

DRY FOURTH IS PROMISED IN BISMARCK

Stuff That Made Milwaukee Famous Is Likely to Go "Flat." STATES ATTORNEY STOPS DELIVERIES Consignees Must Prove Shipments Are for Own Private Use.

Bismarck is a "dry" city, but present indications are that it will be drier than usual over the Fourth. Lovers of the amber fluid, cream of the malt and hops, will in all probability have to do without the plebian beverage in connection with their Independence Day celebration.

State's Attorney H. R. Berndt yesterday notified Agent W. A. McDonald of the Northern Pacific to hold up all shipments of beer into the city until he is satisfied that the shipment is for the private use of the consignee. A number of local citizens who had ordered a case of beer, to have on hand in case any of their real intimate friends called, were disappointed yesterday when their shipment was refused them at the freight depot.

Finlayson the Cause. If anyone dies of thirst during the next few days, their friends and heirs can lay the blame on the activity of the local police, and one Frank Finlayson, who persisted in selling liquor in violation of the state law.

Five kegs of beer presumably for Finlayson, but under a fictitious name were held up by the state's attorney as evidence to be used against the alleged "pigger" later.

Must Prove Identity. Private individuals who have shipments of beer at the freight depot will have to visit the state's attorney's office and prove to his satisfaction that it is for private use, before they will be able to secure it.

Shipments of beer into Bismarck have attained enormous proportions during the past few months, and shipments have been made to alleged "piggers," under fictitious names that would stagger the belief of the average citizen.

To Stop Practice. The attorney general's office is exerting every effort to stem the traffic, and State's Attorney Berndt is co-operating with them in their efforts. The officials are determined that "piggery" and "bootlegging" shall be stopped, and are ready to adopt drastic measures.

The evil already has gone beyond the bounds of ordinary conception, and strong measures are absolutely necessary to stop it.

UNITED STATES IS FEEDING WORLD

Washington, July 2.—The share of the United States in feeding the world is a task vastly increased by the European war, according to the statistics of the department of commerce. Foodstuffs valued at \$124,000,000 were exported during the 11 months ending June 1. This was the principal factor in the nation's billion dollar foreign trade balance.

The effect of the war was seen in the enormous increase in the value of foodstuffs compared with the export figures for the same 11 months of a year ago, when the total was \$43,000,000.

Wheat formed the biggest item of foodstuffs sent abroad. In all, 249,576,000 bushels were exported, an increase of 164,000,000. It was valued at \$319,000,000. Oats valued at \$51,000,000 were shipped, amounting to 850,428,000 bushels.

WATERWORKS AT ANAMOOSSE

Anamoose, N. D., July 2.—In the special election held last Tuesday the question of bonding the village for \$4,500 for waterworks was carried by a vote of three to one.

Anamoose is fast becoming a metropolitan burg, the electric light plant is expected to be ready and in operation by August 1, and with city waterworks now assured, the watchword is "A Greater Anamoose."

THE WEATHER. North Dakota: Fair Saturday and Sunday; little change in temperature.

TERMINAL ELEVATORS WOULD NOT CORRECT ABUSES OF GRAIN TRADE DECLARES TREADWELL TWICHELL

JABS BY TWICHELL. "A state owned terminal would always be a seller and never a buyer." "Its offer to buy would never have any influence on the market." "It is unreasonable to suppose that the North Dakota farmers would carry in a terminal elevator any appreciable portion of grain in farmer owned elevators and on the farms." "Profit of a terminal elevator, state owned, should not go to the shipper, but to the people, in proportion to their taxation for the support and construction of the elevator."

SEVERAL TESTIFY THAW IS INSANE

Men Who Smuggled Him Over Border Term His State as "Dangerously Mad."

New York, July 2.—The first witnesses to testify in the trial to determine the sanity of Thaw that his conduct was irrational were put on the stand by the attorneys for the state. They were two Canadian immigration officials, Frank McFadden and Henri Giroux, who took part in the forcible deportation of Thaw from Sherbrooke, Que., to Vermont. They said when Thaw was told in the Sherbrooke jail that he was to be deported he became violent and threw a bottle through the window and shouted that he was being kidnapped.

Giroux described his conduct as of a person "dangerously mad." Two police officers who were on duty at the Tunderlin police station while Thaw was detained after his arrest for slaying White testified that Thaw had delusions on the subject of young girls. Both said that Thaw while in his cell said he heard young girls screaming. Evelyn Thaw, it is expected, will take the stand as a state witness, Tuesday or Wednesday.

JULY 18 NAMED PURITY SUNDAY

Governor Asks That People Throughout State Observe Day. Sunday, July 18, will be "Purity Sunday" throughout the state of North Dakota. The day was set aside by Governor Hanna, on which to strive for general betterment. Proclamations are now being mailed from the Governor's office and also from the office of the Secretary of State. In his message to the people Governor L. B. Hanna says: "On that day I earnestly request that the people in their homes, and places of worship, resolve to do their utmost to aid in the development of a higher citizenship, and to hereafter so conduct themselves, in thought as well as in deed, as to make 'Woman' mean as it rightly should, God's finest, purest and most sacred creation."

HORSEMEN AID SANE 4TH PLAN

Queens, L. T., July 2.—Through the generosity of Harry Payne Whitney, John E. Madden and other prominent horsemen, the Safe and Sane Fourth of July celebration planned by the citizens of Queens, Hollis Court and Belaire Gardens, promise to be an elaborate demonstration of former years.

A meeting of the general committee was held last night in the Queens Club House, and while the members were wrestling with the problem of funds herewith to meet the expense of carrying on the proposed program, a messenger entered with a note to Chairman Edward Buhler. When he glanced at the contents of the envelope, Mr. Buhler uttered a cry of joy and announced that the trackmen at Belmont Park had sent a check which would solve all financial difficulties and make it possible for the committee to enlarge on the day's program of events. The announcement evoked loud cheering, as the money was unsolicited and a surprise. It was decided to send a letter of appreciation to the subscribers at Belmont Park.

HUERTA CANNOT RETURN TO MEXICO MAY GO TO SPAIN

Department of Justice Determined to Dispose of His Case Without Delay. FORMER DICTATOR IS NOW OUT ON BAIL Hearing Will Be Given July 12 on the Charge of Violating Neutrality.

The United States determined that Huerta shall not re-enter Mexico from American territory while he may constitute a factor for disturbance of the political or military situation in the southern republic.

By just what means Huerta is to be held have not been definitely determined. At present he is at liberty on a bond of \$15,000, but he will be given a hearing July 12 when the department of justice will endeavor to press the charge of violation of neutrality laws.

Meantime agents of the department are keeping Huerta under surveillance, and the military authorities on the border have been ordered to prevent him from crossing into Mexico.

Deportation to Spain. There is some talk in the executive departments about the possible deportation of Huerta to Spain, from which country he came to the United States. In the event of Huerta finally being freed it is expected the government agents will keep him under watch and prevent his returning to Mexico, except through the regular ports.

It is believed he will prefer to remain in the United States rather than to take such a chance.

ARMENIAN INCIDENT WILL NOT CAUSE ANY COMPLICATIONS

Washington, July 2.—The state department had not received up to late today any complete or comprehensive report concerning the destruction of the Armenian. The delay is due to the garbling in transmission of a long report from Consul Armstrong at Bristol, who interviewed the survivors.

Circumstantial press dispatches have satisfied the high officials that there is no danger of complications with Germany over the incident.

BECKER CASE TO SUPREME COURT

New York, July 2.—That Becker had absolutely nothing to do with the murder of Herman Rosenthal is the statement made here today by Attorney Marshall for his client, Bridget Webber, one of the three self-confessed accomplices in the plot. This followed closely the story that Sam Schepps, the gambler, held the "secret in the Becker case," and would tell Whitman, should the governor request him. Marshall intends to present the case relating to Webber to Chief Judge Bartell of the court of appeals. An appeal will be made to the United States supreme court in Becker's behalf, based on the theory that Becker was not convicted by due process of law.

SENATE CHAMBER DAMAGED BY EXPLOSION OF BOMB

Washington, July 2.—An explosion occurred in the Senate wing of the Capitol shortly before midnight, doing considerable damage. The explosion took place in the reception room on the second floor of the building next to the office of the sergeant at arms. The doors of the room were blown out. No one is reported hurt. Investigation is being pushed.

Washington, July 2.—Latest reports from Washington states that the explosion was caused either by a bomb or an infernal machine. The theory is advanced that the explosive was planted during the day by some crank, evidently bent on creating a sensation.

No official report will be issued by the government secret service officials until they have had an opportunity to examine what is left of the bomb, and determine what is contained.

The east side of the Senate chamber and the reception room were badly damaged. Both were open to visitors all day, and the machine could easily have been placed by anyone without detection.

General Porfirio Diaz, Grand Old Man of Mexico, Dies in Paris Practically a Refugee

Paris, July 2.—General Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, died at seven this morning. Diaz's wife, Senora Carmen Romero Rubio Diaz, their son, Porfirio Diaz Jr., and the latter's wife were at his bedside at the end.

Diaz began to fail rapidly about three weeks ago. While death was not unexpected, owing to advanced age, and recent failing in health the crisis came suddenly this afternoon.

His son and wife were hastily summoned and arrived at his bedside only a few moments before the end, which came at seven o'clock tonight.

It was stated a complication of diseases, due to advanced age, was the cause of death.

Tragic Circumstances. Two tragic circumstances marked the death of the exiled ruler. Owing to the troubled state of Mexico, it had been judged impossible to send the body home with all ceremony which befitted one of the greatest figures in Mexican history.

Further, Porfirio, Jr., tried in vain to inform his sisters, who are now in Mexico, of the death of their father.

Not less tragic was the fact that not one of those whom Diaz raised up to be his assistants in governing Mexico, who prospered and grew rich in the shadow of his greatness, were with him at his death.

Scarcely anyone outside of the family knew of the seriousness of his illness or that he is in Paris with a severe attack of grippe last year which weakened the heart and left the aged exile almost blind. There is no decision regarding the funeral of disposition of the body.

Letter of Resignation. The letter with which General Porfirio Diaz announced, on May 25, 1911, his resignation from the presidency of Mexico after having been master of the country for thirty-five years, gives in his own words an interesting glimpse of his remarkable career.

MAKING EFFORT TO BREAK LINE ON EAST FRONT

Austro-German Forces Still Making Advance in Galicia and Poland. NAVAL ENGAGEMENT IN BALTIC SEA English Public Waking Up to a Realization of Seriousness of their War.

London, July 2.—Sudden recurrence of heavy artillery fire by the Germans at many points in France marked the feature of the fighting on the western front, but meantime the Austro-Germans' advance in Galicia and in Poland is unchecked. The Teutons have shown no disposition to diminish the intensity of their eastern offensive.

The Polish fortress, Zamosc, has been captured and progress in other sectors of strategic importance in the east is claimed by Berlin. For weeks it has been the same story in this theater—Austro-German rush and Russian retreat and the end is not yet in sight.

Despite the hard fighting in the Dardanelles ever since the landing on April 25 of the French and British expedition, only lately has anything notable been achieved toward strengthening their hold on the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, Achi Baba, which is a small Gibraltar, bristling with machine guns, surrounded by barbed wire and terraced with trenches. It is interesting to note the tributes to the Turks' bravery and gallantry in almost every dispatch from the British correspondents at the Dardanelles. At no time have the Turks been accused of atrocities.

The munitions measure, which gives Lloyd-George wide power to increase the ammunition supply, passed the house of lords. It will be a statute when the king affixes his signature.

Manifest indications throughout the United Kingdom show that the people only now, after nearly a year, fully sense the seriousness of the war. Only a few months ago the host was "business as usual." Theater patronage is undiminished and restaurant trade normal.

A naval action occurred this morning off the east coast of the island of Gotland, says a Stockholm dispatch. The German mine layer, Albatross, was chased by four Russian cruisers and ran aground to escape capture. Twenty-one of the mine layer's crew were killed and 27 wounded.

The official statement given out tonight by the British government announces the capture of certain trenches in the Dardanelles operations, which complete the capture of that part of the Turkish line gained by the French, June 21.

Copenhagen, July 2.—The German battleship, Wittelsbach, a battleship of the Kaiser class, with many many shots under the water line from a battle in the Baltic sea, has returned to Kiel.

London, July 2.—A British submarine in the Stra of Marmora, on June 26, sank a Turkish transport, full of troops, according to an Athens dispatch.

Copenhagen, July 2.—A Petrograd dispatch states that not only was a German torpedo boat sunk at Windau, but also a cruiser, of the Magdeburg type, was lost.

May Take Case To U. S. Court

Mandan, N. D., July 2.—Alleging that the matter comes under the interstate commerce rulings, Attorneys Porter, Grantham and Berdeen today filed a petition with Judge J. M. Hanley, asking for a change of venue from the district to the federal court of the injunction case against the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound railway, preventing the company from accepting for shipment liquor into North Dakota.

The railroad was enjoined a month ago by Attorney General H. J. Linde. Judge Hanley set July 6 as the date for the hearing of the petition. The injunction is now presumed to be in effect and it is believed the precedent established when the Northern Pacific was enjoined will be followed in that the attorneys will stipulate that the injunction continue in force until after the trial.

FAMILY WILL CEASE TRYING TO CONVICT HYDE FOR CRIME

Kansas City, Mo., July 2.—The improbability of the fourth trial of Dr. B. Clark Hyde, charged with murdering Colonel Thomas Swope, was increased by the announcement that Mrs. Logan Swope, sister of the late Kansas City philanthropist, that the Swope family will give no further financial assistance to the prosecution of Hyde.

The crew of the Inglemoor and part of the crew of the Caucasian landed at Penzance. One of the Caucasian's boats, with nineteen aboard, was being towed toward France when last sighted.

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German Submarine Sinks Five British Crafts Off Irish Coast

Spectacular Feat of Submersible Takes Place Near Scilly Islands. ONE BOAT DESTROYED RESCUING CREW

London, July 2.—Three British steamers, Caucasian, Inglemoor and Welbury, the bark Sardoze and the schooner L. C. Tower were reported today to have been sunk by German submarines in the vicinity of Scilly Islands, off south of Ireland. The Caucasian met its fate southwest of Lizard Head on the coast of Cornwall Thursday morning. While engaged in picking up the crew the Inglemoor fell victim to the same submarine.

The Caucasian, when the submarine opened fire, was given full steam in an endeavor to escape. Not until the steamer was struck by several shots did the captain surrender. The crew of the steamer took to boats. The submarine then fired eight shells into the vessel. A dog belonging to the captain of the Caucasian jumped overboard and the captain plunged from the rowboat into the rough sea and rescued his pet.

A few hours later the Inglemoor appeared on the scene and started picking up the occupants of the small boats aboard when the submarine emerged and opened fire. The escape being hopeless, the crew took to the boats and the submarine then torpedoed and sank the Inglemoor, subsequently returning to the Caucasian, which still was floating, sending her to the bottom.

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