

The Bismarck Tribune.

Every Morning Except Monday and Weekly By M. H. JEWELL. Publication Office: 300 FOURTH STREET, COR. BROADWAY. Established 1897. Oldest in State.

No attention paid to anonymous contributions. Writers' names must be known to the editor, but not necessarily for publication.

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Correspondents wanted in every city, town and precinct in the western part of the state. All papers are continued until an explicit order to discontinue is received, and until all arrearages are paid.

Entered as second-class matter. MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

STATE.

For State Auditor. I hereby announce myself a republican candidate for election as state auditor of North Dakota.

For Attorney General. I hereby announce myself a candidate in the republican ticket for election to the office of Attorney General of the State of North Dakota.

For Secretary of State. I am a candidate for secretary of state. I am a farmer, a schoolmaster and a republican. If elected, I shall move my family to Bismarck, and perform well the duties of the office.

COUNTY. Announcement. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for election to the office of county auditor, subject to the decision of the republican voters at the primary election to be held in June.

For County Commissioner. I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the republican ticket for the office of county commissioner in the Third district, subject to the republican voters at the general primary election to be held in June.

For County Auditor. I hereby announce myself a candidate on the republican ticket for election to the office of county auditor, subject to the decision of the republican voters at the primary election to be held in June.

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I will give out my platform later. I am a resident of the western part of the state, and believe that all parts of the state should be represented. If elected, I will do everything in my power to represent the state creditably and fairly in congress.

THE ELIMINATORS AT WORK.

According to reports from Valley City the insurgent "elimination committee" has done its work, and put forth a ticket for the support of insurgent republicans at the primaries. It appears that the removal of Speaker Burdick from Cavalier county to Williams has solved one difficulty with the committee, and made a place on the slate for congress for H. T. Heigson.

Whether there are any aspiring candidates among the insurgents in the state who will refuse to be shelved by this "elimination committee" remains to be seen. The remarkable part of the whole thing is that under the primary law, which was passed to give the people an opportunity to vote for whatever candidates they chose, a committee of twenty-one members of a faction of the republican party has to all intents and purposes nominated that part of the ticket which was not preempted by two or three aspiring candidates for office as a matter of right.

The Grand Forks Herald says that "Bismarck land lawyers do not take kindly to the proposition to take off some of the Bismarck land district and attach it to the Fargo land district." The opposition does not come from Bismarck land lawyers, although they have an entirely proper and legitimate interest in the matter. Bismarck business interests and business men have a natural objection toward this diversion of what is their legitimate territory from Bismarck to Fargo for no good reason. The conditions would be the same if a slice of Grand Forks trading territory were to be taken from that city for no good reason and annexed to the territory of the business interests at Fargo.

According to a Dickinson dispatch, Senator L. A. Simpson has made such an impression with his presentation of the Russell case that an offer has come to him from a firm of corporation lawyers in New York at a salary of \$50,000 a year—putting him on the same salary basis as President Taft.

The Blaisdell-Bird company of Minot, of which the secretary of state is the senior member, has given to the city of Minot a tract of 78 acres of land as the site for a normal school, if the constitutional amendment for a third normal school carries at the election this fall.

The Valley City Times-Record urges the renomination for the house of Ployhar, formerly one of the owners of the T. R., who sold out recently to W. C. Taylor. The T. R. thinks there will be a sort of Macedonian cry for Ployhar for speaker should he be elected.

The insurgent committee on elimination has been meeting at Valley City this week, but it is stated the committee has nothing to give out in the way of an official list of decapitations.

PLEASANT SOCIAL EVENT. The home of C. W. Temple was the scene of a very pleasant social event Thursday evening when a birthday party was given in honor of Miss Mabel Northrup of Portland, Oregon, who is a guest in the city.

"Dixie Kluses," special at 30 cents bound today at Richholt's.

Try Tribune Want Columns.

THE FIRST CLOCKS.

One at Padua That Was a Wonder of Mechanism. It was, we are told, in 1300 that the first clock known to the world was placed in the tower of San Eustorgio, in Milan.

The greatest astonishment and admiration were manifested by crowds who flocked to see the timepiece. In 1344 a clock was installed in the palace of the nobles at Padua. This was a wonder of mechanism indeed, for besides indicating the hours it showed the course of the sun, the revolutions of the planets, the various phases of the moon, the months and the fetes of the year.

The period of the evolution from the clock to the watch was seventy-one years—not so very long, all things considered—and the record of the first watch is 1390. A half century later an alarm clock made its appearance. This, we are told, was looked upon by the people of that age as "an instrument prodigious."

TEMPTED, HE ATE.

A Story of Heinrich Heine and a Toothsome Lyons Sausage.

Returning from a journey to the south of France, Heinrich Heine met a friend, a German violinist, in Lyons, who gave him a large sausage that had been made in Lyons with the request to deliver it to a mutual acquaintance, a homeopathic physician, in Paris. Heine promised to attend to the commission and entrusted the delicacy to the care of his wife, who was traveling with him.

Arriving at Paris, Heine did not dare to send the remainder to the physician, and yet he wished to keep his promise. So he cut off the thinnest possible slice with his razor, wrapped it in a sheet of vellum paper and inclosed it in an envelope, with the following note: "Dear Doctor—From your scientific investigations we learn that the millonth part of a certain substance brings about the greatest results. I beg, therefore, your kind acceptance of the accompanying millonth part of a Lyons sausage, which our friend gave me to deliver to you. If homeopathy is a truth, then this little piece will have the same effect on you as the whole sausage. Your HEINRICH HEINE. Ughett's 'With Physicians and Clients.'"

Old Time English Elections.

In old time England each constituency gave its representative in parliament a horse to carry him to Westminster and also paid his expenses on the road. These expenses, together with an allowance for each day spent on duty at the house of commons, generally at the rate of 80 cents a day, were refunded in one lump sum when the member returned home at the end of the parliamentary year.

Real Sea Serpents.

In New Caledonia sea serpents are frequently seen and sometimes captured. They are curious creatures, the head being very small and scarcely distinguishable from the body and the tail being formed like an oar. In length they are generally between three and four feet. In the jaw there are tiny glands containing poison, but as the mouth is very small it is difficult for them to bite, and the natives handle them fearlessly.

Cause of Thought.

"You look thoughtful tonight, Smith," remarked Brown as he stretched himself on two chairs. "Yes," said Smith. "I have just got a note from the landlady." "What does she say?" "She says that I must pay my board at once or her daughter will sue me for breach of promise. I'm thinking what I'd better do."—London Tit-Bits.

Force of Habit.

"You know that pretty salesgirl I took home from the dance?" "Yes." "Well, I stole a kiss." "What did she say?" "Will that be all?"—Judge.

JAPANESE ENGLISH.

A Sample Circular Composed by a Native Tradesman.

There comes from a correspondent in Japan this example of circulars in English that Japanese tradesmen sometimes compose: "Dear Sir—I have the honour to write a letter for you that I have now established the meat market and its branch to deliver the meat as one of the branch of my slaughter house, as which I have many cattle, their pastures, their markets, milk houses, and a slaughter house, etc., and I will have a fresh meat with the most cheapest price from my slaughter house than other butchery and especially make you many reduction for every day purchaser for month. I beg you can soon make me your order without your servant's commission, as you know your servant is always making money by your meat. I will make you the pass-book for the creditor only."

"P. S.—If you handed bad meat from your servant while you are making purchases the meat from my market every day, you will soon to let it exchange by the servant without any hesitation. Please make me your order, and if you can make me order by letter I will have the postage reduction from the count of meat with kind regards. Your truly."—Boston Transcript.

THE DELUGE.

Queer Old Australian Tradition About the Flood.

The aboriginal blacks of Australia have a queer tradition about the flood. They say that at one time there was no water on the earth at all except in the body of an immense frog, where men and women could not get at it. There was a great council on the subject, and it was found out that if the frog could be made to laugh the waters would run out of his mouth and the drought be ended.

So several animals were made to dance and caper before the frog to induce him to laugh, but he did not even smile, and so the waters remained in his body. Then some one happened to think of the queer contortions into which the eel could twist itself, and it was straightway brought before the frog, and when the frog saw the wriggling he laughed so loud that the whole earth trembled, and the waters poured out of his mouth in a great flood, in which many people were drowned.

The black people were saved from drowning by the pelican. This thoughtful bird made a big canoe and went with it among all the islands that appeared here and there above the surface of the water and gathered in the black people and saved them.

Curiosities of Superstition.

When Egypt was in the height of her power, when she was most highly civilized and delighted in being called the mistress of the land and sea, her people worshiped a black bull. There was some discrimination, however, even in this form of worship. In order to be an object of mad adoration it was necessary that the bull calf be born with a circular white spot in the exact center of his forehead, and the advent of such a creature in any herd was the signal of wild demonstrations from the Lybian desert. Even as late as the time of Cleopatra, star eyed goddess, glorious sorceress of the Nile, such animals were shod with gold and had their horns tipped with the same metal. Herodotus tells of a man who died with grief because he sold a cow that soon after became the mother of a black bull calf marked with the sacred white circle in his forehead.

Lead Pencil Experiments.

An English statistician was asked how many words could be written with an English lead pencil, and, being determined to answer it, he bought a lead pencil and Scott's "Ivanhoe" and proceeded to copy the latter word by word. He wrote 95,008 words and then was obliged to stop, for the pencil had become so short that he could not use it. A German statistician who heard of this experiment was disinterested with it because all the lead in the pencil was not used on the work, and therefore he bought a pencil and started to copy a long German novel. When the pencil was so short that he could not handle it with his fingers he attached a holder to it, and it is said that he wrote with this one pencil 400,000 words. Possibly, however, his pencil was longer or the lead in it was of a more durable quality.

When Silence is Deadly.

Silence is commonly the slow poison used by those who mean to murder love. There is nothing violent about it. No shock is given. Hope is not abruptly strangled, but merely dreams of evil and fights with gradually stinging shadows. When the last convulsions come they are not terrific. The frame has been weakened for dissolution. Love dies like natural decay. It seems the kindest way of doing a cruel thing.—George Meredith.

Rubbing It In.

The Bride—That nasty Mrs. Jones, next door, said I'd better try these biscuits on the dog before I gave 'em to you. The Groom—Hain't she got a mean disposition? Why, I thought she was fond of dogs!—Cleveland Leader.

Often the Case.

Sillicus—What do you suppose caused him to go to the bad? Cynicus—Trying to be a good fellow.—Philadelphia Record.

The fool's ear was made for the knave's tongue.—Ramaswami's "Indian Fables."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.



It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system. THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine or known composition. No counterfeits is as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.

PERSONAL.

—Attorney Heffron of Dickinson, was in the city Friday on business before the supreme court.

—Secretary of State Blaisdell is back from a brief business visit to Minot.

—Attorneys James Campbell, B. W. Shaw and B. Tufton of Mandan, were over attending to court matters Friday.

—E. E. Troxell was a guest in the city from McKenzie over night.

—L. M. Wallin of Washburn, was down last night to see his daughter.

—Henry Houlton came down from Washburn last night and will return today with Mrs. Houlton and infant son.

—O. N. Dunham went to Beach on No. 7 Friday noon, accompanied by Attorney Charles Lane of Linton.

—Fred Scott of Kenyure, came in from the east Friday noon, and will go to his home on the Soo this morning.

—Attorney John Green has been in the city for a few days attending to legal business.

—Attorney A. T. Faber of Glen Ulin, was attending to matters legal in the Capital City Friday.

—Attorney J. W. Walker of Steele, was in the city representing Kidder county in the case of Burleigh vs. Kidder county.

—Mrs. Theodore Taylor and son of Garrison, are in the city, being called by the death of Mrs. Taylor's uncle, John Logan.

—Cashier J. J. Murphy returned to New England on No. 1 last night, after doing business in the city for a few days.

—Attorney Joseph T. McCulloch of Washburn, is in the city transacting business while on his way to Minneapolis.

PIE FOR BREAKFAST.

Once Considered as Much a Virtue as Early Rising.

I am aware that, according to the latest edition of the revised statutes, eating pie at breakfast is now a penitentiary offense, punishable by hard labor on the farm for a period not exceeding eighty-five days. But it once shared with early rising the reputation of a virtuous act. There are people today who are well thought of in the community—who even "dress for dinner," bless your heart—who have, none the less, eaten pie for breakfast and have tipped back on their chairs' hind legs and sat thus with such a smile upon their faces as spoke of peace with all the world, themselves included.

But nowadays merely to talk of so much fried stuff, pork and eggs and potatoes and pancakes and so much sweet stuff, molasses, fruit preserves, coffee cup, a puddle of sugar, pie and all that, sends us—who hear it to the kitchen cupboard, where the cooking soda is, first aid to the indigestive. To eat such a meal seems hardly less barbarous than wearing feathers in a scalp lock. But remember that we didn't work all day yesterday from before daylight till after dark. We didn't tumble into bed and fall sound asleep ere our heads had touched the pillow, so anxious was the night shift of the body's repair gang to get on the job of tearing out old tissues and putting in new. We didn't waken in the morning to find a burry order for more raw material hanging on the hook, and we didn't put an edge like a broken bottle on that burry call by stirring around at fifty-seven kinds of temper snarling chores.

We haven't before us a whole long morning with a mail and glut, splitting rails or breaking up new ground with a balky team—a morning so long that it becomes a young eternity about 10:30 o'clock, when the front of the body below the waist begins again to chafe and grind on the backbone in spite of all the fats and sweeps that can be put in between at breakfast to act as fender.—Everybody's Magazine.

The Only Way.

"I wish I knew how to keep a servant." "That man across the way can help you." "Does he conduct an intelligence office?" "No; he's an oculist."—Houston Post.

Limited Experiences.

Gentleman thiring valet—Then I understand you to have some knowledge of barbering. You've cut hair off and on? Applicant—Off, sir, but never on.—Boston Standard.

A New Scheme.

"Sued for breach of promise, eh?" "Yep." "Any defense?" "Temporary insanity, and I expect to prove it by the love letters I wrote."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Amusements

GRAND

There will be the usual Saturday afternoon matinee at 3:30 this afternoon and the entire bill will be put on.

There will be two regular performances this evening and that will close the appearance of the big bill for this week. Every one of the three big, double acts have made a big hit this week, and with the excellent line of pictures and the well rendered and finely illustrated song, make a bill that is hard to beat.

TO THE PALLADIUM

FROM KOSITZKY. "County Treasurer Kostitzky seems to be a law unto himself in his method of making out a receipt for taxes paid. Where back taxes are alleged to be due he is making a notation on the face of the receipt to that effect. There may be law for this action, but the Palladium would like to be shown. In many instances where he has sworn that taxes are due, receipts have been produced showing them to be paid. Etc."

I am like the Palladium, I want to be shown. If any parties holding receipts for taxes paid and same show delinquent on my books for any year or years, now is the time to find out why my predecessors have failed to make the proper entry. Furthermore, I defy the Palladium to produce one single person claiming to hold a receipt issued by me and same shows delinquent on my books, or in other words, unpaid.

"In many instances where he has sworn that taxes are due, receipts have been produced showing them to be paid." Yes, and in these instances I have helped swell the county funds of money which should have been paid into the treasury several years ago. My records are as my predecessor turned them over to me, and if any taxes remain on them unpaid I would have to go accordingly.

Now since the Palladium wants to be shown, I will refer them to Article 9, section 1573 of the revised codes of North Dakota and will quote part of it for their own benefit and future reference. "Whenever any taxes are paid the treasurer shall immediately write upon the tax list opposite the same in a suitable column or columns for remarks, the word 'paid' with the number of the receipt given. And when a receipt is given for a payment of any taxes on real property owned by any person who is charged with taxes on personal property for the same or any previous year which remain unpaid, he shall note the same on the tax list in like manner, and across the face of the tax receipt and duplicate substantially in the following form: 'Personal taxes of A. B. for (giving year or years unpaid etc.)' These directions I have been following since Dec. 1, 1909 and the anarchistic writer of the article in the Palladium will find that I followed the law when I issued him his receipt last week.

C. R. KOSITZKY.

In the Supreme Court

State of North Dakota, plaintiff and appellant, vs. Jacob Lang, defendant and respondent.

The proceedings under chapter 5, code of criminal procedure revised codes of 1905, relating to bastardy, are not strictly either civil or criminal proceedings, but partake somewhat of the nature of both. Hence, section 6329, revised codes, 1905, providing that an action shall be tried in the county in which the defendant or some of the defendants reside at the time of the commencement of the action, does not apply, and the district court erred in granting defendant's application to change the place of trial to the county of his residence.

Appel from the district court of McIntosh county, Hon. Frank P. Allen, J.

Action by the State of North Dakota against Jacob Lang.

From an order changing the place of trial from McIntosh county, N. D., to Emmons county, N. D., plaintiff appeals.

Reversed.

Geo. M. Cannon, states attorney; W. S. Lauder and J. H. Wishek, for appellant.

A. W. Clyde, for respondent. Opinion of the court by Carmody, J., all concurring.

Try Tribune Want Columns.