. After the first scene, it was announced that Miss Buchanan would not be able to appear as "Ophelia," on account of her mother's sickness, and if the play went on her part would have to be omitted. The audience desired the drama to proceed, but when Mr. Buchanan appeared, and commenced the soliloquy, "To be, or not to be—" he was noticed to lack his usual fire and energy. He had not proceeded half a dozen lines when his faltering voice broke, and falling into a chair, he exclaimed, "My wife is dying—take your money—run down the curtain—I cannot play!" and the audience slowly and sadly dispersed. Mrs. Buchanan was dead when her husband reached the hotel.

A Frenchman went one day last summer to bathe in one of the floating establishments on the Seine. He deposited his watch and chain and $550, declaring the value, and receiving a ticket in return. This ticket he put in his pocket, and then took his bath; when he came out, however, he found no card. He then applied at the office and found that his ticket had been presented and duly honored. He lost all his property, and sued for damages against the proprietor of the bath. The court, however, held that the proprietor was justified in giving up the watch and money to any one who produced the ticket, and therefore found for the defendant.

The "Societe des Gens de Lettres" of Paris, recently had a very stormy sitting. After the report on the situation of the society had been read, some of the members found fault with the "*Tresor Litteraire*," a work edited by the society, on account of the Ultramontane tone of its articles. A member of the committee, M. Michiels, went so far as to say that the committee purposely admitted the articles in question "in order to prepare the country for the return of the elder branch of the Bourbons." This statement produced an indescribable tumult among the members.

The Guelph, Canada, *Advertiser* of the 28th ult. says: "About 2 o'clock, on Monday afternoon, as Mr. Thos Wansborough, of Erin, was showing his wife a revolver he had just purchased, it was fired off. He imagined it to be empty, and with the muzzle toward her, he pulled the trigger and discharged the contents into her abdomen. The bullet passed through the clothes of the baby she held in her arms, to which she clung with strange determination till she had safely deposited it in the kitchen. She still lingers in excruciating pain, and not the faintest hope is entertained of her recovery."

The census published at the end of every year by the vicariate of Rome, shows that the population of the city last year to have been 207,338, comprising soldiers, Jews, non-Catholics and prisoners. In the distinction of classes, ecclesiastics and students are put down at 4,661; nuns and novices, with their pupils, 4,347; soldiers, (Pontifical, of course) 4,881; non-Catholics, 437; Jews, 4,552; condemned prisoners, 321. In 1864, the population was 203,816, so that during the past year it was augmented by 3,442 souls.

Bits of gossip about the young Prince Imperial are floating through Paris. Here is one of them: It appears that the Emperor after dinner one day proposed the health of the new president of the Imperial Commission for the great exhibition of 1867, and asked the Prince Imperial to reply. The child said he had been taken by surprise, and had not been prepared for his father's toast. The Emperor said he must at least return thanks. "Well," said the Prince, "all I have got to say is that I regret being too young to be of any service to French industry."

Illinois cotton commands a premium of five cents per pound in New York, and this fact is producing a decided effect in the culture of the staple in that State. Jefferson county produced a half million pounds the past year, which, at Western prices (45 cents per pound), is worth $225,000 while some of the more southern counties have raised four times that amount.

A letter dated at the camps of the Amapahoe and Cheyene Indians, at Bluff creek, south of the Arkansas river, March 3d, says Major Wynkoop's mission to the hostile Indians has been entirely successful. He has removed them all below the Arkansas river, and got an agreement from the chiefs and head men to abide by the treaty made at the mouth of the Little Arkansas river last October, thus securing the safety of travelers across the plains.

The North Carolina Legislature adjourned on Monday morning. A bill was passed allowing negroes to testify when concerned in person or property, when jurisdiction shall be restored to the courts, in all matters where blacks are concerned. The usury laws are repealed so far as to allow eight per cent. interest by agreement of the parties.

Cleveland has no water to drink. The petroleum refineries throw their waste into the river, and the result is that the water supply is fouled past remedy. Even the ice which has been cut for use next summer is impregnated with oil. It is proposed to extend pipes far out into the lake, in imitation of Chicago.

It is mentioned in the *Evenement* that the Vienna head of the Rothschild branch has summoned, by telegraph, his children to his bedside, to take their final farewell of a dying parent. Thus the great banking firm, the ancestor of which sold nuts on the streets of Vienna, is about to lose another of its wealthy heads.

The surgeon in chief of the South Carolina district of the freedmen's bureau has written to the chief medical officer of the freedmen's bureau for a supply of vaccine virus, as the small-pox is spreading with considerable rapidity in some portions of that State.

The Rev. William Dalby, a well known minister of the Virginia Conference, died a few days since, making the third member of this Conference who has died since the late session of that body in Danville, in November last.

In Boston the value of real estate is daily augmenting, not only by sales, but by the great activity prevailing among architects and builders, and the vast number of projects for improving buildings by remodeling.

A citizen of Lafayette, Indiana, presented his wife with four Government bonds on New Year's day, and she deposited them for safe keeping in a bureau drawer, to which the mice obtained access and destroyed them.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NORFOLK, MARCH 16.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Thos. Kelso, Russell, Baltimore.
Steamer Jas. T. Brady, Landis, Baltimore.
Steamer M. Martin, Haines, Richmond.
Steamer Chas. Houghton, Whitney, Hampton.
Schooner Rio Grande, Woodford, E. Shore.
Schooner Hope, Holland, Canal Locks.
Schooner John Forsyth, Applegate, Richmond.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Thomas Kelso, Russell, Baltimore.
Steamer J. T. Brady, Landis, Baltimore.
Steamer Charles Houghton, Whitney, Hampton.
Schooner Maria Ann, Rhodes, Elizabeth City.

A FINE HEAD OF HAIR.—Nature's own diadem and title to dignity is to-day the coveted treasure of every person, as it was in olden time the pride of Absalom and the strength of Samson. It is the duty of all to cultivate the hair. You can do it and preserve it through life by the use of MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum, or Hair Dressing. Every Druggist sells them.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, March 15, 1866.

THE Public are hereby notified that a book for entering complaints of nuisances will be placed at the office of Dr. T. B. Ward, opposite the Atlantic Hotel, and all persons having knowledge of any nuisance which ought to be abated, are requested to make use of this book to bring it to the notice of the Board of Health.

All special communications upon matters intended for the action of the Board, may be addressed to Dr. S. K. Jackson, Secretary of the Board, or to Dr. A. T. Bell, Health Officer.

SAMUEL K. JACKSON, Secretary.
mar17—1w

A CARD.—*To Editor of Norfolk Post*:—Having been informed that my name has been used in connection with the office of Clerk of the Council of the city of Portsmouth for the ensuing year, I desire in this public way to declare that I shall not be a candidate for said office, nor do I desire the same. The nature of its duties is inconsistent with my professional duties, and unsuited to my condition. I am a candidate for the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY for the city of Portsmouth, and will be thankful for the support of the people for the same.

mar17—1t V. O. CASSELL.

THE Members of the Norfolk Light Artillery Blues are requested to meet on SATURDAY, the 17th of March, at 8 o'clock, p. m., at the Court House, for the purpose of making arrangements to bring home their dead. A full attendance is respectfully requested. mar16—2t

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—The Original and Best in the World! The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,

REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLEFLEURS, for Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

aug13-1y CHARLES BATCHELOR, New York.

℞

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce or which we think has ever yet been made by anybody. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the extraordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

M. A. & C. A. SANTOS.
Norfolk Va.

And by dealers everywhere. jan24—2meod

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A SUPERIOR REMEDY.—We can conscientiously recommend to those suffering from a distressing cough, Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam. It gives relief almost instantaneous, and is withal not disagreeable to the taste. There is no doubt but the Mellifluous Cough Balsam is one of the best preparations in use, and is all that its proprietor claims for it. We have tried it during the past week, and found relief from a most distressing cough. It is prepared by Dr. Strickland, No. 139 Sycamore street, Cincinnati, O., and for sale by Druggists.

WALKE & CO. and M. & C. A. SANTOS, Agents for Norfolk, Va. nov6—6m

TWO BAD CASES OF PILES CURED BY DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY.—Mr. Glass, of Janesville, Wisconsin, writes for the benefit of all who suffer with the Piles, that he has been troubled for eight years with an aggravated case of Piles, and his brother was discharged from the army as incurable, (he being quite paralyzed with the Piles.) Both these distressing cases were cured with one bottle of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. The recommendation of these gentlemen, beside the daily testimonials received by Dr. Strickland ought to convince those suffering, that the most aggravated chronic cases of Piles are cured by Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. It is sold by Druggists everywhere.

WALKE & CO. and M. and C. A. SANTOS, Agents for Norfolk, Va. nov6—6m

DYSPEPSIA.—What everybody says must be true. We have heard Dr. Strickland's Tonic spoken of so frequently by those who have been benefitted by it, that at last we are compelled to make it known to the public that we really believe it effects a cure in every case; therefore, we say to those who are suffering with Dyspepsia or Nervous Debility, to go to their Drug gists and get a bottle of Dr. Strickland's Tonic.

WELLS & CO., Agents, 115 Franklin street, N. Y.

WALKE & CO. and M. C. A. SANTOS, Agents for Norfolk, Va. nov6—6m

FAMILY DYE COLORS.—Among the most popular and useful articles of the day are the FAMILY DYE COLORS manufactured by the well known practical chemists, Howe & Stevens. So very superior are these dyes, so easily used, and withal afforded at so low a price, that they are literally getting into everybody's hands, just as the praises of their merits are on everybody's lips. Once tried, they become indispensable. In many parts of the country they have displaced all other substances and methods of dyeing. We, without any hesitation whatever, pronounce them the best dyes ever manufactured, while at the same time they are the cheapest in price. The ladies are particularly delighted with them.

COLGATES HONEY SOAP.—This celebrated TOILET SOAP, in such universal demand, is made frome the choicest materials, is mild and emolient in its nature. fragrantly scented and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. fy5—1y

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

IT IS RECOMMENDED AND USED BY THE FIRST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.

Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and take no other. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.

For sale by all druggists. nov20—6m

NORFOLK, November 22, 1865.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Steamship WILLIAM KENNEDY will sail for BOSTON on SUNDAY, MARCH 18, 1866.

For freight or passage, apply to JAMES PATTEN, Agent, Chamberlaine's Wharf.
mar17—1t

1,200 BUSHELS OF SWEET POTATO PLANTS; A CHOICE ARTICLE, on board the schooners Marietta and J. T. Willis, in the county Dock, for sale cheap, if called for soon.
mar17—4t

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA,

TOUCHING AT MEXICAN PORTS, AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, *THROUGH IN TWENTY-TWO DAYS.*

Steamships on the Atlantic:	Connecting on the Pacific with the
ARIZONA,	COLORADO.
HENRY CHAUNCEY,	CONSTITUTION.
NEW YORK,	GOLDEN CITY.
OCEAN QUEEN,	SACRAMENTO.
NORTHERN LIGHT,	GOLDEN AGE.
COSTA RICA,	MONTANA.
	&c., &c.

One of the above large and splendid Steamships will leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding SATURDAY), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the Company's Steamship's from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with Steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

A discount of ONE QUARTER from steamers' rates allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers with families. Also, an allowance of ONE QUARTER on through rates to clergymen and their families, and school teachers; soldiers having honorable discharges, HALF FARE.

One Hundred Pounds Baggage allowed each adult. Baggage masters accompany baggage through, and attend to ladies and children without male protectors. Baggage received on the dock the day before sailing, from steamboats, railroads, and passengers who prefer to send down early.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For Passage Tickets or further information, apply at the Company's Ticket Office, on the Wharf, FOOT OF CANAL STREET, NORTH RIVER, NEW YORK.

mar16—3m F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OFFICE CHIEF Q. M. AND FINANCIAL AGENT, DEPARTMENT OF VIRGINIA, RICHMOND, VA., March 10, 1866.

CERTAIN ARTICLES OF SILVER WARE, the property of citizens of Norfolk and Portsmouth, which came into the possession of the Provost Marshal of this Department during the years 1862 and 1863, were turned over to the Financial Agent of the Department for safe keeping.

By direction of the Major General commanding, this property will be delivered to the owners upon application to this Office, accompanied with proof of ownership and loyalty. WM. L. JAMES, Col. and Chief Q. M. and Financial Agent.
mar15—3t

Virginian, Day Book and Old Dominion insert three times.

BALDWIN'S RESTAURANT.

The proprietor would inform his numerous friends, that he has opened a FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT, ON MAIN STREET, No. 62 IN THE RAMSEY BUILDINGS, Near the Corner of Church.

His BAR is supplied with the best LIQUORS and SEGARS in the market, and his *Cuisine* will be of the best.

THE HOUSE WILL BE OPEN ALL NIGHT, FOR THE ESPECIAL ACCOMMODATION OF THE PUBLIC.

PATRICK CUNNEELY, formerly of Portsmouth, is connected with this establishment, and would be glad to see his friends. U. W. BALDWIN, Proprietor.
mh12—1y

FOR SALE.

Six-Hand FIRE ENGINES, in perfect order, with apparatus all complete except Hose. Apply to E. C. FOLGER, Chief Engineer Norfolk Fire Depart't.
jan19—tf

AMUSEMENTS.

NORFOLK OPERA HOUSE.

POSITIVELY FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY;

Commencing THURSDAY, MARCH 22.

MADM'E GHIONI AND SIGNOR SUSINI'S GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

DIRECTOR..... MAX STRAKOSCH.

MR. STRAKOSCH announces with much pleasure that he has succeeded in engaging a competent and efficient

ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY,

embracing the most eminent ARTISTS, and complete CHORUS and ORCHESTRA, comprising the best Artists from New York, with whom he will give in Norfolk

THREE GRAND OPERA NIGHTS,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 23 and 24.

A change of Opera each night will be given, in a style unrivalled by any other management. The following eminent Artists, all of whom have performed this winter for forty consecutive Grand Opera Nights at the New Opera House, New Orleans, with the most unprecedented success, constitute the

GHIONI AND SUSINI OPERA COMPANY:

SIGNORA ANGIOLINA GHIONI, the Great Dramatic Prima Donna.

MADM'LLE PAULINE CANISSA, the young and highly talented Prima Donna Leggiera

M'ME AMALIA PATTI STRAKOSCH, the famous and popular Prima Donna Contralto.

Primi Tenori, Sig. MACAFFERRI, Sig. ERRANI.
Primi Baritoni, Sig. MANCUSI, Sig. MARRA.
Prime Bassi, Sig. AGUSTINO SUSINI.
M'dme Parozzi, Signora Zapuzzi, Second Donnas.
Signors Ximenes and Belli, Second Tenors.
Signors Locatelli and Massio, Second Bassos.

With a powerful Chorus and complete Orchestra, under the direction of the Musical Conductor, Signor ROSA. Leader, Mr. F. Zitterbart. Stage Manager, Signor Grillo. Prompter, Signor Lanza. Costumer Signor Santelia.

The following Operas will be performed entire:

THURSDAY, MARCH 22, Bellini's Grand Opera, in Three Acts,

NORMA.

Mesdames Ghioni and Canissa, Signors Macafferri and Susini in the principal roles.

FRIDAY, MARCH 23, Rossini's Comic Opera, in Three Acts,

IL BARBIERE DI SEVIGLIA.

M'me Patti Strakosch, Signors Errani, Nancusi, Susini and Marra in the principal roles.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, Gounar's Grand Romantic Opera, in Five Acts,

FAUST.

Mesdames Canissa and Patti Strakosch, Signors Errani, Mancusi and Marra in the principal roles.

FULL CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

Musical Director and Conductor,

SIGNOR F. ROSA.

SCALE OF PRICES.

Private Boxes, containing five persons	$15 00
Orchestra Chairs	3 00
Parquette and Dress Circle	2 00
Reserved seats 50 cents extra.	
Gallery	1 00

The sale of seats and tickets will commence on Tuesday, March 20, at 10 a. m., at C. Sewarzkopf's Fancy Store, No. 55 Main street.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Opera commences at 8 o'clock. mar17—3t

DAN. CASTELLO'S GREAT SHOW!!

THIS COMPLETE CORPS OF ARTISTS

Will have the honor of appearing before the Public of

NORFOLK

For Four Days Only,

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 27, 28 and 29.

First Performance will be given on MONDAY NIGHT, MARCH 26, 1866, and every AFTERNOON and EVENING DURING THE TIME.

Pavilion will be erected corner Main and Granby Streets.

This Troupe will be headed by the Greatest CLOWN, JESTER, HUMORIST, ORATOR and PERFORMER

On the American Continent,

Castello's Inimitable Performing Russian Horse, "CZAR."

His Thoroughbred Trick Horse ANDY JOHNSON.

His Comic Pony "JANUARY," and his educated MULES. DAN CASTELLO

Will execute his Flying Leap for Life, every afternoon and evening.

NOTICE.

THE GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION.

The Manager has, at a great expense, obtained the services of Herr Lenger, the Lion King, together with his WONDERFUL LIONS and LIONESSES.

This exhibition will take place in the Ring, thereby giving visitors an opportunity of having a perfect view of these "Lords of the Forest" before Herr Lenger enters the den.

The Company comprise some of the finest performers—male and female—either in Europe or America, consisting of EQUESTRIAN VAULTERS, ACROBATS and GYMNASTS.

DAN. CASTELLO and Mr. CHARLES PARKER, the two great Clowns, will appear in every performance.

A corps of Ushers are engaged to seat our patrons, and the public may be assured that the strictest order and decorum will be preserved.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Admission	$1 00
Children	50
Colored People	75

mar16—12t

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN DRY GOODS.

The undersigned have just opened a very large and well assorted Stock of

SPRING GOODS,

Which the recent decline in Gold enables us to offer to the TRADE and the Public Generally at prices similar to the *ANTE-WAR RATES.*

OUR STOCK embraces

PRINTS, of Good Quality and Fast Colors, 16⅔ cts.

BLEACHED COTTON, 4-4, 25 cents.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, LINEN and COTTON GOODS,
BRITISH, FRENCH, GERMAN and SWISS GOODS,

The Latest Styles of SHAWLS, BALMORALS, DUPLEX SKIRTS, with HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS and WHITE GOODS Generally.

—ALSO—

A Large Stock of CARPETS, RUGS, COCOA and No. 1 CANTON MATTING.

Having a Buyer in New York, we are prepared at all times to exhibit to our Customers the

NEWEST STYLES OF GOODS,

And are thereby enabled to take advantage of any decline in price.

As we receive additions to our Stock by every Steamer, we shall be prepared to offer the NEWEST DESIGNS in DRESS GOODS twice a week.

SELDNER & CO., No. 13 Main Street.
mar13—tf

DUDLEY BEAN & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Liberal advances made on all Merchandize and Produce consigned. e 22-y

NEW CROCKERY, GLASS AND WOODEN-WARE STORE, No. 52 Main Street. THOMAS E. ROBERTS

Has on hand all articles of Household necessary in the line, at prices to suit the times. Call and examine his Stock. No trouble to show our Goods. The best article of Kerosene Oil and Lamps. jan20—1y

HARBOR TOWING.

The New and Powerful Tug "TEMPEST," is now prepared to do TOWING to and from Sea, and around the Harbor, on the most favorable terms. Apply on board at Rowland's Wharf, or to C. E. STAPLES, No. 26 Rowland's Wharf.
mar10—1m

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned offers for sale their STOCK and FIXTURES, as they intend changing their business. This is a rare opportunity for any person wishing to go into business. One of the best locations in the city, with the advantage of a good trade already established. Stock light. BAIRD & ROPER, No. 31 Market Square.
mar10—tf

JOHN D. OSTROM, | HENRY V. MOORE, | BENJ. D. THOMAS

OSTROM, MOORE & THOMAS, LUMBER, WOOD, COAL, LIME, HAY, &c., &c.

North Side Wide-Water Street, between Church and Nebraska.

Our connections with Mills at the North and South enable us to furnish every description of Lumber manufactured and in the rough state by the cargo or in smaller quantities, upon terms more advantageous to dealers and others than can be procured in Northern or Southern markets. mar1—3m

HENRY P. WORCESTER, *COMMISSION MERCHANT*, NO. 37 WEST WIDE WATER STREET (In rear of the Custom House), NORFOLK, VA.

A full assortment of Perkins, Stern & Co.'s PURE CALIFORNIA WINES, always on hand and for sale at New York prices. mh1-tf

WANTED TO PURCHASE, From One Thousand to Five Thousand Cords of Good Merchantable PINE CORD WOOD, at some convenient place to lighter to vessels. There must be fully four feet of water at the shore.