

Bismarck Daily Tribune.

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TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR.

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1906.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THAW FINALLY AGREES

Withdraws His Opposition to Entering a Plea of Emotional Insanity--Dr. Charles L. Dana Added to List in Service of Thaw's Lawyers

New York, July 11.—An important conference from the viewpoint of the defense in the Thaw case was held in the Tombs during the day. Those present in addition to Thaw were his wife and former Judge Olcott, the leading attorney for the defense. It is reported that as a result of the conference Thaw withdrew opposition to entering a plea of emotional insanity when the case comes to trial.

Judge Olcott has just returned from a trip to Philadelphia in connection with the case and as he was leaving the Tombs he was asked regarding his visit to Pennsylvania.

"I secured what I went after," said he. "I cannot say that my trip to Philadelphia was wholly successful. I told Harry Thaw what I had learned and he was very happy over it. So was Mrs. Thaw."

Mrs. Thaw remained with her husband about an hour and a half. After she had left the prison Thaw was visited by an alienist, recently retained by the defense. This was Dr. Charles L. Dana. Dr. Dana brought a letter from Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton, chief of the corps of alienists, and after Thaw had read the letter he submitted to an examination.

District Attorney After Mother of Mrs. Harry Thaw.

New York, July 11.—The presence of Mrs. William Holman, mother of

Mrs. Harry K. Thaw, is said to be much desired at the district attorney's office. According to the report the attorneys who are at work on the prosecution's case would like to question Mrs. Holman particularly with regard to one of the trips to Europe made by Thaw and Evelyn Nesbit. According to one story while Thaw and the girl were in London an appeal was made to the American embassy to break up the relations between Thaw and Evelyn Nesbit and have the girl sent home. This appeal, it is said, was made by Stanford White, who acted on the request of Mrs. Holman. It was at this time, the story goes, that Mrs. Holman was much prejudiced against Thaw.

It is said that if Mrs. Holman should come within the territory covered by a subpoenae from the district attorney she will be at once summoned to his office.

James L. Lederer of Philadelphia, who was manager of the "Wild Rose" company when Mrs. Thaw was a member of the chorus, was examined by Assistant District Attorney Garvan. Lederer is said to have told Mr. Garvan that he had long believed Thaw to be insane. This opinion, he said, was based upon his observations of Thaw during the time the "Wild Rose" company was playing in this city. In this connection he mentioned several incidents in which Thaw was the central figure.

BARK ABLAZE AT SEA.

No Sign of Life on Board the Burning Vessel.

New York, July 11.—Upon arrival here the Clyde line steamer Carib, from Georgetown, S. C., reported having sighted the Uruguayan bark Margerita on fire off Delaware cape. The Margerita left Philadelphia July 3, bound to Halifax, N. S. There was no sign of life on board when the Carib sighted her. The vessel was blazing fiercely aft, her mizen mast had fallen alongside and a charred spar was hanging over the quarter. All sails were set on the fore and main masts, except the royals. All her head sails were also set and she was hove to with her head to the wind which kept the fire aft. From the main mast forward everything was untouched by the fire.

The Carib ran close by her and her captain watched for signs of the crew, but apparently they had been taken off by some passing vessel.

Ladrons Leader Surrenders.

Manila, July 11.—Montalon, the ladron leader, surrendered to Colonel Bandholtz, assistant chief of constabulary, at Talisay July 8 and was removed to Cavite for trial. The capture of Montalon leaves one more ladron leader at large in Luzon.

FOR ASSAULT ON WOMEN.

Chicago Council Recommends Capital Punishment.

Chicago, July 11.—In an effort to stop the brutal criminal attacks on women and children, which have been prevalent in Chicago recently, the city council unanimously passed a resolution recommending capital punishment for such outrages.

The resolution was drafted and introduced by Alderman Herphy of the Twenty-fifth ward, father of a family of children.

The committee on state legislation, to which the resolution was referred, will prepare a report to be transmitted to the legislature at Springfield.

KANSAS CITY ICE TRUST.

Officials Seeking Evidence to Prosecute Combine.

Kansas City, July 11.—Evidence of the existence of an ice trust that, it is alleged, controls the local output, is being sought in an investigation begun by the county prosecutor. The investigation has resulted from a movement to oust from business the concerns belonging to the supposed combine, which, it is charged, demands \$10 a ton of the smaller consumer for ice that costs it \$1.50.

STATE CONVENTION

It Promises To Be a Very One-Sided Affair from Present Indications--Sarles, Marshall, Gronna, Stockwell, Blaisdell, Peterson, Morgan in the Clear

Notwithstanding the republican state convention is a day off most of the delegates and all of the party leaders of both factions arrived in the city last night and today. A majority of the delegates are expected to get there today.

The regular republicans expect to control the convention by an overwhelming vote.

Regular republicans express confidence in the renomination of Governor Sarles, Congressmen Marshall and Gronna, Justice Morgan of the supreme court, State Superintendent Stockwell and Diehm of LaMoure and Stafne of Richland for railroad commissioners with one other candidate to be selected. Hon. R. S. Lewis of Fargo is prominently mentioned for the position of lieutenant governor and it is possible that Alfred Blais-

del is likely he will be renominated for insurance commissioner.

del of Minot will be nominated for secretary of state, though his delegation insist on him for lieutenant governor.

The places still in doubt are lieutenant governor, auditor, secretary of state, attorney general, one associate justice, and one railroad commissioner.

M. N. Johnson of Petersburg appears to be the most active leader among the insurgents and he is said to be their candidate for temporary chairman of the convention.

Alexander McKenzie, Senators Hansbrough and McCumber, Governor Sarles, Editor Winship and ex-Congressman Spalding are here.

There seems, so far, to be an ab-

TERMS ARE REJECTED

Offer to Form Russian Ministry Refused by Constitutional Democrats--Say Government Must Surrender --Revolutionary Spirit Increasing

St. Petersburg, July 11.—The refusal of the Constitutional Democrats to participate having rendered it impossible to form a coalition ministry the emperor and court, in the face of the rising spirit of revolution in the country and the constantly extending evidence of disaffection in the army, seem at last ready to turn to the Constitutional Democrats as the only means of pacifying the country, as foreshadowed in the interview with General Trepoft. Negotiations looking to the formation of a ministry composed of Constitutional Democrats have been formally opened through the intermediary of former Minister of Agriculture Yermoloff, leader of the new Center party, but the first propositions of the government failed completely, owing to the impossibility of the Constitutional Democrats accepting the three conditions, namely, the abandonment of the principle of the forced expropriation of land, full amnesty for political prisoners and to agree to summer recess of parliament. To have accepted such conditions, the Constitutional Democrats declare, would have made them guilty of treason, entirely destroyed their prestige in the country and have wholly angered instead of tranquillizing the people. The Constitutional Democrats intend to stand by their guns and believe the government must shortly accept their terms.

Street demonstrations and rioting are becoming more frequent in Moscow and St. Petersburg, which is regarded as being a bad sign. At Moscow 7,000 employees of the Prokhoroff mill, who

were at the forefront during the rioting there in December last, have gone out on strike, presenting a series of impossible demands, including pay for the time lost during the uprising, proving clearly that their demands are a mere pretext to stop work.

REFUSE TO FIRE ON COMRADES.

Troops Sent to Subdue Mutineers Disobey Orders.

St. Petersburg, July 11.—Some additional details of the mutiny of the Seventh cavalry at Tambov show that both the infantry and the Cossacks sent to subdue the mutineers refused to fire on them, the infantry bayonetting the officer who gave the command. Only a detachment of dragoons, who, it is said, had been filled with liquor, attacked the mutineers. The officers of the Seventh fired on their own men. The number of killed or wounded has not been established.

Peasants Destroy Estate.

Yabensk, Russia, July 11.—The estate near this town of M. Durnovo, former minister of the interior, has been completely destroyed by rebellious peasants.

Heavy Immigration to Siberia.

St. Petersburg, July 11.—Government figures show an unprecedented immigration to Siberia, 85,367 persons going there during the last six months.

Port Employes Strike.

Odesa, Russia, July 11.—A general strike broke out during the day among the men employed about the port.

TURKEY OPPOSES MOVE

Objects to Proposal to Elevate American Legation to an Embassy--Action Said to Be Discrimination in Favor of the European Powers

Constantinople, July 11.—Fresh instructions have been sent to the Turkish minister at Washington, Chekib Bey, to renew his efforts to dissuade the authorities at Washington from carrying out the proposed elevation of the legation here to the status of an embassy.

It appears that when the Turkish government was first notified that the United States desired to effect the change Chekib Bey was ordered to oppose the project, but replied that he was unable to shake the determination of the state department. He has now been instructed to inform that department that the proposed action requires a previous arrangement between the two countries, which has not been effected in the present case.

CALL IT DISCRIMINATION.

State Department's View of Turkey's Attitude.

Washington, July 11.—The state department has not yet been advised of the existence of any opposition on the part of the Turkish government to the erection of the American legation at Constantinople into an embassy. Of course if the sultan declines to receive Mr. Leishman in the capacity of ambassador under the credentials he now holds he is acting perfectly within his rights. But it is certain that such a course will not tend to the strength-

ness of any of the preliminaries indicating a hard struggle for nominations on the ticket.

As far as the regular republicans are concerned, everything is harmonious. Good feeling prevails generally and it is thought that the convention will leave no sore spots.

The first caucus of the convention is called for this evening in the Armory by the insurgents.

The insurgents have hired a hall, the armory, indicating that there will be a caucus of that faction, and possibly a display of pre-convention oratory.

Hon. Jud LaMoure, accompanied by his son, E. LaMoure, arrived today and was at once a center of attraction. The Pembina delegation has headquarters at the Gladstone and the probabilities are that Senator LaMoure will be as usual, close on the inside when there is anything doing.

Ole Paulson of Steele county, who stands 6 feet, 4 1/2 inches in his stocking feet, is the tallest man in the convention.

M. N. Johnson's familiar figure at state conventions is seen in the lobbies of the hotels. He says that from 1886 to 1896 he was a candidate for some state or county office all the time, but since then he has abandoned politics as a candidate, and feels that he is lengthening his days and taking life more comfortably thereby.

A NOTABLE EVENT.

The Slope Bunch's Arrival at Jamestown Attracts Attention.

Jamestown, July 11.—The Missouri Slope bunch came in on the evening train last night and at once took possession of all in sight, so to speak. The Bismarck band played and the local band joined in and made the arrival of the Slope fellows the notable event of the day. There were about 200 men in the party with every man flying a Sarles badge and the crowd had a jack rabbit along as a mascot.

The town is filled to overflowing today and nearly all the delegates are here. The McLean county crowd came in this morning on the delayed train but will not be complete until "King" John arrives this evening.

The convention will be called to order at 11 o'clock Thursday morning. Several brass bands and an orchestra will enliven the session.

Butchery in War.

In one of the Du Guesclin's victories so many English were taken captive that even the humblest soldier among the French had one or more prisoners. The victors, however, fell to quarreling, and, all feeling becoming rife in the French army in consequence of these quarrels over the prisoners, Du Guesclin ordered all the captives to be butchered, and the brutal order was carried out.

CINCHED

Rebaters Given it in the Neck by United States Court

Chicago, July 11.—Judge Landis in the United States district court today sentenced the Chicago and Alton road, recently convicted of granting illegal rebates, to pay a fine of twenty thousand dollars on each of two counts, or a total of forty thousand dollars. John Faithern and Fred A. Wann, former officials of the road, also convicted, were sentenced to pay a fine or five thousand dollars each on two counts or a total of ten thousand dollars each.

STUNG

Russian Admiral Again Shot Because of Ill Treatment of Men

Sebastopol, July 11.—An attempt was made at 1 o'clock this afternoon to assassinate Admiral Cheukni, in command of the Black Sea fleet. The admiral was wounded and taken to a hospital. In February last Cheukni was shot four times by a young woman but recovered. He has long been marked by the terrorists for his alleged cruel treatment of the sailors under his command.

NO DETAILS RECEIVED.

Steamer Ashore Off the Coast of Cape Breton.

North Sydney, C. B., July 11.—The Elder-Dempster line steamer Angola, bound from Mexico to Montreal, went ashore at Balerne, near Louisburg, C. B. No further particulars have yet been received, the vicinity being without means of telephonic or telegraphic communication. It is supposed that the steamer struck during a fog. The coast at that point is very dangerous. Tugs have been sent to her assistance from North Sydney and Louisburg.

Suicide of a New York Broker.

New York, July 11.—Norman G. Leopold, a young broker, killed himself in a room in a prominent hotel here. He registered at the hotel and subsequently directed a note to a friend, bidding him goodbye. Leopold's body was found with a bullet hole in the head. Financial difficulties are supposed to have caused him to commit suicide.

ROOSEVELT

Tens British Grocers That Under New Law Canned Meats Are Good

Sheffield, Eng., July 11.—The Grocers' Federation, whose conference is proceeding here, has received a communication from United States Ambassador Whitelaw Reid, enclosing a message from President Roosevelt, as follows:

"You are at liberty to inform the Grocers' Federation that under the new law we can and will guarantee the fitness in all respects of tinned meats bearing the government stamp. If any trouble arises therewith protest can at once be made not merely to the sellers of the goods but to the United States government itself."

VISITS PLANTS EARLY IN DAY.

Secretary Wilson Continues Investigation of Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 11.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson continued his investigation of the local stock yards during the day and made a trip through several of the plants before breakfast. He continued his investigation until late in the morning and expressed himself satisfied with what he saw there.

"It seems to me," said the secretary, "that the packers are working with commendable vigor to make improvements and I understand that there will be no letup in the work until they have fixed things as the government wants them."

Later in the day Secretary Wilson addressed the superintendents of government inspection employed in the cities where large packinghouses are located. About thirty of them were present. Each was carefully instructed by the secretary in the new methods of inspection according to the law recently passed by congress.

STILL DETAINED BY POLICE.

American Held in Germany as Anarchist Suspect.

Berlin, July 11.—August Rosenberg, formerly of Seattle, Wash., who was arrested July 1 at Altona, Prussia, as a suspected anarchist, is still detained by the police, but the case has been taken out of the hands of the local authorities pending the result of correspondence between the foreign office here and the German embassy at Washington.

Rosenberg, who is held only as a suspect, has not claimed the protection of the American embassy in Berlin. The German authorities rely altogether upon the testimony of American witnesses and the results of the American police inquiries. The impression appears to exist at Altona that the case against the prisoner is not very strong.

MADE A STUDY OF CRIMINALS.

Denver Physician Now Declares He Cannot Live Straight.

Denver, July 11.—William James Patterson, one year ago a respected and prosperous physician, a university graduate and a graduate in medicine from the Washington and Rush medical schools and an expert in criminology, lies a physical and mental wreck in the city jail, the victim of his too deep study into the ways and the works of criminals.

Only one qualification of this statement concerning himself does the once highly respected man make. This is that he would not have fallen had he not had the natural criminal instinct, which was undeveloped until his delving into criminology brought it to the surface.

Patterson was arrested in April last for forgery committed in Kansas. At that time he was living with his wife and two children. Wealthy parents of Salina, Kan., rescued him from prison, but the quick repetition of the crime seems to demonstrate the truth of his statement that he cannot live straight.

SEVERAL WITNESSES HEARD.

Grand Jury Continues Investigation of Standard Oil.

Cleveland, July 11.—The federal grand jury during the day resumed its investigation of alleged violations of interstate commerce laws by various railways and the Standard Oil company, with half a dozen witnesses on hand to give testimony. Among those who testified were C. L. Meyers, a clerk in the freight tariff department of the Lake Shore company; H. M. Huddleston, general auditor of the same company, and G. T. Curtis, sales agent of the Standard Oil company. The witnesses called before the grand jury were non-communicative after leaving the courtroom and declined to discuss anything that had transpired.

CONDITIONS REVOLTING.

Report of Inspector of Factories in Great Britain.

London, July 11.—The Britishers who have been so virtuously indignant recently over the Chicago meat packing revelations have been confronted with the annual report of the inspector of factories and workshops, which shows that the conditions here are quite as revolting as anything alleged of the Western packing center. Dirty factories and disgusting methods seem to be the rule instead of the exception. Jam factories, bakeries and sausage makers are all censured as being equally filthy and the description of one fits most of the others.

Inspectors of bakeries found that it was a frequent custom to bathe the children in them after the close of work on Saturday and the family's weekly collection of dirty clothing was sorted in the bakeries for dispatch to the laundries.

The sausage factories, says the report, are mostly owned by Germans and are "small, ill-applanned, badly lit and are often infested by rats."