

NINE DETECTIVES TO BE INDICTED

Startling Revelations Concerning Chicago Police Force Are Made.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—C. P. (Barney) Bertsche, a ward politician, and for years the leading figure in Chicago's underworld, followed the lead of Frank Ryan, the leader of the clairvoyant ring here, and told the grand jury today of the relations between certain policemen and criminals. So did James Ryan, an active worker in the clairvoyant ring. Their stories, substantiating and augmenting the confession made yesterday by Frank Ryan, resulted in nine true bills being voted tonight against members of the detective bureau, according to State's Attorney Hoyne, who said the indictments would not be returned until Saturday.

WHAT MILITARIST THINKS OF RUSSIA

Major Morant, Military Writer. Discusses the Eastern Situation.

Berlin (Via The Hague and London) Dec. 4.—Major Morant, the military writer, in discussing the eastern situation in the Tageblatt, says: "The operations around Lodz seemed to foreshadow the surrounding and annihilation of the Russian main body, but the Germans themselves were surrounded by strong Russian reinforcements from the east and south. The Germans, however, liberated themselves with heroic energy from this envelopment and resumed their attacks with indomitable persistence. The gigantic offensive movement of the Russians from Soudau to now has already failed. "The plan of campaign, originally made in Paris in the interest of France and England, was that Russia should throw her chief strength against Germany in order to relieve the pressure on the western front. The intention was to make an irresistible offense and compel the withdrawal of such large forces from France as to make possible Anglo-French success. "Russia, however, threw her chief forces against Austria, believing that she would be able eventually to crush that country in a short time, but after a four months struggle this has not been accomplished because the Austrians and Hungarians are fighting like lions in the time of Field Marshal Radetzky, showing a steady recuperative force. "Russia has already been compelled to change her whole plan of campaign which often decided final victory in favor of the opponent. What has already occurred means an enormous weakening of Russia's military power. Germany and Austria have captured about 400,000 prisoners, at least an equal number must have been killed or wounded and the losses through sickness must reach 300,000. This means one-third of Russia's best troops. "The newer formations are lacking in the military qualities necessary to change Russia's destiny and the failure of the plan of operations therefore means the irretrievable impairment of Russia's offensive power."

CARLETON HUDSON ADMITS IDENTITY

Carleton Hudson, the wealthy lawyer, and for years a respected church man and citizen here, and C. H. Betts, who fled from New York in 1896, when free on a bond, being charged with forgery, are one and the same man. Hudson, who was arrested yesterday at the instance of heirs of his former bondsman, admitted his identity in a statement made by his counsel, Clarence Darrow, tonight. Hudson was arraigned today and given a week's continuance. He is at liberty, being granted until tomorrow morning to raise a \$5,000 bond. Hudson is defendant in a Minneapolis lawsuit.

DES JARDIEN BETTER. Chicago, Dec. 4.—Paul Des Jardien, captain of the University of Chicago football eleven, has sufficiently recovered from injuries suffered in the Minnesota game on November 21 to be discharged from the hospital. It was announced today.

PREMIER'S SON KILLED. London, Dec. 4.—Telegraphing from Amsterdam, the correspondent of Reuters' Telegram company says that the son of M. De Broqueville, the Belgian premier, has been killed in battle and it is rumored that a second son also has lost his life in action.

MORE AMERICANS KILLED AT NACO

Naco, Ariz., Dec. 4.—Governor Hunt of Arizona telegraphed tonight to Coroner Pohlen that he had made another appeal to the state department at Washington for the protection of non-combatants on the American side from the Mexican fire which for two months has fallen on the American town of Naco and the Mexican town under siege. The killing of one and wounding of two more persons today on this side caused the coroner to telegraph Gov. Hunt an appeal for action together with a refusal to hold inquests over the bodies of those killed and thus endanger the lives of the coroner's jurymen.

DENMARK'S HIGH EDUCATIONAL RANK

As Compared With That of the United States in a Report Just Filed.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Only one person in every thousand in Denmark is unable to read and write, compared with seven out of every thousand in the United States. This fact is disclosed in a report today by H. V. Foght of the federal bureau of education of his investigations of school conditions in Denmark. It is shown also that of 260,000 Danish children of school age, only 870 failed to attend school during 1911. Mr. Foght declares that compulsory attendance upon school between the ages of seven and fourteen is so strictly enforced in Denmark that "the few who persist in avoiding their legal responsibilities are punished so severely that they are glad enough to change their minds." The people are so imbued with the value of education, he says, that they will go to any extremity to keep their children in school. The secret of Denmark's high place in educational affairs, according to Mr. Foght, lies in the hold which the teacher has upon the entire people. The teacher has high social rank, is a leader in both church and state, and is invariably pensioned for disability or age.

HOOVER TELLS OF WORK IN BELGIUM

Chairman of American Commission for Belgian Relief in Statement.

London, Dec. 4.—Herbert Hoover, chairman of the American Commission for the Relief of Belgium, has returned after a week's trip of inspection in Belgium. Hoover reported that the distribution of the foodstuffs sent in care of the American Commission was well under way and stated that the condition of famine which threatened the population was still desperate, on account of the attitude of the belligerents and the Belgians must appeal still to the people of the United States for relief. "It is difficult to state the position of the civil population of Belgium with out appearing hysterical," said Hoover. "I do not know that history presents a parallel—a population of seven million people, surrounded by a ring of steel and utterly unable by any conceivable effort of their own to save themselves. "We are meeting with no obstruction from the military authorities in Belgium in the prosecution of our work. Not one loaf of the bread nor one spoonful of the salt we introduced has been taken by the military. Most stringent orders have been given out that we are to have no interference. Our members meet, with respect and assistance in all quarters. The people are most law abiding. "He added that those able are compelled to pay something for food and altogether one-half of the food the Commission sends to Belgium is paid for, so "when the American people contribute two shiploads of food, they enable us to buy one more cargo. "Because of the absolute cessation of all methods of transportation available to the Commission, immense obstacles in this regard must be overcome before the food can be distributed to the outlying points. ANOTHER MERCY SHIP. New York, Dec. 4.—Another mercy ship sailed from here tonight for the relief of the starving non-combatants in Belgium, when the steamer Agamemnon with 2,500 tons of food supplies aboard, cleared for Rotterdam. One million pounds of rice in bulk was part of the cargo, which included condensed milk, beans, flour, salt, tinned and coffee.

UNITED STATES IS READY FOR WAR

Washington, Dec. 4.—The United States army has a six months' reserve supply of clothing, shoes, camp equipments and supplies and in this respect is in a better state of preparedness than ever before, according to a statement made before the house military affairs committee by Major General Aleshaire, quartermaster general of the army.

THE NEW LEADER AT THE MEXICAN CAPITAL



GENERAL VILLA General Villa is reported to have entered Mexico City at the head of 25,000 troops and went into camp in the suburbs surrounding the capital. On his arrival he announced his mission was to restore order throughout Mexico. His coming was hailed by hundreds of persons as the sign that the most serious crisis in the affairs of Mexico has passed. He is regarded as the one man who is strong enough to bring order out of the chaos which has existed since Carranza quitted the city and left it at the mercy of any band who might enter to sack the place.

War Bulletins

Amsterdam, Dec. 4.—A telegram says that General von Stutterheim, commander of the Austrian cavalry brigade, was killed on the eastern battle field.

Rome, Dec. 4.—The government presented to parliament financial measures which will increase the revenue ten million dollars yearly. The government purchased one million tons of wheat from Argentina. Five steamers have been chartered to transport the first shipment.

MILLIONAIRE IS IN SERIOUS TROUBLE

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Colonel Charles Alexander of Providence, R. I., the millionaire who was indicted here and charged with the violation of the Mann act, was arrested in Providence, according to an announcement made here by District Attorney Clyne. Alexander is charged with transporting Jessie Cope of Los Angeles, Miss Cope is under the surveillance of federal officers here and it is reported that the grand jury will consider the charges of extortion said to have been made against her. Alexander is a member of the firm of Alexander Bros., of Providence, and is a director of the Canadian Steel Company and a man of prominence and good family, according to Clyne's statement.

Providence, R. I., Dec. 4.—Alexander is a millionaire and a retired merchant. He was arrested tonight on a federal warrant, charging him with violation of the Mann act. He is accused of transporting Jessie Cope from Los Angeles to Chicago, in February, 1913. He is 62. She is half that age. Alexander's counsel said it was attempted blackmail. Alexander has a wife and two daughters and is prominent socially.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Clyne said the indictment had been voted against Alexander to be returned next Monday.

OFFICIAL'S NARROW ESCAPE. Brussels (Via The Hague and London), Dec. 4.—Dr. Soff, the German colonial secretary, had a narrow escape a few days ago. When automobiling along the front near Dixmude he came under the fire of the English entrenchments which were only 400 yards from the highway. Not only bullets whizzed around his automobile but shrapnel exploded nearby. In the midst of the excitement, a fire which had been penetrated by bullets, exploded. The chauffeur dismounted, intending to make repairs, but it was evident that the English guns had found the range, and the secretary hurried on to Dixmude in the crippled machine. There he lodged in one of the few inhabitable ruined houses until repairs could be made.

"RUBE" MARQUARD JOINS FED RANKS

New York, Dec. 4.—"Rube" Marquard, one of the New York National's trio of leading pitchers, has signed a contract to pitch for the Brooklyn Federals, according to an announcement of President Ward of Brooklyn.

GIBBONS WINNER. Hudson, Wis., Dec. 4.—After clearly outclassing his opponent from the start, Mike Gibbons of St. Paul was given the decision over Bob Mohr of Milwaukee, when Mohr was disqualified for fouling by St. Paul fighter twice in the second round of the scheduled ten-round bout.

MILLO WOULD LIKE A BURIAL

Murderer Is Taking Up a Collection for Defraying Funeral Expense.

Bottineau, N. D., Dec. 4.—The body of Joe Millo, under sentence of death for participation in the double murder at Lanford, this county, will not be sent to a medical college after his death, for he has placed the purpose of the law, he declares. "They won't ever get my body for study purposes," said Millo today.

Under the North Dakota law, the body of Millo would become the property of the North Dakota university college of medicine, after his execution, but he has placed a contribution box in this manner to obtain sufficient funds to pay his burial expenses.

AMBASSADOR SHARP NOW ON THE JOB

Paris, Dec. 4.—William Graves Sharp, the new American ambassador, presented his credentials today to President Poincare. The ceremony was attended by the usual formalities. On conveying to the government and people of France, in most cordial terms, the best wishes of President Wilson, Sharp alluded to the war, expressing the "earnest hope that soon shall come the blessings of everlasting and beneficent peace." In his reply, President Poincare alluded to the historic friendship between the United States and France and concluded by sending his "wishes for the prosperity and greatness of the United States as well as for the personal happiness of your illustrious president."

FRANCE CALLS ON HER YOUNG MEN

Bordeaux, Dec. 4.—Three hundred thousand youths who are eighteen years old, living in France, and who are normally expected to begin army service in October 1916, by government decree have been called to present themselves for examination beginning the 30th of this month. Their military training will probably begin next March. Should the necessity arise, these youths probably could be fighting by next July.

DOUBLE WEDDING. Minor, N. D., Dec. 4.—A double wedding ceremony that was out of the ordinary was held at the Parish house of the Congregational church. Rev. John S. Root, pastor, officiating. Two brothers, Ernie and Frank Soderberg, were united in marriage to two sisters, Mima and Pearl Edwards. The young people are residents of Ward county, with the exception of Frank Soderberg, who comes from Mountrail county. Following the ceremony they left for their new home near Parshall.

JENSEN HEADS COLLEGE BOARD

Former Student at State Agricultural College Heads the Board.

Fargo, N. D., Dec. 4.—At a session of the board of trustees of the agricultural college this morning J. P. Jensen was chosen to the presidency of the board at a special election to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Claud Nugent from the board. Mr. Jensen is a resident of Westhope and has the honor of being the first and only alumnus ever chosen to membership on the board and consequently the only alumnus ever elected to the presidency of the board of trustees. The new president was chosen to membership on the board by Governor Hanna two years ago. He was one of the graduates of the college several years ago and has always been a booster for the institution, being one of those men who realized the value of the college as one of the prime factors in the development of North Dakota. He received his diploma from the college in 1902 in agriculture. The board only chose a new head for the board at the meeting this morning and authorized Superintendent Thomas Cooper to attend a meeting of the state leaders of better farming work from the several states of the union, which will be held in Chicago on December 8 to 11 inclusive. Adjournment was taken to December 12 when the regular meeting of the board will be held.

WORK ON RIVERS AND HARBORS BILL

Rivers and Harbors Committee of House Now Framing Legislation.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Work of framing a rivers and harbors bill for the coming session was begun yesterday by the House rivers and harbors committee with estimates before it from the War department, asking for appropriations aggregating between \$49,000,000 and \$50,000,000 for waterway improvements. These estimates do not contemplate any new projects. The plan to eliminate all new projects from the proposed bill and to cut the amount down to a minimum will, it is expected, precipitate a vigorous fight in the committee as well as later in both houses. Some committee members today predicted that when the measure finally is reported to the House it probably will not carry appropriations to exceed \$50,000,000 or \$55,000,000.

The biggest project contemplated is the improvement of the Mississippi river. The Mississippi river commission recommended that \$12,000,000 be appropriated for improving the Mississippi river from the head of the passes to Cape Girardeau or Rock Island but this was cut in half by the army engineers in their recommendations to Congress. A still further cut of \$1,000,000 or so is possible in the committee. This appropriation would cover, according to the pending plans, \$3,000,000 for construction of levees up to Girardeau or Rock Island; \$50,000 or \$75,000 for dredging and administrative expenses and the remainder for relevelment of the river banks to prevent caving in. It is likely that the bill will carry a proposal to have the appropriation for levees applicable as far north as Rock Island.

Several million dollars are contemplated in the estimates for improving the upper Mississippi from the mouth of the Ohio to the mouth of the Missouri and from there to St. Paul. Approximately \$1,500,000 is proposed for present appropriation for the Delaware included in the \$6,000,000 standing authorized for ultimate expense of improving that waterway.

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WILLIAM ROCKRILL TAKEN ILL AT SEA

Was on His Way to Peking to Become Advisor to President of China.

Honolulu, Dec. 4.—William R. Rockrill, former United States ambassador to Turkey, was taken from the liner, Chyo Maru, upon her arrival from San Francisco today, too ill to continue on his way to China. He was enroute to Peking to become the advisor to President Yuan Shi Kai of China. The illness is said to be only a severe cold, contracted since leaving San Francisco.

SUFFRAGE VOTE NOW VERIFIED

Phenomenal Vote Cast to Decide Suffrage Question Is Checked Up.

The fact that the suffrage question leads all others, as well as all candidates for any one office in the election returns, is causing considerable discussion inasmuch as it is an unusual condition. The report that it leads the gubernatorial vote by 251 was a surprise, but it now develops that it leads the U. S. senatorial vote by 2,247. Upon first thought it hardly seemed possible and was thought to be a mistake, but the detailed figures submitted herewith by counties show the conditions that prevailed in all quarters of the state. There is much speculation as to how this came about, for it hardly seems possible that a voter would vote on the suffrage question alone and fail to vote the regular ticket, but this certainly was the case. All other measures which were voted upon received votes ranging in the sixty-odd thousands, while suffrage drew 89,557 both for and against. The vote for governor totaled up 89,206, while the U. S. senatorial candidates (Continued on Page Two)

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LIGHTS TURNED OUT ON CHAMP CLARK

Chautauqua Address of Speaker of the House Abruptly Terminated.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 4.—In the middle of a lecture by Speaker Champ Clark, of the national House of Representatives, after the former candidate for presidential nomination had shown evidences in his actions and words of being unfit to make an address, the board of directors of the Detroit board of commerce, on Wednesday night, suddenly terminated the address by turning out the lights. Mr. Clark had been invited to leave the platform by Secretary Gitchell of the board, but refused to listen to him. The lights then were turned off and relighted but the speaker continued his talk. Finally the lights were again turned off and Mr. Clark was led from the platform. One-third of the audience of more than 1,000 had left their seats abruptly and walked from the hall before any attempt was made to silence the speaker. Most of those who left were women.

From the first it was apparent that Speaker Clark was unnatural in his demeanor. His gestures were unsteady and halting. His voice broke noticeably after the first fifteen minutes. The longer he spoke the less coherent his speech became. After speaker Clark had been taken from the building Mr. Gitchell apologized to those of the audience who remained, and stated that any who had purchased special tickets for the Chautauqua lecture could have their money refunded at the door. Speaker Clark, in an interview, paid his respects to Congressman James B. Mann of Illinois, the minority leader in Congress during Clark's incumbency as speaker, something like this: "From the coign of vantage of the speakership I have looked down on this man Mann with absolute amazement. He shrugs his shoulders like a Frenchman. He is a genuine American. He is the ablest parliamentarian on the American continent. He is a strange human entity. He has no enemies, nobody loves him, nobody hates him. He's just James R. Mann. He's the ablest Republican I ever saw. The Republicans, if they have any sense, will make him next Republican candidate for the presidency. "I thought I was the most industrious man in the world until I ran across Mann," continued the speaker. "Of all the sons of men Mann is the most industrious, persistent and pestiferous. I am speaker of the House of Representatives not only in fact but in name, and yet I get more information and trouble out of Mann than out of all the people on the face of the earth put together."

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SLOW PROGRESS POLAND BATTLE

BOTH RUSSIANS AND GERMAN CLAIM TO BE WINNING AT LODZ.

WARSAW ADVANCE A FAILURE? Military Men Do Not Look for the Early Fall of City of Cracow.

London, Dec. 4.—There is still lacking any reliable news of the progress of the battle in Poland, which continues to monopolize the interest of all. An unofficial Petrograd dispatch says the battle of Lodz ended in a success for the Russians. But this is opposed to that Berlin official report which says the German offensive in Poland is taking its normal course. The fact is that the fighting in this region has developed into such a jumble that it is almost impossible to follow it. The most important factor the Allies point to view is that the German advance on Warsaw has seemingly not succeeded in its object, nor has it had the effect of diverting the Russians from their forward movement, through the Carpathians onto the plains of Hungary, or against the fortress of Cracow, around which they are drawing in a closer ring both men and artillery. Military men do not look for the early fall of Cracow but are rather inclined to believe that the Russians will endeavor to keep the large Austrian force inside the fortress and enter Silesia from the southeast. The battle in the west appears to be at a standstill. The Allies and Germans attempted to take the offensive at different points but neither claims to have made any advance. Although both mention repulse of the enemy, it is evident that the attacks have not met with success. The arrival of the Austrian and New Zealand contingents in Egypt on Friday transports is quoted as another triumph for the British navy. Laying Mines. The North German Lloyd steamer, Berlin, which recently interned at Trondhjem, Norway, according to a statement from the British admiralty tonight, has probably been engaged in extensive mine laying operations. The report said she had been especially fitted for mine laying, but so far as is known she has now no mines aboard, it in all "probability being that these have been sown on high seas under cover of darkness. Denies Interview. A press association here announced that it had been officially informed with reference to the interview purporting to have been had by Irvin S. Cobb with Lord Kitchener and printed in a weekly magazine in America, "that the language is not that of Lord Kitchener and his lordship's official representative expressed surprise that it should have been regarded as possible that Lord Kitchener used such expressions." The official press bureau said that Cobb saw Kitchener "a few minutes on October 21" although "nothing in the nature of a special interview was granted and the remarks attributed to Kitchener are imaginary." Cobb is Positive. New York, Dec. 4.—Irvin S. Cobb tonight said he used no pencil and paper in taking the interview, which he said, lasted 40 minutes, but "I am sure I quoted him (Kitchener) correctly." No News At All. Vienna, Dec. 4.—It is officially stated that quiet prevailed yesterday in the Carpathians and in West Galicia and South Poland. The fighting continues in North Poland. Paris, Dec. 4.—It was officially communicated tonight that "at no place along the entire front was there a notable incident. On the right we progressed in the direction of Altkirch. During the day of December 2d we made 991 prisoners in the region to the north."

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London, Dec. 4.—There is still lacking any reliable news of the progress of the battle in Poland, which continues to monopolize the interest of all. An unofficial Petrograd dispatch says the battle of Lodz ended in a success for the Russians. But this is opposed to that Berlin official report which says the German offensive in Poland is taking its normal course. The fact is that the fighting in this region has developed into such a jumble that it is almost impossible to follow it. The most important factor the Allies point to view is that the German advance on Warsaw has seemingly not succeeded in its object, nor has it had the effect of diverting the Russians from their forward movement, through the Carpathians onto the plains of Hungary, or against the fortress of Cracow, around which they are drawing in a closer ring both men and artillery. Military men do not look for the early fall of Cracow but are rather inclined to believe that the Russians will endeavor to keep the large Austrian force inside the fortress and enter Silesia from the southeast. The battle in the west appears to be at a standstill. The Allies and Germans attempted to take the offensive at different points but neither claims to have made any advance. Although both mention repulse of the enemy, it is evident that the attacks have not met with success. The arrival of the Austrian and New Zealand contingents in Egypt on Friday transports is quoted as another triumph for the British navy. Laying Mines. The North German Lloyd steamer, Berlin, which recently interned at Trondhjem, Norway, according to a statement from the British admiralty tonight, has probably been engaged in extensive mine laying operations. The report said she had been especially fitted for mine laying, but so far as is known she has now no mines aboard, it in all "probability being that these have been sown on high seas under cover of darkness. Denies Interview. A press association here announced that it had been officially informed with reference to the interview purporting to have been had by Irvin S. Cobb with Lord Kitchener and printed in a weekly magazine in America, "that the language is not that of Lord Kitchener and his lordship's official representative expressed surprise that it should have been regarded as possible that Lord Kitchener used such expressions." The official press bureau said that Cobb saw Kitchener "a few minutes on October 21" although "nothing in the nature of a special interview was granted and the remarks attributed to Kitchener are imaginary." Cobb is Positive. New York, Dec. 4.—Irvin S. Cobb tonight said he used no pencil and paper in taking the interview, which he said, lasted 40 minutes, but "I am sure I quoted him (Kitchener) correctly." No News At All. Vienna, Dec. 4.—It is officially stated that quiet prevailed yesterday in the Carpathians and in West Galicia and South Poland. The fighting continues in North Poland. Paris, Dec. 4.—It was officially communicated tonight that "at no place along the entire front was there a notable incident. On the right we progressed in the direction of Altkirch. During the day of December 2d we made 991 prisoners in the region to the north."

SLOW PROGRESS POLAND BATTLE

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