

The Bismarck Tribune.
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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1915

WHERE THE TRIBUNE CAN BE BOUGHT.

Fargo, N. D. Gardner Hotel.
 Grand Forks, N. D. Hotel Frederick.
 Devils Lake, N. D. H. B. Rosenberg, News agent.
 C. J. B. Turner, News agent.
 Minot, N. D. Manser Bros.
 Dickinson, N. D. St. Charles Hotel.
 Minneapolis, Minn. Kemp & Cohen, News agents.
 Hotel Radisson.
 St. Paul, Minn. Merchants Hotel.
 St. Marie, Fifth St., News agent.

The Weather

For the 24 hours ending at 7 p. m., March 30, 1915.
 Temperature at 7 a. m. 7
 Temperature at 7 p. m. 33
 Highest temperature 38
 Lowest temperature 7
 Precipitation none
 Highest wind velocity 12 NE
 Forecast.

For North Dakota: Fair tonight and Wednesday; slowly rising temperature.

ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
 Section Director.

GOOD NEWS TO FARMERS.

That the United States has taken a hand to protect the supply of sisal is good news to the North Dakota farmer. A tenth of the wheat grown in the United States is raised within the borders of this state, so no state in the Union is any more interested in the sisal market.

The decision of the federal government to send a warship with sufficient gold to facilitate the movement of 20,000 bales of sisal fibre is probably unique, but conditions in Mexico call for unique action.

Sisal is the important product of Yucatan, being indigenous to the province, and is used in connection with Manila hemp. This state is now in undisputed control of Carranza.

The interests of the American farmers are intimately bound up in the preservation of the sisal market. It is necessary that the movement of this product proceed unimpeded.

Jess Willard may be the white hope but the money is being placed on the black.

HOLY WEEK.

This is the week of expectancy. It is the time when hope, faith and charity seem to be reborn in the souls of men.

Coupled with the deep significance of the week from a religious standpoint, is the sensation that all nature is returning to the fullness of her functions.

It is a season of renascence. The sap mounting up the trunks of the trees and stirring to life the branches above, are but mute signs of the powerful forces of nature working silently but none the less potently because of their quietude.

Earnest men at this time must take thought of themselves. Happy, indeed, is he who with the optimism of Pippa can sing: "God's in His heaven, all's right with the world."

This Easter dawns with millions stained by the blood of their fellow men. It is a hard time to be optimistic.

Christianity never was put to a more supreme test since Jesus wept over the Holy City, nearly 2,000 years ago.

Passion week has a deep significance, ushered in as it is by the din of arms. If there was ever a time that called for prayer, it is now.

The nations of Europe have been crucifying their ideals and stultifying their millions of subjects ever since the titanic struggle commenced. Hatred, prejudice, selfishness and pride, the same motives that nailed Christ to the cross are prompting men today, who call themselves Christians, to murder, loot and desecrate the very temples of the Lord.

Nineteen centuries after Christ and a world at war! This is the situation that confronts us, brightened as our hearts are by all the outward manifestations of spring.

Depressing as the situation is, our ideals and faith should not be shattered. It is right for us to rejoice at the return of the birds, the flowers and the warm sunshine. These are the kind harbingers that instinctively prompt us to hope for better things. How often our deepest convictions are made weapons of passion and hate.

Patriotism is the altar upon which we sacrifice our enemies. We pray

for peace while we prepare for war. Those who murdered Christ first walked before Him singing hosannas. Palm Sunday is followed by Good Friday and the deserted tomb. Small wonder that Jesus wept for Jerusalem. How He must weep for the world today.

Judging from "Billy" Sunday's collections, the truth does not hurt so much after all.

A LOST ART.

Letter writing is a lost art. The newspapers, movies and souvenir post cards have made the letter of yesterday part and parcel of history and incident.

Much of our greatest literature is in the epistolary style. History has been traced and rewritten from letters.

Today there are few great letter writers. One of the last was Robert Louis Stevenson. Whether there will be more is problematical.

The processes of communication have become so highly developed that our letters almost become history before the information they contain is revealed.

Post cards written with appropriate mottoes and love ditties are ready at hand to further dwarf the imagination and make more easy the sending of a message to the distant friend.

But it is to be regretted that the art of letter writing is not practiced as it once was. This loss is keenly brought to mind in the reading recently of some unpublished letters of Jane Welch Carlyle, the wife of the great Scotch philosopher, to her servant, Charlotte. They are remarkable for their simplicity and reflect an association between mistress and servant almost wiped out by our modern ideas.

Little Charlotte, the model servant, was the recipient of weekly letters crammed with kindness and motherly advice.

Those who have followed the letters of Jane Welch Carlyle will never forget them. A perusal of that brilliant woman's epistles makes one regret the more that letter writing has fallen into desuetude.

Those North Dakota hoaxes rejected by the agents of warring nations will doubtless feel no chagrin over the incident.

If Roosevelt, the prodigal, returns to the Republican fold he will doubtless insist on picking out the fattest calf himself.

Washington dispatches indicate that Bryan is yearning for the smell of the sawdust and the flapping of the canvas tent.

The Duke of Orleans cannot enlist because he is related to former kings of France. There are many in the trenches now who wished their forebears had been kings.

In discussing the fire losses of the state within the last twenty-five years Representative Bratton must have confused his own with that of North Dakota's. Just an editorial slip, probably.

CITY AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF SPECIAL ASSESSMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that the following described special assessment lists against the property abutting on the streets named hereafter have been duly confirmed by the special assessment commission and filed in the office of the city auditor and are open to public inspection:

For street grading on Broadway from West Park street to Washington avenue and from Mandan avenue to First street, on First street from Broadway to Rosser street, on Second street from Thayer street to Avenue A, and on Rosser street from First street to Second street.

For street grading on the Boulevard from Fourth street to Sixth street, and from Seventh street to Ninth street, on Avenue F from Fifth street to Sixth street, on Avenue E from Fifth street to Tenth street, on Fifth street from Avenue E to the Boulevard, on Sixth street from Avenue F to the Boulevard and on Eighth street from Avenue D to the Boulevard.

For street grading on Seventh street from Avenue E to the Boulevard, on Ninth street from Avenue D to Avenue F, on Avenue B from Eighth street to Tenth street, on Avenue C from the center of blocks 44 and 53 of Northern Pacific Second Addition to Tenth street, on Avenue D from Eighth street to Tenth street, on Avenue F from Sixth street to Ninth street, and on the Boulevard from Sixth street to Seventh street.

The board of city commissioners will act upon said special assessments on Monday, April 13, 1915, at eight o'clock, p. m. Any person feeling aggrieved may appeal from the action of such special assessment commission by filing with the city auditor prior to said date a written notice of such appeal, stating therein the grounds upon which same are based.

Dated this 30th day of March, A. D. 1915.
 R. H. THISTLETHWAITE,
 City Auditor.

State News and Comment

Fargo's community club is now thoroughly organized.
 Minot has started a movement to get a Y. W. C. A. building.

Dawson may have a factory to manufacture a potato dropper, invented by J. J. Gokey.

Dawson will have a baseball team this year. It will be known as the Roscoe's Colts.

The state W. C. T. U. convention is to be held in Carrington the last of next September.

Ground has been broken for the post office building at Amidon, the county seat of Slope county.

A mass meeting as called at Page to discuss the matter of holding a gala day for races in Page the coming year.

Rev. G. N. Keniston, former pastor of the Congregational church at Hettinger, has accepted a call to the church at Beach, N. D.

May 1 track meet and declamation contest will be held at Minot under the auspices of the Minot Normal. Vela will be represented in both events.

Fire, starting from an unknown origin destroyed the warehouse of the Pure Oil company at Minot, near the Russell-Miller mill, early Sunday morning, imperiling the lives of the local fire fighters and causing damage estimated at \$3,000.

A. P. Anderson, aged 74 years, and a resident of Grand Forks for 11 years, was found dead in bed at the home of his son-in-law, Otto Gotberg, at 8 o'clock Saturday morning. Death was due to heart disease, in the opinion of the physicians.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rau arrived at Mott this week from Bismarck, and have taken charge of the Independent Telephone company exchange in which building they will make their home. Mr. Rau will have charge of the company's lines running out of Mott.

It is believed that actual work upon the federal building in Jamestown will begin some time during 1916. Congressman Young has written parties in Valley City and Jamestown that plans for the federal buildings will be prepared and contracts let in 1916.

The Carson Press says: "Iowa's board of education has a nerve. It has established a college course to teach editors of country weeklies the newspaper business. As if anyone can teach a country editor anything, he has edited a paper with one hand, clipped copy with the other, collected with the third and run the gas engine with the fourth. Yep! Every country editor has four hands."

A number of owners of threshing rigs in this section met at the opera house at Kenmare and perfected a branch organization of the Ward County Threshermen's association. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, G. P. Laughlin; vice president, E. J. McCoy; secretary-treasurer, J. M. Robe; Directors, Kasumit, Jorgenson, Erick Erickson and A. H. Tue.

Announcement has been made that Ra LaShelle will take possession of the Sevilla hotel of Devils Lake, April 1, having leased the place from M. A. Baldwin, receiver for the North Dakota Improvement company. Mr. LaShelle and wife have been in Devils Lake for several months and are thoroughly acquainted with the situation. Mr. LaShelle is an experienced hotel man, although still a young man.

Rev. Father Bernard Strassmaier has been at Fort Yates for twenty-five years. During that time he has worked hard for the best interests of the church and the community. His many friends here, Catholic and non-Catholic, presented him with a substantial purse, and in acknowledging the gift last Sunday he spoke feelingly of his appreciation and love for the people here. It was a fitting day to mark the end of a quarter century of his labor on the reservation.

Herman Ulrich has the contract for the new mail route from New Salem to Center and return, daily, April 1st. Heretofore the Center and Yucca people have been getting their mail via Mandan and since the Stanton and Mercer county mail was distributed from Mandan via the North branch instead of New Salem stage routes, the Center people have had very poor mail service. Both Center and Yucca will now have daily mail from here and we are sure they will welcome the change, for the New Salem postal service is very efficient and will give them the best treatment at their command.

Capitol Notes

Brewster to Florida.
 Fred O. Brewster, member of the state board of control, is on his way to Florida now. He will recuperate in that sunny clime.

Want to Know How.
 A letter has been received at the library commission from a North California official desirous of learning more of North Dakota's legislative reference library and methods of organization.

Pick Out State Lands.
 H. L. Simmons, deputy state land commissioner, left this morning for the Standing Rock Indian Reservation to pick out the state lands before the reservation is thrown open to the public. The state is entitled to about 27,000 acres from the North Dakota portion of the reservation, two sections in each township being granted for common school purposes under the enabling act. The state has sus-

Anamosa wants a flour mill and an electric light plant.

The Presbyterians of Devils Lake will erect a new church this year.

Judge Bruce and Senator Gronna will deliver address at Dunn Center July 4th.

Twelve carloads of cattle have been unloaded at Haynes and will be taken to neighboring farms to be fattened.

The big 780-acre ranch near Haynes owned by G. S. Smebakken, has been sold by him to Sherman Jorgenson of Lake Benton, Minn.

Because she loved her sweetheart with another girl, Rose Kukowsky, employed at a Fargo hotel, took two grains of corrosive sublimate. She may recover.

The White Earth Record is now under the guidance of Chris Hermanson, an old-time Towner newspaper man, and at one time publisher of the News and Stockman.

Evidently mistaking carbolic acid for cough medicine, the bottles containing the two fluids standing side by side, C. Christanson of Lakota was found dead in a stall of the livery barn which he conducted here many years.

There was organized last evening at the town hall, the Eldridge Commercial club. A call was sent out for this meeting, and the response was gratifying. There were in attendance about seventy-five, out of which there was a signing up of some forty members.

Golden Valley is now an incorporated village. Forty-six votes were cast at the election on Wednesday. Thirty-six voted for incorporation and ten against. The election of officers will take place in about 30 days, in the meantime Golden Valley is forging ahead to the tune of the merry hammer.

Rev. R. G. Pierson, pastor-elect of the First Baptist church of Grand Forks, will bring his bride to Thursday morning, to take the local charge. Rev. Mr. Pierson was only wedded on Saturday, at Milwaukee, to Miss Margaret Schiffer, a former parishioner of the church of Mr. and Mrs. L. Schiffer, well known Milwaukee residents.

Mrs. Ella Eastman of Sheldon, N. D., this week is in receipt of a very interesting letter from little Marie Lepic, an eight-year-old French girl, replying to the Christmas present which Mrs. Eastman and a number of other ladies at Hood River, Ore., sent to the war stricken land-board the Christmas wish which left New York a few weeks before the holidays.

News from Hutchinson, Minn., states that S. Henry Wolfe, superintendent of Minnesota schools for the past 15 years, has been elected by the board of education of Hutchinson, to succeed H. L. Merrill, who retires after 23 years at the head of the Hutchinson schools. Mr. Wolfe is a former president of the North Dakota State Educational association.

On May 1 Devils Lake will become the home of the Bovey-Shute Lumber company's general offices, recognized as one of the biggest institutions of the kind in the northwest. With over 30 lumber yards in North Dakota, the Bovey-Shute company has for years proved a strong factor in the development of the state, having adopted a broad policy in assisting in the upbuilding of the territory through which it operates.

The fire department was called to the home of William Scofield of Minot, Saturday evening. His wife had been cleaning the house during the day and left a pan of gasoline on the floor. Entering the house in the dark he kicked over the gasoline. Lighted a match to find out what he had stumbled over, he accidentally set fire to the floor. He escaped injury and immediately turned in an alarm. A quick run was made by the fire boys and they extinguished the blaze with a hand chemical. The bedding and the floor of the house was damaged to a small extent.

Stock trains on the Great Northern railway from North Dakota points will probably continue to reach South St. Paul on Monday of each week, according to J. H. Griffin, division freight agent of the Great Northern railroad. Mr. Griffin said that the general sentiment, especially in the western part of the state, appeared to be in favor of Monday in preference to any other day of the week for this purpose, and that the amount of stock shipped did not appear to justify the running of more than one train for this purpose during the week.

Presented to the State of North Dakota by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to commemorate the Dedication of the North Dakota State Building March 16th, 1915, San Francisco.

The governor took the tablet down to Curator Fisher and presented it to the State Historical Society. It will be carefully preserved as a memento of the big exposition.

New Stenographer.
 Miss Fern Reade, who has been in the employ of Newton, Dullam & Young, will enter upon her new duties

America Utterly Unprepared for Emergency of War, Says Major General Carter in Book Just Published

By Norman McAllister.

Washington, March 30.—The last word of an authoritative nature that the general public is likely to have until the close of the present European war, regarding the status of military affairs in the United States, is that which is given by Major-General William Harding Carter, U. S. A., in his book, "The American Army," which has just been published (Bobbs-Merrill). Within the last few days the war department at Washington issued stringent orders to the effect that nothing official or unofficial shall be written or spoken regarding military affairs by anyone in the service. The order has included even the militia organizations throughout the United States.

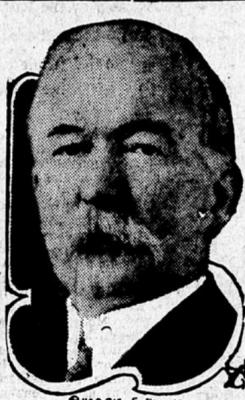
It is for that reason that a vast amount of interest attaches itself to his new work by General Carter, coming, as it does, at a time when the eyes of the nation are turned toward its military organization, from a man who ranks perhaps above all others in the service, in knowledge concerning the military affairs of the country. General Carter has served in every grade in the army from that of cadet to that of major-general, and has now been in active service more than any other officer on the list. He has served twice as a member of the general staff in Washington and has been in command of many of the most important posts created by the war department.

Is America Prepared?
 After months of European war without either side gaining a distinct advantage, it has come time for thoughtful and intelligent American people to quit speculating on the length of the war or the probable outcome, and to begin thinking about what new duties and obligations will rest upon America, whichever side wins. It is the duty of every loyal citizen to know something—to know all he can—about the conditions and methods of administration of our own military forces and the urgent need of nationalizing and organizing our military resources while there is no war cloud in our horizon.

To this general Carter in "The American Army" points particularly. And especially timely and important may the work be done by regarded when it is known that the book was really begun before the outbreak of the war in Europe and represents the uncolored, rational view of America's greatest authority on military affairs regarding the real military needs of this country in the case of any emergency, regardless of present urgent conditions.

Oceans No Longer Guard Coasts.
 In his preface to the book, Major-General Carter says: "During all the earlier years of the republic the limitless faith in the ocean barriers guarding our coasts prevented a hearing of those who urged a definite military policy for the nation. Levitating passenger ships, each capable of carrying a brigade such as fought the battles of the Civil war, have changed all that. We are now at peace with the world, and the prayers of every American household are for a continuance of that desirable status for all time, but our interests are too great for us to occupy forever the safe side of every question."

With long practice in the field of military operations—a man who has known warfare in the days of the Re-



Major General William H. Carter.

bellion, during the era of Indian fighting in the West, and from his experience in the Philippines and one of the Mexican border—and a scarcely less extensive career as a student of army organization and administration, General Carter writes as one having authority. Naturally his point of view is that of the straight army man, and his material is presented in a straightforward manner, supported by the earnest conviction of the author. With Washington, to whom the book is dedicated, and whose words on national military policies form the chapter headings, the author holds that "to be prepared for war is one of the most effective means of preserving peace." Early in the book he shows the inevitableness of war in these words:

War Always in Background.
 "A well-balanced distribution of the influence of nations will, in the future as in the past, depend upon the ability of each to guard its own interests. It is folly for one nation to expect favors from another. Nations play at diplomacy, but grim-visaged war lurks ever in the background. The wise man of a day and generation, drawing general conclusions from isolated examples evolve schools of philosophy which are soon shattered by the proofs of rude experience. The most altruistic conceptions are confounded by the actual events of history. Since the foundations of the peace palace at The Hague were laid there has followed a procession of wars, and no amount of hopefulness or literature concerning the prevention of international disputes may be expected to alter materially the source of history, which convinces quite undubitably that interruption of peace will continue to arise from commercial rivalry or a desire to throw off the yoke of a government become insupportable to the burden bearers."

The truth of this utterance is borne upon us in living example, so to speak, by the great conflict now raging across the Atlantic, and by the disturbances in Mexico.

Says Army Must be Larger.
 The utter unpreparedness of the United States in the case of an emergency should arise at the present time, is shown by General Carter in this brief statement:

It should require no argument to prove that in the emergency of war we would need for our first line not less than 50,000 men at once. The present force of regulars at many isolated stations within the United States, together with the estimated available organized militia, scattered through forty-eight states, would not aggregate in excess of one-fourth of the requirement of the first call—mobilization is hardly the term to use regarding forces which have none of the larger tactical organizations complete in peace. There would result an immediate necessity for a call for untrained volunteers.

"It seems very certain that we may count always upon less than 100,000 men of the forty-eight states being available as organized militia, with a limited field of action. If this force, which, TO BE AVAILABLE FOR WAR, MUST VOLUNTEER AS INDIVIDUALS AFTER WAR HAS BEEN DECLARED, is to constitute our main reliance, then some steps must be taken to increase it many fold. It would seem that as practical people Americans want no longer trifle with so grave a situation, but seek a remedy without delay."

How hopelessly incompetent our present military force would be in an eventuality of any size at all, is brought to us forcibly when we consider that in the fall of Przemysl more Austrian troops and officers were taken prisoners by the Russians than constitute our entire available military force at this time.

Demands Immediate Action.
 The necessity for action in time of this fashion by General Carter: "It is morally certain that, not only our altruistic ideals of fair play, but the official construction and delimitations of our recently confirmed treaties of arbitration will absolutely put a ban upon all preparations for war during the period provided for preliminary discussions of matters in dispute. The marked advantage of this to other nations whose armies and reserves are always organized and equipped is apparent, for it would attract no comment for each and every individual of such a force to put himself and his equipments in a state of fitness for immediate service, because it is his duty to do so. In the meantime we could not fill a single vacancy in our skeleton army."

Better than any similar work does General Carter's "The American Army" drive home the fact that the United States is really in a most helpless state so far as her military forces at present are concerned, but not in a hopeless one. He simply shows that the time has arrived when we should act. It is just such a crisis as that which Patrick Henry met with force with his memorable speech, "Just in his day, so now again, the time has come for us to act. Why stand here idle?"

The chapters on military lessons to be drawn from history, on military policies, on the economy of provision, organization and character of the army, colonial troops, reserves, regimental depots, federal volunteers, expeditionary force, army administration, army command, general staff corps, officers, army schools, medical service and organization of militia, make "The American Army" a comprehensive digest of the views and experiences of one of the foremost living military men.

Very respectfully,
 ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
 Section Director.

Residence and Postoffice Address, Bismarck, N. D.
 To the Above Named Defendants: Please take notice that the above entitled action is brought for the purpose of determining adverse claims to and quieting title in the above named plaintiff to the following described real property, situated in the County of Burleigh, in the State of N. Dakota, namely: Lots seven, eight, thirteen and fourteen, in block eleven, in the McKenzie addition to the City of Bismarck, N. Dakota and that no personal claim is made against any of the above named Defendants.
 Dated at Bismarck, N. Dakota, this 6th day of March, 1915.
 J. C. FENNINGER,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.
 Residence and Postoffice Address, Bismarck, N. D.
 You have not read all the news until you have read the want ads.

Condition of Missouri River

Orris W. Roberts, weather observer, has prepared the following interesting table relative to the Missouri river:

Station	Date	Stage	24 Hr. Change	Remarks
Bismarck	28	1.3	None	
Burlington	28	2.3	Rising	Water over ice.
Glendive	28	1.7	None	
Harve	27	4.5	0.3	Falling.
Medora	27	7.3	1.1	Falling.
Townsend	29	5.4	0.1	Falling.
Williston	29	8.5	0.2	Falling.
Wolf Point	29	frozen		

(35) Township one hundred thirty-seven (137), Range sevenytynine (79), Burleigh county, state of North Dakota.

The whole amount of the debt secured by said mortgage having been declared due and payable, there will be due on said mortgage at date of sale, the sum of forty-seven dollars and eighty cents (\$47.80), and also the further sum of eighty-six dollars (\$86.00) principal and interest paid by junior mortgagee on the first mortgage interest coupon, making a total amount due on said mortgage at the date of sale to be the sum of one hundred thirty-three dollars and eighty cents (\$133.80), and the costs and expenses of such foreclosure.

Dated at Fargo, North Dakota, this 19th day of February, A. D. 1915.
 INTERSTATE SECURITIES COMPANY,
 Assignee of Assignee of Mortgagee.
 W. H. Shurs, and James Robertson, attorneys for assignee of assignee of mortgagee, No. 13 Broadway, Morton Block, Fargo, N. D.
 Feb. Mar. April, 1915.

SUMMONS.
 State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, In District Court, Sixth Judicial District.
 Arthur Van Horn, Plaintiff,
 vs.
 Charles W. Kibber, Chandler W. Kibber, C. W. Kibber, C. W. Kibber, Edward McMahon, Edward McMahon, Swan Carlson, Charles E. Gulstrand, Burleigh County, North Dakota, a Public Corporation, and Byron A. Porter, W. A. Pember, James H. Porter, Willis A. Pember, Josephine Pember, Josie Pember and Brona A. Porter, the sole heirs of Mrs. Emeline M. Pember, deceased, and all other persons unknown claiming any estate or interest in, or lien or incumbrance upon the

property described in the complaint and their unknown heirs, Defendants.
 The State of North Dakota to the Above Named Defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Sixth Judicial District, in and for the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Bismarck, in said County and State, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
 Dated at Bismarck, N. Dakota, this 6th day of March, 1915.
 J. C. FENNINGER,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.
 Residence and Postoffice Address, Bismarck, N. D.
 You have not read all the news until you have read the want ads.