

The Bismarck Tribune.
 BISMARCK TRIBUNE COMPANY
 Publication Offices:
 202 FOURTH ST., COR. BROADWAY
 Daily established 1881; Weekly 1878
 BY MARSHALL H. JEWELL
 Oldest in State.
 Daily by carrier . . . 50 cents a month
 Daily by mail . . . \$4.00 per year
 Weekly by mail . . . \$1.50 per year
 Entered at the postoffice at Bismarck, N. D., as second-class matter under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.
 MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS
 Member Audit Bureau of Circulations
 Foreign Representatives
 G. Logan Payne Co.—New York
 Chicago Boston Detroit

FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1916.

WHERE THE TRIBUNE CAN BE BOUGHT.

- Fargo, N. D. Gardner Hotel.
- Grand Forks, N. D. Hotel Frederick.
- Devils Lake, N. D. H. B. Rosenberg, News agent.
- C. J. B. Turner, News agent.
- Minot, N. D. Mansen Bros.
- Dickinson, N. D. St. Charles Hotel.
- Minneapolis, Minn. Kemp & Cohen, News agents.
- Hotel Dyckman.
- Hotel Radisson.
- St. Paul, Minn. Merchants Hotel.
- St. Marie, Fifth St., News agent.

LOCAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

For the 24 hours ending at 7 p. m., January 6, 1916:
 Temperature at 7 a. m. 16
 Temperature at 7 p. m. 5
 Highest temperature 15
 Lowest temperature 5
 Precipitation None
 Highest wind velocity 10-8

Forecast:
 For North Dakota: Generally fair tonight and probably Friday; not so cold tonight south and east portions.
 ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
 Section Director.

BABY WEEK.

In order that the general public may have a better idea of the "baby week" movement prior to the national "baby week" to be held March 4 to 11, the children's labor bureau of the department of labor has issued a bulletin dealing with baby week campaigns. One section of the bulletin is devoted to the planning of a simple baby week—or baby day—such as any community can undertake, however small or scattered it may be. Features suggested for such a simple observance include a campaign of publicity through newspapers and meetings, celebration in the schools, collecting of baby welfare information and "follow-up" work after baby week is over.

Some communities will wish to hold during baby week an infant welfare exhibit, and the children's bureau has compiled lists of the public and private organizations from which exhibit material may be borrowed. The baby himself will take part in the baby week observance in those communities which include in their program a baby health conference. The bulletin describes three types of conferences which have been held hitherto, and says:

"All have in common the following features: Thorough physical examination of the babies by competent physicians according to some definitely outlined plan, a record of the examination being given to the parents; and personal interviews between physicians and parents, in which the needs of the baby are pointed out and the general hygiene best suited to the baby under consideration is dwelt upon. All have one common aim—to focus attention on the individual baby."

SUPREME COURT

FROM STUTSMAN COUNTY.
 Adolph Sundahl, Plaintiff and Respondent; vs.
 The First State Bank of Edmunds, Defendant and Appellant.
 Syllabus: Plaintiff borrowed \$300. of defendant bank in 1911, giving therefor his promissory note for \$340.90, due in one year and bearing no interest until after maturity.

CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING.

Farmers' co-operative marketing and purchasing organizations, it is estimated, will do business this year whose volume will reach \$1,400,000,000. These are the figures furnished by the federal office of markets. This illustrates graphically the growth of co-operative selling and buying among the farmers. Especially in the matter of selling their products, the farmers have been able to secure better prices through the co-operative scheme.

This growth brings with it the necessity of a standardization of market grades and also of packages or containers. Many members of Congress realize this need and they are also convinced that federal, not state legislation, will achieve the proper results.

A Note of Warning.
 Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, issues a timely warning against over-production and inflation by manufac-

SMALL MEN IN WAR.

It is no new discovery which an English physician has made in announcing that the short man makes a better fighter than the tall man. The short or small man is not braver or more skillful and aggressive as a rule than the tall or large man, says New York World. He is simply apt to be tougher and more enduring, just as a small and closely-knit horse is usually harder than the large boned and bodied horse. He can resist disease better and he can better endure the trials and hardships of the march or the trench or the battle. If anybody is disposed to deny to small men intellectual credit for having in fact contributed to military history a considerable majority of its great captains, he can say very plausibly that the small man possessed of commanding genius, simply by the fact of his physical smallness has a better chance of living to prove his ability and achieve fame through war than the large-boned man with equal genius. But in any case a height limit which rules out short men in recruiting for real war, such as England applied in the first stages of building up its great volunteer army for this war, is as ridiculous, in fact, as the action of the father of Frederick the Great in combing the world for seven-footers to create a regiment against which no other in Europe would be able to stand.

The Prussian minister of commerce urges his fellow countrymen to eat war bread, which is marked with a K to signify that it is mixed with potatoes (Kartoffeln). No doubt the quality of German war bread will not improve as time goes on; but there is no likelihood yet of such bread as Marbot had to eat during the siege of Genoa, before Marengo—"a horrible compound of damaged flour, sawdust, starch, hair powder, oatmeal, linseed, rancid nuts, and other nasty substances, to which a little solidity was given by the admixture of a small portion of cocoa"—says London Chronicle. Each loaf, moreover, was held together by little bits of wood, without which it would have fallen to powder. General Thiebaut, in his journal of the siege, compares this bread to "peat mixed with oil." Soldiers got a quarter of a pound of this, civilians none at all.

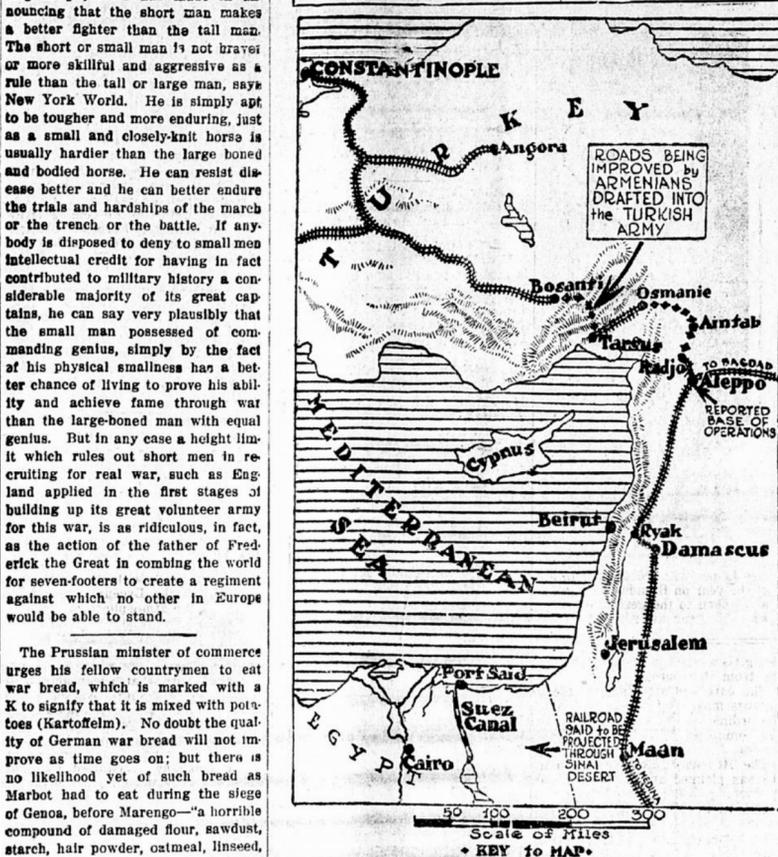
On account of the dreadnaught it is to be bread naught abroad?
 Of course it must be the tip that gives the name to the Tipperary hat.
 This joyous still eagerly waits for the joyous excitement of peace and lots of it.
 Never forget that the propriety and virtue of lobbying all depend on which side you are on.

In future dime novels the submarine will doubtless be referred to as a low-down, rakish craft.
 At the same time there is an appreciable difference between living simply and simply living.

An Englishman boasts that he killed four Germans with a shovel. War is such a refining thing!
 A London doctor says short men are better fighters than tall ones. They also are harder to hit.

The rumblings of discord are so loud in the Democratic party just now that even the New York Post, formerly an ardent supporter of Wilson, can hear them.
 JOSEPH RUCKER LAMAR.
 The supreme court of the United States loses a keen jurist and a kindly and courteous judge in the death of Joseph Rucker Lamar. A Georgian of Georgian, it was his duty to pass on the second review of the Frank case, and he granted the review, despite the objection in his own state. He had always been fearless in the performance of his duty.
 The slow development of paralysis that had afflicted the justice had led to discussion of legislation to permit him to retire. His death leaves a vacancy which will probably be filled by the appointment of a Democrat, because the court is pretty heavily Republican now. Justice Lamar was appointed by a Republican President.
 It is worth noting that the Georgia Lamars, all descended from James Lamar, a Huguenot, have played a considerable part in the public life of the South. President Cleveland appointed Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamar of Mississippi to the supreme court. The appointee, long a United States Senator from Mississippi, was a native of Putnam County, Ga. His father had been judge on the Georgia supreme court bench. Mirabeau Buonaparte Lamar was born in Louisville, Ga., fought at San Jacinto, and was General Sam Houston's successor as President of the Independent Republic of Texas.

SOME DIFFICULT PROBLEMS BEFORE GERMANS IF THEY STRIKE AT EGYPT



Some idea of the difficulties in the way of a German invasion of Egypt is given by a map of the last and longest stage of the railway connections on which such an invasion must depend. All munitions and war material must come first to Constantinople over the newly-reopened Oriental railway. But after arrival in Constantinople and transshipment across the Bosphorus, they must still be transported over 1,100 miles of single track railway, sixty miles of narrow gauge railway and 160 miles of roads which, it is asserted, are practicable for motor trucks, but for which the motor trucks also must be provided. Moreover, these different methods of travel are so interposed that every pound of ammunition and material must be transhipped six times during the journey, from broad to narrow gauge and back, and from railroad to motor-truck and back, and for each of these terminal facilities must be improvised. Nearly every one of these terminals will be within reach of aeroplane raids from the sea and that at Tarsus within range of bombardment from warships. And, finally, supposing all these difficulties solved, and the expedition and supplies arrived at Maan, some 300 miles of waterless desert intervene between it and the Suez Canal.

TO PROBE HIGH PRICE OF TWINE

Washington, Jan. 5.—Senator McCumber today introduced a resolution authorizing the attorney general's department to investigate the high price of binding twine. This action will be of particular interest to the farmers throughout the country and if its terms are carried out will result in relief.
 Dunn county has been without a jail for just about a year, or since the small jail building burned. During this time all prisoners were taken to the Stark county jail for safe keeping, but with new cells installed Dunn county will be able to care for its own prisoners.
 The longest time on record for which a swimmer has remained under water is 6 minutes 29.45 seconds.
 The government of Japan is planning to start a factory for the production of carbolic acid from coal tar.

CONTRACT LET FOR DUNN COUNTY JAIL

Manning, N. D., Jan. 6.—The contract for installing the steel cells in the court house was let to the Pauley Jail Building company for the sum of \$129,544.28.



Scene from the sensational success, 'Potash and Perlmutter' which comes to the Auditorium Jan. 8.

SARGENT COUNTY

Notice of Sale and Leasing of School and Institution Lands
 The following described school and institution lands situated in Sargent County and State of North Dakota, will be offered for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house in the City of Forman, in said county and state, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m., on Friday, the 10th day of March, A. D., 1916, said sale to commence at ten o'clock a. m., and to continue from day to day until all lands hereinafter described have been sold or offered for sale. All lands will be offered in tracts as hereinafter described and upon the following conditions:

Des.	Sec.	Tp.	R.	A.	Cult.	Val.
NE 1/4	36	141	50	160	60	\$35.00
SW 1/4	36	141	50	160	65	35.00
NE 1/4	16	141	53	156.21	75	30.00
SE 1/4	16	141	53	156.56	100	30.00
NE 1/4	36	141	53	160	160	35.00
NE 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
NW 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
SE 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
SW 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
NW 1/4	36	142	54	160	15	35.00
SW 1/4	36	142	54	160	15	35.00
NE 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
NW 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
SE 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
SW 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
NE 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
SE 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
SW 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
NE 1/4	36	143	51	160	138	30.00
NE 1/4	36	143	53	160	130	25.00
SW 1/4	36	143	53	160	25.00	25.00
NE 1/4	16	143	55	160	28.00	28.00
NW 1/4	16	143	55	160	28.00	28.00
SE 1/4	16	143	55	160	28.00	28.00
SW 1/4	16	143	55	160	28.00	28.00

WALSH COUNTY

Notice of Sale and Leasing of School and Institution Lands
 The following described school and institution lands situated in Walsh County and State of North Dakota, will be offered for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house in the City of Grafton, in said county and state, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, A. D., 1916, said sale to commence at ten o'clock a. m., and to continue from day to day until all lands hereinafter described have been sold or offered for sale. All lands will be offered in tracts as hereinafter described and upon the following conditions:

Des.	Sec.	Tp.	R.	A.	V. per A.
NE 1/4	16	129	58	160	\$14.00
NW 1/4	16	129	58	160	13.00
SE 1/4	16	129	58	160	14.00
SW 1/4	16	129	58	160	13.00
NE 1/4	16	130	55	160	19.00
SE 1/4	16	130	55	154.23	19.00
N 1/2 of NE 1/4					
SW 1/4	36	130	55	159.89	27.00
NE 1/4	36	130	55	147.90	24.00
SE 1/4	36	130	55	180	22.00
E 1/2 SW 1/4	36	130	55	172.22	19.00
NW 1/4	36	130	55	160	21.00
NW 1/4	16	130	57	160	15.00
NE 1/4	16	131	55	160	22.00
SE 1/4	16	131	55	160	24.00
NW 1/4	36	131	55	160	23.00
SW 1/4	36	131	55	160	25.00
NE 1/4	16	131	57	160	16.00
SE 1/4	16	131	57	160	16.00
Lot 6	36	132	54	34.50	10.00
SE 1/4	36	132	55	160	22.00
NE 1/4	36	132	58	153.92	10.00
NW 1/4	36	132	58	153.92	10.00
SE 1/4	36	132	58	150	15.00
Lot 7	31	129	54	40.15	10.00
Lot 7	31	129	54	40.15	10.00
SE 1/4 SW 1/4	31	129	54	40.15	10.00
S 1/2 NE 1/4	4	129	58	80	14.00
Lot 1	4	129	58	42.11	13.00
Lot 2	4	129	58	41.85	14.00
S 1/2 NW 1/4	4	129	58	80	14.00
Lot 3	4	129	58	41.58	13.00
Lot 4	4	129	58	41.32	13.00
S 1/2 NW 1/4	5	129	58	80	14.00
Lot 3	5	129	58	40.85	13.00
Lot 4	5	129	58	40.71	13.00
SE 1/4	5	129	58	160	14.00
Lot 3	18	129	58	41.85	14.00
Lot 4	18	129	58	41.90	14.00
SE 1/4	25	129	58	160	18.00
NW 1/4	33	129	58	159	16.00
W 1/2 NW 1/4	35	129	58	80	10.00
SE 1/4	3	130	54	160	21.00
NE 1/4	31	130	58	160	13.00

Upon the approval of the sale by the Board of University and School Lands, the purchaser will be duly notified and he will then be required to pay interest on all deferred payments at the rate of six per cent in advance from date of sale to January 1st, 1917.
 The only payment on day of sale is one-fifth of total purchase price and the fee for issuing contract. No interest will be collected at that time.
 The Board of University and School Lands reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
 All coal and mineral rights are reserved to the state.
 All land unsold will be offered for lease immediately after this sale, except the land on which lease contracts have not expired.
 The lands to be offered for sale are described as follows:
 Des. Sec. Tp. R. A. V. per A.
 NE 1/4 16 156 58 160 25.00
 SE 1/4 8 156 58 160 25.00
 NW 1/4 8 156 58 160 25.00
 E 1/2 SW 1/4 27 155 58 80 12.50
 W 1/2 SE 1/4 28 155 58 80 25.00
 SE 1/4 29 155 58 160 15.00
 W 1/2 NE 1/4 32 155 58 80 20.00
 NW 1/4 33 155 58 160 30.00
 SW 1/4 33 155 58 160 30.00
 W 1/2 NE 1/4 9 155 59 80 30.00
 E 1/2 NE 1/4 25 155 57 80 15.00
 SE 1/4 17 157 59 160 20.00
 SW 1/4 9 158 59 160 25.00
 Dated at Bismarck, North Dakota, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1915.
 FRANK S. HENRY,
 Commissioner.

CASS COUNTY

Notice of Sale and Leasing of School and Institution Lands
 The following described school and institution lands situated in Cass County and State of North Dakota, will be offered for sale at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house in the City of Fargo, in said county and state, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m., on Monday, the 8th day of March, A. D., 1916, said sale to commence at ten o'clock a. m., and to continue from day to day until all lands hereinafter described have been sold or offered for sale. All lands will be offered in tracts as hereinafter described and upon the following conditions:

No tract will be sold for less than its appraised value, nor in smaller subdivisions than listed.
 The terms of sale are, one-fifth of the purchase price to be paid at the time of sale; one-fifth in five years; one-fifth on or before the expiration of ten years; one-fifth on or before the expiration of fifteen years; and one-fifth on or before the expiration of twenty years, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum payable annually in January of each year in advance.
 Contracts may be paid in full after five years by paying all principal and one year's interest in advance.
 The purchaser of lands will also be required to pay at the time of sale a fee of \$5.00 for each tract purchased, for issuing contract.
 Upon the approval of the sale by the Board of University and School Lands, the purchaser will be duly notified and he will then be required to pay interest on all deferred payments at the rate of six per cent in advance from date of sale to January 1st, 1917.
 The only payment on day of sale is one-fifth of total purchase price and

THE FEE FOR ISSUING CONTRACT.

No interest will be collected at that time. The Board of University and School Lands reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
 All coal and mineral rights are reserved to the state.
 All land unsold will be offered for lease immediately after this sale, except the land on which lease contracts have not expired.
 The lands to be offered for sale are described as follows:

Des.	Sec.	Tp.	R.	A.	Cult.	Val.
NE 1/4	36	141	50	160	60	\$35.00
SW 1/4	36	141	50	160	65	35.00
NE 1/4	16	141	53	156.21	75	30.00
SE 1/4	16	141	53	156.56	100	30.00
NE 1/4	36	141	53	160	160	35.00
NE 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
NW 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
SE 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
SW 1/4	16	141	54	160	160	35.00
NW 1/4	36	142	54	160	15	35.00
SW 1/4	36	142	54	160	15	35.00
NE 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
NW 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
SE 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
SW 1/4	16	142	55	160	20.00	20.00
NE 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
SE 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
SW 1/4	36	142	55	160	25.00	25.00
NE 1/4	36	143	51	160	138	30.00
NE 1/4	36	143	53	160	130	25.00
SW 1/4	36	143				