

Bismarck Daily Tribune.

TWENTIETH YEAR.

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, SATURDAY, JAN. 6, 1900.

FIVE CENTS

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

OFFICERS OF BURLEIGH COUNTY.
Sheriff E. P. Bogue
Treasurer E. H. Sperry
County Judge W. S. Moorhouse
County Clerk John Fort
Clerk of Court Walter Skelton
States Attorney E. S. Allen
Register of Deeds Chas. A. Johnson
Coroner C. D. Edick
Superintendent of Schools C. D. Edick
Surveyor John Harold
Physician C. E. Ballard
County Commissioners—George A. Welsh,
Harvey Harris, Gust W. Johnson
County Board of Health—Dr. W. A. Bentley,
E. S. Pierce, E. H. Fort, Dr. W. A. Bentley,
E. S. Allen.
County Jail—E. H. Fort, Dr. W. A. Bentley,
E. S. Allen.
County Constables—Patrick McHugh, John Hubert, David Williams, Ole Sather.

BISMARCK CITY OFFICIALS.

Mayor Edw. G. Patterson
Clerk Henry W. Richholt
Treasurer S. M. Pyle
Justice J. F. Fort
Attorney E. S. Allen
Aldermen—First ward, John White, M. J. Halloran; Second ward, H. P. Bogue, E. S. Pierce; Third ward, Walter Skelton, J. A. Barnes; Fourth ward, S. D. Rocher, W. H. Sanderson.
Chief of Police P. McHugh
Night Watchman John Hubert
Chief of Fire E. H. Fort
Custodian of Engine P. McHugh
City Surveyor John Harold
Foundmaster John Harold

PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND OFFICES.

School Board—Jos. Hays, Harvey Harris, H. L. Michelson, Louis Larson, James McDonald.
State Officials Offices at Capitol
County Office Courthouse except as herein otherwise indicated.
City Council—regular meetings first and third Tuesdays of each month at city hall; special meetings at call of Mayor.
Chambers of W. H. Winchester, district judge, first National Bank Building.
Office of County Judge Webb Block
Office of District Attorney Webb Block
Office of Mayor Sheridan House
Office of City Treasurer First Nat. Bank
Office of City Clerk City Hall
Office of City Justice Webb Block
Office of County Justice City Hall
Office of Supt. Schools First Nat. Bank
U. S. Land Office First Nat. Bank
U. S. Surveyor General Webb Block
U. S. Court rooms Webb Block
U. S. Commissioner, J. R. Gage, First National Bank Building.
Deputy U. S. Marshal E. G. Patterson
United States Weather Bureau, (and state weather and crop service) B. Bronson, director, government reservation, West Main street.
Postoffice, Agatha G. Patterson, postmaster, Webb Block.
St. Alexius Hospital Main & Sixth Sts.
Acting Assistant U. S. Marine Hospital Surgeon, F. R. Smyth, First Nat. Bank Bldg.
United States Board of Examiners, Examining Surgeons—Dr. G. A. Stark, president; Dr. Ballard, secretary. Board meets the first and third Mondays of each month at the office of Dr. Ballard, First National Bank Building.
Western Union Telegraph office, Main and Fourth streets.
Authorizer, Northern Pacific Surgeons—F. R. Smyth, Bismarck; G. B. Furniss, Manhattan.
Office in charge of construction of new military post, Major E. B. Robertson, U. S. A. Resident engineer, new military post, T. H. Humphreys, Electric Block.
TERMS OF DISTRICT COURT—SIXTH DISTRICT.

MAILS AND TRANSPORTATION.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern via N. P. No. 2—7:30 p. m.
Western via N. P. No. 11—4:45 a. m.
Office hours of postoffice, general delivery, 8 a. m. to 7:30 p. m., daily except Sunday; local delivery from 8 a. m. to 11 p. m., daily. On Sunday the general delivery is open between 1:30 p. m. and 2:30 p. m. General delivery is closed while mail is being distributed after arrival of trains each way.

WEST BOUND.

No. 1—Leaves St. Paul at 10:35 p. m.; Fargo, 6:15 a. m.; Valley City, 7:50 a. m.; Jamestown, 8:55 a. m.; Tappen, 10:22 a. m.; Steele, 10:40 a. m.; Bismarck, 11:45 a. m.; Fargo, 11:52 a. m.; Bismarck, 12:12 p. m.

EAST BOUND.

No. 2—Leaves Mandan, 11:55 a. m.; Bismarck, 12:10 a. m.; Burleigh, 12:30 a. m.; McKenzie, 11:45 a. m.; Saring, 12:55 a. m.; Steele, 1:45 a. m.; Dawson, 2:45 a. m.; Jamestown, 3:45 a. m.; Valley City, 4:45 a. m.; Fargo, 4:50 a. m.; St. Paul, 5 p. m.
Passengers can obtain permits of agent to ride on some way freights each way.

STAGE LINES.

For Fort Yates, way points and connections, including Glencoe, Livona, Campbell, La Grange, Fort Rice, Cannon Ball, Williamsport, Gayton, Hampton, Emmonsburg, Winona and Standing Rock; stage leaves every morning except Sunday; returning leaves Fort Yates at 8 a. m., arriving in Bismarck about 6 p. m.

For Fort Berthold, Coal Harbor, Turtle Lake, Weller, Washburn, Painted Woods, Falconer, Ellsboro, Woodville, and way points; stage leaves every morning except Sunday; returning leaves Fort Berthold every morning, arriving in Bismarck about 5 p. m.

For Slaughter, Conker, Crofts, Cromwell and Francis and way points; stage leaves at 8 a. m. Mondays and Fridays; returning arrives in Bismarck Tuesdays and Saturdays.

MISSOURI RIVER PACKETS.

Benton Transportation Company, I. P. Baker, general superintendent; steamers leave weekly during navigation season for Standing Rock, Fort Yates, Cannon Ball and way points, and to Washburn, Coal Harbor, Mannhaven and up river points, as per special announcement.

WAGON MEAT SUPPLY SHED.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Owing to the withdrawal of the trans-Atlantic liners for use as transports and the consequent non-arrival of American meat, the butchers here have the utmost difficulty procuring supplies and are advancing prices 2 to 3 pence per pound.

ANOTHER SALLY

Boers Unexpectedly Attack British in the Vicinity of Colesberg.

But Are Reported to Have Been Driven Back—A Mafeking Rumor.

Generally Believed Buller Is Making Ready For Another Attack.

RENSBURG, Jan. 4.—Evening.—Colesberg has not yet been occupied. The Boers unexpectedly attacked the British left at daybreak this morning, but were repulsed. They occupied the hills to the north of the town, but were eventually driven out of their positions after an hour's shelling by our guns.

The British loss in today's engagement was light, while the Boers are reported to have lost 100, including 20 prisoners, who were taken by the mounted infantry about midday.

The Boer attackers numbered 1,000 men. The Inniskilling Dragoons cut their way through the Boers, who were forced to retreat by a heavy artillery and musketry fire.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—It is rumored at Cape Town that Colonel Baden-Powell has again defeated the Boers at Mafeking.

BELMONT, Cape Colony, Jan. 5.—Colonel Pilcher's column, with the Douglas refugees, returned to camp this morning.

BULLER TO TRY AGAIN.

General Buller has been reported to have a second attack at Tugela.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—There is still no important news from the front, but the silence which has descended on General Buller's huge force at the Tugela river is believed to be the prelude of another attempt to reach Ladysmith.

In the meanwhile the extraordinary tenacity the Boers are displaying around Colesberg, where they even assume the offensive, tends to detract from the success General French is supposed to have achieved.

The latest news of Colonel Pilcher's raid shows that some of the first accounts considerably exaggerated its effect on the Boers, and their sympathizers. While it is true he successfully drove a couple of hundred rebels from Sunnyside, killing or wounding 30 and capturing 49, Colonel Pilcher's immediate evacuation of Douglas seems to prove that he had information that there was a sufficient number of Boers in the neighborhood to make his position unsafe.

Indeed there is reason to believe that only the dispatch of the cavalry brigade from the Modder river prevented the force of 800 men sent by General Cronje from attacking Colonel Pilcher's column, and as soon as the cavalry returned to the Modder river, General Cronje's troops reoccupied Sunnyside.

According to advices from Sterkstroom the Boers have completely retired from the neighborhood of Moltene, but General Gatacre does not appear to have pursued them, as the reinforcements from Sterkstroom have returned there.

A Mafeking dispatch just received, but dated Dec. 26, confirms the report of the British sortie from that place which was first announced from Pretoria Dec. 30. The Mafeking dispatch says:

"There was a sortie today with a view of capturing the Boer earthworks, but it was unsuccessful. The works were crowded with Boers, who expected the assault, and a hail of bullets forced the British to retire, killing and wounding a number. The British storming party numbered 80 men, of which number 21 were killed and 38 wounded."

Ordered Cargo to Be Warehoused.
LONDON, Jan. 6.—A dispatch from Cape Town says the prize court has released the British schooner Mashona, captured by the British gunboat Partridge, early in December, with American flour said to be intended for the Boers, on board, but ordered her cargo to be warehoused, pending trial of the case.

Every White Man a Burgher.
CAPE TOWN, Jan. 6.—Intelligence has been received here from the Free State to the effect that President Steyn has issued a proclamation declaring that every white man, irrespective of nationality, is to be considered a burgher and is liable to be compelled to fight for the defense of the country.

British Columbia Offers Troops.
VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 6.—The provincial legislature opened here during the afternoon. The first business to come before the body was a motion by the premier, seconded by the leader of the opposition, offering to the Canadian ministry a mounted troop fully equipped for service in South Africa.

Going to Help the Boers.
BUTTE, Mon., Jan. 6.—Two hundred

and sixty men have signed an agreement here to go to South Africa and serve in the Boer army. They are Irish-Americans, German-Americans and French-Americans. They will leave as soon as an agent of the Transvaal, now on his way, arrives here.

High Sheriff Arrested.
CAPE TOWN, Jan. 6.—The Transvaal's high sheriff, Juts, while attempting to sail for Delagoa Bay, was arrested here. He was subsequently paroled.

More Militia Called For.
LONDON, Jan. 6.—An army order has been issued directing the embodiment of 16 additional battalions of militia.

KAISER AROUSED.

Reported Seizure of German Vessels by the British Too Much For Him.
BERLIN, Jan. 6.—The seizure of the Imperial mail steamer General has considerably aggravated the situation here and the indignation against England is intensified. The government is still earnestly endeavoring to preserve correct official relations, but England will do well to hasten to make the amende honorable to Germany.

An absolutely reliable authority the correspondent of the Associated Press learns that Emperor William is now thoroughly aroused by the repeated seizures of vessels, not one of which, he has been assured, is guilty of carrying contraband of war. He regards the seizures as highlanded proceedings which England would not have dared to undertake if the German navy were more powerful than it is.

Not Due to a Blunder.
His majesty is said to be particularly incensed because information has reached him showing that the seizures were not due to the blundering of British naval officers, but to strict orders from headquarters which the officers are merely carrying out. He has, therefore, instructed Count von Buelow, the foreign minister, to demand exact and full reparation for the outrage done to the German flag.

No answer that is considered satisfactory has yet been received from London and according to advices here none is to be expected for several days longer. The latest news, however, induced the German government to send another and more strongly worded protest to London. The German press without exception thunders against England.

MEASURE OF PATIENCE FULL.

German Newspapers Protest Against British Seizures.
NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A dispatch to The Herald from Berlin quotes the Berliner Tageblatt as saying:

"The measure of patience of the German nation is full. Does England want to drive Germany violently into the arms of the Russo-French coalition?"

The Lokal Anzeiger says: "England has always carried out a ruthless maritime policy, and England, whenever her interests have demanded it, has always violated the rights of others."

NEW ORLEANS, JAN. 6.—

The steamer Matin cleared during the day for Cape Town, South Africa, with 900 males, completing her cargo with food stuffs, all as per the British government.

FRENCHMEN WHIPPED.

Ignominiously Routed in a Battle With Natives in Southern China.
VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 6.—According to news received from the Orient by the steamer Queen Adelaide the troops of France have been ignominiously routed with a loss of 30 killed in a battle with natives of the province of Quang Tung, in South China, where for some time there has been trouble over the delimitation of the Chinese-French frontier. In a battle before this last encounter 100 Chinese were reported to have been killed. Because of this attack, together with the killing of two French officers by Chinese while engaged in surveying, the French shelled the village and captured a Chinese warship. Soon after this affair Marshal Su arrived at Kwang Chow bay bearing orders to uphold the Chinese rights.

The story of this last battle is translated from The Chnn Ngoi San Po by the Hong Kong Daily Press. The native paper says it has received news from its Canton correspondent that a battle took place

Near the Kwang Tung Boundary on Nov. 10 and 11. The French were moving forward, seemingly on a reconnaissance, when the natives were encountered. On sighting the French the natives at once moved forward and gave battle. The French were obliged to retire and, seeing their advantage, the natives continued to press forward with the result that the French fled, followed by the Chinese, who pursued them to a great distance. The French loss is given as 30 killed. The majority were killed in action, although some who were left wounded on the field were dispatched by the victorious Chinese. The native loss is not given.

On hearing of the affair on the 14th the viceroys of the province dispatched three gunboats with 1,000 regular troops under command of a military officer, Med Yi Tun.

QUAY OUT OF IT

Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, by a Vote of Four to Three,

Decides to Report That He Is Not Entitled to a Seat in the Senate.

Hearing of the Charges of Bribery Against Clark of Montana Begun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The senate committee on privileges and elections decided by a vote of four to three to make an adverse report upon the resolution to seat Senator Quay. The resolution was as follows:

"Resolved, that Matthew S. Quay be admitted as a senator from the state of Pennsylvania, in accordance with his appointment, made on April 19, 1899, by the governor of said state."

The members of the committee voting for the resolution were Senators Chandler, Hoar and McComas, and those opposing Senators Burrows, Caffery, Pettus and Harris. Senators Turley and Pritchard were paired, the latter for and the former against the resolution.

No definite time was set for the presentation of the committee's report to the senate. The minority will also present a report and the understanding is that the minority shall be notified by the majority when it is ready to put in its report. Senator Burrows, the only Republican on the committee who voted against the resolution will prepare the report of the majority and Senator Hoar that of the minority.

THE CLARK CASE ON.

Senate Committee Begins Investigating Bribery Charges.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The senate committee on privileges and elections began its investigation of charges of bribery made in connection with the election of Senator Clark of Montana. The proceedings were begun by arguments from counsel on both sides. Mr. Clark himself was present with his counsel, Former Senator Faulkner of West Virginia. Senator Edmunds appeared as leading counsel for the complainants, making the first statement in support of the memorial presented against Mr. Clark. He said the complainants expected to be able to prove all the charges made and to show that Mr. Clark's election was obtained by the liberal use of money, and that large sums of money were furnished to this end by Clark. He believed that the expenditure could be traced to Mr. Clark with due effort on the part of the committee. He said he and his associates would ask to have a good many witnesses summoned.

Mr. Edmunds also said that the complainants expected to prove all the charges made, and in doing so would enter quite thoroughly into the White-side libel case, showing that when Senator Clark had an opportunity to appear in court he had refused to answer any material questions.

Ex-Senator Faulkner made the formal statement on behalf of Mr. Clark. He reviewed the politics of Montana, referring to the "Daly gang and the Clark faction" in the Democratic politics of the state. It was, he said, an acknowledged fact that opponents of Mr. Clark in the state had determined to prevent his political preferment regardless of all the proprieties. It would be shown that notwithstanding that charges were made of bribery against some 50 persons, including 38 members of the legislature, there had been no proceedings against any of the men thus involved in any of the Montana courts. This was evidence that the present proceeding was not sustained by public sentiment.

Released on \$50,000 Bail.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—Charles H. Cole, former president of the Globe National bank, who is charged with misappropriating funds of that institution, arrived in this city at 5:15 p. m. and was at once taken before a United States commissioner. Bail was fixed at \$50,000, which was furnished and the prisoner released.

Special Delivery Mail.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Third Assistant Postmaster General Hadden has issued an order reminding postmasters of the requirement of the law for delivering special delivery mail matter, calling attention to the necessity of more diligence and promptness.

Passengers Escape Injury.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 6.—For the third time since the street car men's strike was inaugurated dynamite was resorted to during the evening, being placed on the street car track and exploded beneath a car containing 13 passengers. No one was injured but the car was badly wrecked.

CHINA'S OPEN DOOR.

Secretary Wilson Comments on the Advantages We Gain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Secretary Wilson in an interview emphasized the great commercial significance of the "open door" concert of the powers respecting China. Responding to an inquiry, he said that but for this action the United States would have been shut out from trade advantages in any province which other nations might see fit to take possession of. He said:

"Anything produced in the United States will now permanently find its way to all parts of the Celestial empire. Our trade relations there in the future are secured. Not of the least importance is the fact that the permanency of the cotton market in China is secured. The trade in cotton goods has been very heavy in Manchuria and other northern provinces. Our interests generally, our dairy, poultry, and other products from the farms of the United States now have assurances of permanent markets in all the provinces throughout the Chinese empire where such things are in demand, and this demand is growing and will continue to grow.

"The work of Secretary Hay in this regard supplements and complements the work of our army and navy. A year ago no nation would have listened to a proposition of this kind, but the whole world listens to the United States now. The 'white man's burden' came with the islands. Secretary Hay's work brings the reward for lifting the burden. Some idea of the vastness of the interests involved may be gained in the fact that while ten years ago our exports from the Pacific coast to all countries aggregated \$26,000,000, and five years ago \$42,000,000, the steady increase in Pacific coast exports has raised the aggregate to \$73,000,000 a year ago."

TRAINMEN WITHDREW.

Federation of American Railway Employees Will Likely Be Disrupted.
CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—A special to The Tribune from Cleveland, O., says the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen has given notice of withdrawal from the Federation of American Railway Employees. The withdrawal of the Trainmen, it is said, will disband the Federation, as other organizations have grievances which they have been unable to settle with roads because of the failure of the Federation to unanimously sanction strikes, as is required by the rules of the order.

It is declared the firemen and telegraphers have grievances in the East which are serious, and that there may be a general disturbance as a result of the withdrawals, which are effective Jan. 15. The executive officers held a meeting in Chicago Jan. 3, at which this course was made necessary by a disagreement.

The American Federation is composed of the following organizations: The Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

It is stated that another federation will be formed composed of three of the organizations which have acted in alliance and along progressive lines. It is said the action taken at Chicago will cause a stir among railway men throughout America.

VOTE WILL BE CLOSE.

Gear and Cummins Men Now Make Modest Claims.
DES MOINES, Jan. 6.—Representative Kerr of Grundy county has announced himself for Cummins for senator and Eaton for speaker. Representative Kimball of Marshall county announced himself for Eaton for speaker. This assures the Cummins people four votes in the Fifth district, which has been claimed to be solid for Gear.

The fight is recognized on all sides to be closer than at any previous time. Both Gear and Cummins, candidates for senator, claim the election of a speaker and neither claim a majority of more than a half dozen votes. Most of the legislators are now here.

IBEX ON A ROCK.

British Steamer Sinks Off Guernsey. Passengers All Saved.
LONDON, Jan. 6.—The Great Western line mail steamer Ibez struck on Black Rock, off St. Sampson's, Island of Guernsey, at 6 o'clock a. m. and sank. The crash awoke the passengers, numbering 32 persons, who, rushing on deck, found the vessel slowly sinking. The boats were launched within 10 minutes after the steamer struck, and there was no panic. All the passengers were saved, but a sailor was drowned. All on board the Ibez behaved with the greatest courage and the captain was last to leave the ship.

Result of a Pinte Quarrel.

PINEYVILLE, Or., Jan. 6.—As a result of a drunken quarrel at a Pinte Indian camp, Matthew Wewa killed his wife, Happie, fatally wounded his brother Charlie and two squaws named Tyler and Susie, and killed himself.

Judge Granger to Retire.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 6.—A statement was issued by Judge Charles T. Granger of the supreme court, that he will not be a candidate for re-election. He has served in Iowa for 22 years consecutively.

Steamer Rio Maru Wrecked.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 6.—The steamer Queen Adelaide brings news that the steamer Rio Maru was wrecked off Omepe. She struck a submerged rock and soon afterwards foundered.

ALL RELEASED

Colonels Hare and Howse Bring to Vigan All American Prisoners

Heretofore Held by the Filipinos, Including Lieutenant Gilmore.

Otis Says Affairs in Luzon North of Manila Are Greatly Improved

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The war department has received the following dispatch from General Otis:

"Colonels Hare and Howse just arrived at Vigan, Northeast Luzon, with all American prisoners. Their successful pursuit a remarkable achievement. Generals Schwan and Wheaton now with separate columns in Cavite province. Affairs in Luzon north of Manila greatly improved."

MANILA, Jan. 6.—5 p. m.—Colonel Luther R. Hare of the Thirty-third infantry and Lieutenant Colonel Robert L. Howse of the Thirty-fourth infantry, with all the American prisoners, including Lieutenant Gilmore, have arrived at Vigan, province of South Ilocos.

TOOK ANOTHER ISLAND.

American Flag Raised Over Sibutu, North of Borneo.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The United States navy has taken possession of another island in the East. The news of the seizure was contained in the following dispatch from Admiral Watson:

"On Dec. 21, Wentzbaugh, commanding the Albay (a little gunboat), hoisted the flag on Sibutu island, and the chief Dato provided and raised the pole. Natives and North Borneo authorities pleased."

The island lies at the southwestern angle of the boundary line of the quadrangle enclosing the Philippine group. It is probably, but not positively outside of the line, and lies very near the coast of Borneo, commanding the principal channel between that island and the Philippines. The sultan of Jolo, whose group is close to this island, is believed to claim jurisdiction of it, and as his authority is recognized by the native tribes on the north coast of Borneo and vicinity, it is believed that his claim is well founded. It was probably at his instance that the naval officer commanding the gunboat moved.

NEARLY ALL ON HAND.

Otis Now Has Over Sixty-two Thousand Men in the Philippines.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—With the arrival at Manila of the transport Grant, which left San Francisco on the 24th ult. with the Forty-eighth volunteer infantry (colored), General Otis will have command of an effective force of about 65,000 men. The army now in the Philippines aggregates 62,500 men, of which 31,000 are regular troops and 31,500 are volunteers. With the arrival of the Grant the entire volunteer strength of 34,000 men will be in the Philippines. This includes the Forty-eighth volunteer infantry, as already stated, and the Forty-first volunteer infantry, which left New York on the transport Logan on Nov. 20 and is expected to arrive at Manila early next week. It is expected that General Otis will utilize his forces so far as possible in garrisoning the principal cities of the archipelago in the preservation of peace and good order and in the maintenance of free and full commercial intercourse with the islands, pending the establishment of a permanent form of government in the Philippines.

DEMOCRATS LUCKY.

Secure Big Majorities on Committees Hearing Kentucky Contests.
FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 6.—The joint legislative committees which sit in the contest for governor and lieutenant governor have been drawn by lot as provided by law. A lucky star presided over the destinies of the Democrats, as the drawing resulted in giving them 10 out of the 11 members of the committee on governor's contest and 9 out of 11 on the lieutenant governor's contest.

In the drawing over the formation of the legislative contest election committees the representatives were more evenly divided. In the senate the Republicans got only a majority on 1 out of the 11 committees, while in the house they got majorities on 10 out of the 11 committees.

Boiler Explosion Kills Three.

ANNA, Ills., Jan. 6.—A boiler in Charles Stubb's saw mill, eight miles north of here exploded and killed three persons and injured another. The dead are: John Adams, engineer; Matt McGinnis and Nelson McGinnis. M. H. Toule had his head crushed and he will probably die.

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