

Mr. J. M. Stanly moved an amendment, providing that the select committee on the subject of the Federal basis, and the House according to the white population of the States, which amendment was rejected—yes 37, no 56.

Mr. T. J. Person moved the indefinite postponement of the bill Disagreed to—yes 41, no 54.

Mr. M. A. Brown moved an amendment to the appointment of Senators, which was disagreed to.

An amendment was now offered by Mr. Love; which the House refused to agree to.

The question now recurring upon the bill as offered by Mr. Stanly, it passed its second reading—yes 73, no 26.

Those who voted in the affirmative, are Messrs. Allen, Ballard, Baringer, Blackburn, Blow, Brogden, Canada, Carmichael, Clement, Coffield, Coates, Davis, Dickson, Doak, Dobbin, Edney, Brwin, Farmer, Foy, A. Gamble, J. J. Gambill, Green, Griggs, Hackney, Hamrick, Harrison, Hayes, Headen, Herring, Hicks, Johnson, Jones, B. H. Jones, Keady, Ketchum, J. M. Leach, A. J. Leach, L. M. Leach, Mast, Mostely, McDee, T. S. McDowell, E. L. McDowell, McMillen, McNeill, Newsom, Nicholson, Nixon, Oglesby, Palmer, Peggam, Pigot, Rice, Reinhardt, Sanders, Shank, Shuford, Simms, Spivey, Stanly, Stevens, Stockard, Stone, J. M. Taylor, Thurston, Wadsworth, Walker, W. Walker, J. H. White, J. A. Williams, G. W. Williams, Wilkins, Williams, and Wooten—75.

Those who voted in the negative, are Messrs. Bean, Biggs, Brown, Campbell, Cherry, Farrow, Ferebee, H. C. Jones, Keen, Kelly, Logan, Long, Mabane, Miller, McGee, N. H. Moore, J. J. Person, P. B. Rader, Russell, Scott, Skene, Skinner, Smith, and G. H. K. Taylor—26.

So the bill passed its second reading, and then on motion, the House adjourned.

SENATE.—January 13, 1848.

Several private bills were read, and Reports from Committees were received and laid over.

The engrossed bill from the House of Commons, providing for the better administration of justice, was read, and on motion of Mr. Gilmer indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Bower presented a bill supplemental to an act for laying off and establishing the county of Watauga, which was read the first time.

On motion of Mr. Patterson the bill to provide for the relief of purchasers of Cherokee lands, at the Report on the subject, was read, and together with the Report on the subject, was read.

Mr. Patterson moved to locate said Hospital at Morganton, which motion did not prevail.

Mr. Gilmer moved to amend so as to locate said Hospital within three miles west of Raleigh.

Mr. Thomas, of Davidson, moved to amend by striking out Raleigh and inserting Lexington—pending which question the Senate too recessed.

ETHAN'S SPEECH.

Several engrossed bills of a private nature were read a third time and passed.

The bill to amend the Revised Statutes so as to prevent more effectually the trading with slaves, was taken up, briefly discussed, and passed its third reading.

The Senate then took up the unfinished business being the location of the State Hospital for the insane. The pending question was on the amendment offered by Mr. Gilmer to locate the Institution within three miles west of Raleigh; and this amendment Mr. Halsey proposed to amend by substituting "within three miles of Raleigh."

Mr. Halsey moved in favor of locating it at Raleigh, after which Mr. Gilmer withdrew his motion, and the question, recurred on Mr. Halsey's.

Mr. Thompson, of Bertie, spoke against locating it here, and Mr. Thompson of Wake, followed in reply. He stated that in his opinion the building ought to be erected in Raleigh, and situated near Raleigh as elsewhere; and in addition to this he thought there would be a peculiar propriety in locating it here, inasmuch as it would be under the immediate supervision of the Government, and the members of the Legislature could visit it when they chose, and inspect its actual condition. He was decidedly in favor of locating the Institution here.

Mr. Kendall rose and inquired of Mr. Thompson as to the price of board for Mechanics in Raleigh; and having been replied to, he proceeded to inquire the prices of corn and pork in this and other parts of the State. [Much laughter.] He said he wanted all the information he could obtain on the subject, before he would give his vote.

The vote was then taken on Mr. Halsey's motion to locate at Raleigh, and decided in the negative, as follows:

Those who voted for Raleigh are, Messrs. Barnard, Bell, Collins, Drake, Exam, Halsey, Patterson, Rogers, Simaw, and Thompson of Wake—10.

Those who voted against Raleigh are Messrs. Albright, Berry, Bethell, Bower, Conner, Davidson, Faison, Gilmer, Graham, Hester, Joiner, Kendall, Lane, Lillington, Miller, Moye, Reich, Rowland, Shepard, Smith, Speight, Spicer, Thomas of Davidson, Thompson of Bertie, Walker, Ward, Watson, Wiley, Woodfin, and Woodfin—27.

Woodfin moved to insert Greensborough, and sustained his motion by a speech. He was replied to by Mr. Thomas of Davidson, who spoke for Lexington, and then Mr. Gilmer followed for Greensborough. Mr. Woodfin's amendment was rejected—yes 14, no 25.

Before the vote was taken as to Greensborough, Mr. Kendall rose and inquired of Mr. Gilmer if wood was not scarce about that place. [Laughter.] Mr. Gilmer replied in the negative, whereupon Mr. Kendall proceeded to advocate the claims of Lexington.

The question then recurred on locating the Institution at Lexington, and was decided in the affirmative—yes 34, no 18.

And then the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Stowe introduced a bill to amend the 8th section, 10th chapter of the Revised Statutes; which passed its first reading and was referred.

Mr. R. Jones a bill to repeal an act passed at the last session of the General Assembly, entitled "an act to increase the public Revenue," chapter 73; as it relates to a tax on collateral descents or devises; and Mr. Shuford a bill concerning Bail; which were severally read and referred.

Mr. Newsom introduced a bill concerning the Warden of the Poor and Mr. J. M. Taylor a bill for the better organization of County Courts of Nash; which passed their first reading.

Mr. Love a bill to establish a new county by the name of Jackson. Read and referred.

Mr. Long introduced a bill supplemental to an act passed at the present session of the General Assembly, entitled an act to unite the Roanoke Railroad and Seaboard and Railroad Companies, which passed its first reading. On motion of Mr. Long, the bill was read the second and third times, passed, and ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Keban introduced a resolution in favor of the Public Treasury, which passed its first reading, and on motion, was read a second time and laid on the table.

Mr. Keen introduced a Resolution restricting the time of member's speeches to fifteen minutes; which by the rules lies over one day.

Mr. Keban introduced a bill to incorporate the North Carolina Railroad Company; which was read the first time and passed.

Mr. Sturtevant presented a petition of the President and Directors of the High Shoals Manufacturing Company, praying a dismissal of an information filed against the company in the name of the Attorney General; which on his motion, was referred to a select committee of five.

Mr. R. Caldwell introduced a resolution proposing that the two Houses of the General Assembly meet together in June next, for the purpose of devising ways and means to improve the internal condition of the State, and for other purposes; which was read and laid upon the table.

The bill to amend an act concerning obstructions to the passage of fish up the Roanoke and Cashie Rivers, was read a second time and passed.

The Chair announced the order of the day, to wit: The Resolutions reported by the select committee on a substitute for those of Mr. Stanly in relation to Mr. Stanly's motion, which was decided in the negative—yes 44, no 56.

So the House proceeded to consider the resolutions whereupon, Mr. Barringer moved the indefinite postponement of the resolutions, and addressed the House at some length in favor thereof, but subsequently withdrew his motion, when Mr. Stanly moved to amend the 4th resolution by striking out all after the word "Resolved" and inserting the following: "That the enactment of any law by Congress which shall directly or indirectly deprive the citizens of any of the States of their right of emigrating with their slaves property into any of the territories of the United States, and of exercising ownership over the same while in said territories; will be an act of gross injustice and wrong; and that all efforts of the Abolitionists to interfere with slavery either in the District of Columbia or the States, deserve our severest reprobation, and should call forth the earnest and prompt denunciation of the people of the United States; and further resolved, that the enactment of any law by Congress which shall directly or indirectly deprive the citizens of any of the States of the right of emigrating with their slaves property into any of the territories of the United States, and of exercising ownership over the same, while in said territories, will be an act of gross injustice and wrong, and never contemplated by the framers thereof."

Mr. Stanly advocated his amendment to complete the "Mr. Dobbin" replied, opposing the passage of the amendment and in favor of the resolution as reported by the committee; reading those remarks the House took a recess until 3 o'clock P. M.

ETHAN'S SPEECH.

The following bills were read the third time, passed and ordered to be engrossed.

A bill to incorporate Rock Spring Test No. 180, Independent order of Reclusites, in the town of Wilmington, in the county of Johnston; which was read, and passed.

A bill to incorporate the Board of Directors of the Common Schools of Rowan county to invest part of its funds; A bill to establish a Board of Directors for the Deal and Dumb Institution of this State; A bill to repeal the 3d and 4th sections chapter 100 of the Statutes of the Legislature of 1846-47; A bill to amend and consolidate the several Acts heretofore passed in favor of poor Debtors; A bill to amend the 16th Sec. 31st Chap. Revised Statutes, concerning Courts of Equity; A bill to amend the 8th and 3d Sections 86th Chap. Rev. Stat., concerning Patrol; A bill to amend the 19th Sec. 35 Chap. Rev. Stat.; A bill to provide for a better government of the town of Gastonville; A bill to amend the act for the government and regulation of the town of Wilkesboro; A bill to incorporate Plymouth Academy; A bill to incorporate South Creek Land Company; and a bill concerning the Public Roads in Brunswick county.

The following engrossed bills from the Senate were severally read the third time and ordered to be enrolled, viz:

The bill to provide for the settlement of Estates in the hands of Executors and Administrators and for the relief of the same; the bill to establish a Toll Bridge on French Broad river; the bill concerning Registers and Clerks of Masters in Equity; and the engrossed resolution in favor of Thomas Reddick, late Sheriff of Gates county.

The engrossed bill concerning the practice of the law, was read the third time and rejected.

On motion of Mr. Stanly, the House adjourned.

MONS. VATTENAR. This gentleman delivered a highly interesting lecture, in the Commons Hall, on Tuesday evening. His object in coming among us is of the most distinguished character; he is the agent of the French and other Governments of Europe, for effecting an exchange of the Historical Records, and other Literary productions of our country for those of other Nations. He is, for instance, publishes annually or biennially, his legislative Journals, his Governor's Messages, with the accompanying Documents, and his Supreme Court Reports. There are always on hand a number of volumes of these documents, piled away on shelves, serving only as food for moths. In exchange for them, Mr. Vattenaar will give the State as many volumes of the public records of different countries as he will give us 300 volumes of different books, for the same number of the same book.

Besides these public Records, Mr. Vattenaar is anxious to collect whatever pertains to the history of the States; and also, any books that may have been the productions of North Carolinians; for which he will exchange some of the rarest books in his collection, as only to be seen in the largest libraries of Europe.

Besides the Lecture of Mr. V., several gentlemen of our own State, distinguished for talents and attainments, were called out, and spoke with animation and force upon the importance of his mission. We regret that we are unable to give an extract of such of their remarks. Messrs. Rayner, Stanly, Courts, Dobbin, Chief Justice Ruffin, and Judge Strange spoke in succession, to a crowded and intelligent audience, which manifested a lively interest in the object of the meeting.

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Raleigh, Oct. 1848. 728—6m.

\$30 REWARD.

DANAWAY from the Subscriber, on the night of the 22d of December, 1848, an Abolition Agent to the Tailoring Business, by the name of Chas. B. Smith. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with light hair, fair complexion, and rather a sullen countenance. He had on an Invariable Green Frock Coat Striped Casimere Pants, and fancy Muslin vest, which he may probably change, as he had other clothing with him; he has now some 20 years to serve. All persons are forbidden to employ him in this or any other State, in any capacity whatever, under the penalty of the law. I will give the above reward for his apprehension and delivery to me, or for his commitment to jail until I call for him.

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The Washington Union will copy three times, and send it to this office.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE STANDARD.

Washington, January 10, 1848.

The newspapers here yesterday informed you that the committee of fifteen appointed at the meeting of the Southern members, held some time since, on Saturday last selected a committee of five, Calhoun, Clayton, Bayly, King, and Morehead, who are charged with the duty of preparing a report, which, if adopted, will be presented at the report of the whole committee to the next meeting on the 15th instant. I have reason to believe that Clayton will go with Calhoun, Bayly and King, in favor of stringent recommendations in case even the Proviso passes both Houses. Morehead will probably dissent. Their report will be based upon the proposition to admit no slave into the territories of the United States, and of exercising ownership over the same while in said territories; and that all efforts of the Abolitionists to interfere with slavery either in the District of Columbia or the States, deserve our severest reprobation, and should call forth the earnest and prompt denunciation of the people of the United States; and further resolved, that the enactment of any law by Congress which shall directly or indirectly deprive the citizens of any of the States of the right of emigrating with their slaves property into any of the territories of the United States, and of exercising ownership over the same, while in said territories, will be an act of gross injustice and wrong, and never contemplated by the framers thereof.

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NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD.

RALEIGH: PUBLISHED BY R. A. BERRY.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1848.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

It will be seen, by reference to our proceedings, that the bill for the relief and assistance of the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road Company, has passed the Senate and gone to the Commons. It had its first reading in that body on Monday last.

The bill introduced by Mr. Shepard, providing for the repair of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, for a Road to Charlotte, for a Road to Goldsborough, and for other lateral branches, having been up and read by the Senate, on Saturday last Mr. Ashe presented another bill to that body, providing for a Rail Road from Goldsborough, by way of Raleigh to Charlotte. This bill was made the order of the day for yesterday.

A few days since Mr. Mebane introduced into the Commons the above project offered by Mr. Shepard, and rejected by the Senate and on Monday last, when the bill came up, Mr. Ashe's bill, above referred to, was substituted in its place, so that the two Houses will probably be considering the same measure at the same time. No final action has yet been taken by the House upon the application for a Charter for the Danville and Charlotte Road.

The bill to lay off and establish a new county by the name of Watauga, has passed both Houses and became a law. The friends of this measure are much indebted, for its success, to the exertions made in its behalf by Messrs. Bower, Dobbin, and Courts.

The bill to provide for the construction of a Turnpike Road from Salisbury west to the Georgia line, is still before the Commons. It will probably pass into a law in the course of a few days.

On Saturday last the Senate decided, by a large majority, in favor of locating the Lunatic Asylum at Lexington, in Davidson County. The House of Commons, it is thought by many, will disagree to this proposition; and, after all, this Institution will probably be located at the seat of Government.

We are compelled to omit Monday's proceedings. Nothing, however, of general importance was perfected in either House. In the Senate, the bill to amend the Common School Law was taken up, and after having been torn pretty much "all to pieces," by amendments and so on, it was laid upon the table.

In the Commons, on the same day, the bill to establish a Medical Board in this State passed its third reading by the casting vote of the Speaker—Mr. Call Jones, Jr. in the Chair. The same body also rejected, on its second reading, by a vote of 64 to 49, the bill making an appropriation for the improvement of the Cape Fear and Deep Rivers.

The Resolutions reported by Mr. Dobbin, on the subject of Slavery, are still before the Commons; and on Monday last Mr. Shepard introduced the same Resolutions into the Senate. He spoke of the importance of passing them at the earliest moment, and said he was prepared to vote upon them at once. On his motion they were made the order of the day for yesterday, at eleven o'clock.

There is a rumor in town—of the correctness of which, however, we do not vouch—that Mr. Senator Badger has given his friends to understand that if these Resolutions are passed he will resign his seat! Whether this rumor be true or false, the Resolutions will pass; and then we shall see—what we shall see.

No final action has yet been taken in the contested elections from Orange and Surry. The Committee in the former case will doubtless report in the course of a few days. The prevailing impression is that Capt. Berry will retain his seat.

There is much talk among the members in regard to a general session, for the purpose of perfecting some general scheme of Internal Improvements. The indications of public sentiment, in the course of a very few months after the adjournment, will no doubt be of such a character as to enable Gov. Manly to judge correctly as to the propriety of such a step; and, indeed, if nothing should be done with the Raleigh and Gaston Road, and if no efficient measures are adopted to increase the State's income, an extra session will be the next thing to a necessary result.

P. S. We have only room to add, that in the Senate on yesterday, the Resolutions introduced by Mr. Shepard on Monday, on the subject of Slavery, came up for consideration, and were advocated by that gentleman in an able and powerful Speech. On the fourth Resolution, denying to Congress the constitutional power to legislate on the question of Slavery, the vote was, forty-four in the affirmative, and two in the negative—Messrs. Albright and Daniel; and Messrs. Gilmer and Thompson of Bertie declining to vote. The other Resolutions passed unanimously.

On motion of Mr. Bethell, the rules were suspended, and the Resolutions were read a third time and passed.

In the Commons, on yesterday, the vote by which the bill to establish a Medical Board in this State was passed, was re-considered; and then said bill was postponed indefinitely. The Cape Fear and Deep River bill was also re-considered, and laid on the table.

ODD FELLOWS' CELEBRATION.

On Saturday evening last the members of Manteo Lodge, in this City, celebrated their Anniversary in a style at once brilliant and impressive. At six o'clock they assembled at their Hall, on Fayetteville Street, where they were joined by a large number of visiting brethren from other parts of the State; and after regaling themselves; they marched with music, to the Commons Hall, where they were addressed by the Hon. William H. Washington. It is due to the orator to say, that he was indisposed at the time, and had been closely engaged previously in the discharge of his duties as a member of the Senate; but still, under all these discouraging circumstances, he performed the task assigned him in such a manner, as not only to sustain but to add to his reputation as a fine writer and agreeable speaker. After the members returned to their Hall, the thanks of the Lodge were unanimously tendered to Mr. Washington, and a copy of his Address was solicited for publication.

The ceremonies being over, the members of the Lodge and visiting brethren present, adjourned to the City Hall, where they partook of an excellent supper, served up by Messrs. Pepper and Hughes.

CITY ELECTIONS.

On Monday last, that faithful and excellent Officer, William D. Haywood, Esq., was re-elected Mayor of this City, without opposition. The following gentlemen were also elected City Commissioners for the ensuing year:

Eastern Ward, John Hutchins and Mediasa B. Rhyker.

Middle Ward, Geo. W. Haywood, C. B. Root, and William H. H. Tucker.

Western Ward, S. W. Whiting and Wm. W. Holden.

Hinton Franklin was re-elected Constable for Raleigh District, No. 1, and W. H. Paine for District, No. 2.

The President has protracted the Senate until the 6th of March, to act upon such communications as may be laid before it by President Taylor.

MR. STEELE'S RESOLUTIONS AGAIN.

The Resolutions reported by Mr. Dobbin, on behalf of the Select Committee, were put upon their third reading, on Thursday last. Our article last week, giving some account of the proceedings of the House at the time the substitute was reported, seems, in some particulars, to have been exceptional to Mr. Stanly—personally, as doing him the injustice of stating that his position had been so misunderstood by his speeches, and (particularly) in making a party matter of these Resolutions.

With respect to the first point: When these Resolutions were on their second reading, Mr. Stanly did say that he was in favor of some and opposed to others, particularly the fourth; but, if he stated, under what modifications he would vote for that Resolution, or what position he wished this State to assume in regard to this important question—it escaped us. The Honorable member will excuse us for observing, that when the original Resolutions were under discussion, he expressed great regret at their introduction by Mr. Steele; and thought them an unnecessary interference with the regular and appropriate business of the Session; and though he spoke several times on them, he did not vote on any of the sundry amendments, and motions offered by his friends, to embarrass their passage the second reading. If we were not mistaken he declined to vote, and would not vote, under even an order to enforce the rule—Mr. J. M. Leach insisting. The Resolutions were then referred to a Select Committee. They were reported, with an amendment as a substitute for the whole series; and when put upon their second reading, the Honorable member