

# Bismarck Daily Tribune.

TWENTIETH YEAR.

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 11, 1900.

FIVE CENTS

## LOCAL DIRECTORY.

**OFFICERS OF BURLEIGH COUNTY.**  
Sheriff..... H. P. Bogue  
Treasurer..... E. H. Sperry  
Auditor..... W. S. Moorhouse  
County Judge..... John Fort  
Clerk of Court..... Walter S. Egan  
Supervisor of Schools..... C. D. Elick  
State Attorney..... E. S. Allen  
Register of Deeds..... Chas. A. Johnson  
Coroner..... John Clark  
Superintendent of Public Works..... George A. Ballard  
Physician..... C. A. Ballard  
County Commissioner..... George A. Ballard  
County Board of Health..... Dr. W. A. Bentley, E. S. Allen, Dr. W. A. Bentley, E. S. Allen.  
County Justices..... Edgar Tibbals, Edward Rawlings, Elvin Wood, John Clark, County Constable..... Patrick McHugh, John Hubert, David Williams, Ole Sather.

## BISMARCK CITY OFFICIALS.

Mayor..... Edw. G. Patterson  
Clerk..... Henry W. Richholt  
Treasurer..... J. F. Fort  
Justice..... J. F. Fort  
Attorney..... E. S. Allen  
Alderman—First ward, John H. Bogue, B. S. Pierce; Second ward, Walter Skelton, J. A. Barnes; Fourth ward, S. D. Rohrer, W. H. Sanderson, F. Fort, Dr. W. A. Bentley, E. S. Allen.  
County Justices—Edgar Tibbals, Edward Rawlings, Elvin Wood, John Clark, County Constable..... Patrick McHugh, John Hubert, David Williams, Ole Sather.

## PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND OFFICERS.

School Board—Jos. Hare, Harvey Harris, H. L. Michelson, Louis Larson, James McDonald.  
State Officials..... Offices at Capitol  
City Officials—offices at courthouse except as herein otherwise indicated.  
City Council—regular meetings first and third Tuesdays of each month at city hall.  
Chambers of W. H. Winchester, District Judge, First National Bank Building.  
Office of County Judge..... Webb Block  
Office of State Attorney..... Webb Block  
Office of Mayor..... Sheridan House  
Office of City Treasurer..... First Nat. Bank  
Office of City Clerk..... City Hall  
Office of City Justice..... Webb Block  
Office of County Justice..... E. H. Franson  
Office of Supt. Schools..... First Nat. Bank Bldg.  
U. S. Land Office..... First Nat. Bank Bldg.  
U. S. Surveyor General..... Webb Block  
U. S. Court Room..... Webb Block  
U. S. Commissioner, J. R. Gage, First National Bank Bldg.  
Deputy U. S. Marshal..... E. G. Patterson  
United States Weather Bureau, (and state weather and crop service)..... B. H. Franson, director, government reservation, West Main street.  
Postoffice, Agatha G. Patterson, postmaster, Webb Block.  
St. Alexius Hospital..... Main & Sixth Sts.  
Acting Assistant U. S. Marine Hospital Surgeon, F. R. Smyth, First Nat. Bank Bldg.  
United States Board of Pension Examining Surgeons—Dr. A. S. Stark, president, Dr. Ballard, secretary. Board meets the first and third Mondays of each month at the office of Dr. Ballard, First National Bank Bldg.  
Western Union Telegraph office, Main and Fourth streets.  
Authorized, Western Pacific Surveys—F. R. Smyth, Bismarck; G. B. Furness, Mandan.  
Office in charge of construction of new military post, Major E. B. Bertram, U. S. Resident engineer, new military post, T. H. Humphreys, Bismarck Bank block.

## TERMS OF DISTRICT COURT—SIXTH DISTRICT.

First Subdivision—At Bismarck, third Tuesday in May and fourth Tuesday in November.  
Second Subdivision—At Medora, Billings County; two terms, at such times as judge shall direct.  
Third Subdivision—At Williamsport, Emmons County; two terms, at such times as the judge shall direct.  
Fourth Subdivision—At Steele, Kidder County; third Tuesday in June and second Tuesday in January.  
Fifth Subdivision—At Stanton, Mercer County; two terms, at such times as the judge shall direct.  
Sixth Subdivision—At Washburn, McLean County; two terms, at such times as the judge shall direct.  
Seventh Subdivision—At Mandan, Morton County; third Tuesday in April and first Wednesday after the first Monday in November.  
Eighth Subdivision—At Sanger, Oliver County; two terms, at such times as the judge shall direct.  
Ninth Subdivision—At Dickinson, Stark County; first Tuesday in April and second Tuesday in September.  
Hon. W. H. Winchester, Judge; chambers in First National Bank Bldg.  
R. M. Tuttle, Stenographer.

## MAILS AND TRANSPORTATION.

### MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern via N. P. No. 2-7:30 p. m.  
Western via N. P. No. 1-11:45 a. m.  
Office hours of postoffice, general delivery, 8 a. m. to 7:30 p. m., daily except Sunday; box delivery from 7 a. m. to 11 p. m., daily. On Sunday the general delivery is open between 1:30 p. m. and 2:30 p. m. General delivery is closed while mail is being distributed after arrival of trains each way.

### WEST BOUND.

No. 1—Leaves St. Paul at 10:35 p. m.; Fargo, 8:15 a. m.; Valley City, 7:20 a. m.; Jamestown, 6:58 a. m.; Tappen, 10:22; Dawson, 10:30; Steele, 10:49; McKenzie, 11:45; Burleigh, 11:55 a. m.; Bismarck, 12:10 p. m.

### EAST BOUND.

No. 2—Leaves Mandan, 11:55 a. m.; Bismarck, 12:10 a. m.; Burleigh, 12:35 a. m.; McKenzie, 11:43 a. m.; Steele, 12:53 a. m.; Steele, 1:43 a. m.; Dawson, 1:55 a. m.; Jamestown, 3:45 a. m.; Valley City, 4:45 a. m.; Fargo, 4:50 a. m.; St. Paul, 3 p. m.

Passengers can obtain permits of agent to ride on some way freights each way.

### STAGE LINES.

For Fort Yates, way points and connections, including Glendoc, Livona, Campbell, La. Grace, Fort Rice, Cannon Ball, Williamsport, Gayton, Hampton, Emmonsburg, Winona and Standing Rock; stages leaves every morning except Sunday; returning leaves Fort Yates at 7 a. m., arriving in Bismarck about 6 p. m.

For Fort Berthold, Coal Harbor, Turtle Lake, Weller, Washburn, Painted Woods, Falconer, Elbow Woods, and way points, stage leaves every morning except Sunday; returning leaves Berthold every morning, arriving in Bismarck about 5 p. m.

For Slaughter, Conger, Crofte, Cromwell and Francis, and way points, stage leaves at 8 a. m. Mondays and Fridays; returning arrives in Bismarck Tuesdays and Saturdays.

### MISSOURI RIVER PACKETS.

Benito Transportation Company, L. P. Baker, general superintendent; steamers leave weekly during navigation season for Standing Rock, Fort Yates, Cannon Ball and way points, and to Washburn, Coal Harbor, Mannheim and up river points, as per special announcement.

Signed by Mayor Van Wyck.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Mayor Van Wyck has signed the resolution of sympathy with the people of the Transvaal in their struggle with Great Britain adopted by the assembly.

## FLOUR RELEASED

**Ambassador Choate Has an Interview With the Marquis of Salisbury, and Receives a Verbal Reply to Representations of This Government.**

## Food Stuffs Not Contraband of War Unless Intended for the Enemy.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The American flour seized off Delagoa Bay has been released. United States Ambassador Choate had an interview with the Marquis of Salisbury and received a verbal reply to the representations of the Washington government. The British note on this subject was sent later to the United States embassy. The gist of it was cabled to Washington. In brief, food stuffs are not contraband of war, unless intended for the enemy.

## TORRENT OF COMMENT.

### Flight in South Africa Overshadowed by the Storm at Home.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The plight of British arms in South Africa is overshadowed for the present by the storm which is bursting over the head of the home government. The Manchester speeches of Mr. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons, has loosened such a torrent of comment from the press and individuals of his own party that were parliament to reassemble today, it is doubtful if the Conservatives would retain power, in spite of their tremendous majority of the past session. The pent-up dissatisfaction with the government's lack of energy in waging the war is no longer concealed. When such ardent Conservative papers as The Times and Globe come out boldly with reproof, there is no knowing where the agitation will end. The provincial press has already taken up the cry. For the moment, Mr. Balfour is the scapegoat, but there is a terrible rod in pickle for the Marquis of Lansdowne, while Lord Salisbury and other cabinet ministers will not escape unless a wonderful change comes over the war situation.

### See No Way to Help It.

A reporter of the Associated Press learns that the Conservative leaders privately admit the gravity of their position, but fail to see what can be done. In the meanwhile the successes in the field will abate the popular clamor. Some of the Conservative papers go so far as to regret the extreme age of the cabinet ministers and refer to the cabinet as a body of patriarchs. Under these circumstances it is doubtful whether events transpiring before the reassembling of parliament would be powerful enough to restore confidence in the government and maintain its majority. There is the important alternative that Lord Lansdowne or Lord Wolsley may be sacrificed. A representative of the Associated Press learns that Lord Wolsley's appointment to the chief command of the British troops in South Africa, but allowed his disapproval to be generally known. It is the fact that Lord Wolsley knew nothing of the government's intention in this respect until he saw the announcement of the appointment in the newspapers. Whatever ensues, the future will doubtless see attacks on the government such as Lord Salisbury has not had to withstand during all the course of his political career.

### Authorized Loan About Exhausted.

The borrowing powers conferred on the government at the last session of parliament are almost exhausted. About seven and a half out of the eight millions of treasury bills authorized have already been issued. The large revenues coming in will, however, probably furnish ample funds until parliament meets.

There is a singular dearth of news from all parts of the theater of war. General French supplements his advices of Tuesday by reporting that Captain Ricardo and four troopers of the Life Guards are missing, showing that his reconnoitering party met with opposition. General Gatacre dispatched a strong force Monday, Jan. 8, to reconnoiter Stormberg, which the Boers were reported to have evacuated. The British found the burghers strongly entrenched and returned to Sterkstroom. The sailors and firemen's union of Glasgow is trying to block the sailing of the transport City of Rome, by demanding an increase of wages.

## NOTHING FROM THE FRONT.

War Office Censorship More Strict Than Ever.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The war office has not contributed the least article since

to what is taking place in Natal since Sunday. Neither has it allowed the dispatches of correspondents to get through. Consequently the facts of the situation are replaced by conjecture and the impatience of the public pours itself into a discussion of the conduct of the war—of what might have been done or ought not to be done. The critics range up and down the entire field of war transactions, finding fault especially with the lack of transports for the troops who are ready to depart and with the concealment of news, averring the censorship in South Africa embraces the mails; that the reports of correspondents are being mutilated and entire letters suppressed.

## YOUNG HAY NOT WANTED.

Said Kruger Will Inform Him He Is Persona Non Grata.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—A Washington special to The Chronicle says: When young Adelbert Hay, son of the secretary of state, reaches Pretoria to assume charge of the United States consulate at the capital of the South African Republic he will be informed by President Kruger that he is persona



ADELBERT S. HAY.

non grata and that he is at liberty to return to Washington at his own convenience.

This news is vouched for by an authority so high that it is received with credence wherever it has been told. At the state department no denial of it is vouchsafed, but the statement that it was conceived by persons hostile to the administration is given out.

President Kruger's objection to Hay is said to be based upon the pro-English sympathies of his father, the secretary of state, frequently expressed in public while he was ambassador to Great Britain and exhibited since the beginning of the Boer war by his failure to prevent the English government obtaining unlimited supplies of arms and ammunition from manufacturers and dealers in this country.

Another objection that is said will be urged against the young man is his conduct in spending nearly two weeks in London hobnobbing with British officials, receiving secret messages for British prisoners at Pretoria, and otherwise betraying his own sympathy for the British arms.

President Kruger is known to be in possession of detailed information about young Hay's attitude toward the Transvaal, what he said about the merits of the war, as he understood them, and what he did and whom he saw in London before he left the British capital for South Africa.

The old Boer statesman is said to have a keen appreciation of the possible effect of the step he contemplates taking, but he is nevertheless determined to take it. He understands that he will excite the anger and hostility of Secretary Hay, but he believes that he is standing upon his rights.

Friends of President Kruger in Washington admit that the ignoring of young Hay will undoubtedly be made a pretext by Secretary Hay for a more positive stand than the secretary of state has dared to assume. Indications during the past two days have shown that there is a strong disposition on the part of the state department to resent the attitude of President Kruger toward Consul Hollis and the British prisoners.

### An Old Flour Mill Burned.

WINONA, Minn., Jan. 11.—The Eagle flour mill, above Fountain City, the oldest flour mill in this section of the country, having been built early in the 60's was burned, and is a total loss.

### Higher Price For White Pine.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Jan. 11.—Another mark-up in the price of white pine lumber has been ordered by the manufacturers. It varies 50 cents throughout the white pine district, covering the entire Northwest.

### Sustained the Oleomargarine Law.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—Judge Adams, in the United States circuit court, in deciding the case of C. Scheidlin, a commission man fined for violating the Missouri statute pertaining to oleomargarine, sustained the state law.

### White Pine Lumber Advanced.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Jan. 11.—Another mark-up in price of white pine lumber has been ordered by manufacturers. It varies 50 cents throughout the entire white pine district, covering the entire Northwest.

## GAGE EXPLAINS

**Secretary of the Treasury Replies to the Resolutions of Congress**

**Asking For Information in Regard to Deposits in National Banks.**

**Done to Avoid Business Disturbances by the Piling Up of Money.**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Secretary Gage has sent to congress his replies to resolutions recently introduced in the senate by Mr. Allen of Nebraska, and in the house by Mr. Sulzer of New York. The text of his reply, which is an exhaustive exposition of the management of that branch of the treasury finances under his administration, relating to national bank depositories, contains about 9,000 words, which is supplemented by special reports from department officials relative to special inquiries in the resolutions, including copies of over 1,000 letters on the subject under consideration. In summing up his reply to the inquiries the secretary says:

First—That the reason for utilizing national banks as depositories for public moneys, as authorized by law, when the receipts of the treasury were exceeding expenditures, has been to avoid disturbance to business which the withdrawal of large sums of money from active circulation to the treasury vaults must inevitably cause. The policy thus pursued by me has been the established policy of the government for many years and a departure from it under similar conditions would certainly cause disastrous results.

Second—The reason for directing the internal revenue receipts into depository banks at this time is that the revenues are now largely exceeding disbursements from month to month, and seem likely to do so for an indefinite time. This condition will be a menace to the business world if assurance were not given that this surplus would be diverted from the treasury vaults to public depositories where, while secure to the government, it would remain available to business use.

Third—The reason for directing all of the internal revenue receipts to one depository was that it is more convenient to first collect the receipts of the numerous offices into one place, and to make the desired distribution from it, than to give new instructions daily to 118 collectors. The most convenient agency to effect such distribution is a bank which is a member of a New York clearing house.

Fourth—The reason for selecting the National City bank as such distributing agent was that at the time the order was issued, it was one of but two banks which had offered bonds sufficient to cover the amount of the daily deposit. Its bond deposit was \$4,000,000 and that of the Hanover National bank \$1,950,000. The National City bank was, therefore, the one most naturally chosen. Of the 68 banks applying for a share of the deposits, the National City bank, the Hanover National and three other applicants for over \$500,000 each, are the only ones out of the 68 constituting group one, which have not been supplied the full amount for which they had offered security.

Fifth—The custom house property was sold to the National City bank as the highest bidder on July 3, 1899. Under the terms of the sale it had the option of paying in cash all of the purchase money at any time, or any part it might elect above \$750,000, which sum it was absolutely obliged to pay. It exercised this option by choosing to pay \$3,215,000, leaving \$50,000 yet due. No deed will be executed until full payment has been made. The payment received was turned into the treasury by deposit in the National City bank, it having been the established custom of the treasury officials, under the counsel of their legal advisers, supported by decisions of the supreme court, to consider moneys on deposit to the credit of the treasurer of the United States, in designated depositories, as moneys in the treasury. This deposit was made in a depository bank for the same reason that other deposits have been made in them: Because to withdraw the currency into the vaults of the treasury, where it was not needed and could not be utilized, would have required a withdrawal of credit that was being extended in commercial circles, and to that extent a disturbance of the natural order of business would have followed. To have required its payment by the National City bank to another designated depository, would have been an ungracious discrimination without substantially changing the fact.

Finally, under my administration of the treasury department, no discrimination in favor of one bank against another has been made. Generally speaking, when an increase in depository banks was desired, all have been invited to qualify themselves for re-

ceiving such money, and have been equally and equitably considered in their respective relations to the treasury."

## TRIBUTE TO HOBART.

Senate Devotes the Session to Tribute to His Memory.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Aside from the presentation of the report of Secretary Gage and the introduction of a few resolutions the senate session was devoted to paying tribute to the memory of Vice President Hobart. Senators Sewall of New Jersey, Daniel of West Virginia, Lodge of Massachusetts and Depew of New York were the principal speakers.

## MINORITY CAUCUS.

House Democrats Meet and Discuss the Future Policy of the Party.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A well attended caucus of the Democratic members of the house of representatives was held during the evening. Mr. Newlands of Nevada, Silverite, was present by invitation of Mr. Richardson, the Democratic floor leader, for the purpose of presenting a plan for united action by all of the elements opposed to the Republican organization. The actual business transacted by the caucus was confined to the adoption of a resolution for the appointment of the usual committee of one member from each state to look after congressional elections.

Mr. Newlands spoke at considerable length regarding the unification of the elements opposed to the political party now in power. In particular he suggested an advisory committee of one member from each of the states, the choice to be made from Democrats, Populists, Silver Republicans, Silver Independents, and, in fact, all the elements

Opposing the Republican Party. The purpose of this committee, it was explained, would be to formulate a policy on the more important public questions and thus secure the advantage of united action. Full consideration of the subject and action will be taken at some future time.

The chief interest of the evening centered in a resolution offered by Representative Robertson of Louisiana with a view to securing a "steering committee" which would have the power to formulate the Democratic policy on important questions of legislation, this to be binding on members of the party.

Mr. Robertson's resolution met with considerable favor, but some of the influential members urged him not to press the matter for the present and he consented to withdraw the resolution until later.

## ROOT NOT A CANDIDATE.

Secretary of War Says He Does Not Want the Vice Presidency.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 11.—Henry C. Payne, national Republican committee man of Wisconsin, is in receipt of a letter from the Hon. Elihu Root, secretary of war, in which Mr. Root states that he is not and will not be a candidate for the office of vice president.

Candidacy for the vice presidency would soon compel his retirement from his present portfolio. This would necessitate another head to the bureau, who would consume as much time as Mr. Root has himself taken to familiarize himself with existing conditions. Mr. Root has therefore determined that duty calls him to remain in his present position, and not to become a candidate for another office, and there is reason to believe that the president concurs in this view of the secretary's duty.

## BUSY DAY FOR BRYAN.

Met Many Political Organizations and Attended the Jackson Day Banquet.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 11.—W. J. Bryan arrived at Minneapolis about 8 o'clock and after breakfast at the West hotel, met the Democratic state central committee. At noon he greeted a large number of prominent Democrats of the state and at 1 o'clock visited the rooms of the Commercial club. At 3 he addressed the Reform Press association and the Anti-Imperialists and at 4 met the Woman's Bimetallic League. At 7 Mr. Bryan addressed the mass meeting at the Exposition building, and at 8 attended the Jackson Day banquet at the West hotel.

At the banquet Mayor James Gray acted as toastmaster. William Baldwin delivered an address of welcome. The speakers scheduled were Governor John Lind, T. D. O'Brien, Humphrey Barton, T. E. Ryan, Charles A. Towne and W. J. Bryan.

### British Sailors Killed and Eaten.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Mail advices from New Britain report the massacre of the captain and crew of 15 men, belonging to the British schooner Nukumanua, of South Wales, while trading among the Admiralty islands. Only three boys escaped. The natives after murdering the sailors inaugurated a feast ashore and ate their victims.

### All the Children Escaped.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Newark City Home, an asylum for children at Verona, N. J., was burned during the night, involving a loss of about \$100,000. Three hundred inmates were gotten out in safety.

### Released the Heroine.

DURBAN, Jan. 11.—The British authorities have released the German steamer Herzog, which was seized Jan. 8, while on her way to Lourenzo Marques.

## WHAT IS MEANT?

**Important Question Raised Before the Ways and Means Committee**

**Over the Construction to Be Placed on the Term "United States."**

**Does It Include All the Territory Held or Only the States Themselves?**

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The ways and means committee of the house held a meeting at which an important resolution was adopted, upon motion of Mr. Newlands of Nevada, as follows:

Resolved, that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to report the authorities and the law as to the meaning of the term "United States" in that provision which declares that "all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States," viz: Whether it includes simply the area actually included within the boundaries of states or whether it covers also the territory belonging to the United States.

Chairman Payne appointed Messrs. Dalzell (Pa.), Grosvenor (O.), and Hopkins (Ills.) Republicans, and Messrs. Richardson (Dem.) and Newlands (Silver).

This resolution was the outcome of considerable discussion in the ways and means committee covering several matters as to whether the customs laws of the United States were not extended to our new possessions when they became United States territory. The immediate cause of its adoption was a resolution to extend the customs and international revenue laws of the United States to Hawaii, which was under consideration.

## DUEL IN A COURT ROOM.

Shooting Affray in Which Three Are Killed and Two Wounded.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Jan. 11.—Oak Ridge, a little hamlet 18 miles north of this city, was the scene of a desperate pistol duel in which three of the best known residents of the county were killed. The dead are A. D. Rolland, R. S. Stephenson and Dr. Otho Austin. Only meager details of the encounter are obtainable, but it transpires that Dr. James Austin, his son, Otho Austin, and his son-in-law, Mr. Stephenson, had been arrested on warrants charging them with whipping one of Rolland's negro tenants. The trial was on and court had hardly opened when the shooting began. When the smoke of battle had cleared away Rolland, Stephenson and Otho Austin were stretched on the floor dead and Dr. James Austin and a young son of Rolland were seriously wounded.

## EPIDEMIC OF INFLUENZA.

Disease Creating Great Havoc in All Parts of England.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The epidemic of influenza is spreading throughout the whole country. The newspapers contain long lists of notable sufferers from the disease, and the death lists are abnormally long. The royal household at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, has not escaped. Many of its members have been removed to the sanitarium.

### Talk of a Shipyard Combine.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The Herald says: Rumors have been revived that articles of incorporation are about to be taken out for a corporation that would absorb the leading shipyards of the country. Colonel J. J. McCook is named as the head of the enterprise and Collis P. Huntington is one of its prime movers.

## IN PERFECT HARMONY.

General Wood and His Cabinet Hold an Executive Session.

HAVANA, Jan. 11.—General Wood held the first executive meeting of the cabinet during the day behind closed doors. After the session several of the secretaries declared that perfect harmony existed between the cabinet and the governor general. The secretaries are to have full power over all officials in their respective departments, subject only to confirmation by Governor Wood, who told the cabinet that he had noticed Cubans in public office who seemed to think three hours was a good day's work. He advised that office hours of the officials of the departments be from 9 to 11 a. m. and from 12 noon to 4 p. m., the hour from 11 to 12 being for breakfast. The secretaries agreed to enforce this rule. General Wood also told the secretaries that he would hold each one of them personally responsible to himself.

"There is a great deal of work ahead," he remarked, "and it can only be done on the principle of the heartiest co-operation and support. This you have promised and this I feel sure you will ungrudgingly accord."