

NEAR CLOUD BURST HITS DICKINSON

FLOODS OF WATER DO HEAVY DAMAGE IN MANY BUILDINGS

4 IN. RAIN IN TWO HOURS

Severe Wind and Electrical Disturbance in Early Part of Storm and Much Hail Fell

Dickinson, N. D., July 28.—Over four inches of rain fell between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning, accompanied by severe electrical and wind storm. During the earlier part of the storm much hail fell, breaking down grain in a radius of five miles of the city. Many windows without screens were broken and shutters spoiled.

Could Not Handle Water. Long before day light the sewers and culverts of the city could not take care of the surface water and the business basements of two blocks on Willard street were filling under several buildings. The culverts under the Northern Pacific tracks in the eastern part of the city failed to take the water off and it soon backed up to the Soules and Butler hardware store, rising to eighteen inches over the first floor.

Filled All Basements. The rushing torrents soon reached the St. Charles hotel in the next block west, filling all the basement rooms to within a few inches of the ceiling. With such force did the water rush into the basement windows from the street grade that pool tables were tipped over onto their sides.

Heavy Loss. Seventy thousand cigars carried in the basement were nearly all destroyed, together with the dining room stores and fixtures, entailing a loss of \$4,000. The Soules and Butler hardware loss amounts to \$6,000.

Fire Broke Out. On top of this, fire broke out at day break in the lumber yard of the office and warehouse adjoining, resulting in a loss of \$10,000 to \$12,000, partly insured. Stacking time or lightning was the cause of the fire.

Other Damage. Boulger and Hughes had a \$7,000 loss to furniture in the Masonic Temple basement, which filled to the grade level with water. Mrs. J. M. Cornwall lost a \$2,000 stock in the same basement.

F. L. Roquette company suffered damage to the stock of merchandise in the basement of the Eia building of \$4,000 to \$5,000. Backing up in the sewer caused this flood damage. Other merchants suffering smaller losses from the same cause were Reed Bros., McDonald Drug Co., Benise Drug Co., T. J. Greene Drug Co., J. V. Jensen Co., Senour and Langley, Berringer Bros., Model Clothing Co., and many residence basements in the lower part of the city. The total loss will reach nearly \$40,000.

Mail Reported. Since dinner half storms are reported from the northeast and other directions, greatly enlarging the hail damage of crops in this county. The loss is nearly total, in most cases mostly insured. The North Dakota Pressed Brick company, east of the city had its plant flooded, causing a loss of 400,000 brick. The plant is under ten feet of water. Lightning killed cattle and horses.

Old Soldiers Marooned. The old soldiers here to go to Killdeer Mountain for fiftieth anniversary celebration of the Sully Indian battle were unable to get out today. If it does not rain any more they will be taken to Oatdale Wednesday, where Curator H. C. Fish proceeded before the rain. State Historian Libby is with the party here. The lines are down to the north but it is said that the storm did not extend further than twenty miles out, and that Dunn county farmers went to Killdeer for the picnic as advertised today.

BAD STORM. Fargo, July 28.—A windstorm, severe while it lasted, and which took on the proportions of a cyclone for a time, did considerable damage here about 3 o'clock Saturday night.

The grandstand at the fair grounds was wrecked, the wind picking it up like so much chaff and carrying it out onto the street car tracks. The fair being over, and the stock and exhibits either removed or cared for, the damage was slight, although some of the buildings suffered minor damages. A light fall of rain preceded the storm.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING. Ligerwood, N. D., July 28.—Alfred Ketchian was killed by lightning and his helper, John Nelson, stunned, while driving. When the team arrived home, Mrs. Ketchian gained her first intimation of the tragedy, finding Nelson lying at the bottom of the wagon and her husband missing. His dead body was found on the highway. Ten years previously Mrs. Ketchian's first husband was accidentally killed.

Madame Caillaux Acquitted By Jury In Fifty Minutes But Crowd Cries "Murderess"

SENATIONAL FRENCH TRIAL COMES TO END IN UP-ROAR—LAWYERS FIGHT IN COURT.

DEFENDANT EMBRACES LABORER

Cries of Derision and Cheers Mingle as Verdict is Read to Court—Opinion of Public Divided.

Paris, July 28.—Madame Henriette Caillaux tonight was acquitted by a jury in the court of assize of wilful murder on March 16 last, of Gaston Calomette, the editor of the Figaro. The verdict was returned after fifty minutes deliberation. Its announcement was followed by the wildest tumult.

Madame Caillaux staggered and then threw her arms about the neck of her counsel, Fernand Labori. Her hair was uncombed and her hat dropped to the floor. The spectators stood up on desks and chairs. Caillaux and Labori and cries of "Caillaux, assassin" merged into one. The din was deafening.

Lawyers Came to Blows. Several groups of barristers came to blows. The republican guards in the mezes. The spectacle of Labori and Ghenu, the latter a counsel for the Calmette family embracing each other, calmed the tumult for a moment, but it redoubled when they left with Madame Caillaux.

Judges Are Powerless. Failing to make himself heard, the presiding judge followed by the other judges, marched from the room and comparative quiet was restored. Judge Albanet then returned to read the judgment, ordering the woman's release.

Shaken With Emotion. Shaken with emotion, Madame Caillaux left by the witness door and covering her face with her hands to shield herself from the furious cries of "murderess" Caillaux left by the main entrance, on the arm of his devoted friend, Deputy Cassaldi amid cheers and wails.

Famous Trial Ends. Thus ended the most sensational trial with which Parisian courts have had to deal in years. The session of court today was devoted to speeches by counsel. Madame Caillaux collapsed during the course of the address of Maitre Ghenu, who scored her bitterly. The speech of Procurator General Herbaux was unusually mild. To the jurors he said: "Your duty requires you to find a verdict of guilty, but no one expects you to be pitiless."

Demonstrations against the Caillaux verdict occurred in several places tonight and in one section the mob became so disorderly that guards were hastily summoned to assist the police. Many police and rioters were injured and many arrests were made.

FIRST RESULTS ON RESERVE DIRECTORS

Bassett of Aberdeen and Hixon of LaCrosse, Selected as Directors of Regional Bank

Washington, July 28.—The following names the treasury department announced, received the majority of votes for directors in the federal reserve bank for the Minneapolis district: J. C. Bassett, Aberdeen, S. D., Class A, Group 2; and F. P. Hixon, LaCrosse, Wis., Class B, Group 2.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING

Langdon, N. D., July 28.—Miss Eva Syre is confined to her home this week as the result of a rather unusual accident, although her injuries are not at all serious. It seems that a gopher had invaded the back yard and Mrs. Syre took down a little 22 calibre rifle that hung on the wall to try her marksmanship. She loaded the rifle and was pulling the trigger back when it slipped from her fingers and the rifle was discharged. It was just at the dinner hour and Eva, who was doing some work about the kitchen, happened to be in front of the rifle just at the time that it was discharged, with the result that the bullet passed through the fleshy part of the leg below the knee. Fortunately no bones were broken and her wound was easily taken care of when medical aid came.

Mrs. Syre had the rifle pointed toward the ground in true sportsman-like manner, otherwise the accident might have been very serious.

THE WEATHER

The Dakotas—Thunder showers Wednesday; probably Thursday.



MADAME CAILLAUX.

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

In Spite of Heavy Storm at Dickinson, Many Commemorate Battle of Killdeer.

Dickinson, N. D., July 28.—One of the worst storms for years marred the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Killdeer. A few, however, who could get to Oatdale, went to Dead Man's gulch and celebrated the day. The rain ceased at noon, but many people who had planned on going from Dickinson were unable to go, because of the storm. Dr. O. G. Libby, a state historian, who was to have spoken, was with the party here, and could not attend.

The program began at 1:00 p. m., and the chief addresses were delivered by Judge Bruce and U. L. Burdick. There were also short addresses by survivors of the battle.

A number of Indians were present and gave a realistic touch to the celebration. The battle of Killdeer was fought July 24, 1864, and from the point of combatants engaged was one of the largest fought between the Indians and the white men. Horatio Austin and George Northrup were the only known two who fell in the battle and stones over their graves were erected today. The site of their burying place is on the Diamond C ranch, now owned by W. L. Richards.

HANNA ON HOME SOIL

Hanna and Party Landed Safely Today in Boston After Quiet Voyage.

Boston, July 28.—Governor Hanna of North Dakota, and party, landed here today, from France, following their attendance at the Norwegian centennial celebration, where the Governor was a prominent figure. The party will leave at once for North Dakota.

SPILLED INTO LAKE.

Devils Lake, N. D., July 28.—Perry Hatland, Holland Kermott and R. Gifford were victims of the second "apple" on Devils lake, when their sailboat capsized in a squall. The accident occurred a half mile from shore. Swimming toward shore they were rescued by Captain Furstenburg.

NEW BANK UNDER WAY.

Alexander, N. D., July 28.—The work of laying brick on the new Alexander State bank building has begun. The work will now be pushed rapidly, and it is expected the building will be completed by October 1. Three more brick business houses are in sight for Alexander.

APPLAUDS POLICY OF DEMOCRATS

MERTON L. COREY, OF NEBRASKA, FRAMED PRESIDENT'S PROGRAM.

SEES SUCCESS IN 1916

Before Democratic State Convention in Nebraska, Corey Holds Republicans Up to Ridicule.

Columbus, Neb., July 28.—It is for Democrats to say the next autumn's election whether the administration of President Wilson shall be permitted to complete its program. "A program with teeth in it." In this manner Merton L. Corey, temporary chairman interpreting the party to look in his address here today before the Democratic state convention. The adoption of a platform was the primary object of the convention. Nominations will be made at the primaries Aug. 18.

Splendid Republican Policy. Mr. Corey warmly denounced the Mexican policy of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan which, he said, is "democracy's greatest asset in the coming campaign." In this connection he took a fling at Theodore Roosevelt. "Teddy," he said, "would wish dagger in his teeth and six-shooters in his belt have plowed his way through smoke and blood of battle to Mexico City."

On the Tariff. The speaker praised at length the administration's work on the questions of tariff, currency and trusts, concluding these praises with the plea:

"Great as are these accomplishments the program is not finished. Shall Democrats be permitted to finish it? Upon the election this fall the issue of 1916 will be determined. If Woodrow Wilson is given a strong majority to carry with, and is permitted to finish his great program, Democratic success in 1916 is assured. Let Democrats get together to accomplish this purpose."

Outlines Achievements. Touching the work of the Wilson administration, Mr. Corey said in part:

"It perfected and put into operation the first two amendments to the constitution since 1870, the income tax, and the direct election of senators. It passed the tariff bill, a bill which admits free of duty, imports to the value of \$150,000,000 annually, practically all of which are articles of prime necessity. Because Mr. Taft did not do what he pledged to do, to revise the tariff downward, he carried only two states in the electoral college in 1912. Because Mr. Wilson and his congress have faithfully carried out the pledge, we may well expect that the work of this administration will be approved in the coming election."

Currency Bill. "As a necessary corollary to the tariff bill, the Democrats passed the Glass-Owen currency bill, thus furnishing the machinery for free and elastic and uncontrolled credits. Never again can a Wall Street 1907 panic drive disaster into the channels of legitimate trade and business. Democracy took the control of the money and the control of Wall Street and placed it under the control of the government."

Third Step. And still Democracy moves forward to its third step in freeing honest business from the clutches of the special interests. Mr. Wilson and the Democratic congress have grappled with the trust problem. Not as Mr. Roosevelt handled it in an administration, which during seven years experienced the greatest trust growth in this country, that increased from 140 trusts and combinations when the administration began to 1,020 when it closed, but a program with teeth in it. This accounts for the wall of protest and the howl of calamity which has gone up throughout the country. But it has not availed to deter the President, or fool the people."

Work For Harmony. The speaker then appealed to his hearers to work for harmony in the party. He said any democracy so desiring could witness dissonance to his hearing's content by sitting on the bench and watching our Republican brethren.

Ridicules Republicans. "They are holding get-together banquets now," he said, and the only common ground that they have discovered at these banquets is a good appetite, and a mutual desire to be restored to the public feed trough. They have no common cause, no common principle, no common leader."

"Democrats, against such a disorganized band, promising nothing for public good, inviting the Gannons and penroses and Barnes back into the fold just for the sake of getting the jobs again, we would be entitled to everlasting condemnation should we acquiesce."

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WAR BOOSTS PRICES IN WHEAT PIT

WILD SCENES ON CHICAGO BOARD WHERE FORTUNES ARE MADE IN FIVE MINUTES.

GRAIN UP NINE POINTS

News Starts Panic on New York Stock Exchange and Foreign Securities Slump.

Chicago, July 28.—War ran up wheat on the Chicago board of trade to a total of nearly 100,000,000 bushels and shot prices skyward, 8 1/4 to 9 1/4 cents. "No other day in the twentieth century has witnessed trading here equally as wild.

Failures Looked For. Although failures momentarily are looked for none was announced tonight, however, and margins are being called for right and left, to such a wide degree that it seemed certain that the volume of business tomorrow will be greatly restricted, as compared with today, regardless of how high or low the market sweeps. Stories of fortunes made and lost today are numerous, but mostly are not well verified.

Made \$25,000 in Few Minutes. The most specific case of sudden riches is that of a heretofore obscure pit trader, who actually pocketed \$25,000, which he netted in an interval of exactly five minutes. Hundreds of spectators thronged the galleries of 'Change and looked down upon the traders, who struggled and tumbled in the pit. The uproar made by the brokers was plainly audible in the streets surrounding the board.

New York, July 28.—Expectations of war between Austria-Hungary and Serbia and its subsequent declaration demoralized the markets of the world. War was not declared until after the securities of Europe were closed, but in London, Berlin and Paris, heavy conditions and severe declines in securities anticipated the announcement.

At all three capitals the bonds of European governments, which have been steadily dropping, registered further losses.

Heavy Run on Banks. In Vienna there was a heavy run on the most important banks in the dual monarchy, the Austrian Savings bank. News of the declaration reached this country while the markets were in session. With it came an avalanche of foreign selling on the New York exchange. Leading securities slumped 5 to 30 points and conditions paralleled in intensity the domestic panic of 1907. Stock exchanges in Montreal and Toronto suspended sessions.

PANDEMONIUM AT MINNEAPOLIS. St. Paul, Minn., July 28.—The immediate effect in St. Paul of the declaration of war between Austria and Serbia probably will be to send the price of flour up 20 cents per barrel, according to J. C. Enright, a local miller.

"It is not so much because of the increased need or scarcity, as to the speculative tendencies of the grain market," said Mr. Enright today, within half an hour after the news of the war situation in Europe struck the Minneapolis wheat pit, and the price of wheat shot up 4 1/2 cents.

There was more excitement on the Minneapolis board than any member of the chamber of commerce remembers having seen before. Pandemonium broke out when the big rise came and the immediate dumping on the market of large quantities of stored grain held for just such a rise caused a sudden reaction of 2 cents. Partly responsible for the situation was the report that the wheat crop of the northwest had been menaced by rust and drought.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM. Washington, July 28.—With \$1,300,000,000 of gold coin and bullion stored in the treasury vaults and about \$600,000,000 more coin in circulation, the treasury officials said tonight the United States had no cause for alarm over the tremendous shipments of gold from New York to Europe.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN HAITI.

Cape Haitien, Haiti, July 28.—Heavy fighting has been in progress between the government forces and the revolutionists. The federals attacked the rebels at Tou, South Cape Haitien, and forced them from their entrenchments, recapturing the town. The rebels also evacuated the village of Caracol, but fighting continues at several points.

STUNNED AND DROWNED.

Bottineau, N. D., July 28.—William McQueen, 16 years old, was killed by a runaway horse on the streets of this city. McQueen had just untied the animal when it made a dash, catching his clothes in the harness. He was dragged several hundred feet and dropped unconscious in a gutter filled with water and drowned.

EUROPE FACES WORST CRISIS OF HISTORY IN WAR DECLARED BY AUSTRIA

FORMAL NOTICE SERVED ON SERBIAN GOVERNMENT AND OUTPOSTS EXCHANGE SHOTS—REPORTS OF FIGHTING SUPPRESSED.

GERMANY SPURNS MEDIATION

RUSSIA, FRANCE AND ENGLAND UNITE TO WARD OFF THE GREATEST CATASTROPHE IN EUROPE SINCE THE CRIMINEAN WAR.

New York, July 28.—Thousands of Servians and Austrians residing in the United States placed themselves at the disposal of their respective countries, according to announcements by the consuls here. Telegrams from San Francisco, St. Louis, St. Paul, Milwaukee, and various cities through the middle states, caused the Servian consuls to estimate that in the neighborhood of 10,000 men immediately will respond to the call for recruits.

At the Austro-Hungarian consulate it was said about 15,000 men of all nationalities composing the Austro-Hungarian empire signified their intention of returning to aid in the defense of their country if needed.

London, July 28.—The Austrian Hungarian government declared war against Serbia today by a manifesto which was one of the briefest of history's momentous documents.

Germany Spurns Mediation. Germany paved the way for the declaration by announcing her rejection of the British proposal to bring the four powers together in a conference for mediation. Germany explained to the public that her ally could not be expected to submit her acts to the European council as though she were one of the Balkan states.

This announcement preceded the declaration of war by two hours, and gave an exhibition of the perfectly harmonious working of the partnership between the two nations which has stood firmly together through the Bosnian crisis of 1909.

Interests Shifts to St. Petersburg. The center of interest shifted to St. Petersburg, which holds the decision as to whether the European war which probably will shift the balance power, if not rearrange the entire map of Europe is to break out. Negotiations are afoot there between the Russian Foreign Minister, Sazonoff, and the Austrian Ambassador designed to "localize" the conflict. The nature and progress of these conversations are wrapped in the thickest mystery, but they are the last plank the neutral powers are clinging to in face of a storm which may wash all under.

WAR STRENGTH OF NATIONS CONCERNED IN SERBIAN TROUBLE.

The following table gives the armed strength of the nations which may figure in the Austro-Serbian affair. The nations are grouped according to their probable alignment in the event of war.

Austria—Army war strength, 2,000,000; navy, 2 dreadnaughts, 6 battleships, 2 armored cruisers, 5 cruisers, 51 torpedo boats and destroyers, 6 submarines.

Germany—Army war strength, 5,200,000; navy, 13 dreadnaughts, 20 battleships, 4 battleship-cruisers, 9 armored cruisers, 40 cruisers, 130 torpedo boats and destroyers, 24 submarines.

Serbia—Army war strength, 240,000; navy, one steamer.

Russia—Army war strength, 5,500,000; navy, 8 battleships, 6 armored cruisers, 9 cruisers, 107 torpedo boats and destroyers, 30 submarines.

France—Army war strength, 4,000,000; navy, 2 dreadnaughts, 18 battleships, 20 armored cruisers, 10 cruisers, 220 torpedo boats and destroyers, 75 submarines.

FINE FAIR IN PROSPECT.

Fargo, N. D., July 28.—The McLean county fair is going to be one of the best county fairs in the state. It is to be held at Underwood, that county.

Underwood is an enterprising little city and has left no stone unturned to give the patrons of the fair the best possible.

There will be a splendid race program and aeroplane flights. A vaudeville entertainment will be furnished for the fair by the Webster Theatrical exchange of Fargo. The fair management expects a big attendance.

ACQUITTED BY JURY.

Minot, N. D., July 28.—The jury in the case of Ernest Ferris, charged with stealing wheat in the vicinity of Des Lacs last winter, brought in a verdict that he was not guilty, having been out exactly twenty-four hours.

Ferris is said to have already served a term in the state penitentiary on the same charge.

SOLDIER KILLED BY TRAIN.

Valley City, N. D., July 28.—D. Lavin, a former United States soldier on his way north from serving Uncle Sam on the Texas border, was run over by a train on the Soo north of here and killed. The accident happened Saturday afternoon.

Great War News.

News of a formal declaration of war ran through the city before the extra editions of the papers could reach the readers' hands. Every-

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