

Facts for the People—the Tribute Exact- ed from their "Unconscious Purse."

The operation of the tariff system of taxation is so gentle and insidious in its mode of reaching the "unconscious purse" of the people, that intelligent persons, usually acute in seeing their own interests, are often greatly deceived.

Table with 3 columns: Articles, Value, Duties. Lists various goods like Leather Goods, Hats, Molasses, etc., with their respective values and duties.

From this table it appears that, on importations made in the year ending July 1st, 1844, and valued at about sixteen millions of dollars, the amount of duties actually paid into the Treasury was about nine millions of dollars.

Very Singular. "Worcester county," Mass., has the honor of being the birth place of three members of the present Cabinet, viz: Messrs. Bancroft, Walker and Marcy—the latter was born in Southbridge.

"Sainted Maria" The editor of the Liberator prefaces a couple of letters as follows: "We copy below the letters of these eminent Christians, Messrs. Clay and Webster, on the observance of the Sabbath."

"What's trump?" Pittsburg Post. You had better "pass out." "Dan, go your five hundred." "Go that, five hundred better."

"A VICKED, VICKED VOMAN." Not satisfied with robbing her husband of his "better half," Lilly Holmes has taken away \$700 of his money, to squander away on Mr. Pritchard or Pritchard. It appears by the advertisement below, written by the husband, that Lilly is a little alliterative, that is "fat, fair and forty."

The circumstances attendant upon this elopement extraordinary, are of the most painful character, but painful as they are, duty to myself, as well as to the community demands that they should be made public.

Having formed a criminal intimacy with this man Pritchard, she embraced the period of my temporary absence from home to rifle my house of all its furniture and my pockets of all my hard earnings for years. By this means, she collected together about \$700 which she deposited with her guilty and base seducer; and forgetful of the fond yearnings of the mother; and regardless of the utter destruction of circumstances in which by this act, she placed three small children—left my wife and eloped with said Wm. Pritchard.

Mr. Holmes asks Editors to give the above statement that the person spoken of may be apprehended. We should consider ourselves well rid of such a baggage, at the price she has con- sidered. She is not worth having.

ILLNESS OF GEN. JACKSON.

We are satisfied that we could not give more pain to every American who respects the greatness of character, than by publishing the following melancholy announcement of the rapidly approaching dissolution of the distinguished man who is about to bid the world an eternal adieu.

"NASHVILLE, (Tenn.) May 4th, 1845. "MY DEAR SIR: I have just had a conversation with our mutual friend, Dr. Felix Robertson, who has almost daily knowledge of the health of General Jackson. The impression of the General's nearness to death is, that the 'im honored' gentleman's life is rapidly drawing to a close.

Mr. Blair has received a few lines from the General, as late as the 7th, stating that he had attempted to write to him; but his great feebleness had prevented his finishing his letter. Ed.

NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Seeing within the last few days a general statement, afloat in some of the newspapers, of the number and size of our vessels of war, distinguished, too, as to their being in commission or in ordinary, &c., we have applied to the navy board for a complete and accurate list of our navy, embracing also their destination. They have been so obliging as to furnish the following specifications, which we hasten to lay before the readers of "The Union."

Ships of the line—10. Pennsylvania, three decks, in commission as a receiving ship at Norfolk. Franklin, two decks, in ordinary at the navy-yard, Boston.

North Carolina, two decks, in commission as a receiving ship at New York. Delaware, two decks, in ordinary at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Alabama, two decks, on the stocks at Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

United States, in ordinary, at the navy-yard, Boston. Constitution, in commission in the East Indies. Potomac, in commission—home squadron. Brandywine, in commission, on her return from East Indies.

Columbia, in ordinary at ternary-yard, Norfolk. Congress, do do do Cumberland, in commission in the Mediterranean. Savannah, in commission in the Pacific. Sanier, in commission in the coast of Brazil.

Sabine, on the stocks at New York. St. Lawrence, on the stocks at Norfolk. Constellation, in ordinary at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Macedonian, just returned from coast of Africa, and placed in ordinary at New York.

Saratoga, in commission. John Adams, preparing for sea at the navy-yard, New York. Boston, in commission, coast of Brazil. Vincennes, in commission, destined for the East Indies.

Warren, in commission, in the Pacific. Fairmount, in commission—home squadron. Fairfield, in ordinary, at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Vandavia, in ordinary, at Norfolk. St. Louis, in commission, on her return from East Indies.

Cyane, preparing for sea at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Levant, in commission, in the Pacific. Portsmouth, in commission, in the Pacific. Plymouth, in commission, in the Mediterranean. Albany, on the stocks at New York. Germantown, on the stocks, at Philadelphia. St. Mary's, in commission. Jamestown, in commission, coast of Africa.

Ontario, in commission as a receiving ship, Baltimore. Decatur, in ordinary at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Raleigh, in commission, coast of Africa. Yorktown, do do do Marion, in ordinary, at the navy-yard, Boston. Dale, in ordinary, at the navy-yard, New York.

Dolphin, preparing for sea at the navy-yard, Norfolk. Porpoise, in commission. Somers, in commission—home squadron. Triton, in commission, coast of Brazil. Bainbridge, in commission, coast of Brazil. Perry, in commission, on her return from East Indies. Laurence, in commission—home squadron.

Shank, in commission in the Pacific ocean. Boxer, in ordinary at Boston. Experiment, in commission as a receiving ship, Philadelphia. Flirt, in commission as a packet, running between Norfolk and Chagres. Wave, in commission, on coast survey. Phoenix, in ordinary at Norfolk.

On-ky-e, in commission as a packet running between Norfolk and Chagres. Mississippi, in ordinary at Boston. Fulton, in ordinary at New York. Union, in ordinary at Washington. Princeton, in commission. Michigan, in commission on Lake Erie. Comet, in ordinary at New York. Pen- sylvania, on the stocks at Pittsburgh, Penna. Water Witch, water tank at Norfolk. Engineer, tugboat at Norfolk.

THE SOUTH VICTORIOUS!

We cannot help rejoicing at the success of the gallant Southern nag, Peytona, over the laurel-crowned Northern mare, Fashion, hitherto considered invincible. This great race has excited more interest than any that has taken place in this country. The South has now fully recovered the glory she lost in the race between Eclipse and Henry, and on many other occasions.

The triumph so much the more brilliant, is the fact, that the "knowing ones" have been so terribly taken in. The result of the contest on Tuesday, forcibly reminds us of our feelings of delight at the issue of the great Presidential race in November. "Who is James K. Polk?" asked the vaunting friends of the "popular favorite, and invincible" Harry Clay. "Who is Peytona?" resounded from the lips of the overconfident backers of Fashion, who had never humbled her proud head. The astounding result in each case has produced a similar effect upon the public mind. Peytona now ranks first of her race, and she will be the "fashion" of the day.

The following will give all desirable information to our readers, who are perhaps as anxious to hear the news as we were: From the N. Y. Sun, Extra, of Tuesday Afternoon. THE GREAT MATCH RACE—FASHION BEATEN. The great contest between Fashion and Peytona has created an unprecedented excitement, and at least one hundred thousand people have assembled on the ground to witness the performance.

The number of spectators on the ground is incredible, and the greatest animation prevails among the backers of each horse, betting freely. In addition to the purse of \$20,000, at least five hundred thousand dollars depend on the result of this contest. The weather is all that could be desired; the thunder shower of last evening having laid the dust and cooled the atmosphere.

The sun is partially concealed by a light haze and a refreshing N. E. breeze passes over the course. The horses are in excellent condition. Fashion is the favorite with the North of course; and some of her backers, to show their confidence, offered 2 to 1 on the result, which was freely taken by the backers of Peytona.

Result of the First Heat—Peytona came in ahead, time 7 minutes 39/100 seconds. After the first heat the betting was 2 to 1, 3 to 2, and 10 to 7 on Peytona, which was freely taken. Result of the Second Heat—Peytona came in a head, winning the heat and purse in 7 minutes 4 1/2 seconds.

The excitement was great when the horses appeared at the top of the course, and betting became still more favorable to the Southern horse, when she was stripped. The North had been backing Fashion heavily, but there was now a disposition to hedge, and odds could be had on Peytona. Both horses appeared to be perfectly right, although Peytona had rather the most lively and gamely look. Both horses have been described in several of the papers, and we think it useless to repeat the description.

The horses got off well together at the first start, Peytona having the inside, which she kept, as well as the lead, and won the first heat by three lengths, amid the shouts of the excited crowd. The betting was now 100 to 50, and even occasionally larger odds, on the Southern horse, and few were to be seen who backed Fashion.

When the horses came up for the second heat, they did not appear to have cooled off well, Fashion being apparently the most distressed. After one false start they went off at a slashing pace, Fashion getting the inside. During the first three miles the horses ran together with scarcely a perceptible difference between them, and the interest in the race became intense. When they passed the judge's stand on the fourth mile, Peytona was scarcely the breadth of an ear behind. Both jockeys were plying spurs and crowding the horses to their utmost speed.

On the last quarter Peytona made a brush, and it was evident that her immense stride was doing the business. Coming down the straight turn to the judge's stand, she gained slightly at every jump, and came in (Fashion under white and grey) winning the heat and race by half a length. The shout that rent the welkin was the signal for the transfer of at least an hundred thousand dollars (some say half a million) from the pockets of the North to the pockets of the South.

The time, it will be seen, was not very good, the first heat being 7 1/2 seconds longer than Fashion's first heat with the same horse. The first heat was run 7 3/4 and the second in 7 1/2. Peytona has now won for her owners \$62,000 in purses in six years, never having been beaten. She has probably won much more for them in side bets. Having conquered the victor of twenty-three fields, she may be considered the paramount horse on the Turf in this country.

This has been one of the most exciting races the North has ever known, and as Fashion was freely backed, until within a few days, by our sporting circles, we suppose Park Row and Vesey street are nearly cleaned out.

From the New York Sun. The day was warm. The Empire Club and Captain Rynders were upon the ground numbering fifty or sixty in all. The Captain received \$500 to clear the course, which he did in short order. One of his men was struck with a club, and severely injured. Fights and rows occurred in the vicinity of the course during the day; one man is said to have been killed by being run over by the railroad train; thimble riggers and gamblers were unusually numerous, and large sums of money were extracted by pick-pockets. There were about a hundred persons upon the ground. The Long Island Railroad despatched four trains of twelve cars and two locomotives each, having about ten thousand passengers. There was some excitement against Captain Rynders; but we are assured by zealous men, in whom we place entire confidence, that his conduct throughout was most praiseworthy; and the race would have been seriously interrupted had not his excellent police regulations been enforced with energy and decision.

Even after the result of the first heat, such was the confidence of Northerners in their favorite, Fashion that they continued to bet largely upon her success. They have lost immense sums.

Mr. CALHOUN (says the Pendleton Messenger,) is now at his residence near this place, busily engaged in agriculture. He seems to have entirely recovered from the attack of sickness which he had at Washington. We understand that his correspondence is large, and we think it nothing but right to remind those who write to him on business of their own, that he no longer enjoys the franking privilege, and that his postage bill must be a heavy one.

We see it stated, in the Roanoke Republican, that the Whigs intend holding a meeting in Halifax for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress, to run in opposition to Gen. Daniel. We have but little to fear from a Whig opponent, in this District; the Whigs made a desperate struggle to beat Mr. Daniel before in this District, and after being defeated using all unfair means to gain a victory, found that it was impossible to succeed, and now we suppose, they intend trying again. If they can find a man, who thinks it is an honor, to be a candidate for Congress, and get beaten nine hundred of a thousand votes, we may bring him out. But the editor of the Republican seems to think that if a Whig comes out as a candidate, Mr. Daniel has gone to Congress. His fan- tasy has been so excited, that he has written to Mr. Daniel, and has written in opposition to Mr. Daniel himself. District Democrat.

Democratic Meeting in Rockingham.

In accordance with previous notice, a number of the Democracy of Rockingham county assembled at the Court House in Wentworth, on Tuesday the 29th of April, when, on motion of Dr. R. P. Williamson, R. P. Cardwell was called to the chair, and, on motion, Peter Scates was appointed secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting, in a brief allusion to the political course of the Hon. David S. Reid, and in commendation of him as a Representative in the Congress of the United States.

On motion of Dr. Williamson, the Chairman appointed the following persons a committee to present resolutions expressive of a sense of the meeting, to wit: Dr. R. P. Williamson, Thomas Roach, Esq., James Reynolds, Gen. S. A. Dalton, and Thos. B. Wheeler, Esq., who, having retired a short time, reported through their chairman, Dr. Williamson, the following preamble and resolutions.

This meeting, feeling a deep solicitude in the many vital and important measures likely to engage the deliberations of the next Congress, have this day assembled, in the kindest feelings of deference, harmony, and conciliation to our democratic friends composing this District, for the purpose of nominating a suitable candidate for the same.

Resolved, That this meeting hall with deep satisfaction and pleasure the nomination of our late Representative, the Hon. David S. Reid, from our sister counties composing this Congressional District. We the more cheerfully acquiesce in his nomination, as he is our neighbor and friend. Knowing his faithful and patriotic services in the angry conflicts of party warfare; believing him both capable and honest; and highly approving of his fearless and independent course in the councils of the nation, we recommend him to the enlightened constituency of this District as a gentleman and patriot eminently deserving the confidence of his fellow-citizens, from long devotion to those principles which we honestly believe will secure the durability and happiness of this great nation.

Resolved, That this meeting unanimously nominate the Hon. David S. Reid as the candidate for this Congressional District. Resolved, That the Chairman appoint a committee of three to wait upon the Hon. D. S. Reid, and inform him of his unanimous nomination by this meeting.

Whereupon the following gentlemen were named by the Chairman and approved by the meeting, to wit: Dr. R. P. Williamson, Gen. S. A. Dalton and E. A. Cardwell; and, on motion, Dr. W. E. Wright was added to the committee.

On motion of Robert Walker, Esq. the proceedings of this meeting were ordered to be published in the North Carolina Standard. On motion of Dr. Williamson, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary for the manner in which they had discharged their duties.

On motion of Dr. Wright, the meeting adjourned. R. P. CARDWELL, Chm'n. PETER SCATES, Secretary.

For the North Carolina Standard. Democratic Meeting in Currituck. At a meeting of the democratic citizens of Currituck county, held at the Court House, on Tuesday the 6th of May, (it being Court day), for the purpose of appointing delegates to attend the Convention to be held at Gatesville on the 19th inst., to select a suitable person for the Congressional candidate of the democratic party in the ninth District, the following gentlemen were named, to wit: Dr. R. P. Williamson, Gen. S. A. Dalton and E. A. Cardwell; and, on motion, Dr. W. E. Wright was added to the committee.

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint one or more delegates from each Captain's district. The object of the meeting was explained by J. B. Jones, Esq.; and, on motion, it was Resolved, That the Chairman appoint one or more delegates from each Captain's district. The following gentlemen were named by the Chairman and approved by the meeting, to wit: Dr. R. P. Williamson, Gen. S. A. Dalton and E. A. Cardwell; and, on motion, Dr. W. E. Wright was added to the committee.

On motion of Dr. Williamson, the thanks of the meeting were tendered to the Chairman and Secretary for the manner in which they had discharged their duties. On motion of Dr. Wright, the meeting adjourned. R. P. CARDWELL, Chm'n. H. M. SHAW, Sec'y.

For the North Carolina Standard. Democratic Meeting in Hertford. In accordance with previous notice given, a Convention of the citizens of Hertford County was held at the Male Academy in the town of Murfreesboro' on Saturday, May 10, 1845.

After the organization of David Morse, Esq., among other things, was stated by the Chairman to be the appointing of delegates to attend the District Convention to assemble in Gatesville on 19th inst., for the purpose of selecting a suitable person to represent this District in the next Congress of the United States.

The following persons were appointed a committee to prepare a series of resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, viz: Henry D. Jenkins, Geo. Spies, E. Carter, S. J. Wheeler, E. D. Britt, and P. Jordan. Committee, after retiring a few minutes, returned and reported the following resolutions: Resolved, That the delegates from this county be instructed to support the nomination of any man of talents and sound political opinions, regardless of personal bias.

Resolved, That in the recent triumph of Democratic principles, throughout the United States, our confidence is increased in the capacity of our people for self-government, and we regard it as an earnest, of the perpetuity of our Republican form of government. The following persons were elected to represent this county in the Convention at Gatesville, viz: John Vann, Sr., G. C. Moore, S. J. Wheeler, J. V. Barnes, Abram Thomas, and David O. Akew.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the meeting, viz: Resolved, That this Convention has learned the decease of the late William W. Cherry, Esq. with sincere regret. That we sympathize deeply with the family and friends of the deceased, and regard his death as a loss, alike to his family and his country. Ordered, That these proceedings be published in the Old Dominion and Raleigh Standard. On motion, the Convention adjourned sine die. JOHN VANN, Chairman.

The examination of the Students of the Henderson male academy will take place on Friday, the 6th of June next. Parents, guardians, and friends of education generally are respectfully invited to attend. An address may be expected on the occasion. District Democrat.

We see that our friend of the N. C. Standard has expunged the Fayetteville Observer from his exchange list. This is as it should be. Never let it be placed there again. We thought Mr. W. G. Brownlow had enough, but the Observer surpasses him; we will call the editor of the Observer, the N. C. Brownlow hereafter. "Remove the limb" as the Judge said when he struck the attorney from the rolls.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS.

Third Dist.—DAVID S. REID, of Rockingham, Fifth—JAMES C. DOBBIN, of Cumberland, Sixth—JAMES J. MCKAY, of Bladen, Seventh—JOHN B. DANIEL, of Halifax, Eighth—HENRY S. CLARK, of Beaufort.

Deaf and Dumb. We learn that on Monday last the County Court of Wake appropriated seventy-five dollars from the County funds to be applied by the Literary Board to the education of one deaf and dumb person—the only case, we believe, which had been brought to the attention of the Court. No provision, we learn, was made for the blind, as the Court in this matter awaits the action of the Literary Board. At the next Term such further provisions will doubtless be made as circumstances may seem to require.

JAMES C. DOBBIN, Esq. We learn from the late North Carolinian that our candidate for Congress, James C. Dobbin, Esq. will address his fellow-citizens of Johnston county, at Smithfield on Tuesday of their County Court (27th instant) and of Wayne, on the following Thursday (29th) at Waynesborough. We shall, perhaps, learn in time to publish it in our next number, the time or times at which Mr. Dobbin will address the people of Wake county. We hope the people of Johnston and Wayne will turn out in crowds, as we know they will here, to give Mr. Dobbin a full and fair hearing.

His nomination, it gives us great pleasure to state, has met the most unqualified approval in all portions of the District. The democracy will give him an enthusiastic support, while the Whigs will be at a loss to find any thing in the slightest degree exceptional in his bearing and deportment. Pure in morals—of high and unblemished integrity, political and personal—able, and honest, and eminently trust-worthy—what Whig even can object to hearing and pondering upon the truths he shall put forth? The opposite party have not as yet generally and formally designated their candidate; but whoever he may be, we shall claim in advance for Mr. Dobbin a more imposing majority than has ever been cast in this District.

Since writing the above we have been authorized to state that Mr. Dobbin will address the people of the other Counties during the ensuing month. The times and places will be duly announced.

HEALTH OF GREENSBOROUGH. The late Greensborough Patriot contains an article in relation to the removal of the Caldwell Institute and the health of the town. A meeting has been held in Greensborough on the subject, over which Judge Dick presided, and it was addressed by Messrs. Gilmer, Gorrell, Morehead, and others. The Patriot also presents a statistical statement of deaths, and the remarks of the Physicians of the town on the general health of the place. From this statement it appears that the whole number of deaths in Greensborough, from 1st June, 1841 to 1st June, 1842, was 27; from 1st June, 1842, to 1st June, 1843, twenty-nine; from 1st June, 1843, to 1st June, 1844, twenty-seven; and from 1st June, 1844, to 1st June, 1845, thirty-three. Population 1,800. The Physicians say: "The above period embraces a season acknowledged by all to have been unusually sickly; notwithstanding which, the result shows an average mortality of about 1 in 60—a mortality only one half that usually considered the average-mortality of the human family. When more- over it is taken into consideration, in connection with the above, that the village embraces a floating population of an unusual number for a town of its size—a population well known to be inattentive to their habits and regardless of means calculated to secure health—we feel assured in the judgment of every unbiassed mind the village in point of healthfulness will compare favorably with any other in the State or out of it." We should regret to see this lovely and flourishing town injured by unfounded reports as to its health, or by any other cause.

NEW YORK. The Legislature of New York adjourned on the 14th instant, after a very long session. The whole number of acts passed was 367. The Albany Argus says: "The act in relation to the Canals, passed both houses by considerable majorities; but was returned with the Governor's veto. It was then rejected for the want of the constitutional requirement, a majority of two-thirds of the members present. This bill appropriated the ascertained surplus revenue of the canals (\$179,000), after complying, according to the language of this act, with the pledges and guarantees of the act of 1842, and paying \$200,000 to the general fund, for the preservation or completion of unfinished portions of the Genesee Valley and Black River canals, for bringing into use such works on the enlarged Erie Canal as the Canal Commissioners shall decide will best promote the interests of the state, and for the reconstruction of certain locks, &c. &c. The Governor's Message on this subject, which goes over the whole ground, and presents forcibly the objections of the Executive, occupies a large space in our columns to-day."

Rhode Island Legislature. This body has adjourned to meet again at Providence in the course of next month. Mr. Dorr was not liberated. The act of amnesty was referred to a Committee by a vote of 18 to 14; and in the House a resolution to appoint a Committee to prepare a bill, to provide for the liberation of Mr. Dorr, was laid on the table by a vote of 29 to 23. Shame on the tyranny that keeps this patriot in a dungeon! We are induced, from the tone of the papers, to hope better things from the June session.

It is an ill bird that dwells in its own nest. Register. So we thought when we saw certain North Carolina Whigs laboring in the late campaign to prove James K. Polk (a native of the State) the son of a Tory.

We publish to-day the proceedings of a Democratic Meeting lately held in Currituck, one of the sterling republican counties in the Ninth District; and we learn from a friend that the Democrats of Hertford held a meeting on the 10th inst., and appointed Delegates to the Convention, which was to have assembled on Monday last at Gatesville. The Democrats of the Ninth District have much to encourage and animate them. They have the right side of all the great questions of the day. They have truth for their sword and justice for their shield. They have Texas, and opposition to the dangerous pretensions of England, for their battle-cry. They have able and firm men to fit up and sustain their banner; and throughout this proud Commonwealth, in every county, and at all the precincts, they have friends strong in the democratic faith, who unite in encouraging them to noble deeds, and who will shout as loud as they will over the triumphs they achieve. We exhort them, then, to press onward. We press upon them the importance of UNION, ENERGY, and ORGANIZATION. The Whigs, we learn, are disappointed and panic-struck since the death of Mr. Cherry. A correspondent to be fully relied on, informs us that they are disaffected and much divided. He says further: "Efforts have been made to bring out Mr. Hayner, but he will prefer a seat in the Legislature. Mr. Jones, of Perquimans, or Mr. Outlaw, of Bertie, will be the next Whig candidate, it is thought; but Speed of Gates, declares he will be a candidate in any event." But we have more evidence than this in relation to Whig division and disaffection in the Ninth District. A member of the Whig party, announcing to the Norfolk Herald the death of Mr. Cherry, says: "Wm. W. Cherry, a man after my own heart, was my first choice after the withdrawal of Mr. Rayner. Indeed he was the only man who could unite and harmonize the party, distracted as it is all over the country by the conflicting interests of aspirants. The triumph of principle with no admixture of selfishness was his ruling passion—and if his voice could be heard from the tomb, it would be for the union of the Whigs for the sake of the Union; which by the immediate nomination of Mr. Rayner can alone be effected."

Here Mr. Rayner is called for, and we find that call re-echoed in the Old North State of the 10th instant. That paper says: "The death of our candidate for Congress, William W. Cherry, Esq. will make it necessary that another Convention shall be held in our District, for the purpose of making another Whig nomination. Under all the circumstances of the case, we know no individual that will give such entire satisfaction to people of the District, as the name of our late talented and excellent representative, the Hon. Kenneth Rayner, and we therefore earnestly recommend him as the only person now in the District, under the present state of political affairs, that will carry success to our efforts. The Loco forces are making a desperate effort to carry the District, and Mr. Rayner, well known throughout the different Counties, is the man now calculated to give a death-blow to their struggles for victory. We have other men in our ranks, talented and worthy the confidence and support of our party, but we believe all feel satisfied that Mr. Rayner can best preserve the entire union and strength of the Whigs."

In another article of the same date the Editor continues as follows: "We call upon our Whig friends in this and the adjoining Counties to be up and doing. The enemy are already pushing their organization to the greatest perfection. No sooner was the name of poor Cherry known, than conferences were held between the leaders in the lower Counties, and a determination entered into to carry this District, if unwearied exertions can do it. No stone will be left unturned. Even the poor, petty, public offices about here are to be used for their purposes. Disappoint them, Whigs—Up and as work, every man of you! Where the water, side in debate, let nothing distract you. Whoever may be the nominee of the Convention, 'go in' for him, and at every point, and at every house, be ready to meet your opponents. Every thing for the cause, nothing for men." Do your duty faithfully and manfully. A powerful effort is being made by the Locos to carry the Congressional delegation in the Old North State, and should they succeed in their unholy designs, we earnestly beg of you, Whigs of the 9th District, let not the shame and the disgrace be laid on your heads."

The rallying cry is sounded upon the winds in earnest. Thanks to the democrats for that! They are rousing the Coons. Let them "work" also. Organization, union and energy will carry them in triumph through the contest. The Whig party is falling to pieces. In Virginia it has just been scattered to the four winds, and the mother of States is now looking with words of encouragement and hope to North Carolina. Her eye is upon the Ninth District, for that is nearest to her borders. Shall she be disappointed? Shall North Carolina, after having refused to vote for her own son, pursue the suicidal and unpatriotic policy of opposing his Administration?

We trust that the labors of the Gatesville Convention will be auspicious to the cause, and the commencement of a triumph. A good and true man we doubt not has been selected; and now let every democrat rally to his standard. Victory in such a cause will be glorious, while defeat can bring with it nothing to tarnish or disgrace the democratic banner.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES. The receipts into the Treasury during the quarter ending the 31st ult., were, as nearly as can be ascertained— From Customs \$6,375,575 71 " Lands 485,532 30 " Miscellaneous sources 80,000 00 \$6,941,107 91

The expenditures during the same period have been—viz: Civil list, Miscellaneous, and Foreign Intercourse \$1,708,407 96 On account of army \$1,131,826 56 " Indian Department 32,980 07 " Fortifications 86,412 50 " Pensions 1,406,199 19 \$2,647,366 22

Interest on the public debt 1,575,631 00 Reimbursement of interest on 38,062 71 " do do do 4,912,886 94 " do do do 150,000 00 " do do do 400,000 00 " do do do 187,000 00 " do do do 841,048 04 \$12,126,304 97

R. J. WALKER, Secretary of the Treasury. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, April 21, 1845.