THE TRI-WEEKLY STANDARD.

"LIBERTY AND UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE."—Daniel Webster.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1866. NO. 11.

Tri-Weekly Standard.

W. W. HOLDEN. J. W. HOLDEN.

W. W. HOLDEN & SON,

Editors of the Standard, and authorized publishers of the Laws of the United States.

Rates of Subscription.

TERMS—CASH IN ADVANCE.

Tri-Weekly paper, 1 year.....	$6 00
" " " 6 months.....	3 50
" " " 3 "	2 00
Weekly paper, 1 year.....	3 00
" " 6 months.....	1 50
" " 3 "	1 00
" " 5 copies 1 year....	12 00
" " 10 " 1 "	22 00

To those who get up clubs of five or more subscribers one copy, gratis, will be furnished.

Subscribers who were cut off from us during the war, and whose time of subscription had not expired, will be furnished the paper free on the restoration of communication, until the time be filled. If they desire the paper longer after that time, they must renew.

A cross ✕ mark on the paper indicates the expiration of the subscription.

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W. W. HOLDEN & SON,
Raleigh, N. C.

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING EXECUTED ONLY AT THE STANDARD OFFICE.

POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS, LABELS,
BLANKS,
IN FACT EVERY KIND OF

JOB PRINTING IS EXECUTED IN A Superior Style AT THE STANDARD OFFICE.

COLORED INKS,
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A Select Stock of the Best Material for Printing Purposes found ONLY At the STANDARD OFFICE.

The Best Printing, AND THE CHEAPEST PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, EXECUTED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE, AT THE STANDARD OFFICE.

CALL AND SEE SAMPLES OF WORK, AND LEARN OUR PRICES.

AT WHITAKER'S NEW STORE,

A Sugar, B Sugar, C Sugar.
Rio Coffee, Laguira Coffee, Java Coffee.
Oolong Tea, Gunpowder Tea, Hyson Tea.
English Dairy Cheese, Goshen Cheese.
Firkin Butter, in 15, 20 and 40 lb. packages.
Country Butter, (fresh) constantly on hand.
Bacon, Lard, Meal, Flour, Pepper.
Cloves, Allspice, Ginger, Vinegar, &c.

ATTENTION EVERBODY!

SELLING OUT!!

QUIT BUSINESS.

HAVING DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUR business in Raleigh, we offer our entire stock of goods at a small advance on present New York prices.

Merchants wanting to assort up will find our stock of

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Notions,

well selected.

To parties wanting to engage in the business we will offer them a bargain that will pay them.

We buy and sell exclusively for cash.

Parties wanting credit need not apply.

If you want to buy goods cheap give MAXON & STRONG a call.

We will warrant all goods as represented.

MAXON & STRONG.

Raleigh, N. C., March 24.—3—tf.

Candy, Nuts, Oranges, Apples, Figs, Prunes, Raisins, Dates, Cocoa Nuts, &c., For sale at E. A. WHITAKER'S.

CHEERING NEWS.

As the subject of the crops in Southern States is a very important one at present, we give our readers all reliable testimony regarding it that comes into our possession. A friend, who is a very practical and observant gentleman, has just returned to this city from a business trip to the North, coming by short stages on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad from Columbus, Ky. This routeled him through the most fertile sections of the States of Tennessee and Mississippi, and a small portion of Kentucky and Alabama, and our informant says he has never seen better evidences that a full crop would be made than were everywhere observable. There seemed to be no lack of labor, and both black and white field hands were at work with vigor and cheerfulness. After the reports that he had heard, he could but be astonished at these cheering signs of social reorganization and honest enterprise.

Our friend was impressd with the same fact that has been so frequently mentioned of late in the Southern agricultural magazines, viz: That a majority of the planters are devoting their energies and little capital left them by the war, to the almost exclusive cultivation of cotton, thus neglecting to raise corn, hogs and other plantation supplies. We hope that no evil will result from this policy, as many writers on this subject anticipate; but if by any sad mischance the cotton crop should again fail, our planters would be left without any means of procuring subsistence for their laborers or stock. It is not too late, however, to attend to this matter yet.

The reports which reach us respecting, the crops in Texas are very encouraging, and a contemporary learns that a new source of revenue is developing itself there, the people of the Lone Star State having "struck ile." The springs of petroleum are situated on the Angelina and Noches rivers, in several of the counties of Eastern Texas. They are said to flow freely, and the oil is very pure. Northern capitalists have purchased large tracts of the land.—*N. O. True Delta. 15th*

A Wonderful Race.---A Nation of Pigmies Discovered.

The London Times, of Jan. 16, publishes the following letter form Dr. Du Chailu, the great traveler, giving an interesting account of his discovery of a nation of pigmies in the interior of Africa:

SIR—As I find the report of what Mr. J. Crawford said in reference to the small and peculiar tribe of natives which I met with in the mountains of western equatorial Africa, between one and two degrees south latitude, and about 12 degrees east longitude, has occasioned skepticism, I now copy from my original note-book, which I have shown to Sir Richard Murchison, the following details. I further understand from him that Mr. Crawford had no intention of disparaging the accuracy of my description but simply wished to have such an explanation as I now offer.

These little people, termed Obongo, may be considered the gipsies of the region. They are of migratory habits, and change their temporary shelter under the trees from one place to another. They gain their livelihood by trapping game, which they exchange with the settled villages for food, and like some European gipsipes if this method fail, they steal and decamp. While the inhabitants of this mountain region are ligh ter in color than those of the seashore, these Obongo are still less dark. They have only short tufts of hair upon their heads, and are thus strikingly distinguished from the settled inhabitants, who wear large turrets of hair upon their heads. They have a wild, anxious and timorous expression in their eyes, and all though I gave many beads to entice some of them to remain, and was brought to them stealthily by the natives, all the men except a young adult disappeared, leaving a few women behind. It would appear that my visit alarmed them, for although I stayed a week in the adjacent village, the Obongo were no more to be heard of.

The following are the measurments I was enabled to make: The only male adult measured four feet six inches, but as one of the women reached five feet and one-quarter inch, (she being considered extraordinary tall) I have no doubt that some of the men are equally as tall and some perhaps, taller. The other women I measured had the following heights: Four feet eight inches, four feet seven inches, and the smallest four feet and one-quarter inch. I thought, after looking over the whole group of adult women, that their average height was from four feet five inches to four feet six inches. The smallest woman had the largest head, viz: One foot ten and one fifth inches in circumference; the smallest was one foot nine inches round.

In the volume which I propose to publish, more details respecting thelittle people, with a short vocabulary of their language will be given.

[Cincinnati Inquirer.]

The Extraordinary Speech of Robert Emmet—An Historical Episode.

In these times of Irish agitation and revolution, there is frequent reference made to young Robert Emmet, and his patriotic sentiment not to write his epitaph until the freedom of his native land was secured. The speech which has immortalized his name is not easily accessible, and is found in but few books of limited circulation.

When we consider the youth of Emmet—he being but twenty-two years of age—and the circumstances under which it was delivered, in reply to the question of the Court why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him—it is a specimen of eloquence that has rarely been equalled and certainly never surpassed.

It was delivered in 1802, before the Court of which Lord Norbury was the Judge, after an abortive effort at insurrection upon the part of the Irish. No speech was ever made—nothing was ever done that has fired the hearts of Irishmen more than the reading of this extraordinary production of their greatest martyr. The British Govenment could have afforded better to have had him lived a thousand years than to have executed him after the delivery of this speech. It is a most capital illustration of the impolicy of capital executions for political offenses.

The youth of Emmet and his inexperience rendered him a most proper object for Government clemency, if it had taken reason and common sense as a guide, instead of blind passion and prejudice.

His brother, Thomas Addis Emmet, came to this country, and was one of the most eloquent members of the New York bar.

Governor Humphreys, of Mississippi, who was pardoned, but ought not to have been, for the express purpose of qualifying him for the position of governor of Mississippi, has done what in him lies, ever since his accession to office, to keep alive the feeling of hostility to the Government. He is now engaged in promoting a movement for the collection and preservation of the records of the Confederate army—a perfectly harmless and even proper work in itself, provided it be done in a proper spirit; but when he calls for the preservation of documents or "details of robberies, conflagration and vandalism," "to be transmitted to posterity in vindication of the truth of history and the rectitude of our (the Confederate) cause," and all this is in a letter signed by him as governor and dated from the "executive office," he is guilty of abusing his office, and abusing the confidence which has enabled him to fill it. Men like Humphreys, who were leaders of the rebellion, ought to have been left in the background for many a year to come; and whatever plan of reconstruction be now adopted, we have no hesitation in saying that Mr. Johnson's qualifying him for the governorship was a great mistake. The letter before us is an insult to the Government, an insult to our army, an insult to the loyal men of the north; and to ask us to believe that Mississippi or any other State lately in rebellion can be really and truly restored to the Union under the auspices and direction of men like Humphreys, is an insult to the common sense of those who shed their blood and spent their money in trying to rob him of his powers of mischief. We are in favor of magnanimity, of oblivion, of conciliation, of forbearance, of everything that can in reason be demanded of us; but we are not in favor of putting rebels into high office to pass their leisure hours in keeping alive the spirit of rebellion. —*The Nation.*

SCALE OF DEPRECIATION!

The following Act, in relation to the scaling of Confederate Currency, from the time of its first issue to the end of the war, passed at the recent session of the General Assembly:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A SCALE OF DEPRECIATION OF CONFEDERATE CURRENCY.

WHEREAS, By an ordinance of the Convention, entitled "An ordinance declaring what laws and ordinances are in force, and for other purposes," ratified on the 18th day of October, A. D., 1865, it is made the duty of the General Assembly to provide a scale of depreciation of the Confederate Currency from the time of its first issue to the end of the war; and it is further therein declared that "all executory contracts, solvable in money, whether under seal or not, made after the depreciation of said currency before the 1st of May, 1865, and unfilled (except official bonds and penal bonds payable to the State) shall be deemed to have been made with the understanding that they were solvable in money of the said currency," subject, nevertheless, to evidence of different intent of the parties to the contract; therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following scale of depreciation be and the same is hereby adopted and established as the measure of value of one gold dollar in Confederate currency, for each month, and the fractional parts of the month of December, 1864, from the 1st day of November, 1861, to the 1st day of May, 1865, to-wit:

Scale of depreciation of Confederate currency, the gold dollar being the unit and measure of value, from November 1st, 1861, to May 1st, 1865:

MONTHS.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.
January,	....	$1 20	$3 00	$21 00	$50 00
February,	....	1 30	3 00	21 00	50 00
March,	....	1 50	4 00	23 00	60 00
April,	....	1 50	5 00	20 00	100 00
May,	....	1 50	5 50	19 00	....
June,	....	1 50	6 50	18 00	....
July,	....	1 50	9 00	21 00	....
August,	....	1 50	14 00	23 00	....
September,	....	2 00	14 00	25 00	....
October,	....	2 00	14 00	36 00	....
November,	$1 10	2 50	15 00	30 00	....
December,	1 15	2 50	20 00	....	....
December 1st to 10th inclusive,				35 00	
" 10th to 20th,				42 00	
" 1st to 31st,				49 00	

And, whereas, Many grave and difficult disputes may arise between executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, and their legatees, distributees, wards and *cestuysque* trust, in the settlement of their accounts and trust, arising from the depreciation of Confederate currency, State treasury notes and bank notes, incident to and growing out of the late war; and that law suits and expensive litigation may be obviated.

Be it further enacted, That in all such cases, the parties are hereby empowered to form a full and perfect statement of the case on both sides, which case shall be committed to the determination of one of the Judges of the Superior Courts, chosen by the parties, who is hereby authorized to consider and determine the same, according to equity and good conscience: *Provided, however,* That no part of this section shall be construed to estop or hinder any person from proceeding in the usual course of law, if he shall deem the same necessary.

A true copy. J. A. ENGELHARD,
Clerk of Senate.

THE STAMP ACT.

ONE OF THE TAX LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Acknowledgment of deeds,	Exempt
Affidavit,	5 cts.
(in suit or legal proceedings,)	Exempt
Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper, on which the same is written,	5 cts.
Assignment or Transfers, of mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right,	5 cts.
Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight, or on demand,	2 cts.
Bills of Exchange; Inland drafts or order payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promisory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100,	5 cts.
For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof,	5 cts.
Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America,	Exempt
On receipt of goods on any Foreign ports,	10 cts.
Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the considerrtion does not exceed $500,	50 cts.
Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000,	$1 00
Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars fractional part thereof,	50 cts.
Of personal property, other than ship or vessel Bond personal, for payment of money [see mortgage.]—Official,	$1 00
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable therein is one thousand dollars or less,	50 cts.
Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars for every additional one thousand dollars, or fractional part thereof,	50 cts.
Bonds, county, city and town bonds, rail roads and other corporation bonds and script, are subject to stamp duty. [See mortgage.] Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule,	25 cts.
Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars,	2 cts.
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars,	5 cts.
Of stock in an incorporated company,	25 cts.
General,	5 cts.
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public,	5 cts.
Of search of records,	5 cts.
That certain papers are on file,	5 cts.
That certain papers cannot be found,	5 cts.
Of redemption of land sold for taxes,	5 cts.
Of birth, marriage and death,	5 cts.
Of qualifications of school teachers,	5 cts.
Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars,	10 cts.
Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars,	25 cts.
Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof,	25 cts.
Of damage or otherwise, and all others certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such,	25 cts.
Certified Transcript of judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file,	5 cts.
Check Draft or Order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand,	2 cts.
Contract [See Agreement Brokers,]	10 cts.
Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value which does not exceed $500,	50 cts.
Exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000,	$1 00
For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars,	50 cts.
Entry of any goods, wares or merchandize at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value,	25 cts.
Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value,	50 cts.
Exceeding five hundred dollars in value,	$1 00
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandize from bonded warehouse,	50 cts.
Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gal. gross,	10 cts.
Exceeding 500 gallons,	25 cts.
Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon,	25 cts.
To vote at an election if an incorporated company,	10 cts.
To receive or collect rents,	25 cts.
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate,	$1 00
For any other purpose,	50 cts.
Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000,	$1 00
For every additional $2,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000,	50 cts.
Bonds of executor, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of	$1 00
Protest upon bill note, check or draft	25 cts.
Promisory Note, (See Bills of Exchange, inland,) Renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note.	
Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property,	2 cts.
Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyance.	
Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value,	10 cts.
Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars,	20 cts.
Exceeding 1,000 dollars, for every additional 1,000 dollars or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000,	10 cts.
For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard,	25 cts.
Writs or Legal Documents, writ or other legal process, by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity,	50 cts.
Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is 100 dollars or over,	50 cts.
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for 100 dollars or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid,	50 cts.
Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record,	50 cts.
Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed 100 dollars,	25 cts.
When the amount exceeds 100 dollars,	50 cts.
Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire.—Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed 10 dollars,	10 cts.
Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty,	50 cts.
Insurance, Life, when the amount insured does not exceed 1,000 dollars,	25 cts.
Exceeding 1,000 and not exceeding 5,000 dollars,	50 cts.
Exceeding 5,000 dollars,	$1 00
Lease or lease of lands or tenements where the rents does not exceed 300 per annum,	50 cts.
Exceeding 300 dollars, for each additional 200 dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of 300 dollars,	50 cts.
Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."	
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional.	
Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding 1,000 bushels,	10 cts.
Exceeding 1,000 bushels,	25 cts.
Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding 100 and not exceeding 500 dollars,	50 cts.
Exceeding 500 dollars for every additional 500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of 500,	50 cts.
Pawner's Checks,	5 cts.
Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than 35 dollars,	50 cts.
Costing more than 35, and not exceeding 50,	1 00
For every additional fifty or fractional part thereof, in excess of 50 dollars,	1 00

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue Stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, petition, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scira facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promisory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate on interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such a case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgement of the instrument which is not stamped.

BLANKS FOR SALE.

WE HAVE JUST HAD PRINTED VARIOUS Blank forms for cases in the Superior courts as follows:

Indictmennt for Larceny,
Do Misdemeanor—Altering Marks.
Do do Unlawful Fences.
Do do Fornication and Adultery
Do do Assault and Battery.
Do do Disorderly House.
Do do Unlawful Retailing.
Do do Forcible Entry.
Do do Affray.

Price of the above blanks $1 per quire.

These, with various other Blanks, such as Land Deeds, Marriage License Bonds, and Indentures, are gotten up in superior style, with appropriate blank endorsements on back, and printed on good paper. They will be sold on reasonable terms for cash.

Any Blanks, not on hand, will be printed to order at the shortest notice, at the STANDARD OFFICE.

XXXIX CONGRESS.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, CONVENED MONDAY, DECEMBER 4TH, 1865.

Senate.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER, Norwich, Conn., *President Officio.*

JOHN W. FORNEY, of Pennsylvania, *Clerk.*

[Republicans (in Roman;) Democrats (in *italics.*) The figures before each Senator's name denote the year in which his term expires. The members from the Southern States are not classified.—Total number of States, 36. Total number of Senators when the Senate is full, 72.]

ALABAMA.

1871 George S. Houston, ——.
1867 Lewis E. Parsons, ——.

ARKANSAS.

1871 E. —— Baxter, ——.
1867 William D. Snow, ——.

CALIFORNIA.

1869 John Conness, Placerville.
1867 *James A. McDougall*, San Francisco.

CONNECTICUT.

1869 James Dixon, Hartford.
1867 Lafayette S. Foster, Norwich.

DELAWARE.

1869 *George Reade Riddle*, Wilmington.
1871 *Willard Saulsbury*, Georgetown.

FLORIDA.

1869 ——.
1867 ——.

GEORGIA.

1871 A. H. Stephens, ——.
1867 H. V. Johnson, ——.

ILLINOIS.

1867 Lyman Trumbull, Alton.
1871 Richard Yates, Quincy.

INDIANA.

1867 Henry S. Lane, Crawfordsville.
1869 *Thomas A. Hendricks*, Indianapolis.

IOWA.

1867 (vacancy.)
1871 James W. Grimes, Burlington.

KANSAS.

1867 Samuel C. Pomeroy, Atchison.
1865 James H. Lane, Lawrence.

KENTUCKY.

1867 Garret Davis, Paris.
1871 James Guthrie, Louisville.

LOUISIANA.

1871† *Randall Hunt*, New Orleans.
1867† *Henry Boyce*, Alexandria.

MAINE.

1869 Lot M. Morrill, Augusta.
1871 William P. Fessenden, Portland.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1869 Charles Sumner, Boston.
1671 Henry Wilson, Natick.

MARYLAND.

1869 *Reverdy Johnson*, Baltimore.
1867 John A. J. Cresswell, Elkton.

MICHIGAN.

1869 Zachariah Chandler, Detroit.
1871 Jocob M. Howard, Detroit.

MINNESOTA.

1869 Alexander Ramsey, St. Paul.
1871 Daniel S. Norton, Mankato.

MISSISSIPPI.

1869 *William L. Sharkey*, Jackson.
1871 *James L. Alcorn*, ——.

MISSOURI.

1867 B. Gratz Brown, St. Louis.
1869 John B. Henderson, Louisiana.

NEVADA.

1871 James W. Nye, Virginia City.
1869 William M. Stewart, ——.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1867 Daniel Clark, Manchester.
1871 Aaron H. Cragin, Lebanon.

NEW KORK.

1867 Ira Harris, Albany.
1869 Edwin D. Morgan, New York.

NEW JERSEY.

1869 *William Wright*, Newark.
1871 *John P. Stockton*, Trenton.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

1867 John Pool, Windsor.
1871 Wm. A. Graham, Hillsboro'.

OHIO.

1867 John Sherman, Mansfield.
1869 Benjamin F. Wade, Jefferson.

OREGON.

1867 *James W. Nesmith*, Salem.
1871 George H. Williams.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1867 Edgar Cowan, Greensburg.
1869 *Charles B. Buckalew*, Bloomsburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

1869 William Sprague, Providence.
1871 Henry B. Anthony, Providence.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

1867 John L. Manning, ——.
1871 Benjamin F. Perry, Greenville.

TENNESSEE.

1869 David T. Patter, ——.
1871 J. S. Fowler, ——.

TEXAS.

1861 ——.
1871 ——.

VERMONT.

1867 Luke P. Poland, St. Johnsbury.
1868 Solomon Foot, Rutland.

VIRGINIA.

1867 John C. Underwood, ——.
1871 Joseph Segar, ——.

WEST VIRGINIA.

1869 Peter G. Van Winkle, Parkersburg.
1871 Waitman T. Wiley, Morganton.

WISCONSIN.

1867 Timothy O. Howe, Green Bay.
1869 James R. Doolittle, Racine.

House of Representatives.

SCHUYLER COLFAX, South Bend, Ind., *Speaker.*

EDWARD McPHERSON, Gettysburg, Pa., *Clerk.*

ALABAMA

C. C. Langdon, ——. Joseph W. Taylor, ——.
Geo. C. Freeman, ——. J. M. Shield, ——.
Cullen A. Battle, ——. T. J. Jackson, ——.

ARKANSAS.

W. Byers, ——. J. M. Johnson, ——.
Lorenzo Gibson, ——.

CALIFORNIA.

Donald C. McRuer, San Francisco. Wm. Higby, Calaveras.
John Bidwell, Chico.

CONNECTICUT.

Henry C. Deming, Hartford. Augus. Brandagee, New London.
Samuel L. Warner, Middletown. John H. Hubbard, Litchfield.

DELAWARE.

John A. Nicholson, Dover.

FLORIDA.

Ferdinand McLeod, ——.

GEORGIA.

Solomon Cohen, ——. E. G. Cabanniss, ——.
Phillip Cook, ——. J. D. Matthews, ——.
Hugh Buchanan, Columbus. J. H. Christy, Athens.
W. T. Wofford.

ILLINOIS.

John Wentworth, Chicago. Chi S. M. Cullom, Springfield.
John F. Farnsworth, St. Charles. *Lewis W. Ross*, Lewistown.
Elihu B. Washburne, Galena. *Anthony Thornton*, Shelbyville.
Adger C. Harding, Monmouth. *Samuel S. Marshall*, Mcleansboro'.
E. C. Ingersoll, Peoria. John Baker, Alton.
B. C. Cook, Ottawa. Andrew J. Kuykendall,
Henry P. H. Bromwell, Charleston. Vienna.
S. W. Moulton, (*at large*) Shelbyville.

INDIANA.

William E. Niblack, Vincennes. *David W. Voorhees*, Terre Haute.
Michael C. Kerr, New Albany. Godlove S. Orth, Lafayette.
Ralph Hill, Columbus. Schuyler Colfax, South Bend.
J. H. Farquhar, Brookville. Jos. H. Defrees, Goshen.
George W. Julian, Centreville. Thomas N. Stillwell, Anderson.
Ebenezer Dumont, Indianapolis.

IOWA.

James F. Wilson, Fairfield. John A. Kasson, Des Moines.
Hiram Price, Davenport. Asahel W. Hubbard,
W. B. Allison, Dubuque. Sioux City.
Josiah B. Grinnell, Grinnell.

KANSAS.

Sidney Clarke, Lawrence.

KENTUCKY.

Lawrence S. Trimble, Paducah. Lovel H. Rousseau, Louisville.
Burwell C. Rivier, Hopkinsville. Green Clay Smith, Covington.
Henry Grider, Bowling Green. G. S. Shanklin, Nicholasville.
Aaron Harding, Greensburg. W. H. Randall, London.
Samuel McKee, Mount Sterling.

LOUISIANA.

Louis St. Martin, ——. John E. King, ——.
Jacob Barker, N. Orleans. John S. Young, ——.
Robert C. Wickliffe, —.

MAINE.

John Lynch, Portland. John H. Rice, Foxcroft.
Sidney Perham, Paris. Fred. A. Pike, Calais.
Jas. G. Blaine, Augusta.

MARYLAND.

Hiram McCullough, Elkton. Francis Thomas, Frankville.
John L. Thomas, Jr., Baltimore. *Benjamin G. Harris*, Leonardtown.
Chas. E. Phelps, Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Thomas D. Eliot, Bedford. Geo. S. Boutwell, Groton
Oakes Ames, N. Easton. John D. Baldwin, Worcester.
Alex. H. Rice, Boston. William B. Washburn, Greenfield.
Sam. Hooper, Boston. H. L. Dawes, Pittsfield.
John B. Alley, Lynn. Ginery Twitchell, Waltham.
Nathaniel P. Banks, Waltham.

MICHIGAN.

Fernando C. Beaman, Adrain. Rowland E. Trowbridge, Birmingham.
Chas. Upson, Coldwater. John F. Driggs, East Saginaw.
J. W. Longyear, Lansing.
Thos. W. Ferry, Grand Haven.

MINNESOTA.

William Windom, Winona. Ignatius Donnelly, Hastings.

MISSOURI.

John Hogan, St. Louis. Jos. W. McClurg, Linn.
H. T. Blow, St. Louis. Robert T. Van Horn, Kansas City.
Ta. E. Noell, Perryville.
Jno R. Kelso, Springfield

MISSISSIPPI.

Arthur E. Reynolds, —. A. M. West, Jackson.
Richard A. Pinson, —. E. G. Peyton, —.
James T. Harrison, —.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Gilman Marston, Exeter. James W. Patterson, Concord.
Ed. H. Rollins, Concord. Hanover.

NEW JERSEY.

John F. Starr, Camden. *Andrew J. Rogers*, Newton.
William A. Newell, Allentown. *Edwin R. V. Wright*, Hudson City.
Charles Sitgreave, Phillipsburg.

NEW YORK.

Stephen Taber, Roslyn. Cal. T. Hulburd, Brasher Falls.
Teunis G. Bergen, New Utrecht. James M. Marvin, Saratoga Springs.
Jas. Humphrey, Brooklyn. Demas Hubbard, Jr., Smyrna.
Morgan Jones, N. York. Addison H. Laflin, Herkimer.
Nelson Taylor, N. York. R. Conkling, Utica.
H. J. Raymond, N. York. Sidney T. Holmes, Morrisville.
John W. Chander, New York. Thomas T. Davis, Syracuse.
James Brooks, N. York. Theodore M. Pomery, Auburn.
William A. Darling, N. York. Daniel Morris, Penn Yan.
William Radford, Yonkers. Giles W. Hotchkiss, Binghampton.
C. H. Winfield, Goshen. Ham. Ward, Belmont.
J. H. Ketcham, Dover. Ros. Hart, Rochester.
Edwin N. Hubbell, Coxsackie. B. Van Horn, Newfane.
C. Goodyear, Schoharie. *J. M. Humphrey*, Buffalo.
J. A. Griswold, Troy. Henry Van Aernam, Franklinville.
Robert S. Hale, Elizabethtown.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Jesse R. Stubbs, Williamston. Benford Brown, Yanceyville.
C. C. Clark, Newbern. S. H. Walkup, Monroe.
T. C. Fuller, Fayetteville. A. H. Jones, Henderson-ville.
Josiah Turner, Orange.

NEVADA.

Delos R. Ashley, Virginia City.

OHIO.

Benj. Eggleston, Cincinnati. J. M. Ashley, Toledo.
Rutherford B. Hayes, Cincinnati. Hez. S. Bundy, Reed's Mills.
Robert C. Schenck, Dayton. *Wm. E. Finck*, Somerset.
William Lawrence, Belefonte. Columbus Delona, Mt. Vernon.
Francis C. Le Blond, Celina. M. Walker, Wooster.
R. W. Clarke, Batavia. T. A. Plants, Pomeroy.
Samuel Shellabarger, Springfield. Ephraim R. Eckley, Carrollton.
James R. Hubbell, Delaware. Ruf. P. Spalding, Cleveland.
Ralph P. Buckland, Fremont. J. A. Garfield, Hiram.

OREGON.

James H. D. Henderson, Eugene City.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Samuel J. Randall, Philadelphia. *A. J. Glossbrenner*, York.
Charles O'Neill, Phila. Vacant.
Leonard Myers, Phila. Abraham A. Barker, Ebensburg.
Wm. D. Kelley, Phila. Step. F. Wilson, Wellsboro'.
M. Russ. Thayer, Chestnut Hill, Phila. Glenn W. Scofield, Warren.
Benjamin M. Boyer, Norristown. Chas. V. Culver, Franklin.
J. M. Broomall, Media. *Sydenham E. Ancona*, Reading. *Jno. L. Dawson*, Brownsville.
Thad Stevens, Lancaster. Jas. K. Moorhead, Pittsburgh.
Myer Strouse, Pottsville. Thomas Williams, Pittsburgh.
Phillip Johnson, Easton. Geo. V. Lawrence, Monongahela City.
Charles Denison, Wilkesbarre.
Ulys. Mercur, Towanda.
G. F. Miller, Lewisburg.

RHODE ISLAND.

Thos. A. Jenckes, Providence. Nathan F. Dixon, Westerly.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Jno. D. Kennedy, ——. Samuel McGowan, ——.
William Aiken, ——. James Farrow, ——.

TEXAS.

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TENNESSEE.

Nath. G. Taylor, ——. Wm. B. Campbell, Nashville.
Horace Maynard, Knoxville. S. M. Arnell, ——.
Wm. B. Stokes, Smithville. I. R. Hawkins, ——.
Edward Cooper, ——. J. W. Leftwitch, Memphis.

VERMONT.

Fred. E. Woodbridge, Vergennes. Portus Baxter, Derby Line.
Justin S. Morrill, Strafford.

VIRGINIA.

W. H. B. Custis, ——. A. H. H. Stuart, Staunton.
L. H. Chandler, Norfolk. Robert Y. Conrad, Winchester.
B. Johnson Barbour, —. Daniel H. Hodge, Montgomery.
Robert Ridgeway, Richmond.
Beverly A. Davis, Danville.

WISCONSIN.

Halbert E. Paine, Milwaukie. *Charles A. Eldridge*, Fond du Lac.
Ithamar C. Sloan, James-ville. Philetus Sawyer, Oshkosh.
Amasa Cobb, Point. Mineral Walder Warsaw. D. McIndoe,

WEST VIRGINA.

Chester D. Hubbard, Wheeling. K. V. Whaley, Point Pleasant.
George R. Latham, Grafton.

Delegates from the Territories.

NEW MEXICO.—J. Francisco Chaves, Santa Fe.
UTAH.—*William H. Hooper*, Salt Lake City.
WASHINGTON.—Arthur A. Denny, Seattle.
NEBRASKA.—Phineas W. Hitchcock, Omaha.
COLORADO.—Allen A. Bradford, Denver.
DAKOTA.—Walter A. Burleigh, Yanc