

## ITALIANS UNCEASINGLY GO FORWARD

Greece and Entente Have Arrived at Satisfactory Agreement for War.

## ALLIES PROMISE MONETARY REWARD

Turkish Offensive on Gallipoli Peninsula Broken by British and French.

London, Nov. 25.—Cordial relations between Greece and the Entente powers have been re-established by the Greek government's assurance that no attempt will be made to interfere with the Allies' troops should they under any condition be forced to cross the Greek frontier and that as heretofore railway and other service will be accorded them.

Guarantee is Satisfactory. That the guaranty is satisfactory to the Allies is shown by the fact that grain ships which had been held up at Malta, have been allowed to proceed to their destinations. It is believed there would have been a very serious shortage of bread supply if their detention had been prolonged.

Promise Monetary Indemnity. It is understood that the Allies also have promised Greece a monetary indemnity after the war for any damage which might be done through the occupation of Grecian territory. With this question out of the way the British public has centered its interest on the attitude of Roumania and the intervention of Russia.

Mobilized A Great Army. It is well established that Russia has completed a great army near the Roumanian frontier and dispatches state that a large number of heavy guns have arrived at Odessa from Japan for its use. However, the direction in which this army will move will be dictated by the policy the Roumanian government adopts.

Still Holding Bridge. As a result of the success of the Austro-German and Bulgarians gaining command of the Kofitovo plateau, the Serbian government has moved to Scutari, while the army is defending.

## RESIGNS OFFICE TO ENTER ARMY

Governor Black of the Yukon Gives Up Lucrative Position for Rigors of War.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—Governor George Black of the Yukon wired his resignation as governor to Premier Borden of Canada, it was learned today. He is preparing to accept a commission as captain in the expeditionary force to be sent to France in the spring. Arrangements were made recently for such a course by General Samuel Hughes, commanding the Canadian militia. Governor Black, it was said, would go into the training camp in Vancouver for three months and then take command of a company to be recruited in Yukon and concentrated at Dophon, when the men will march over land 480 miles on their way to Vancouver.

## POLICEWOMEN PROVE FACTOR FOR GOOD

London, Nov. 25.—"After a year's work, although we have had police-women serving in the roughest sections of London, we have always found moral force stronger than physical force," declares Miss Damar Dawson, head of the women police, in her first annual report.

"The courts have already recognized the usefulness of the women police especially in the work of the children's courts," continues Miss Dawson, "and women in uniform have been particularly useful in patrolling the parks, which in big towns are often danger spots for women and children."

"The policewomen are trained in signalling, first aid, drilling, and in the elements of civil and criminal law."

OFF FOR GERMANY. Three physicians and six nurses sailed on the Scandinavian-American liner Helig Olva today for Copenhagen on their way to Germany as representatives of the German relief committee. They carried supplies for a hospital for 400 beds. The nurses will have charge of a corps of nurses to be formed in Germany. The German relief committee is preparing to send a third expedition.

## Mexicans and Troopers Had Battle

Villistas Tried to Cross International Boundary and Attack American Soldiers.

Nogales, Ariz., Nov. 25.—Fifty-eight Mexican soldiers, after crossing into the United States at Harrison's ranch, east of here, fired on six American troopers of the 10th cavalry today. Twenty-five other troopers of the 10th cavalry, who were reserves opened fire on the Mexicans killing a number, according to reports, and brought one wounded prisoner into the camp.

Seeks U. S. Protection. Caron Randall, acting Villa governor of Sonora, was allowed to cross the international boundary tonight on the condition that he was to hold himself subject to orders of the United States army officers stationed here. It was noted that Villa commander, General Acosta, was contemplating a similar move.

Exceeded Authority.—Shot. Vincente Terrazas, a civil officer of

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## "INCREASE INTERNAL TAXATION"

Is the Plan of Secretary M'Adoo, in Order to Raise Money for Preparedness.

## RESOURCES OF U.S.

Individual and Corporation Income Will Provide Goodly Share of Money.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Increases in internal taxation rather than issuing bonds to meet the first expense of the treasury department in a formal statement issued tonight giving an estimate of the federal government's revenue and expenditures up to the end of the fiscal year beginning next July.

Need Huge Sum. Assuming that congress will continue in effect the present emergency tax law and custom duty on sugar, the secretary estimates that \$112,806,294 in additional revenue will be needed for the expenditures for 1917, including "\$30,000,000 for new measures for national defense. This amount," says the statement, "can easily be raised by internal taxation without an appreciable burden upon the American people."

"The resources and wealth of the country are so great and are increasing so rapidly that the need of the government for national defense readily can be met. Merely as a suggestion I would say that consideration may be given to the increasing rates of taxation on individual and corporation incomes and as reducing the expenses under the present law."

Consideration may well be given to increasing the rate of taxation of individuals and corporations and a reduction from \$2,000 for single and \$4,000 for married persons to \$2,000 and \$3,000, respectively. The third tax could begin at \$10,000 or \$15,000, instead of \$20,000 as provided at present.

To Tax Autos. In addition to any increases that may be made in the corporation and individual income taxes, a tax could be imposed on such products as gasoline, crude and fine oils, horse power of autos and other internal combustion engines and various articles that it is not necessary to mention. These taxes would be widely diffused and scarcely felt.

It is, of course the function of congress to determine what revenues shall be raised, and how, and these must have been considered, not as a program, but as suggestions for discussion.

## FIVE THOUSAND DINNERS FOR POOR

New York, Nov. 25.—More than 5,000 Thanksgiving Day dinners were served to the inmates of public institutions here today. In addition, thousands of free dinners were distributed to the poor by charitable organizations. Owing to the belief that there is less distress among the poor this year than for several years, some of the large charitable organizations discontinued their custom of giving large dinners.

Ten thousand pounds of turkey were required to provide Thanksgiving Day dinners for the sailors of the First Division of the Atlantic fleet on board ten battleships in the Hudson river.

## BIG GRIDIRON BATTLES ARE OVER FOR 1915

Cornell Claims the Championship After Defeating Pennsylvania in Great Struggle.

## MINNESOTA LOST TO ALL STARS

Montana Holds Syracuse Team to a Tie Score in Snow Storm.

East and west, north and south, yesterday closed the annual battle for football supremacy and many surprises were encountered when the scores of the various games were reported. Minnesota, which had divided honors with Illinois in the western conference, went down to a defeat before the All-Stars.

Thanksgiving Football Results. Cornell, 24; Pennsylvania, 9. Brown, 29; Carlisle, 3. S. Dakota, 0; Creighton, 0. Syracuse, 6; Univ. Montana, 6. St. Louis, 0; Georgetown, 19. Western Reserve, 26; Chase, 20. Kansas, 8; Missouri, 6. Miami, 24; Cincinnati, 12. Pittsburgh, 20; Penn State, 0. Notre Dame, 38; Texas, 7. Colorado, 3; Colo. School of Mines, 6. Colorado Aggies, 34; Denver, 3. Akron, 45; Okla. School of Mines, 0.

Washington & Lee, 48; North Carolina Aggies, 13.

Washington, 46; Colorado, 0. DePaul, 13; Keewatin, 7. Marquette, 0; St. Thomas, 0. Drake, 14; Ames, 28.

Washington & Jefferson, 27; Lehigh, 3.

Virginia, 14; North Carolina, 0. Columbia, 18; Wesleyan, 0. Minneapolis, 3; All Stars, 7.

No Score Game. At Omaha, Neb., Creighton and South Dakota universities struggled

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## THANKSGIVING DAY OBSERVED FITTINGLY

Union Services Were Attended by Large Number of Citizens.

Many of the citizens gathered at the union services at the Baptist church, where Rev. Charles W. Harris of the First Presbyterian church delivered a very able sermon on Thanksgiving. The music for the occasion was given in excellent style and the entire congregation joined in the worship in a way that betokened the realization of the blessings that had been so generously showered upon the people during the past year. Governor L. B. Hanna was present at the meeting and read his Thanksgiving proclamation.

The evening services were well attended at the Trinity Lutheran church. The sermon was delivered by the pastor, Special music and congregational singing marked the services at this place. The Salvation Army held meetings both morning and evening. A street service was held during the evening, after which the army marched to their headquarters.

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## PRESIDENT WILSON SPENDS QUIET DAY

Washington, Nov. 25.—The annual Pan-American Thanksgiving celebration at St. Patrick's Catholic church, attended by members of the cabinet, the diplomatic corps, the supreme court and other prominent officials, was a feature of the observance of the day here.

President Wilson was represented at the celebration by Secretary McAdoo of the treasury department. Diplomats, in brilliant uniforms, assembled with other dignitaries and marched into the church, where mass was said in celebration of peace and thanksgiving among the Americans. After the mass, the guests were entertained at a luncheon by Mgr. Russell, pastor of St. Patrick's.

President Wilson spent the early part of the day in putting the finishing touches on his annual message to congress. He had dinner with Mrs. Norman Galt, his fiancée, and his family. A 35-pound turkey, the gift of South Trimble, clerk of the house, was prepared.

All of the cabinet with two exceptions, spent the day here. Secretary Garrison was in Jersey City and Secretary Daniels was with his mother in Goleboro, N. C.

## WAR'S CHIEF LESSON FOR U. S. IS NEED OF DEFENSE, SAYS WOMAN NOVELIST

New York, Nov. 25.—Mary Roberts Rinehart, the novelist, spent weeks in the trenches on the western battle-front. She was the first person to visit the British lines, the first civilian to enter the ruined city of Ypres, and she was one of the four executive officers of the Belgian Red Cross Society, privileged as such not only to go to the front, but to stay there. Coming back to America her talk is not of war-time tragedy and devastated villages, or courage or of suffering, but all of national defense.

"The one greatest thing that I have brought back from Europe is my sense of our own need," she said. "Our need to defend ourselves."

Mrs. Rinehart does not want the United States to go to war. Her own sympathies in the struggle are entirely definite, but she does not urge any "hostilities" because of them. On the contrary, she is more anxious than anything else in the world for the United States to remain at peace. But she is firmly convinced by what she has seen and heard, she says, that the one way for this country to avoid war is by preparing for it.

"That is the most trite of all platitudes, when one says it," she admitted, and added, quickly, "but no matter how trite it may sound, it is true, and I want to say it and to make it as emphatic as I can."

Mrs. Rinehart believes that at the end of or shortly after the present conflict in Europe the United States will be forced into such intense rivalry with the European nations that war will be inevitable unless we are so prepared to defend ourselves that attack is impossible. The reason for this, she points out, will not be any racial or political quarrel, but our own commercial supremacy.

"The effect of the war will be to place the United States in a position of commercial supremacy over all the rest of the world," she said. "We shall hold the economic balance, and be able to swing it, it is the most natural thing in the world that this should make us the object of jealousy."

"No matter which side wins or which side is defeated, we stand to lose, by the very force of our advantages. Not racially, or because of any fault of our own, but through change, we shall lose our position in the world when peace is declared. It isn't because we are a greedy nation—I don't think that we are that—but simply because the conditions of the world's affairs at present are such as to force us into this position of commercial supremacy, that the other nations will be jealous of us. That is one thing we must remember.

"In the second place, this is a commercial war. All wars are commercial. That is one of the things I



Mary Roberts Rinehart.

Mary Roberts Rinehart, the novelist, who spent weeks on the western battle front, has just returned to the United States. "The one greatest thing that I have brought back from Europe is my sense of our own need," she declares; "our need to defend ourselves."

have come to see. Rivalries in commerce and in economic ambition are what drive nations to fight. That will be the basis for the next war, and it is the basis for the menace of war.

"And no matter how this war turns out, the new alignment when peace is declared must bring up the question of colonies. The European nations are turning covetous eyes on South America already. We, above all others, ought to keep this in mind.

"For we have the Monroe Doctrine and we have got to do something about it. We must either be able to defend the Monroe Doctrine, or be willing to abrogate it. I am myself a firm believer in Pan-Americanism. I think it is our duty to live up to the Monroe Doctrine, to prepare to defend it and all it means, including the fullest possible protection for the South and Central American states."

## GOVERNOR HANNA INVITED BY HENRY FORD TO JOIN IN BIG PEACE CONFERENCE

Asked to Go With Party of 100 Prominent Men of the United States to Hold Big Conference in Copenhagen and Stockholm.

## AUTOMOBILE MAGNATE HAS CHARTERED THE SHIP OSCAR II

Invitations Sent Out Following a Conference With Leading Men of the East; Edison, John Wanamaker and Others to Be in Party.

Governor L. B. Hanna yesterday received an invitation from Henry Ford to be his guest on a trip to Stockholm and Copenhagen for the purpose of conferring with leaders in Europe on the subject of peace. It is planned if possible to form an international conference through which the preliminaries leading to the termination of the terrible struggle in Europe might be conducted. The telegram follows:

THE TELEGRAM.

New York, November 25, 1915.

To Governor L. B. Hanna, Bismarck, N. D.:

Will you come as my guest aboard the Oscar Second of the Scandinavian Line sailing from New York December fourth for Christiania, Stockholm and Copenhagen?

I am cabling leading men and women of the European nations to join us enroute and at some central point to be determined later establish an international conference dedicated to negotiations leading to a just settlement of the war. A hundred representative Americans are being invited, among whom James A. Adams, Thomas A. Edison and John Wanamaker have accepted today.

Full letter follows.

With twenty thousand men killed every twenty-four hours—tens of thousands maimed and ruined—with another winter begun—the time has come for a few men and women with courage and energy irrespective of the cost in personal inconveniences, money sacrificed, and of criticism, to free the good will of Europe that it may assert itself for peace and justice with the strong probability that international disarmament can be accomplished.

Wire reply, Biltmore Hotel, New York.

HENRY FORD.

## Tornado Kills Twelve Today Many Injured

Homes of Farmers Crushed in and Fatalities May Be Much Greater Than Reported.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 25.—Twelve persons are known to have been killed, one man is believed to be buried in his home and about 30 persons were injured, some probably fatally, by a tornado which swept through the thickly settled part about a mile east of the city limits of Hot Springs this afternoon.

Homes Demolished. Many homes were demolished. All the dead and injured were farmers. The city of Hot Springs suffered no damage and no one was injured.

This information was brought to Little Rock by a passenger on a Rock Island train which reached here shortly after 11 o'clock tonight. All wires to Hot Springs are out of commission. Practically all the dead were killed by the collapse of their homes.

## FOURTEEN BITTEN BY RAVING MAD MAN

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 25.—John Bukowa, age 27, while suffering from rabies became violent and escaped from a hospital today, ran through a crowd scratching and biting people until a patrol loaded with policemen gave chase. After a battle in which six police officers were either bitten or scratched, the afflicted man was returned to the hospital, where he attacked the superintendent, the physicians in charge and an orderly. He died a few hours later.

To Be Pasteurized. All persons involved, totalling 14, have been granted leave of absence to undergo the pasteur treatment as a precaution, while the hospital officials and the orderly have been placed under observation.

The Bonham restaurant at Pessen-den was destroyed by fire a few days ago. The fire had its origin in a defective fuse.

## SCHOONER LOST, THE CREW DROWN

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 25.—Special advice to the Ledger tonight from Victoria, B. C., stated that the Chilean, full rigged, four-masted iron ship Carolapu, has been lost with all hands, numbering 25.

The Carolapu, the dispatch stated, was driven ashore by a terrific south-west gale, one mile east of Gowland rock, on the west coast of Vancouver Island, and the vessel was pounded to pieces. A great risk was taken by the Canadian Pacific Railway vessel, Princess Mila, which attempted to go to the rescue of the crew clinging to the wrecked craft, but she was unable to approach and the seamen were washed off and drowned.

## TESTIMONY IN FRAUD CASES CANNOT DRAW DOUBLE PAY FOR ROAD WORK

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 25.—The federal grand jury investigating the alleged smuggling of Chinese into the port on the liner, Mongolia, on which 81 Oriental stowaways were discovered, heard testimony, it was said today, to the effect that \$70,000 worth have been distributed among the conspirators if the contraband aliens had been landed.

The inquisitors were told, it was asserted, that \$800 a head was the price paid for Chinese actually set ashore and that the "collections" were split many ways, both whites and Chinese sharing.

## HEAVY STORM AT HOUSTON.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 25.—One person was killed, many injured and heavy property damage done by a brief but furious squall which struck Houston and vicinity late today. Many warehouses and sheds were blown down and completely destroyed.

## WANT TO BORROW JAP GOLD.

Tokio, Nov. 25.—The French government has been making inquiries in Japan relative to the possibility of borrowing a part of the Japanese gold now on deposit in Europe. Discussions are under way concerning the practical form of a loan.

Arthur Shriner of Osnabrook cut his jaw quite badly when he fell down stairs.

## WOMAN MURDERED; BODY IN RIVER

Authorities Believe That Crime Was Committed Elsewhere.

Dallas, Texas, Nov. 25.—The body of Mrs. Hugh Perry, wife of a Dallas merchant, was found today in the Trinity river, near here, after she had been missing ten days. Two handkerchiefs were tied tightly about the throat and there were numerous bruises on the head. She apparently had been dead about 48 hours. The police and the sheriff's departments are working on the theory that Mrs. Perry was murdered and her body taken to the river and thrown in.

## WHOLLY DESTITUTE.

Casselton, N. D., Nov. 25.—A man, wife and two little children, both of the latter under 5 years of age, got off the local here Wednesday and were in pitiful condition. They were without money or clothes, and the woman was about to become a mother again. The county sent the man and two children to Redfield, S. D., where they claimed to have relatives, and a number of ladies contributed garments for the children. The woman was taken to the Commercial hotel and Tuesday sent to the county hospital at Fargo.

## Consider Matter.

Governor Hanna stated last evening that he was giving serious thought to the matter but had not decided whether he would accept the invitation or not.

The following New York dispatch outlines the object of the trip: "I have chartered this peace ship to go to Europe to call into life a neutral conference," said Mr. Ford. "In what way I shall tell the public later."

"We are going over there to see if we can do any good. We are going to see if we can't get the men out of the trenches on Christmas day. We hope we will have the support of every mother in the world in one great effort to stop this war, crush militarism and wipe away talk of preparedness forever."

Ford told President Wilson of his plan Tuesday. He would not say whether the president had approved it.

Tells of Plan. The Oscar II is a 10,000-ton vessel, large enough to carry 200 passengers. But Mr. Ford said it was possible only a few peace delegates would make the trip.

"That is a detail to be worked out," he said. "We do not intend to carry only pacifists. We shall invite serious-minded men of all beliefs to make the trip. I shall go myself if I can."

The voyage of peace will have the backing of the International Woman's Peace society, but will be financed entirely by Mr. Ford.

Europe to Help. It was said that assurances have come from Europe that peace advocates in other neutral countries will gladly join in the enterprise. The names of the persons with whom Mr. Ford had been in conference in Europe were held in confidence.

"In some ways this meeting will be similar to that of the Woman's Peace congress at The Hague," said Mr. Ford, "the voyage of the peace ship, I believe, will inspire other neutral countries to action that will mean the calling of a congress of neutrals to end the war."

Ford will meet Cardinal Gibbons at Baltimore Friday and explain his idea to him. Announcement of the details of the peace ship will be made later this week.

To See President. Mr. Ford's statement followed closely on the announcement that Mme. Mikko Schwimmer, Hungarian peace advocate, will see President Wilson Friday afternoon.

She will tell him how weary Europe is.

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