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## MONTANA FARMERS INDIGNANT TOWARDS MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET---CHAMBER CENSURED

### Feeling So Intense at Bozeman Meeting Board Men Declined to Talk

### EQUITY PLAN IS ENDORSED

### Producers Favor Organizing Entire State; "Honest Market" the Slogan

Bozeman, Mont., April 18.—At a well attended meeting here today the farmers from the Gallatin Yellowstone and Madison Valley sections passed resolutions centering the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce on account of the bad influence they have exercised over the grain growers of Montana. They endorsed the co-operative exchange, and favored the removal of the exchange headquarters to St. Paul.

#### Minneapolis Market Denounced.

The Minneapolis system of marketing was denounced by all the local speakers, who without exception complimented the business men of St. Paul for the assistance they have rendered the grain growers of the northwest. Magnus Johnson of Kimball, Minn., made a good presentation for the aim and object for the equity society, F. A. Bennett of Lewistown, Montana, discussed the need of supporting their own selling agency at St. Paul, Duluth and Seattle. George S. Loftis talked on terminal marketing, and explained the proposition submitted by St. Paul, to the co-operative exchange of which he is sales manager at Minneapolis and resolutions were passed condemning the Minneapolis Journal for its opposition to the farmers' movement.

#### Feeling is Intense.

The grain combine have some sympathy for the farmers, but while the producers are united against them, so intense was the feeling among the farmers that the Chamber of Commerce men present declined to get up in the meeting and defend their own, or to disprove the serious charges of the speakers.

#### May Choose Bozeman.

There is talk of establishing a state grain exchange for handling the grain cooperatively marketed by the farmers of Montana. The Gallatin Valley Alliance which controls the local shipment stations favors Bozeman as the headquarters, while outside growers are divided between Great Falls, Helena and Lewistown.

#### Will Organize State.

The Society of Equity has several men in this section, and it is the purpose to organize thoroughly every county in Montana. "We want an honest market," was a badge very much in evidence here today.

## SHOULD HAVE SOME RIGHTS

### Former Atty. General Thinks United States Entitled to Use of Canal

Washington, April 18.—Exemption of American coastwise vessels from Panama canal tolls had an inning today before the senate canal committee, when the first witnesses appeared in opposition to the repeal of the exemption clause.

Former Attorney General Bonaparte of Baltimore asserted that no nation would have been so foolish as to build a canal with the understanding that it was to derive no special privileges from the canal.

He said the position that the United States was bound by the same conditions in the use of the canal as other nations of the world was "unreasonable and absurd under all circumstances."

#### CLEAN-UP DAY FOR KANSAS.

Topeka, Kan., April 18.—Every mayor, city superintendent of schools, secretary of women's clubs, merchants' association, local fire marshal and boy scout masters will join in a movement for the cleaning up of the state for the prevention of conflagration here today.

#### FLAGPOLE SNAPPED;

#### MEN IN AUTO KILLED

Chicago, April 18.—A man was killed by a flagpole which was snapped by the wind and thrown across the automobile in which he was riding. A child with him was seriously injured.



MAGNUS JOHNSON. One of the equity leaders who denounced marketing conditions at Bozeman.

## POLICE UNABLE TO SOLVE MYSTERY OF LUMBER OFFICE FIRE

Goddes, S. D., April 18.—Every effort to solve the mysterious killing of W. H. Menzie and Blanche Signal, his bookkeeper, whose wirebound bodies were found in the fire which swept to ruins the Farmers Elevator company's office Friday, have failed. While the police cling to the double murder theory, they are investigating the rumors that it was a case of murder and suicide.

## REHEARING FOR LABOR CHIEFS

### Case Against Gompers-Mitchell-Morrison to Come Before Supreme Court

Washington, April 18.—The celebrated Gompers-Mitchell-Morrison contempt case is docketed for a complete rehearing before a full bench of the supreme court of the United States on Monday. It will be the third time the contempt case has been before the highest court. On the original hearing the court held that criminal sentences for contempt had been imposed on Messrs. Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison in a proceeding in equity, and the decision of the District supreme court was reversed. The District court, the following day, instituted new proceedings, the result of which was the imposition of the same sentences set aside in the original proceedings.

Mr. Gompers is president, Mr. Morrison secretary, and Mr. Mitchell one of the vice presidents of the American Federation of Labor. In the original action the three labor leaders were charged by Justice Wright of the District supreme court with contempt in that they were charged with continued publication in the "We do not patronize" list of the American Federationist, of the name of the Buck's Stove and Range company of St. Louis, after the court had issued an injunction to restrain them from such publication.

A sentence of one year's imprisonment was originally imposed on President Gompers, with nine months in jail for Vice President Mitchell and six months for Secretary Morrison. The District court of appeals reduced these sentences to 30 days.

When the action was last before the supreme court of the United States Justice Lurton was absent from the bench. The action of the highest tribunal in restoring the case to the docket for rehearing has led to the assumption that the court is divided on the knotty problem and desires to have the whole matter gone over again with Justice Lurton present.

The three labor leaders now contend that further proceedings against them are barred by the statute of limitations, while the District supreme court seeks to have its sentences stand as imposed.

## ROOSEVELT IS LAUNCHED FOR 1916 PRESIDENT

### Senator Poindexter Starts a Boom for Teddy in Indiana State Convention

### DEMOCRATIC PARTY PLAYED DENOUNCES WILSON'S POLICY OF REPEALING TOLL EXEMPTION CLAUSE

Indianapolis, April 18.—The Progressives, in state convention, nominated Albert Beveridge for United States Senator, and named a full state ticket, except Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, and also adopted a platform. They listened to a number of speakers who urged the party to remain intact, and who predicted an ultimate victory. Among the speakers were Senators Poindexter, of Washington; Moses Clapp, of Minnesota, and Charles Bird, of Massachusetts.

#### Roosevelt Boom Launched.

Indianapolis, April 18.—Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, launched a boom for the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt as the presidential candidate of the Progressive party in 1916 in a speech delivered here today before the Indiana progressive state convention. The senator, after an elaborate discussion and attack upon the Democratic and Republican parties, declared the Progressive's presidential nominee would have the support of the great mass of the people. The Democratic administration, he said, has not dealt effectively with current national or international questions because it was bound by "an unfortunate sectional issue." He denounced particularly President Wilson's stand for repeal of the tolls exemption clause of the Panama canal act.

#### Record Gives Restive.

"The Progressive party is fortunate in having in its ranks and as its principal leader Theodore Roosevelt," said the senator. "He has the prestige of his record in the presidency. Should he be nominated by the Progressives—as he probably will be—for the presidency, he will have the support of the great mass of the members of the Republican party, because they are progressive."

The Progressive party puts forward the proposition that the activities and agencies of the Federal government must be enlarged and extended. Private monopoly is nationwide and cannot be restrained or controlled by the individual states. The Democratic party and the Republican party are both opposed to this proposition. The one because it is jealous of the power of the states and the other because it is opposed to further governmental interference with the great corporations.

#### Bound by Sectional Issues.

The Democratic party, like the Republican party, contains great numbers of Progressives still in bound hand and feet by unfortunate sectional issues which impede and cripple it as a governing power from dealing effectively with current national and international questions. The racial question sits like an incubus upon its political activities. With complete control of the government it perpetuated the caucus system; denied the appeals of women; and hastened like a disorderly rout, back to the spoils of patronage and the flesh pots of political success.

#### Canal Issue Discussed.

"The Progressive party does not believe in distorting the language of a treaty and depriving the people of the benefit of the Panama canal. It remains for the Democratic party, having voted for the tolls exemption, and having approved it in their national platform and on the stump, now to propose to surrender the sovereignty of this most costly of all the American possessions to the whims, caprice, and sordid interests of foreign countries and domestic railroad lines. This whim as expressed is nominally based upon article VIII of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. That treaty was made in 1850. In 1847 Great Britain seized in defiance of the Monroe doctrine Greytown, the American terminus of the proposed canal which was to be located at Nicaragua. Article VIII of that treaty provided that the United States and Great Britain should jointly promote and protect

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## DESPERADOES SHOOT TO KILL BALFOUR AGENT

### Man in Charge of Depot Was Pierced Through Lung and Bandits Escape

### BLOODHOUNDS ON THE TRAIL Thought Some Bandits Held Up Balfour and Drake Depots a Month Ago

Balfour, N. D., April 18th.—Two men broke in the front window of the station here early this morning, and demanded that the operator throw up his hands. Owing to the suddenness of the attack, William Arnovich, the night operator, made a rush for the back door, thinking he could get out before they could shoot.

#### One Hand Who Poked His Gun Through the Window.

The one hand who poked his gun through the window, fired two shots at him, the first shot missing him by a small margin, but the second shot took effect in his shoulder.

#### Ojester May Live.

He was taken to Minot by the first train, and is undergoing an operation to locate the bullet, which at the time of going to press had not been located though the doctor in charge advises the wound is not of a serious nature, and believes he will recover unless complications set in.

#### Same Robbers Were at Drake.

It is believed that these are the same men who broke in here just a month ago, and who also held up the station at Drake two weeks ago.

#### Poses in Van Hunt.

There have been posers here all day going over the territory in all directions and engaged in a thorough man hunt.

#### No Trace of Bandits.

Up to a late hour last night no trace of the men had been found. The depot is to one side of the town, and the bandits made good their escape but the alarm reached the citizens. It is not believed any money was secured in the holdup.

#### Among those included in the special train from Bismarck was Assistant Superintendent A. A. Jones, Master Mechanic Casey and Secretary Houser of the Soo Line, and E. L. Cobanis, guard of the State prison, in charge of the bloodhounds.

## HEAVY RAINS WEST OF RIVER

### Traveling Men Reaching Bismarck Tell of Near Cloud Bursts

There have been some good rains on both sides of the river during the past week. Al Hendrix the popular and well known representative of the International Harvester company, came in Saturday evening from points along the Mott line, and reports that at New Leipzig and Elgin and throughout the country southwest of those places a gentle rain started in on Thursday night about 7 o'clock and continued till 10 o'clock Friday morning. The ground was thoroughly soaked. He says that to the southwest the rain was heavier than it was up toward the Flasher country.

Hon. F. O. Brewster, of the board of control, was up in the Underwood country during the latter part of the week and reports good soaking rains throughout that country Friday—in fact, the rains were so heavy that automobile driving was impracticable Saturday.

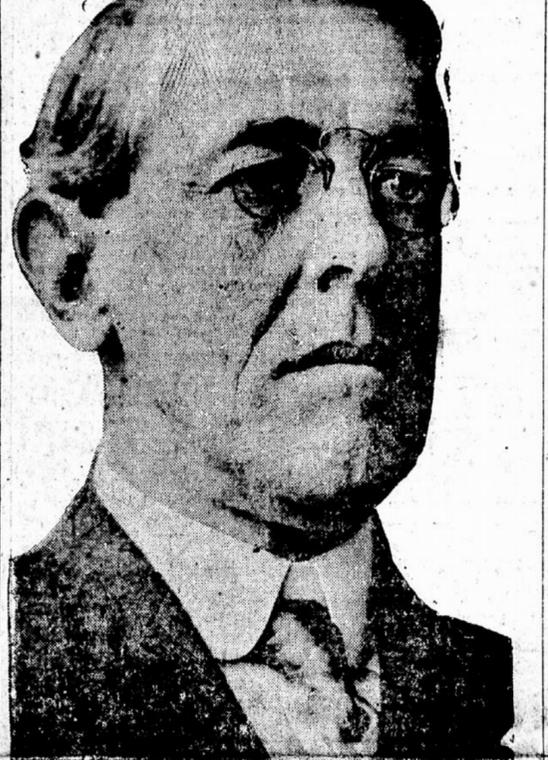
These rains have placed the ground in good condition for spring work and the people of that territory are feeling good over the prospects.

## BIG WEDDING FOR HOUSE LEADER

Washington, April 18.—Washington society put aside its plans for the wedding of Miss Eleanor Wilson for a while today to attending the marriage of Representative Henry Delaware Flood of Virginia and Miss Anna Valer Partner. The bride is the daughter of the late Robert and Mrs. Partner of Manassas, Va. and is one of five sisters noted for their beauty. Mrs. Lorimer Graham and Miss Hildegard Partner, sister of the bride were among her attendants. Mr. Flood is Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House and has a large acquaintance in the Diplomatic Corps.

## HUERTA GIVEN UNTIL SIX O'CLOCK TODAY TO SALUTE

### The Man of the Hour Regarding America's Relation With Mexico



## American Sentries Fire on Mexican Prisoners Fatally Injuring One

El Paso, April 18.—Melvin Switzer and A. T. Flanery, Twentieth Infantry sentries, who fired upon two unoffending Mexicans interned in prison camp at Fort Bliss, tonight were commended by Captain Estes, executive officer of the camp, after an investigation today.

Jesus Zarco, the first to be shot, was caught by Flanery while breaking electric bulbs, with which the camp, containing over 6,000 fugitives from the battle of Ojinaga, is lighted. Zarco was making expert use of a slingshot when Flanery told him to desist. The Mexican directed his missiles at the sentry. The latter fired, the bullet passing through the Mexican's thigh. He will recover.

A second was shot, when Jesus Pallares, having crawled under a barbed wire fence, was seen by Switzer trying to escape. The sentry ordered him to stop. He redoubled his speed and the sentry fired. The bullet passed through his stomach. Recovery is impossible.

## ELECTION IN SWEDEN CHANGES LINE UP OF PARLIAMENT MEMBERS

Stockholm, April 18.—Results from the election, which began throughout Sweden March 27, and continued to April 7, resulted in a complete defeat of the liberals, whose membership in the new Swedish parliament was reduced from 101 to 74. It is estimated the conservatives elected 81 members, and the socialists 76.

## GRACE-LADEW WEDDING.

New York, April 18.—The wedding of Miss Elsie W. Ladew, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Ladew of Glen Cove, L. I., and William Russell Grace, son of the late William E. Grace, at one time mayor of New York city, was celebrated today at Glau Cove. A special train conveyed a large party of guests from this city to Glen Cove for the wedding.

## PACIFIC FLEET CLEARING FOR PROMPT ACTION

### United States Massing Fleet About Mexican Coast Prepared for Worst

## MARINES BEING MOBOLIZED

San Francisco, April 18.—The Pacific fleet is clearing for action, with 300 marines. The cruiser South Dakota is steaming to Mare Island Yard for further orders. Her complete marines will be merged with 500 in barracks. The whole force will be transferred to collier Jupiter which received orders today to sail for San Diego where torpedo flotilla is waiting.

Philadelphia Wants to Know How to Remove Snow.

Philadelphia, April 18.—During the past winter this city suffered so much from the failure of street cleaners to get the snow from the streets quickly, that Director of Public Works Robert Cooke has called the street cleaning officials from many large cities in conference here today to find out how they have their work done.

## WARSHIPS AND MARINES READY

### Gravest Crisis Since Spanish War Faces the Nation in Mexican Situation

## WILL APPEAL TO CONGRESS

### Republican and Democratic Leaders to Back President in Demands

Washington, Apr. 18.—The gravest in international crisis the United States has faced since the Spanish war looms ahead. Unless Huerta, before 6 o'clock Sunday evening, accedes to Rear Admiral Mayo's demand for a twenty-one gun salute to the American flag at Tampico, President Wilson will go before a joint session of congress Monday and ask authority to use the army and navy for such steps as may be necessary.

Huerta may actually fire a salute before 6 o'clock, which will be "paid" by Washington time, or he may "yield" by advising Wilson his intention to do so. Either action at the last minute in Mexico will be known here before the President goes to Congress.

#### This final word went to Mexico City today, after Huerta parleyed for the last time and reiterated his demand for a "simultaneous salute."

Leaders in Congress declared the President immediately will be clothed with authority to take such steps as the seizure of Vera Cruz and Tampico, Mexican warships in those waters, section of railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico City as far as the trestle twenty miles west of Vera Cruz and a Pacific blockade are features of a plan of action the President outlined to his closest advisers.

#### Such course, authorities on international law described "short of war," yet, not an act of war. Huerta, however, might construe it as one.

The climax came with dramatic intensity when a third message arrived from Huerta insisting on his conditions for a simultaneous salute. A conference between the President and cabinet resulted in prompt decision to brook no more temporizing or dilatory tactics. The following statement was issued from the White House:

#### President's Statement.

"Huerta still insisting upon doing something less than demanded, something less than constitutes acknowledgement. His representatives are entirely wrong in the indignities they put upon the government of the United States. The President is determined if Huerta has not decided by 6 o'clock Sunday afternoon, he will take the matter to Congress Monday."

#### Allowing five hours for average time for transmission of a cable message from Charge O'Shaughnessy, including time for repeating, deciphering an answer is not expected here before early Monday, assuming Huerta takes full time for indicating his intentions.

The President made arrangements to leave tonight for White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., to bring his wife back here. He will arrive there tomorrow morning and return tomorrow night reaching the Capital early Monday.

#### Huerta is Desperate.

Huerta's continued evasiveness, a desperate condition, both financial and military, especially account for recent rebel victories. This has led many high officials to believe he will defy the United States and take chances on the consequences through which a national spirit might be aroused to unite the warring factions and trench him in office. Well informed sources said the Constitutionalists under no circumstances will unite with Huerta, but maintain status quo in the territory they controlled. If the United States took no action against them.

#### Meantime, the Atlantic and Pacific fleets continue steaming southward to Mexican ports.

No orders have been issued to the army.

A reply drafted to O'Shaughnessy is couched in strong language and its tenor is indicated by the public statement from the White House.

#### Officials believe ultimatum to Huerta will be delivered in Mexico City tonight. No answer could come before tomorrow. Meantime aides to Navy Department went into secret conference, completing plans for movement of warships and marines. The text of the President's statement, giving Huerta until 6 o'clock tomorrow will be forwarded to Rear Admiral Badger.

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