

By a letter from Bertie county, we learn that Mr. William H. Bayly, a young man and two negroes were in a boat which upset in the Sound. One of the negroes was drowned. The other, and Mr. Bayly were saved by Mr. Thomas Reddick, after they had held to the bottom of the canoe an hour and a half.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Democrats of New Hampshire have elected John Page Governor for a third term, by nearly eight thousand majority over all opposition, and have carried by a similar majority the whole congressional ticket. They have 190 out of 250 delegates in the House of Representatives, and secured 10 of the 12 senators. The Newport Argus and Spectator truly says of this State, that it is second to none for intelligence, virtue, industry and economy—a people, too, who could not be humbugged by hard-cider shows and other federal tomfoolery.

FOREIGN.

By the steamer Caledonia, Liverpool dates to the 4th and London to the 31 of the present month, have been received.

Much excitement prevailed in consequence of the suspension of the United States Bank of Pennsylvania, and other banks in this country. Bills drawn by that bank had been accepted, two days before the news of the suspension arrived.

It was rumored in Paris, that the French Cabinet was disposed to offer its mediation to arrange the M'Leod difficulties between Great Britain and the United States.

In regard to Cotton, a Liverpool paper of March 31, says: "We have had another brisk day in Cotton. Consumers are very active buyers, and have taken 5000 bales at Saturday's full prices, in many instances at 1-8d advance on Friday's prices has been paid, 2000 bales are placed to speculators' account; to day the market closes with a firm and healthy feeling.

Accounts from France say that the Rhone has again burst through its temporary banks; the river carried away with it large trees, timber, furniture and even sometimes entire cottages. Dwellers in isolated habitations have become a prey to the most cruel suffering: many are to be seen on the roofs, raising their arms and voices and crying for succor. The cattle have generally gone to the hills, but many have been drowned in the stables and farms.

A dreadful disaster occurred on the night of the 20th of February, in the loss of the American ship Governor Fenner, by which 122 lives were lost, mostly Irish emigrants—the captain and mate being the only persons saved.

The following is the account given by Mr. Carter, the mate of the Gov. Fenner:

"About five minutes past two o'clock, on Saturday morning, we saw the lights of a steamboat. It was my watch upon deck, and I immediately called the captain. The steamboat came up about a point and a half on our weather-bow, we having at the time our larboard tacks on board. We thought she was coming on head to us. We had no light but that of the binoculars on the quarter deck; and, I believe, it is not considered necessary or prudent for sailing vessels, clear of the land, to carry a light. We waited as much as five or six minutes to find out what way the steamer was really coming, and then the captain ordered the man at the wheel to put the helm hard a-port so as to give her a clear berth.

If the steamboat had done the same, we should have gone clear of each other a long way—perhaps a mile. The Captain, as soon as he ordered the wheel to be put up, went forward to look out. I then looked over the larboard side, about the main rigging, and saw the whole bulk of the steamer. I said to the man at the helm, "She is on board of us!" This was about a quarter past two o'clock. The vessels came in contact, notwithstanding our ship paying off. When the crash took place, I heard the Captain call out several times, "For God's sake, save yourselves the ship is sinking!" The jibboom of the ship struck the funnel of the steamer, and her bowsprit afterwards rested on her. On the third surge she gave. I believe, down she went, bow foremost. The traffail was the last thing we saw. She filed very quickly. She had on board a heavy cargo including a quantity of iron and other heavy goods. The watch on the deck at the time consisted of seven men, the captain and myself. All the others on board were asleep below.

The captain also sang out to the man at the helm to relieve the wheel. He was formerly mate of the Belvidere, and came on board to work his passage to America, and was sent down to the main second mate of the ship next day. All the men at first went forward with me to the captain, who was standing between the night heads, but they afterwards went aft, as the ship sunk, to be, as I suppose, on the higher part of her hull. I stood some time, and attempted to go aft, with a view to save my wife and others, by lowering a boat. She, however, sunk so fast, I was obliged to give up the idea in despair. I left the captain and went to the starboard side.

I stood there a few seconds, till the water was perhaps two feet deep, as far aft as the mainmast, and was fast gathering still further aft, her head being then nearly under. I scarcely know what afterwards occurred. I got up, somehow, into the fore rigging, and thence on to the larboard foreyards, which then crossed the steamer. When the ship sunk so far that I was from six to eight feet above the steamer's deck, I let go, and dropped down among some sheep. I lay some time rather confused, and did not attempt to rise, as I thought I had become entangled with a rope which passed over my shoulders, and, as I thought, was part of the bowsprit running-rigging of the ship. I then got up.

The cry on board the steamer was, that she was sinking; and, I believe, a passenger on board lowered the boat left on the larboard side, but she unhooked from the tackles when she touched the water, and the painter not being fast, she drifted away from the vessel. All the lights they could muster in the steamer were lighted for some time. The engineers and other went below and found that though she was leaky they could keep her firm. She had her fore and aft sails and fore top sail set at the same time. I was on board about three quarters of an hour before I found that the captain of the ship was sick. I had seen my wife, who was a little sea sick, about twenty minutes before in her berth and gave her a drink.

The captain, when I first saw him in the steamer, was without his hat, and on seeing him (informant) he said, "Good God, is this you! Is there any of the crew saved?" I said, "I do not know; I did not know what became of you after I missed you off the ship's bow." Her hull was under water before I got off. The foreyard, from which I dropped, was broken on the steamer as she went down; and also, I believe, the topsail yard, as our foretopmast studding sail boom, which was set out at the time, (the wind having been steamer's deck. I afterwards looked, but could see nothing of the ship or her masts. The last time I observed the watch on deck, they were on the starboard side of the quarter deck. One man sang out, "For God Almighty's sake save me!" I did not hear the others. I had a quantity of my wife's and my own clothing and other articles on board, worth £50. All was lost.

DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION.

The Democratic Association of Wake assembled at the Court House in this city on Monday the 29th inst. in compliance with a call of its Officers at the request of several of its members.

The meeting being called to order, the following letter from the Hon. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY was presented to the Secretary and read to the meeting:

Albright's, N. C., March 23rd, 1841.

My Dear Sir: I see a notice that the Democratic Association of Wake county are requested to meet soon, and I suppose a part of their business will be the selection of a candidate for the District, and wishing a distinct understanding, I wish you to inform them that should there be an Extra Session of Congress this spring or summer, my business will not allow me to run. I am compelled under my arrangements to go to Florida, on a matter of such importance that I cannot dispense with it; and the time is uncertain when and how long I may have to be absent. I believe we can carry the District with any good man; yet I am for the strongest man aid with Journals, documents, and all other means in my power, the success of the man selected by the party. The times require every man to do his duty in sustaining our cause, and averting the pending evils of Blue-light Harford Convention Federalism. My best wishes to all.

Very respectfully,

Your humble servant,

W. MONTGOMERY.

The following Preamble and Resolutions were then introduced by Mr. Gaston H. Wilder, which were read and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS this meeting has been informed that the Hon. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY declines a re-election to Congress, be it therefore

Resolved, That he be tendered the thanks of our meeting for the fidelity with which he has discharged his Representative duties, and for his adherence to the cause of Democracy.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in the ability, patriotism and well-tryed republican principles of our fellow-citizen ROMULUS M. SAUNDERS, and that we earnestly recommend him as the Democratic candidate for Congress from this District, at the approaching election.

Resolved, Further, That altho' we prefer Gen. SAUNDERS, we will cordially unite with the other Democrats of the District in the support of any republican candidate whom the Convention may select.

Resolved, Further, That a copy of these Resolutions be sent to Gen. SAUNDERS, and that in the event of his being a candidate, we pledge ourselves to use every fair and honorable means to insure his election.

The President appointed Mr. Gaston H. Wilder to correspond with Gen. Saunders and transmit him a copy of the above resolutions.

The following gentlemen were appointed Delegates to the Democratic District Convention to be held in this city on Thursday next:

Messrs. Cyrus Whitaker, Reddick Hunter, Jas. D. Newsom, Kimborough Jones, Thomas Hall, Lemuel Cook, Wm. White, Gaston H. Wilder, B. B. Smith, G. W. Thompson, J. R. Robertson, Eli Terrell, Benj. Merritt, Jonathan Smith, Isaac Rowland, Col. Holland, Isaac Hudson, Jno. Hayes, John Johns, Robert Weatherspoon, Joshua Rogers, Benton Williams, and Seth Jones.

Messrs. B. B. Smith, William White, and W. Whitaker, were appointed a Committee to prepare a place for the meeting of the Convention.

No other business being before the Association, it adjourned.

ALLEN ROGERS, Sen. President.

WM. STRINGER, Sec'y.

The response of Judge SAUNDERS to the above Resolution, has not yet been received. We flatter ourselves with the belief that he will consent to have his name presented to the people of this District as a candidate for Congress.

FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD.

A Dose of Hard Cider from the Journals.

On the 25th of February, 1841, (page 309 of House Journals) at the last session of Congress, the amendments made in Committee of the Whole, to Bill 601, making appropriations for civil and diplomatic expenses for 1841, the yeas and nays stand recorded on appropriating thirty one thousand and three hundred and sixty dollars, out of the people's money, these hard times, to repair a bridge across the Potomac River, for the good people of the District of Columbia to pass over free of toll. The yeas were 115; nays, 72. Among the yeas are 91 good Harrison, coon-skin, people-loving "whigs," and 21 Democrats. Of the Delegation from North Carolina, Messrs. Deberry, Fisher, Rayner and Hill, Montgomery and Lewis Williams voted against this measure; 4 federalists and 1 democrat for it, and 4 democrats and 1 federalist against it. Among the 72 nays were 68 democrats and 4 Harrison federalists. Would any one have supposed, last summer, that a Harrison "whig" would have ever voted away a single dollar of the people's money, to build or repair bridges for the people of a certain section to pass over free? How many "whig" voters in North Carolina, at the last Congressional Election, intended their votes for a man that would vote away their money, these hard times, to build bridges or make roads for the city gentry any where. Do the people know that their representatives gave such a vote? Do their dear and loving representatives now call them together, in a Log Cabin, or elsewhere, and show them the Journals and the votes therein recorded? Or do they choose still to withhold the truth from the people, and concealing their guilt, falsely charge their own foul deeds upon others? The Journals of the last few years show that the "whigs" never, as a body, voted against any appropriation bill, of those that comprise the extravagance of which they have so loudly complained; and they also prove that the democrats gave more votes against these extravagant measures than the Harrison "whigs."

The Journals of the late session show that the latter voted to increase the expenditures 3 or 4 millions above what was called for by the Departments; and they voted for additional furniture for the White House—yes, \$500 of the people's money for an additional Dinner set, for the reforming President; also, that they voted him a gardener, and as an improvement on all that had been done before, they actually voted him a Horse and Cart. All of these votes, with page and names, so far as North Carolina is concerned, shall be duly noticed and referred to, so that the people may see the Truth as it is, and who are they that promise one thing and practice another.

A VOTER.

United States Bank Stock sold in the city of New York, on the 16th inst., at \$16½, and on the same day in Philadelphia at 17½.

SALES.

16 Hogshead Tobacco at Auction on Thursday 28th inst. At Henderson.

Planters Name's		
W. D. Allen	one Hhd.	\$3.15
W. Perdue	"	3.65
B. I. Kimball	"	5.70
W. Daniel	"	5.00
W. W. Perkinson	"	6.00
M. Crews	"	4.15
Samuel Moss	"	5.40
Do	"	5.70
J. H. Wright	"	6.25
J. M. Hicks	"	6.00
R. Pennell	"	5.55
H. H. Hight	"	5.10
J. T. Starks	"	4.00
J. Williams	"	4.70
Do	"	6.10
J. G. Harris	"	6.60

CHEATHAM, HUGHES & YOUNG, Inspectors.

FROM THE SAVANNAH REPUBLICAN.

LATE FROM FLORIDA.

(Correspondence of the Savannah Republican.)

FLORIDA, March 13, 1841.

Gentlemen.—In the first place I have to inform you that the scape goats continue to seek a shelter in General Armstrong's "city of refuge," Tampa Bay. Cosa Tustenuggee, the Chief whom the General suffered to return on a parole of honor, to his hammock home, has returned, bringing with him twelve Warriors. His return disappointed every one but "I and the General."

Secondly—Col. Worth has at length succeeded in opening a communication with our most indomitable foe Coacooche, who has expressed a wish to hold a talk with two of the Arkansas Delegation whom he named, in relation to the promised land beyond, not Jordan, but the Mississippi. This was a step quite as important to the termination of the Florida War and apparently obtained with as much difficulty, as the interview of the English authorities with his "Celestial Highness," during the Opium War; but I reckon in this case Coacooche will get the money.

Thirdly—Hos-pit-akee, a Southern Chief, has sent in two Warriors to Col. Davenport at Sara-sota. I look upon this as a pretty important straw, showing which way the wind is blowing in that quarter.

Fourthly—Hallack Tustenuggee, with about 100 Warriors, having been twice whipped by Lieut. Alberties, of which I gave you the particulars, was trailed to his Camp on the Ochlawaha, eight miles South of Fort Mackay by Captain Barnham, and again whipped and routed with considerable loss. Then came the sacking of the Camp, such a scramble you never saw. There were bear-skins, coon-skins and deer-skins, pots, kettles, hoes, axes, moccasins and beads, fresh dressed venison and wild turkeys, coons, corn and bear's oil, lades, sophka sifters, kneading-trays, &c. &c. I got for my share a string of beads, three sophka sieves and a wooden spoon big enough to feed Mr. Blair!

A pony from which Lieut. Alberties' express was killed, together with the clothing of the express and that of Corporal Lang was retaken. The frock coat worn by Lieut. Sherwood when killed, was also found amongst the plunder.—The body of a fallen Warrior, probably mortally wounded by Lieut. Alberties, had just been buried. He was however not "left alone in his glory," but was disinterred and found to have received a musket shot in his breast.

Captain Barnham had a Sergeant Pearson and Private Bower severely, the latter, I fear mortally wounded. Soon after the engagement he was joined by Captain Smith, 2d Infantry, and Lieut. Sibley, 2d Dragoons, each with a Company, and Indian Billy for a guide, and they all set off in pursuit. In the mean time Captain Ker with his Company of Dragoons, has taken the opposite side of the river, hoping to have the game flushed and driven into his hands.

General Tustenuggee will stand in need of all his skill to enable him to elude such a pursuit. I should not be surprised if he, having been beaten three times in as many days, should conclude he was doing a "losing business, and take shelter under the olive branch at Tampa. Do you not regret the olive tree to write "more extensively?" Very truly yours

New-Orleans, March 7.

Later from Texas.—The fast running steamship Neptune, Capt. Rollins, arrived yesterday from Galveston, bringing dates to the 4th inst.—To the politeness of the officers were indebted for full files of Texas papers.

Among the passengers by the Neptune were Mr. Burnley, Col. Love and Dr. Jones. A splendid complimentary dinner was given to Gen. Sam Houston on the 2d March, at the Tremont House, Galveston. It may be recollected that the 2d March is the anniversary of Texan Independence. Gen. H. is in fine health and spirits.

Capt. Martin Moran of the Texan army, was killed a few days since at San Antonio in an affair with a Mexican.

A grand mas, parade ball was given at Galveston on the night of the 2d March. Corri is giving occasional performances at the Houston Theatre, but he appears to have no regular company.

The 2d March was celebrated in great style at Houston.

The editor of the Texas Telegraph speaks in glowing terms of the growth and increased business of Houston and the general prosperity and favorable prospects of the entire Republic.

Every thing was quiet on the frontiers and all fears of an invasion by the Mexicans were at an end.

FROM THE MECKLENBURG JEFFERSONIAN.

Mr. Editor: Permit me, through the columns of your paper, to inform my brother farmers of a very simple remedy—one which I have found effectual for curing the Distemper in Cattle.—Procure a quantity of poke root; boil from it a strong liquor, of which, administer a quart three times a day to grown cattle, and diminish the quantity to calves or yearlings. By the application of this remedy, myself and some of my neighbors have saved the lives of several of our cattle, when in the last stages of this heretofore fatal disease. The loss of cattle from distemper has been very great in Western North Carolina the past ten years;—therefore, if the remedy here suggested should prove generally effective, (being within the reach of every individual) its benefits will be great indeed.

A LINCOLN FARMER.

A GOOD REASON.

A veteran democrat remarked to us the other day that he was rejoiced that the federalists had succeeded in the late general election, and the reason he assigned, was, that if we should go to war with Great Britain during Harrison's administration, the federalists, in supporting the administration, would have to support the war

—which the democrats would do of course, and so the country would be united; whereas, if the democrats had succeeded and war had ensued they would have had to contend with the British and the feds combined—as they did in the last war. Vermont Patriot.

HIRAM LODGE, No. 40, Raleigh, March 28, 1841.

WHEREAS, it has pleased the Great Architect of the Universe to call from among us "to that bourne, whence no traveller returns," our worthy and much esteemed Brother, JOHN G. MARSHALL, late a member of this Lodge.

Resolved, That we sincerely lament his loss, and sympathise with his relations and friends in their bereavement.

Resolved, That this Lodge will attend his Funeral in Masonic Procession, and inter his body according to the ancient rites and ceremonies of the Fraternity.

Resolved, That the members of this Lodge will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, in token of their respect for our deceased Brother.

Resolved, That the Fraternity send a copy of these Resolutions to the family of our deceased Brother.

Resolved, That these Resolutions be published in the Newspapers of the City of Raleigh.

JNO. J. CHRISTOPHERS, Secretary.

"It was the remark of a Roman Consul, in an early period of that celebrated republic, that rich cheese was generally full of maggots!" Boston Post.

As 'Cesar became the master of the Roman people, so, (it was the remark of a beautiful English writer,) do those who eat welsch rarebits slay their thousands and tens of thousands, and yet prate of humanity and gaze at the statues of the elder Brutus and of the Curii and Decii!" Send them to the 'wilds of Scythia or Scandinavia.' New Era.

'And the people assembled in the forum not as in the days of Camillus and the Scipios, to cast their free votes for annual Magistrates,' but to devour large slices of green cheese cut from the moon, and to learn the astounding fact that 'the people of the District of Columbia are not the subjects of the people of the States, but free American citizens.' Hill's Patriot.

MARRIED.

At the residence of Jesse Powell, Esq. in Wake Forest, on the 25th inst. Mr. Stephen L. Tucker, of this City, to Miss Harriet Murrell.

DIED.

In this City, on Friday night last, Mrs. Mary Armstrong, in the 93th year of her age. She was the oldest resident and the oldest inhabitant of the place.

Also, on Saturday morning, Mr. Jno. G. Marshall, Mr. M. being senior Lieutenant of the "RALEIGH GUARDS," and an advanced member of the Masonic Fraternity, his Military and Masonic brethren united in paying the last sad tribute of respect to his memory by attending his remains to the Tomb.

HERDS GRASS SEED.—Just received one hundred bushels, genuine. Price fifty cents per bushel—cash. TURNER & HUGHES, 335-31.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.—The subscriber wishes to sell all or a part of his lands in Onslow county, lying immediately on the road leading from Richland Chapel to Fayetteville, adjoining the lands of John A. Averitt, Job Jarmon, and others.—The tracts together contain between 3 and 4000 acres, about 600 of which are cleared and in a state of cultivation. The soil is good and well adapted to the culture of Corn, Cotton, &c. Of the uncleared part a large portion may be brought into a state of cultivation with little labor and expense. On the premises are between 90 and 100,000 Turpentine boxes, ready cut; most of which are new; a dwelling and other necessary out-houses. The situation is high and healthy; well watered, and the range excellent for hogs and cattle.—Those wishing to purchase, or to call on the subscriber and view the premises, as he is determined to sell on very accommodating terms. CHARLES GREGORY, Richlands, Onslow county, N. C., March 22, 1841. 335-61.

IMPORTED HORSE ROWTON.

Winner of the Great St. Leger.

This celebrated and unsurpassed English Race and Sporting Stallion will stand the present season at Wilton, Granville County, N. C. at \$50 a mare and \$75 insurance, with one dollar to the Groom. The season money will be due the 1st July at which time the season expires, the insurance so soon as the mare is brought into a state of calving or parturition. Mares will be fed for 33 cents per day which must be paid before they are removed. Black servants coming with mares will be boarded free of charge. Great attention shall be used to prevent accidents and escapes but no responsibility for any which may happen. I pledge myself to my friends and patrons to do them justice in all respects if they will send their mares to Rowton. For his running in England and that of his colts see handbills. EDWARD H. CARTER, March 24th, 1841. 335-91.

NOTICE.—I forewarn any person or persons from trusting my wife NANCY BOOTHE, as I shall not pay any debt which she may contract. DANIEL BOOTHE, March 24th 1841. 335-51-p.

State of North Carolina—Nash County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. February Term, 1841.

Sally Evans vs. The Heirs at Law of Isaac Evans dec'd. Petition for Dower.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Bennett D. Evans and Richard Evans two of the Defendants are non-residents of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six weeks, notifying the said Bennett D. Evans and Richard Evans to appear at the next Term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held in the County of Nash, at the Court House in Nashville, on the second Monday of May next, and there to plead to said petition or the prayer of the Petitioner will be granted. Witness B. H. Blount Clerk of our Said Court at office the 2d Monday of February 1841.

B. H. BLOUNT, C. C. C. March 31, 1841. (Pr. adv. \$5 62½) 335-61.

PROSPECTUS OF A POLITICAL NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED THE EXTRA STANDARD.

THOMAS LORING, Editor.

THE EXTRA STANDARD is intended to accommodate those of our fellow-citizens who desire a cheap publication, containing sound political doctrines, and the news of the day; and will be published semi-monthly.

The Editor will endeavor to make this publication acceptable to the public; especially that portion who are friendly to Democratic Republican principles. The price will be \$1 per year, payable in all cases in advance. As the price is low, the terms must be complied with—no paper will be sent to any one without the amount of one dollar in advance, and all papers will be discontinued at the end of the year, unless the advance for the second year is sent by the time the first expires.

Twelve copies will be sent to one address, for one year, or to different individuals, on the payment of ten dollars in advance. A specimen number will be issued in a few days. Should the subscription justify the undertaking, the first number will be issued about the 1st of May next. Raleigh, March 3, 1841. T. LORING.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

By His Excellency JOHN M. MOREHEAD, Governor Captain, General and Commander-in-chief, in and over the State aforesaid.

WHEREAS, I have been duly informed by the Proclamation of His Excellency WILLIAM H. HARRISON, President of the United States, that the last Monday of May next, (being the 31st day thereof,) has been fixed upon by him for the meeting of the First Session of the Twenty-seventh Congress of the United States: an event which renders it expedient and necessary that the elections for the Representatives from this State in the next Congress should be held at an earlier day than the usual time of holding said elections:

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority in me vested, by an Act of the General Assembly of this State entitled "An Act concerning the mode of choosing Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States," (Revised Statutes of N. C. Chapter 72d,) and to the end, that the Freeman of this State may be duly represented in the next Congress, at its first session commencing as aforesaid, I do issue this my Proclamation, hereby commanding and requiring all Sheriffs and other Returning Officers of the several Counties composing each Congressional District, to cause Polls to be opened and kept, and Elections to be held, for Representatives to the next Congress of the United States, on Thursday, the thirtieth day of May next, at the places established by law in their respective Counties, for holding said Elections. And I do further command and require said Sheriffs, and other Returning Officers, to meet for the purpose of comparing the Polls, at the times and places prescribed by law for that purpose. And I do, by this, my Proclamation, further "require the Freeman of this State, to meet in their respective Counties, at the time" aforesaid, and "at the places established by law, then and there to give their votes for Representatives," in the next Congress.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand.

Done at the City of Raleigh, this the twenty-second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the sixty-fifth.

J. M. MOREHEAD.

By the Governor: J. A. LITTLEJOHN, P. Sec'y. March 24, 1841. 331-8r.

TEACHER WANTED.—The Smithfield Academy being vacated at this time, the Trustees have authorized me, as President of the Board, to advertise for a Teacher competent to instruct in all the branches of English Literature; together with the rudiments of the Latin and Greek Languages, usually taught in the preparatory Schools of our State.

They would prefer a married man, so that his wife might take charge of the Female Department; but, at the same time, would not object to a single one provided he comes recommended from some one of the Southern Schools or Colleges, twenty-five or thirty Scholars are already engaged, with the prospect of an increase of perhaps twice that number.

DAVID THOMPSON, Pres't Board Trustees. By order: W. H. WATSON, Sec. Smithfield, March 4th 1841. March 10, 1841. 332-41.

State of North Carolina—Chatham County.

RANGER'S NOTICE.—Was entered on the 22d of February, 1841, by Benjamin Hinchey, living in the Northwest corner of the County, near Wm. Albright's Store, a small Sorrel MARE, supposed to be 9 years old; with three white feet, some Saddle spots, and has a large scar on the right side of the neck near the withers. Valued at 40 dollars. JOSEPH HACKNEY, C. R. 333-3-p.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Having considerably extended my business in the manufacturing of BOOTS AND SHOES, I am now enabled to furnish you with a large assortment of Gentlemen's SHOES of different qualities. I would thank those who wish a good article, and are disposed to encourage our own Mechanics, to give me a call, with the Cash; as in future I shall sell on no other Terms.

Gentlemen wishing to see something very superior in the BOOT line, will please call and examine for themselves. W. WHITE, Raleigh, 15th, March 1841. 333-4f.

PUBLIC SALE.—As Administrator of the Estate of Joseph Hauser, dec'd,

at the late residence of said dec'd, in Hausertown, on the 13th and 14th days of April next, I shall expose to Public Sale, all the personal and perishable property of said Estate, consisting of Horses, Cattle, and Hogs, Wagon and Gear, Farming Utensils, one Still, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Corn, Oats, and Hay, and various other articles too tedious to mention. Also, the same lands and plots, as Commissioner appointed by the Court, I shall expose to public Sale, 12 or 13 Negro Slaves, consisting one man, two boys, three grown Girls, and several children, late the property of said Hauser. Also, at the same time, as Agent of the Heirs at law of said Hauser, I shall expose to public Sale, the Land and Lot, of said Hauser in Hausertown, and several Tracts of Land, in the neighborhood, and the Interest part of the Mill, situated on Muddy Creek, just below Hausertown. I am likewise authorized as Agent of the Heirs of said Hauser, to sell 300 Acres of Land, in Onslow County. Said Tracts; said Tract of Land lying in the County of Troy, the County seat of Onslow County. The last Tract of Land, I will sell at private sale. A credit of 12 Months will be given in all these sales.—Bond and approved security or securities will be required, and a title made to the Land after the purchase money shall be selected by the Court. Further Conditions to be made known on the day of sale. BENJAMIN HAUSER, Administrator, Commissioner, and Agent. N. B. The Negroes will be sold on the second day. March 9th, 1841. 334-31. p.

SADDLE AND HARNESS MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned respectfully informs the Citizens of Raleigh and the adjacent Counties, that he has recently opened an Establishment on Fayetteville Street, four Doors north of the Post Office, where he intends to keep constantly on hand, as well as to make to order, the following articles which he will dispose of to Cash or punctual Customers, on as good terms as can be purchased elsewhere, viz: Best stitched, plain and Shafted Saddles; Common Do; Best Coach, gig and Barouch Harness; Common Do; Bridles; marriages and Saddle bags, together with every other article usually kept in similar Establishments. His materials are selected by himself, and are of the best that can be purchased in the northern Markets. From a long experience in Business he feels justified in saying that for neatness and durability his work cannot be surpassed. He respectfully solicits a call from persons wanting articles in his line, previous to purchasing elsewhere, as he is disposed to use every exertion on his part to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Old work repaired with neatness and dispatch. Also for sale, an Excellent Brass mounted SULKY. March 17th, 1841. 333-3 months. GEORGE FISHER.

GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING STORE, PORTSMOUTH, VA.

GWYNN, PIERCE, & Co. THE undersigned, under the above