"Liberty and Union, Now and Forever, One and Inseparable."-Daniel Webster.

Vol. II.

# Iri-Weekly Standard.

W. W. HOLDEN & SON, EDITORS OF THE STANDARD, orized publishers of the Laws of the United lates, and of government advertisements.

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W. W. HOLDEN & SON, Raleigh, N. C.

A PNEUMATIC TELEGRAPH.—A cor-

An instantaneous communication has ust been established between the Bourse and the Grand Hotel. As the and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are distance between these two institutions hereby repealed.

Approved, March 2, 1867. can easily be accomplished in a quarter ly business of the most pressing importance could here demand the interven tion of the telegraph. It is not a telegraph that has been established, for the means of a stream of water coming from

the city reservoirs, whose force of ascension is for about fifty feet. Three vats of sheet iron, each of a capacity of about one hundred college are never a capacity of the city of washington and they are hereby required to about one hundred college are never at the city of Washington, and they are hereby required to the city of Washington, and they are hereby required to stop-cock. As the water runs into the vat, the air already contained there is compressed and driven back into the two others, passing by a tube furnished | Ax Acr to provide for the more efficient govwith a valve to prevent its return. When the vat is full the water is drawn off by opening a second stop-cock, while a valve thrown open at the top permits fresh air to enter as the water runs off. The vat is then filled with water for a second time, and a new quantity of air added to that already compressed, which arrives thus at a pressure of about two atmospheres. This compressed of air is then in readings for use ed air is then in readiness for use.

The two bureaux (at the Bourse and Grand Hotel) are connected by a tube of cast iron about 3,500 feet long, and with an interior diameter of about 21 inches, terminating at each extremity in a chamber, hermetically closed by a door that permits of an introduction and withdrawal of the carrier piston con taining the dispatches. This piston is a small hollow cylinder, exactly fitting the tube, closed at one extremity, and furnished at the other with a movable be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person lid. It will contain about forty dispatches in envelopes.

When a dispatch is to be sent, the corresponding office is warned by an electric bell to leave the tube in com-munications at that end with the air. The cylinder containing the dispatches is placed in the other end of the tube, which is closed harmefically and then which is closed hermetically, and then, by turning a certain crank, placed in communication with the compressed air. The piston driven back, chases the air contained in the tube in front that comes from the opening at the other end, and arrives at its destination in from 60 to

Evidently this apparatus is not intended as a substitute for telegraphic communication whose assistance is needed for its own operation.

A NOVEL CASE-DOG TO BE SOLD UNDER EXECUTION .- Among the numerous public notices pasted upon the huge blackboard at the door of the circumstances is novel and interesting. -Petersburg Express.

A fool, having put on a pair of green spectacles, exclaimed: "How do these excluded from the privilege of holding office by spectacles, exclaimed: "How do these become me? Don't you think they improve my looks?" "I think they do," was the reply: "they hide a part of your face." excluded from the privilege of nothing office of the United States, shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

# Official.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES. Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-Ninth Congress, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President. LA FAVETTE S. Foster, President of the Senate .-SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Public-No. 66.] An Acr to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for a temporary government for the Territorp of Idaho," approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

teen hundred and sixty-three.

Be it enacte t by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the judges of the supreme court of said Territory, or a majority of them, shall, when assembled at the seat of government of said Territory, define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts; and shall also fix and appoint the times and plaand shall also fix and appoint the times and pla-ces for holding court in the several counties or sub-divisions in each of said judicial districts, and alter the times and places of holding the courts as to them shall seem proper and conve-

nient.
SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the next session of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Idaho shall be held commencing on the first Monday in December, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight and thereafter the legislative assembly of said Territory shall be held biennially. And the next election for members of the ally. And the next election for members of the legislative assembly of said Territory shall be held on the second Monday in August, A.D. eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and thereafter said election shall be held biennially. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the

members of the house of representatives of said legislative assembly shall be elected for the term of two years; and the members of the council of said legislative assembly shall be elected for the term of four years: Provided, That at the first election hereafter one-half of the members of said council shall be elected for the term of two years, and the remaining half for the term of four years; and the districts wherein mem-ters of the council are to be elected for the term of two years and the districts wherein members of the council are to be elected for the term of four years at the next election shall be deterrespondent of the New York Post gives the following account of a pneumatic election districts which shall be entitled to elect two members of the council, one of said members shall be elected for two years, and the other for four years.
SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all acts

An Acr to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction of a jail in and for the District of Columbia," approved June twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six. telegraph is already an old story, and it is necessary to invent something new, if only to distinguish one-self. It is an of the act entitled "An act authorizing the conatmospheric tube and constitutes the main element of the apparatus of the hundred and sixty-six, as specifies the amounts Bourse. The air is compressed by to be raised and paid into the Treasury of the United States by the cities of Washington and

about one hundred gallons, are prepar-ed for the work of compression; the first is destined to receive the water, seventy-eight thousand dollars; and it shall be the other two are only to contain the compressed air. The water, brought Georgetown, and they are hereby required, to raise, by tax or otherwise, and pay into the Treasfrom the reservoirs by subterranean ury of the United States, at or before the time pipes, is admitted into the first vat by a of the completion of said jail, the sum of twelve thousand dollars.

[Public-No. 68.]

quate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina,

into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama, and Florida the third district; Missis-

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That it shall ished, all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offen-SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted, and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions: Provided, That no sentence of death under the provisions of this act shall be carried in-to effect without the approval of the Presieent. Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall

have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State twenty-one years old and upward, of what-Courthouse is one to the effect that on the 3d day of April next, the Sergeant will sell to the sell to the sell to the sergeant will sell to the sell to the sergeant will sell to the sergeant to the sergea will sell to the highest bidder from the stitution shall provide that the elective franchise steps of that temple of justice, a black shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of deleterrier dog, called Bill, to satify an ex- gates, and when such Constitution shall be ratiecution in his hands. "Bill" was levied upon, we presume, because his owner had no other property that a could have been submitted to Congress for every had no other property that could be shall have been submitted to Congress for examtouched. But the question arises is a dog property. The Supreme Court of Appeals hold that in a criminal aspect that in a civil aspect he is. At any rates the sale of a dog under the above circumstances is novel and interesting. in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom on their taking the

oath prescribed by law, and then and thereafter

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1867.

Official.

under any such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX, Speaker of the House of Representatives. LA FAYETTE S. FOSTER, President of the Senate pro tempore.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, The President of the United States having re-turned to the House of Representatives, in which it originated, the bill entitled "An act to provide more efficient government of the rebel States," with his objections thereto, the House of Representatives proceeded, in pursuance of the Constitution, to reconsider the same: and of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass

Clerk H. R. U. S. IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, March 2d, 1867. The Scnate having proceeded, in pursuance of the Constitution, to reconsider the bill entitled "An act to provide for the more efficient govern ment of the rebel States," returned to the House of Representatives by the President of the United States, with his objections, and sent by the House of Representatives to the Senate, with the message of the President returning the bill:

Resolved. That the bill do pass, two-thirds of

EDWD. McPHERSON,

Resolved, That the bill do pass, two-thirds of the Senate agreeing to pass the same.

Attest:

J. W. FORNEY,

Secretary of the Senate.

An Acr regulating the tenure of certain civil of

[Public-No. 69.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person holding any civil office to which he has been appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and every person who shall hereafter be appointed to any such office, and shall become duly qualified to act therein, is, and shall be entitled to hold such office until a successor shall have been in like manner appointed and duly qualified, except as herein otherwise provided: Provided,

That the Secretaries of State, of the Treasuary, of War, of the Navy, and of the Interior, the Postterm of the President by whom they may have

judges of the United States courts, shall, during a recess of the Senate, be shown by evidence sat-isfactory to the President, to be guilty of misconduct in office, or crime, or for any reason shall become incapable or legally disqualified to perform its duties, in such case, and in no other, the President may suspend such officer and designate some suitable person to perform temporarily the duties of such office until the next meeting of the Senate, and until the case shall be acted upon by the Senate, and such person so designated shall take the oaths and give the bonds required by law to be taken and given by the person duly ap-pointed to fill such office; and in such case it shall be the duty of the President, within twenty days after the first day of such next meeting of the Senate, to report to the Senate such suspen-sion, with the evidence and reasons for his action nated to perform the duties of such office. And if the Senate shall concur in such suspension and advise and consent to the removal of such officer, thereupon remove such officer, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Scnate, appoint another person to such office. But if the Senate tunctions of his office, and the powers of the per-son so performing the duties in his stead shall cease, and the official salary and emoluments of such officer shall, during such suspension, belong to the person so performing the duties thereof, and not to the officer so supended: Provided, however, That the President, in case he shall become satisfied that such suspension was made on insufficient grounds, shall be authorized at any time before reporting such suspension to the Senate as above provided, to revoke such suspension and reinstate such officer in the perform

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President shall have power to fill all vacancies which may happen during the recess of the Senate, by reason of death or resignation, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session thereafter. And if no appoint ment, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall be made to such office so vacant or temporarily filled as aforesaid during such next session of the Senate, such office shall remain in abeyance, without any salary, fees, or emoluments attached thereto, until the same shall be filled by appointment thereto, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and during such time all the powers and duties belonging to such time all the powers and duties belonging to such office shall be exercised by such other officer as may by law exercise such powers and du-

ties in case of a vacancy in such office.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to extend the term of any office the duration of which is

limited by law.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall, contrary to the provisions of this act, accept any appointment or to employment in the contrary and the limited of the contrary of the limited of the contrary of the limited of the li in any office, or shall hold or exercise or attempt to hold or exercise, any such office or employ-ment, he shall be deemed, and is hereby declared to be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and upon trial and conviction, thereof, he shall be punished therefor by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both said punishments, in the discre-

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every removal, appointment, or employment, made, had, or exercised, the, contrary to the provisions of this act, and the making, signing, sealing, countersigning, or issuing of any commission or letter of authority for or in respect to any such appointment or employment, shall be deemed, and are berely dealered to be high misdeaner. and are hereby declared to be high misdeanors, and, upon trial and conviction thereof, every person guilty thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both said punishments in the discretion of the court: Provided, That the President shall have power to make out and deliver, after the adjournment of the Senate, commissions for all officers whose appointment shall have been advised and consented to by the

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty or the Secretary of the Senate, at the close of each session thereof, to deliver to the Secretary of the Treasury, and to each of his assistants, and to each of the Auditors, and to each of the Comptrollers in the Treasury, and to the Treasurer, and to the Register of the Treasury, a full and complete list, duly certified, of all the persons who shall have been nominated to and rejected by the Senate during such season and a rejected by the Senate during such session, and a like list of all the offices to which nominations shall have been made and not confirmed and fill

ever the President shall, without the advice and consent of the Senate, designate, anthorize, or employ any perform the duties of any office, he shall forthwith notify the Secretary of thereof and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury thereupon to communicate such notice

to all the proper accounting and disbursing offi-cers of his department.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That no money shall be paid or received from the treasury, or paid or received from or retained out of any public moneys or funds of the United States. whether in the treasury or not, to or by or for the benefit of any person appointed to or authorized to act in or holding or exercising the duties or functions of any office contrary to the provisions of this act; nor shall claim, account, voucher, order, certificate, warrant, or other instrument providing for or relating to such payment receipt, or retention, be presented, passed, al-

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist the single-secret to such office or place of trust under the United States are said to see the secret to such office or place of trust under the United States. exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, for or in respect to such office, or the exercising and in all respects subject to the paramount au-thority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control, or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provis-of a high misdemeanor, and upon trial and conional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this imprisonment not exceeding ten years, or both act; and no person shall be eligible to any office | said punishments, in the discretion of the court. SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Speaker of the House of Representatives. LA FAYETTE S. FOSTER, President of the Senate pro tempore.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, The President of the United States having re-turned to the Senate, in which it originated, the bill entitled "An act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices," with his objections thereto, the Senate proceeded, in pursuance of the Constitution to reconsider the same; and Resolved, That the said bill do pass, two thirds

of the Senate agreeing to pass the same.

J. W. FORNEY, Secretary of the Senate

Resolved, That the said bill do pass, two-thirds In the House of Representatives U. S., 1 March 2d, 1867. The House of Representatives having proceed ed, in pursuance of the Constitution, to reconsider the bill entitled "An act regulating the tenure of certain civil offices," returned to the Senate by the President of the United States, with his objections, and sent by the Senate to the House of Representaives, with the message of the President returning the bill—

Resolved, That the bill do pass, two thirds of the House of Representatives agreeing to pass the EDWD. McPHERSON,

[Public-No. 30.1 An Acr to authorize the trustees of the Foundry (Methodist Episcopal) Church to sell and convey square number two hundred and thirtyfive, in the city of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-senatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Presley Simpson. James W. Bar-ker, Edward Owen, David A. Gardner, Nathaniel Mullikin, William J. Sibley, Daniel D. T. Leech, Edward F. Simpson, and Richard T. Morsell, trustees of the Foundry (Methodist Episcopal) Church, in the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and their successors in office, be, and the same are hereby authorized and empowered to sell and convey a certain square of ground in said city, known and distinguished or the ground plan thereof as square numbered two hundred and thirty-five, now held by said trustees in trust for said Church, and lately used, in master General, and the Attorney General shall part as a burial ground, free and discharged of hold their offices respectively for and during the and from any trust, express or implied, now exbeen appointed and for one month thereafter, subject to removal by and with the advice and trustees, or their successors, whether by virtue SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That when trustees of said Ceurch, or by virtue of any deed any officer appointed as aforesaid, excepting or deeds, certificate or certificates, or any writing or writings whatever, by said trustees or their predecessors, conveying any lot or lots, site or sites, in the part of said square used as a burial ground as aforesaid, and free and discharged of and from any and every right, title, and interest, legal and equitable, now existing in any lotaoid-er in said burial ground, under any contract with said trustees or their dredecessors : Provided, however, That the said trustees or their success ors shall, out of proceeds of such sale, remove or cause to be removed the dead that are now intered in said ground, and give them decent sedultre in some public cemetery outside the corporate limits of the city of Washington.

> [PUBLIC-31.] An Act concerning the Fire Department of

Washington City. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right to have, use, and occupy all the several buildings with their appurtenances known as the Union, Franklin, Columbia and Anacostia Engine-houses, be, and is hereby grant shall refuse to concur in such suspension, such ed to the city of Washington, in the District of officer so suspended shall forthwith resume the Columbia, said possession and occupation to continue so long as used for the purposes of the fire department and the pleasure of the Congress of the United States: Provided, That said use and occupancy of the Columbia Engine-house shall not in any way interfere with the possession and

occupancy by the Columbia Fire Company, of the rooms now used as library rooms in said Approved, February 18, 1867.

An Act to declare the sense of an act entitled "An act to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, and to provide for the payment of Certain demands for quartermasters' stores and subsistence supplies furnished to the army of the United States."

Be it enacted by the senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of chapter two hundred and forty of the acts of the thirtyeighth Congress, first session, approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, shall not be construed to authorize the settlement of any claim for supplies or stores taken or furnished for the use of, or used by, the armies of the United States, nor for the occupation of, or injury to, real estate, nor for the consumption, appropriation, or destruction of, or damage to, personal property, by the military authorities or troops of the United States, where such claim originated ern rebellion, in a State, or part of a State, de-clared in insurrection by the proclamation of the President of the United States, dated July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, or in a State which by an ordinance of secession attempted to withdraw from the United States government: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall re-neal or modify the effect of any act or joint reso lction, extending the provisions of the said act of July fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, to the loyal citizens of the State of Tennessee, or of

the State of West Yirginia, or any country therein.
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LA FAYETTE S. FOSTER, President of the Senate pro tempore. Endorsed by the President: "Received Feb-uary 9th, 1867."

NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.-The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the House of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United states, has become a law without his approval.

VALUABLE CITY PROPETY FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, Deceased, The House contains 10 rooms, all well farnished, lot about 21/2 acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with shrubery, conservatory filled with the rarest flowers, and gardens of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings and well of good water. Possession can be given im-

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER. Raleigh, March 2, 1867. 148-tf

WM. H. THOMPSON. WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER, 24 Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

Has Just RETURNED FROM THE NORTH and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated

Ware, &c. Repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD-PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c. A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY; also in Store, and many litt e niceties that will repay in-Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.

Feb. 28, 1867.

### Official.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Passed at the First Session of the Fortieth Congress, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President. BENJAMIN F. WADE, President of the Senate. SCHULYER COLFAX, Speaker House Representatives.

[PUBLIC-No. 1.]

An Acr to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to incorporate a National Military and Naval Asylum for the relief of the totally disabled officers and men of the volunteer forces of the United States," approved March 21, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Represen-tatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section third of the act to incor-porate a national asylum for aisabled officers and men of the volunteer forces of the United States, approved March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, be amended by striking out the words "not members of Congress." Approved, March 12, 1867.

[PUBLIC-No. 2.]

An Act making appropriations for the expenses of commissioners sent by the President to the

Indian country. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-sentatives of the United States of America in Con-gress assembled, That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of commissioners sent by the President to the Indian Approved, March 14, 1867.

An Act to repeal a joint resolution entitled "A Resolution to provide for the remoyal of the wreck of the steamship Scotland," approved January twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repre-sentatives of the United States of America in Con-gress assembled, That the joint resolution entitled A Resolution to provide for the removal of the wreck of the steamship Scotland," approved January twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixtyseven, be, and the same is hereby repealed.
Approved, March 16, 1867.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION-No. 1.] A RESOLUTION supplementary to other joint reso-

lutions to enable the people of the United States

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, I. That the commission of the United States at the Universal Exhibition to be held at Paris in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven shall consist of the commissioner general and honorary commissioner, whose appointment was approved by the joint resolution of January wenty-two, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; also of the thirty commissioners whose appointment was provided for by the joint resolution of July five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and of twenty commissioners, whose appointment hereinafter provided for. II. That the commissioner general shall be the

president of the commission thus constituted, with vote on all questions that may arise. early as possible before the opening of the exhibition, upon the call of the commissioner general, and, when properly organized, shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for efficient action, with power to elect a vice-presi-dent from their own number, who, in the absence of the commissioner general, shall preside at all

meetings of the commission, and to appoint committees and chairmen of groups. IV. That the commission may designate additional persons, not exceeding twenty in number, being citizens of the United States, known to be skilled in any branch of industry or art, who are hereby authorized to attend the exhibition in behalf of the United States, as honorary commis-

sioners without compensation.

V. That the commission may employ a secretary and clerks for the commission, the necessary scientific assistants and draughtsmen, and may engage suitable rooms for the commission.

VI. That no commissioner shall act as agent for the show or sale of any article at the exhibition, or be interested, directly or indirectly, in any profits from any such article.

thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purposes severally specified, are hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated:

For additional freights from New York to For transportation and freight from Havre to Paris.

For return freight of articles owned by the

United States or lent to the government by indi-For marine and fire insurance on the articles For additional steam power at Paris, in the "palace" and the "annex," or supplemental build-

ing, and in grounds adjacent.

For the exhibition of machines, agricultural and other, and for the erection of buildings to illustrate the education and agriculture of the United States and for the collection of specimens of agricultural productions under the joint resolution for the removal.

For the necessary expense of collecting, classifying, labelling, and packing mineralogical and metallurgical specimens, to complete the exhibition of the mineral wealth of the United States. For the necessary expense of laborers and extra service in the offices at Paris and New York, and for the expenses of a secretary, clerks, scientific assistants and draughtsmen, rooms, and other incidental expenses of the commission. Sec. 3. And be it further resolved, That it shall be the duty of the general agent at New York, and

of the commissioner general at Paris, to transmit to Congress, through the Department of State, a detailed statement of the manner in which the expenditures herein authorized are made by them respectively. Approved, March 12, 1867.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION-No. 2.] A RESOLUTION extending the time for the com pletion of the improvement of the Fox and Wis-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congrese assembled, That the time provided for the completion of the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers and a canal connecting the same by sec-tion three of an act of Congress, approved August eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled, "An act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers and to connect the same by a Canal in the Territory of Wisconsin," be and the same hereby after the approval of this resolution, with all the rights and privileges conferred by said act.
Approved, March 12, 1867.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION-No. 3.] A RESOLUTION presenting the thanks of Congress to George Peabody.

Resolveed by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be, and they hereby are, presented to George Peabody, of Massachusetts, for his great and peculiar beneficence in giving a large sum of money, amounting to two million dollars, for the promotion of education in the more destitute portions of the south-ern and southwestern States, the benefits of which, according to his direction, are to be distributed among the entire population without any distinct tion, except what may be found in needs or op-

tion, except what may be found in needs or opportunities of usefulness.

Sec. 2. Aud be it further resolved, That it shall
be the duty of the President to cause a gold medal
to be struck, with suitable devices and inscriptions, which, together with a copy of this resolution, shall be presented to Mr. Peabody in the
name of the people of the United States.

Sec. 3. And be it further resolved, That a sufficient sum of money to carry this resolution into cient sum of money to carry this resolution into effect is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Approved, March 16, 1867.

#### Official.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION-No. 4.] A RESOLUTION for the relief of freedmen or destitute colored people in the District of Co-

Resolaed by the Senate and House of Representa-tives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the relief of freedmen or destitute colored people in the District of Columbia, the same to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of the Bureau of Freedmen and Refugees. Appaoved, March 16, 1867.

JULES JARED'S "Email De Paris." The New Beautifier of the Skin.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CELEBRATED LA-The secret of beautifying the skin being known only to Messrs. Jared & Rene, they honestly state

that it differs from all other preparations. It gives to the most harsh and freckled skin both the color and texture of polished ivory, removing all discolorations whether appearing as freckles, tan, morphew, moth, or black-worm specks, and is especially successful in smoothing out the marks left by Small-pox.

The agents of "L'Email de Paris" most confidently submit to the public the earnest endorse-ments of such distinguished ladies as

Signora Ristori, M'lle Felicita Vestvali, Miss Maggie Mitchell, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, Lucille Western, Mad. Ponisi, Mrs. Emma Waller, Lucy Rushton, Noemie de Marguerrittes, Miss Agnes Perry,

and many others, whose high standing in the profession gives the stamp of truthfulness to their intelligent and genuine approval.

The Beautiful Lucille Western says:— I find that the "Email" produces all the brilliancy of rouge and lilly-white, with the great and peculiar advantages of perfect harmlessness. It really adds to the softness and beauty of the

The Magnificent Vestvali says:—
I have suffered so much from the various white lotions, &c., which my theatrical profession obliges me to use, that I consider it a perfect bene-faction to find a preparation which gives the ne-cessary whiteness to the skin, and leaves the skin

Miss Maggie Mitchell says:—
I have tried the skin beautifier, "L'Email de Paris," and found that it instantly imparts a natural bloom and freshness to the complexion. "Jared Email de Paris" is used as a delicate beautifier of the skin for Theatre, Saloon or Ball to participate in the advantages of the Universal Room, by the most refined and scrupulous ladies; lily-white, without their vulgar glare or injury to the skin.

Sold by all first-class Druggists, Perfumers and Ladies' Hair Dressers.

L. Isabeau, 822 Broadway; Demas Barnes & Co., and F. C. Wells & Co., New York, and Eugene Jouin, 111 South Tenth street, and Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia, Agents. Orders by mail should be addressed to-JARED & RENE, General Agents and Importers, New York.

TONEY FREE AS WATER!

10,000 ACTIVE LOCAL AND TRAVELING Agents, Male or Female, of all ages, are wanted to solicit trade in every City, Town, Village Ham-let, Workshop and Factory, throughout the en-tire world, for the most saleable noveities ever known. 500 per Cent. profit and ready sale wherever offered! Smart men and women can make from \$5 to \$50 per day, and no risk of loss! A small capital required of from \$20 to \$100—the more money invested the greater the profit. No Money required in advance—we first send the articles and receive pay afterwards! If you actually wish to make money rapidly and easily, write for full particulars and address MILNOR & CO., (From Paris,)

210 Broadway, New-York City. \*\*\* Newspapers copying will be liberally dealt

MATTRASS MAKING AND UPHOLSTERING. THE SUBSCRIBER AREPREPARED TO CARraw materials, or old ones will be taken apart and done up so as to make them as good as new

Now is the time to have your mattrasses over-hauled, repaired, and renovated. Also, cushions and sofas of all kinds repaired and renovated. The subscriber are working at low rates fo cash. He may be found on the premises former-ly occupied by Mr. Shepard, just above the Rail-road bridge, on Hillsboro' street, nearly opposite Judge Saunders'.

Orders from persons at a distance, living on or near Railroads, are solicited. Work for such customers, as well as all others, will be promptly done and forwarded. Raleigh, July 31, 1866.

Watson's Photograph Gallery, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

The Sunbeam Art Improving. REAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF Ambrotypes, Ferreotypes and the larger size Photographs. Porcelian pictures made with all the beauty of an ivory painting. Photographs of all sizes and styles, plain or colored to nature. Persons wishing work in my line are invited to call and even in specimens and be convinced. call and examine specimens and be convinced that there is no use going beyond Raleigh on account of prices or quality of work.

Aug. 28, 1866—28—19.

J. W. WATSON.

Important to the People.

DEALER IN FUNITURE, West Side Fayetteville Street, Next to Mahler's Jewelry Store, and opposite the · Market,

INVITES ATTENTION FROM CITY AND country to his large and elegant tock of funiture, on hand and to arrive, consisting of complete chamber Setts, Mattrasses of various designs and qualities, suitable for Cottage or Palace. His supply of SOFAS, PARLOR, DINING ROOM nd OFFICE CHAIRS, &c., &c., is not excelled

He respectfully announces that he has added to his other busicess, that of Undertaking, and is now ready to supply those who may require them, Coffins of any desired quality. He has the best material for wood-work elaborate silver plain mountings, plating, etc., and a new HEARSE, of modern patern and finish. He is therefore in condition to furnish everything requisite for funeral occasions and will attend to all orders for his services, in this line, with promtitude. October, 26th.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO., (Late Lighte, Newton & Bradburys,) Manufacturers of First-Class Piano Fortes. Highest Premium at the American World's Fair and Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations. This well-known establishment is now continu ed by F. C. LIGHTE and LOUIS ERNST, at the old stand, 421 Broome st., bet. Crosby and Elm, New York City. may 1—19-1y Elm, New York City.

CURRANTS,

Canned Peaches, a fresh supply at UPCHURCH & DODD'S

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THREE EXCELLENT ROOMS TO RENT n a plersant part of Raleigh.

Apply at the Standard office.

No. 8.

Railroad, Insurance, &c. NEW ARRANGEMENT ON R. & G.

RAIL ROAD. RALEIGH & GASTON RAILEOAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, Nov. 28th, 1866. ON AND AFTER THURSDAY, NOVEMBER

29th, 1866, Trains on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad will run as follows: Mail train leaves Raleigh, 7.15 a. m.

"Arrives at Weldon, 2.00 p. m.
leaves Weldon at 11.00 a. m. Arrives at Raleigh, 6.00 p. m.
Accommodation train leaves Raleigh 8.00 p. m.
Arrives at Weldon, 2.30 a. m.
leaves Weldon at 7.15 p. m.

Arrives at Weldon, 2.30 a. m. leaves Weldon at 7.15 p. m. Arrives at Raleigh 6.30 p. m. The mail trains connect with P. R. R. & S. & R. R. R. & Old Bay line Steamers goining North, and with N. C. Railroad, going South.

Accommodation train connects at Weldon with train on P. R. R. going North making through connections to New York.

Accommodation train leaving Weldon at 7.15 p. m., connects with trains from the North on P. R. R. & S. & R. R. & Annamissic line, and also with train from the South on the W. & W. R. R. and at Raleigh with train from the West and

and at Raleigh with train from the West and South on N. C. R. R.

Persons having business in Petersburg or Richmond can take 8.00 p. m., Accommodation train and spend the next day in Petersburg, or Richmond can take 8.00 p. m., accommodation train and spend the next day in Petersburg, or Richmond can be seen to be supported by the second secon

mond and return, arriving in Raleigh the follow-ing morning to breakfast.

W. G. LEWIS,

# ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSETS \$5,000,000.00. MARCH 1ST, 1867. In Excess of Liabilities and Assets

\$982,675.70. THE CONFIDENCE OF THE AMERICAN people in the responsibility of this old and well established Company, is fully manifested by the unexampled increase of Applications. Some of the first minds in the country are among the 35,000 Policy Holders now on record. In the Department represented by the subsit-ber, the following deaths have occurred the past year; and Policies paid at the Office in Raleigh, N. C. Thus supplying means of support beyond any other investment. Then, Reader, why not

profit by the example? Policies Paid. Justus Kinsey, Raleigh, \$5,000, costing James E. Weeks, Elizabeth City, 5,000, costing him
T. J. Garner, Weldon, 3,000, costing him
S. B. Turnage, Kinston, 10,000, costing
166.36

him
Remember this is a Stock Company, and now pays 50 per cent. dividend to those who have paid WM. H. CROW, Gen'l Ag't, Call on the subscriber for further information.
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician.
March 19, 1867.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD. THROUGH FREIGHT TARIFF,

1867, NORTH AND SOUTH, 1867. By the Air Line Route.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SHIP ALL kinds of freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, or through bills of lading giving through receipts at the low-THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS. Your goods will be handled only once; through connections close; no delay; time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance, trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate

stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company. TAKE NOTICE! Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following Agents, and by the following Steamship Companies, and NO OTHER: From New York, by the Atlantic Coast Mail

Steamship Company. Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88, Liberty St., or Pier 36, North River, N. Y. From Baltimore, by Baltimore Steam Packet Company. L. B. Parks, Agent, foot of Union Dock and by Brandt's line of Steamers. From Philadelphia, by the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Company. W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14, North Delaware Ave-nue. Pulladelphia

nue, Palladelphia. From Boston, by the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Company. E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.
Consign your goods to Railroad Agent, Portsmouth, Virginia, and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN, Freight Agent,
R & G. Railroad Co.

## THE BROOKLYN

LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

HAS DECLARED TO ITS POLICY-HOL-be paid at the next settlement of their annual premiums, with an ample surplus, sufficient to have made a dividend of fifty per cent; but the board of directors' looking to the security of the Com-pany, and to the interests of the assured, deemed this large dividend of forty per cent. ample with the assured, and prudent men seeking Life Insurance and looking for security, this course should be approved. The excess over the 40 per cent. stands credited to the assured, to be applied on

future dividends. Dividends are paid Annually. POLICIES & PREMIUMS NON-FORFEITURE.

Thirty dags grace given in payment of premiums,

Montague Street, near Court, Brooklyn,

and 141 Broadway, N. Y. PRESIDENT, CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK. SECRETARY,

RICHARD H. HARDING P. F. PESCUD, RALEIGH MEDICAL EXAMINER,

DR. WM. G. HILL, RALEIGH. Raleigh, N. C., April 3, 1866. TNSURANCE AGAINST FIRE,

AND THE PERILS OF INLAND TRANS-UNDERWRITER'S AGENCY, Composed of the Germania, Hanover, Magia and Republic Fire Insurance Companies, New York. Capital over \$3,000,000.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, & CO.,
Agents.

# FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY RALEIGH, N. C.

P. F PESCUD, AGERT,

IS PREPARED TO ISSUE POLICIES OF INSURANCE IN the following Companies, whose combined Capital and Assets amounts to \$2,000,000.

Phoenix Fire Ins. Co., Hartford, Conn. Atlantic Fire Ins. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y. Valley of Virginia, Winchester, Virginia, The above Companies are well known as first class Companies, and pay their losses promptly.

For particulars apply to

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, N. C., March 9, 1866.

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