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Classified Ads

Minimum charge of 15c, or five cents a line, counting five words to the line.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE—Forty acre farm two miles south, 1/4 mile west of Alma.

FOR SALE—172 acres of choice improved land 8 miles south of Merrill.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Lot 50x100 feet; two room house, completely furnished.

HELP WANTED WANTED—Strong boy about 15 years of age to work in bakery.

WANTED—Girl to work in store. DeLuxe Candy Co.

WANTED—Good rooms for light housekeeping. Call 231-3R Union.

WANTED—Stenographer. Call or address The X-Cel-All Company, Alma, Mich.

WANTED—Woman 1/2 day each week to sweep and dust. Inquire of Mrs. C. F. Brown, 312 Lincoln or this office.

WANTED—First-class man to take management for Gratiot County Sun Life Insurance Company.

WANTED—A hired girl at the Brainerd hospital.

BOY WANTED—We need the services of a number of Grammar School boys for permanent part-time work.

WANTED—Good girl or woman for general housework. Mrs. M. McLaren, 526 W. Center st. or Union phone 168.

FOR SALE—Lot on Second ave. C. E. Drury, 721 Second ave. 58-1-p

FOR SALE—Brass bed, mahogany bed, dresser and table, library table and rug.

FOR SALE—Oak dresser, oval bevel plate mirror, and heating stove. Prices reasonable.

FOR SALE—High grade Kimball piano at a bargain, if taken at once.

FOR SALE—Reed baby cab. 109 W. Downey st. 58-1-p

FOR SALE—Studebaker roadster in good condition, very reasonably priced.

FOR SALE—Small building for sale, suitable for office or small house. Inquire R. H. Brown's plumbing shop.

FOR SALE—Lyon & Healy player piano in burli walnut, used but a short time.

FOR SALE—Dishes and a quantity of high grade restaurant products.

FOR SALE—One good work horse for sale or trade for feed.

FOUND—Watch chain. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice.

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR RENT—Two modern sleeping rooms at 214 E. Center st.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, modern.

FOR RENT—Rooms at 502 Woodworth.

FOR RENT—Furnished eight-room house, C. E. Drury, 721 Second ave.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, suitable for two ladies.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, close in, rent reasonable.

THE CHURCHES

Baptist Church J. W. Priest, Pastor, residence 802 Gratiot avenue.

For several months the Sunday School has been held before the morning service.

Morning service, 10:00. Sermon: "The Bread of God."

The Lord's supper will be observed, Sunday School, 11:15.

B. Y. P. U. Meeting—6:30. Topic: "Our Tongues for Christ."

Evening service, 7:30. Sermon: "The Test of the Gospel."

Thursday night prayer meeting, 7:30. All are cordially invited to these services.

St. John's Church Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Holy Communion, 10:30.

Subject: "The Preparation of the Wise." Vesper service, 5:00.

J. Frank Jackson, Rector.

THE THEATRE

Liberty Theatre The picture loving public of this city will welcome with joy the news that a Theda Bara super production is soon to be shown there.

Miss Bara's newest starring vehicle, directed by J. Gordon Edwards, comes to the Liberty theatre, on Sunday, September 1.

In this super production Miss Bara forsakes the customary productions which she has been appearing in—

"Cleopatra" and "My Barry"—and returns to a story of contemporary life and conditions.

Miss Bara takes the part of Mary Lynde who first sees a glimmer of hope come into her bedraggled life, when an artist asks her to pose as model for a painting of the Madonna.

At his studio, she meets Robert Sinclair, a wealthy man about town, who immediately sees a new field of conquest in the pretty girl.

Mary goes out with Sinclair. It is the story of so many working girls. He promises to marry her. But he does not. She seeks refuge among the very dregs of the populace.

There the artist finds her once more. Again he asks her to pose for him, this time for a portrait to be entitled "Sin." She meets again the man who caused her downfall.

Sinclair is about to be married. Mary threatens blackmail, and he pays her money. Then Mary tells the whole story to Barbara, and the betrothed, sympathetic, plans with her to get revenge on Sinclair.

The denouement gives Miss Bara some of the finest opportunities for acting.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

James N. Smith to Charles A. Price, SE 1/4 NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 17, Hamilton, \$6150.

F. C. Hyde to C. A. Green, lot 34, Bradley Add., Riverdale, \$150.

L. Coleman to Oranus Mack, part of lot 6, blk. 4, Case Add., Alma, \$200.

Twin Cities Realty Co. to H. McNamara, part SE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 3, Arcada, \$1.

E. W. Devereaux to J. D. Sullivan, pt. lot 6 blk. 53, Gargett Add., Alma, \$350.

F. Shaver to E. Royce, SW 1/4 SE 1/4 and SE 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 17, Emerson, \$8,000.

One Year of Food Administration



The Food Administration by permission of the White House makes public the following letter, written by Mr. Hoover to the President:

11 July, 1918. Dear Mr. President:

It is now possible to summarize the shipments of foodstuffs from the United States to the Allied countries during the fiscal year just closed—practically the last harvest year. These amounts include all shipments to Allied countries for their and our armies, the civilian population, the Belgian Relief and Red Cross.

The total value of these food shipments which were in the main purchased through, or with the collaboration of, the Food Administration, amount to, roundly, \$1,400,000,000 during the fiscal year.

The shipments of meats and fats (includes meat products, dairy products, vegetable oils, etc.) to Allied destinations were as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Fiscal year, Amount. 1916-17: 2,166,500,000 lbs. 1917-18: 3,011,100,000 lbs. Increase: \$44,600,000 lbs.

Meat Exports Our slaughterable animals at the beginning of the last fiscal year were not appreciably larger than the year before and particularly in hogs; they were probably less.

The increase in shipments is due to conservation and the extra weight of animals added by our farmers. The full effect of these efforts began to bear their best results in the last half of the fiscal year.

When the exports to the Allies were 2,133,100,000 pounds, as against 1,265,500,000 pounds in the same period of the year before. This compares with an average of 801,000,000 pounds of total exports for the same half years in the three-year pre-war period.

In cereal and cereal products reduced to terms of cereal bushels, our shipments to Allied destinations have been—

Table with 2 columns: Fiscal year, Amount. 1916-17: 253,900,000 bushels. 1917-18: 340,800,000 bushels. Increase: \$0,900,000 bushels.

It is interesting to note that since the urgent request of the Allied Food Controllers early in the year for a further shipment of 75,000,000 bushels from our 1917 wheat than originally planned, we shall have shipped to Europe or have en route, nearly 85,000,000 bushels.

At the time of this request our surplus was already more than exhausted. This accomplishment of our people in this matter stands out even more clearly if we bear in mind that we had available in the fiscal year 1916-17 from net carry-over and as surplus over our normal



HOOVER



WILSON

Of these cereals our shipments of the prime breadstuffs in the fiscal year 1917-18 to Allied destinations were, wheat 131,000,000 bushels, and of rye 13,900,000 bushels, a total of 144,900,000 bushels.

Grain Shipments The exports to Allied destinations during the fiscal year 1916-17 were, wheat 185,100,000 bushels and rye 2,300,000 bushels, a total of 187,400,000 bushels.

In addition, some 10,000,000 bushels of 1917 wheat are now in port for Allied destinations or en route thereto.

The total shipments to Allied countries from our last harvest year of wheat will be, therefore, about 141,000,000 bushels, or a total of 154,900,000 bushels of prime breadstuffs.

In addition to this we have shipped some 10,000,000 bushels to neutrals dependent upon us and we have received some imports from other quarters. A large part of the other cereals exported have also gone into war bread.

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consumption about 800,000,000 bushels of wheat which we were able to export that year without trenching on our home loaf.

This last year, however, owing to the large failure of the 1917 wheat crop, we had available from net carry-over and production and imports, only just about our normal consumption. Therefore our wheat shipments to Allied destinations represent approximately savings from our own wheat bread.

These figures, however, do not fully convey the volume of the effort and sacrifice made during the past year by the whole American people. Despite the magnificent effort of our agricultural population in planting a much increased acreage in 1917, not only was there a very large failure in wheat but also, the corn failed to mature properly and our corn is our dominant crop.

We calculate that the total nutritional production of the country for the fiscal year just closed was between 7 per cent and 9 per cent below the average of the three previous years, our nutritional surplus for export in those years being about the same amount as the shrinkage last year. Therefore the consumption and waste in food have been greatly reduced in every direction during the year.

I am sure that all the millions of our people, agricultural as well as urban, who have contributed to these results should feel a very definite satisfaction that in a year of universal food shortages in the northern hemisphere all of those people joined together against Germany have come through into sight of the coming harvest not only with health and strength fully maintained, but with only temporary periods of hardships. The European Allies have been compelled to sacrifice more than our own people but we have not failed to load every steamer since the delays of the storm months last winter. Our contributions to this end, could not have been accomplished without effort and sacrifice and it is a matter for further satisfaction that it has been accomplished voluntarily and individually. It is difficult to distinguish between various sections of our people—the homes, public eating places, food trades, urban or agricultural populations—in assessing credit for these results but no one will deny the dominant part of the American women.

Yours faithfully, (Signed) HERBERT HOOVER.

SAVE EVERY GRAIN OF WHEAT



"Every grain of wheat our ports can handle" is the reply we have given to the Allies in their extremity.

Every grain our ports can handle—consider that. In threshing, in the careless war-free days a fraction of edible wheat escaped. Today a special department of the Food Administration is devoted to seeing that this once trifling portion is preserved for human consumption.

WAR TIME RECIPES Prepared by Prof. Frances H. Freeman, Home Economics Director, United States Food Administration, Orono, Maine.

COTTAGE CHEESE DISHES. Cottage Cheese, while it has long been known, has been little appreciated.

Being made from skim milk, which now is either fed to live stock or wasted, cottage cheese makes available directly for human food a valuable but little appreciated dairy product.

Plain Cottage Cheese: Cottage cheese may be served plain, as the main dish of a luncheon or supper in place of cold meat.

Variations: Mix broken nut meats, chopped pimientos, finely cut green peppers, diced cucumbers, or other crisp vegetables with the cheese.

Season dry cheese rather well, pack into a buttered earthen or enamel dish, chill it, turn it out on a platter, and serve it in slices like cold veal loaf.

Mix with the cheese a small quantity of left over ham or corned beef, finely ground, and season the whole with made mustard. Serve this in slices, or turn the mold out on a border of lettuce leaves.

Suggested Menu: Molded cottage cheese, baked potatoes, butter, sliced tomatoes or cucumbers, crisp corn pone, greatmeal muffins, tea, coffee, or whey lemonade, fruit and dessert.

COTTAGE CHEESE WITH CREAM AND SUGAR. Use in place of. Meat or eggs for breakfast or supper.

Variations: Add berries, peaches, or other fresh fruits; canned fruits, raisins, cut dates, or other dried fruits; brown sugar, honey, jam or marmalade, or chopped nuts.

Suggested Menu for a Summer Breakfast: Cottage cheese with cream and fruit, cornflakes if desired; toasted Victory bread, coffee, or a heartier meal, include baked or fried potatoes, or a cereal.

EGG COMBINATIONS. Scrambled Eggs with Cottage Cheese: Proportions: For each egg, use 1 tablespoon milk, 1-2 teaspoon salt, plenty of pepper, 1 rounded tablespoon cottage cheese, pinch of baking soda, fat to grease pan.

Method: Mix eggs, seasonings, and 1 tablespoon milk for each egg. Scramble eggs as usual in greased pan till entirely cooked. Neutralize acid in cheese with soda, stir lightly into egg. Serve immediately.

Variations: Parsley and pimientos or olives, added to egg. Suggested Supper or Luncheon Menu: Scrambled eggs with cottage cheese; baked potatoes, dandelion or lettuce salad, or sliced tomatoes; barley muffins, tea or coffee, fruit sauce.

CREAMY EGGS WITH COTTAGE CHEESE. 1 cup milk, 1 tablespoon flour, 4 eggs, 1 cup cottage cheese, 1-4 teaspoon soda, 1 tablespoon fat, 1-2 teaspoon pepper, 1-2 teaspoon salt, Parsley.

Method: Make a thick sauce with the milk, flour, butter, and seasonings. Cook five minutes and pour gradually into the cheese, which has been neutralized with the soda dissolved in a little of the milk. When the cheese and sauce are well blended, return to the top of the double boiler and reheat over hot water. Beat the eggs slightly, pour them into the warm sauce, and mix well. As the mixture sets in a soft custard on the bottom and sides of the boiler, scrape it up carefully, forming large soft curls. The mixture is cooked when it is of a creamy consistency throughout. This quantity will serve eight or more people.

A WORD TO PROFITEERS By President Wilbur of Stanford University. This is no time to talk of money or of profits, for the world is using a new medium of exchange today.

In order to obtain that liberty, freedom and justice which it demands, that medium of exchange is the precious blood of men and boys, the best that we have, and we are sending them by the hundreds, yes, the hundreds of thousands. They go forth singing: "As He died to make men holy, let us die to set men free." The man who comes out of this war with one dollar more than he had when it began has taken it from the blood of the men who died for him. May God forgive him! The American people never will.

RIGID SAVING IN FOOD ASKED

Bread and milk make a meal; so will mush and milk. Bread and gravy go together; potatoes and gravy are just as nourishing.

Toast and fruit are fine for breakfast; but any other cereal with fruit will stay the stomach as effectively.

Griddle cakes, muffins, all sort of quick breads, can be filling and appetizing without any wheat. There is one test. Wherever bread is used for convenience, that is the place to leave it out.

AMERICA DEEPER IN THIS WAR Than Any Other Nation

By President Ray Lyman Wilbur, of Stanford University. We must realize that we are deeper in this war than any other nation, for we have said, through our President, that our peace is to be with the German people, not with the Hohenzollerns.

We have then the problem of providing the additional offensive strength needed to defeat the greatest war lord in history with millions of trained veterans under his control. To do this, we must see the issues clearly and back up those at the front by our actions each hour of each day.

The morale of the fighting armies will settle this war. We must see that the morale of our men and that of those who fight with us is kept at high tide. We can do so if they can feel our support all of the time.

Now is the great opportunity of the American people to demonstrate that our form of government is a success. If we do not all of us, at once, voluntarily and willingly get behind those who fight and die for us, in every phase of our life, and now particularly realize that food is power to win the war, then we are going to fail in this, our immediate pressing duty, and be a despised and humiliated nation.

We must be a great united democracy fighting our way forward toward a final victory. There can be but one outcome of this war and we must steel ourselves for any misfortune, for any reverse, with our minds united and fixed upon the idea of a final victory.

By willing service of a free people to do these things: To feed the Allies that they may continue to fight.

To feed the hungry in Belgium and other lands that they may continue to live.

To feed our own soldiers overseas that they may want nothing.

To keep prices steady and the flow of distribution even that the poor at home may be fed.

To make everyone's effort count its utmost for winning the war for freedom.

FOOD CONTROL IN AMERICA IS OF AND FOR THE PEOPLE.

DOING WITHOUT WHEAT

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IN FLANDERS FIELD

Lieutenant-Colonel John C. McCrea, an officer serving with the British forces in Flanders, wrote a short poem that was printed in Punch.

During the war men serving in the field have written several that will live long after they themselves have been resolved to dust. Taking high rank among these noble offerings is Colonel McCrea's poem, In Flanders Fields. We print it here:

In Flanders Fields the poppies grow Between the crosses, row on row. That mark our place, while in the sky The larks, still singing bravely, fly Unheard amid the guns below.

We are the dead. Short days ago, Lived, felt dawn, saw sunset's glow, Loved and were loved, and now we lie In Flanders Fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe; To you, from falling hands, we throw The torch, be yours to hold it high. If ye break faith with us who die Here we shall not sleep, though poppies blow In Flanders Fields.

Colonel McCrea himself now sleeps in Flanders Fields. New rows of crosses have been added to the old. There in the long alignment he has found his place. He who lived, felt dawn, saw sunsets glow, loved and was loved, now with his comrades lies in Flanders Fields. Let us take up his quarrel with the foe. To us he flung the torch. It is ours to hold it high and carry on. As we keep faith so shall they sleep well where poppies blow in Flanders Fields.

It is not for all of us to serve in uniform. For every one who takes his place in the trenches scores must remain at home. We, too, can help—we, too, be torch bearers. It is as we buy bonds we keep our faith with those who fought our fight, and dying, died reposing trust in us. Shall their trust be broken?

"Our Pilgrim fathers lived entirely without wheat, and surely no one ever looked upon them as weaklings," said Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health, and one of the most famous "health cranks" in the world. Dr. Hurty sees nothing un-reasonable in the Food Administration's appeal for an entirely wheatless diet.

WILL SPEAK IN ALMA

President E. C. Warriner of the Central State Normal at Mt. Pleasant and Mrs. Frances E. Burns, Great Commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees, will address an equal suffrage meeting to be held in this city September 10. Everyone should hear these two prominent speakers.

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