

PHILIPPINE BILL ARGUED BY SENATE

Senator Gronna of This State Favors Amendment Providing Prohibition.

UNFAVORABLE REPORT ON MUNITIONS PLOTS

House Judiciary Committee Turns Down President's Request for Information.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Debate on the bill to grant the people of the Philippine Islands a greater degree of self-government continued today in the senate.

Senator Gronna of North Dakota urged that the measure be amended to provide prohibition for the Philippines.

UNFAVORABLE REPORT

Unfavorable reports were returned by the house judiciary committee today on resolutions asked by the president for details for unneutral plots mentioned in his annual message and seeking information from the department of justice about any steps taken by the government in connection with increased gasoline prices.

COURTS UPHOLDS PURE FOOD LAW

Misbranding of Drugs Held to Be a Violation of Law Enacted in 1906.

Washington, Jan. 10.—After ten years of legislation and litigation, the supreme court decided today that congress had enacted finally a constitutional law regulating statements as to the curative effects of medicines in interstate commerce.

The decision was rendered by Justice Hughes. Numerous actions against drug concerns are expected to follow. For a time it was urged by government officials that the 1916 pure food law, designated as misbranded drugs or medicines, which were accompanied by knowingly false statements about the curative effects of the compounds.

In response to a resulting message from President Taft, congress in 1912 enacted the Sherry amendment, which the supreme court held today struck precisely at misstatements, either on the labels or printed circulars accompanying medicines.

MAY RETRY THE NEW HAVEN CASE

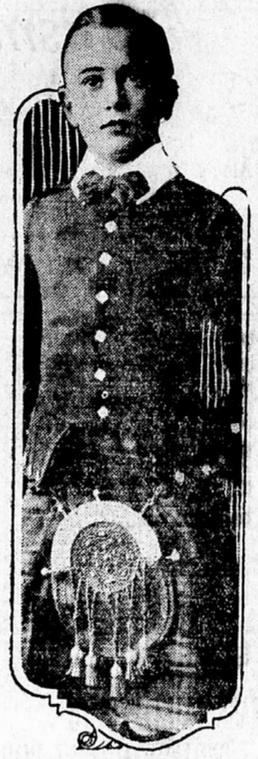
New York, Jan. 10.—The government will ask for a new trial in the case of the five former New Haven directors, on whom the jury disagreed yesterday, while finding six others not guilty of criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Those on which the jury disagreed were: William Rockefeller, New York; Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia, Conn.; Charles M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Lewis Case Ledyard, New York; and Edward D. Robbins, New Haven. Those acquitted were: D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Conn.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; James S. Hemingway, A. Heaton Robertson and Frederick F. Brewster, New Haven, and Henry McHarg, Stamford, Conn.

TRIAL OF MRS. MOHR OPENS IN PROVIDENCE

Providence, R. I., Jan. 10.—The trial of Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, and two negroes, Cecil V. Brown, and Henry H. Spellman, charged with the murder of the woman's husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, a widely known physician of this city and Newport, began today. The jury was completed after counsel for Brown questioned each man as to his attitude regarding the alleged confession of the negroes that they had shot the doctor and seriously wounded his secretary, Miss Emily G. Burger, in a small automobile, August 31, 1915, at the instigation of Mrs. Mohr. The two men later repudiated their purported statements.

KING'S THIRD SON IS A WAR WORKER



Prince Henry, the third son of King George, who is too young to go to the front, has become a war worker and is employed as a navy in the ordnance corps. His work is to help load and unload army supplies on railway cars and push loaded trucks. He is only fifteen years old, but very sturdy.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS WILL MEET SUNDAY

Annual Initiation and Banquet Will Be Held at Patterson Hall.

The Program. 10:00 a. m.—Candidates and all Knights will meet at hall and march to St. Mary's church in a body, to attend Mass.

Immediately after Mass all candidates will present themselves at initiation hall for instructions.

1:00 p. m.—First Degree will be exemplified.

2:30 p. m.—Second Degree will be exemplified.

4:00 p. m.—Third Degree will be exemplified.

7:00 p. m.—Banquet served by the Catholic ladies in the armory.

Members of the Bismarck Council No. 1604 Knights of Columbus are making extensive arrangements for their annual initiation, which will be held in Patterson hall Sunday, January 16.

Visiting Knights from all parts of the state are expected to gather here to witness the confirming of the third degree of the order on a large class of candidates. There are also several candidates to be initiated from other councils.

Past State Deputy T. F. Griffin, of Sioux City, Ia., will have charge of the degree work, the confirming of which will require most of the afternoon.

The day's events will open with the celebration of Mass at St. Mary's cathedral. The degree work will begin at 1 o'clock in Patterson hall. The banquet, which is expected to be attended by several hundred people, will start at 7 o'clock.

Officers of the local council are: Grand Knight, George V. Cunningham; deputy grand Knight, Carl W. Paulson; financial secretary, J. B. Halverson; recording secretary, E. H. Gersham; warden, Joseph Boehm; chancellor, George M. McKenna; advocate, I. C. Aaduen; treasurer, I. E. Flannery; lecturer, F. H. Hurley; inner guard, E. R. Morris; outer guard, A. H. Barrett; chaplain, Rev. M. J. Hiltner.

History of Council. Bismarck Council No. 1604 Knights of Columbus was instituted January 21, 1912, with a charter membership of 68 and has held an initiation each year since, bringing their membership up to over 200.

The council meets the second and fourth Fridays of each month in the Commercial club hall, which has been completely furnished for lodge purposes. Entertainments of various kinds are arranged for its members during the year, which greatly promotes the social side of the order.

Purpose of Order. In an address delivered on Columbus Day, Oct. 12, 1915, Justice Victor J. Dowling of New York city reviewed the achievements and aspirations of the order.

ETCHESON TELLS HOW MURDER WAS PLANNED BY PRICE

Spoke of Getting Rid of His Wife Two Months Before Act Was Committed.

SAYS MURDER SCENE STILL HAUNTS HIM

Crowds Pack Court Room in Minneapolis to Hear Gruesome Story of Murder.

Minneapolis, Jan. 10.—From the lips of Charles D. Etcheson, the state's star witness in the murder trial of Frederick T. Price, a local businessman, today came one of the most sensational stories of its kind in court annals of the northwest. The young traveling salesman of Washington, D. C., repeated in detail the story he told when arrested on a joint indictment with Price, in which he said the latter murdered his third wife and paid Etcheson for his silence.

When court adjourned tonight until tomorrow afternoon Etcheson had not completed his story. It was expected, however, that the case would reach the jury before the end of this week.

Court Room Packed.

In a court room packed to overflowing, its aisles and entrances choked with people of all walks of life, Etcheson told how he and Price took Mary Bridley Price, member of a wealthy family, to the East river automobile road on the night of November 28, 1914, and how Price hurled her from a cliff and then crushed her head with a rock. Price, who has acquired the title of "Ironman" listened to the tale with no show of emotion.

Etcheson said it was two months before her death that Price first told him else. "First I flatly refused to have ever they may be a merry chase."

Talked of Murder. "From then, Price talked of nothing else," Etcheson testified, "and I had a hand in the matter," the witness continued. "Then he insisted and referred to the money I owed him and how much he would pay me if I would be his witness."

"On the night of the murder we drove to the cliff and Price brought the car to a stop. He told his wife that he must make a slight repair and asked her to step from the car and take the dog with her."

As she backed out on the running board, Price seized her and gave a horrible push and she went over the cliff. He threw the dog after her.

Dragged by Hair. "Then came faint cries from below, and Price, beckoning me to follow, hurried to the foot of the cliff. He grasped his wife by the hair and dragged her several feet to make it appear as if she had fallen."

"Mrs. Price was still living. Price looked about him for a moment and seeing up a large rock knelt down beside her. I turned my back and closed my eyes. As the thud of the rock against her head sounded in the stillness of the night, I saw the fall, whined and ran toward the cliff. In a few minutes the flickering spark of life had left the woman."

"We stopped passing motorists and gave out the story that Mrs. Price fell to her death while chasing the dog."

Haunted by Scene. The witness said he was haunted continually by the scene on the night of the alleged crime and decided to tell his story.

More than 2,000 people were in a line stretching from the court room entrance down two flights of stairs into the street before court convened. Women predominated in the court room. Most of those present brought their lunches and did not leave their seats during the noon recess.

PROGRESSIVES MEET AT G. P. HOTEL TODAY

A meeting of the State Progressive-Republican league will be held at the Grand Pacific hotel today. Letters were sent out by Secretary H. N. Tucker several weeks ago announcing the meeting here today, and a meeting at Fargo January 18 and 19. Several meetings will be held in addition throughout the state, the dates to be announced later.

FLYNN GETS DECISION

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 10.—Jack Flynn of Indianapolis won a decision over Dan (Porty) Flynn of Easton, in an eight-round bout tonight, here.

FLEW AMERICAN FLAG

Boston, Mass., Jan. 10.—The British steamer, City of Lincoln, went through the Mediterranean sea flying the American flag as protection against submarines, members of the crew said, when the steamer arrived today with a \$5,000,000 cargo from Oriental ports.

PROMINENT MEN IN "STRIKE PLOT" CASE WILL MAKE FIGHT



Left to right, front row: Former Congressman R. P. Hill, Henry B. Davis, former Congressman Fowler, H. B. Martin and Herman Schulteis.

Former Congressman H. Robert Fowler of Illinois, Henry B. Martin and Henry Schulteis, identified with Labor's National Peace Council and indicted in New York on the charge of conspiring to impede United States trade in munitions with the allies by starting strikes, will make a fight against the government's case. They have employed Attorney Harry B. Davis to defend them and have demanded a preliminary hearing, which will be held January 20.

GRAND JURY WILL INVESTIGATE STRIKE

Men Return to Work in Youngstown and Ohio Militia Is Ordered Home.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 10.—The opening of the grand jury investigation of the strike and riots in East Youngstown, the resumption of work at the plants of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company and the ordering home of the Fourth regiment of the Ohio National Guard, which had been called out for strike duty, were the developments today in the situation here.

Quiet prevailed in the vicinity of the Tube Works and employees who reported for duty today were not molested either when entering or leaving the plant.

Many witnesses were examined by the grand jury during the day, but, according to prosecuting Attorney Henderson, no report will be made until the latter part of the week. The fall had been greater.

"COMPULSORY TRAINING DEMOCRATIC NECESSITY"

New York, Jan. 10.—"Compulsory military training is one of the finest pieces of democratic necessity that has ever been put before the American people," said Rep. Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts. Speaking on preparedness before the American National Security league here today, Mr. Gardner suggested that every American youth serve at least one year in either land or sea forces as a means of increasing the army to 250,000 men, instead of 114,000 as planned by Secretary of War Garrison, and likewise increasing our naval strength.

"There are only two ways by which we can get 250,000 men," he said, "first, by giving greater chances of promotion to the enlistment in the army."

WILLIAM W. ASTOR NOW BRITISH PEER

William Waldorf Astor, expatriated American who became a British subject sixteen years ago, has been elevated to the peerage by King George.

CONFERENCE HELD ON THE LUSITANIA CASE

Washington, Jan. 10.—Difficulty in agreeing on details is holding up a final settlement of the Lusitania controversy. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Secretary Lansing had another conference today and it was said that no final agreement had been reached, although the outlook was encouraging.

While the United States and Germany virtually have agreed upon the essential principles involved, it was learned tonight that until a method of expressing the principles satisfactory to both sides is found, announcement of a settlement will be withheld.

KILLED BY MEXICANS

EEl Paso, Texas, Jan. 10.—P. Kane, bookkeeper, aged 60, employed on the Herst ranch, Abilene, and held prisoner for three weeks by order of General Villa, has been killed by Mexican troops, according to advices late today from Madera.

50 Members of Peace Party Off for Home

The Hague, via London, Jan. 10.—Fifty students, members of the Ford peace expedition, left today for Rotterdam, from where they will sail tomorrow on the steamer, Norddard, for New York. About 100 American members of the expedition remained in The Hague. Most of them will sail for the United States January 15.

The members of the permanent peace board will remain here with the members of the board from the other neutral nations.

DU PONT PLANT IS WRECKED BY EXPLOSION

Officials of Powder Company Will Conduct Searching Investigation.

Wilmington, Del., Jan. 10.—Following the explosion at the DuPont Powder plant, Carney's Point, N. J., early today, in which three workmen were killed, two mills blew up, at the upper Hagely yards, near here (this afternoon). In one of the latter accidents, one workman was slightly burned. The three explosions within one day have had the effect of making the secret service and police departments of the DuPont Powder company unusually active in looking for possible clues looking for "outside influence."

A press mill blew up at 5 o'clock this afternoon, with a loud report. It was in this explosion that the workman was hurt. Ninety minutes later a mixing mill near the press mill also exploded. It contained 500 pounds of powder. No one was injured. Both mills were blown to atoms, the shocks being heard for at least 25 miles.

While expressing the belief that all the blasts were due to accidents, officials of the company have issued instructions for a searching investigation.

"COMMON LAW" WIFE SHOTS MANUFACTURER

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 10.—Two revolver shots, one of which pierced the neck of John Robart, a prosperous manufacturer, and the other the brain of Lillian Pfeiffer, for three years known as Mrs. Robart, brought to life a tangled tale of love and desertion. The shots were fired by Lillian Pfeiffer in Robart's office, where she had gone to make a last plea that she be taken back.

"No, I am through with you," said Robart. The young woman stepped forward and pressed the revolver against the neck of the man she loved. She pulled the trigger and as he fell across his desk, she sent a bullet through her temple. She died at the hospital. Physicians, who attended Robart, told him that his recovery was doubtful.

According to the police, he said his name was really John Ulrich, and that seven years ago he deserted his wife and four children in West Philadelphia, and that Lillian Pfeiffer deserted her husband in West Philadelphia for him.

A third woman in the tragedy was said to be a foreign chorus girl, who had appeared in the local theater.

POPE'S BROTHER DEAD

Rome, Jan. 10.—Angelo Sarto, only brother of the late Pope Pius X., is dead, at the age of 79 years.

THE WEATHER

For North Dakota: Generally fair and somewhat colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair and continued cold.

HEAVY LOSSES REPORTED ON EAST FRONT

Losses to Austrians and Russians More Than British Lost on Gallipoli.

AEROPLANE BATTLES ARE FOUGHT OVER SALONIKI

Bitter Fighting Reported on the Western Front; Germans Capture Positions.

London, Jan. 10.—While the Russian front has been quiet during the past 24 hours, there has been severe fighting in the other war theaters.

On the Montenegrin front the Austrians have been generally successful. They have advanced their positions at several important points, despite the handicaps of snow waist deep, and are showing themselves just as adept at the Montenegrins in mountain fighting.

In Champagne the French have repulsed four German attacks. The Germans, however, have retained a foothold at two places in the French advance trenches. In Persia British reinforcements on their way to the relief of Kut-el-Arba have met Turkish forces which were compelled to retire after some heavy fighting.

Austrians Demoralized. The Petrograd official communication says that the pause on the Czeronowitz front is due to heavy losses and resulting demoralization of the Austro-Hungarian army.

That there is some basis for the statement is evident from the evidence of the Hungarian newspaper, Pester Lloyd, that the losses on both sides of the Bessarabian battle, so far, exceeds 175,000, or more than the total British losses in the whole Dardanelles campaign.

Another Hungarian newspaper states on the authority of a staff representative that the fighting on this front has been the bitterest and bloodiest of the war, both sides sacrificing men in a manner without a parallel.

At Saloniki. The Saloniki front is chiefly notable in today's dispatches as the scene of almost continual aeroplane skirmishes, one of which continued for two hours. The Germans have lost six aeroplanes in this region.

In the Balkans reports persist that the Germans are concentrating at Monastir, preparatory to an attack on Saloniki, but the interest in the Macedonia campaign has become secondary to the operations of the Austrians in Montenegro.

Unrest in Italy. The Austro-Hungarian invasion is causing great uneasiness among the Entente powers, and especially Italy, which sees in its success an end to Italy's dream of dominating the Albanian littoral of the Adriatic.

Constantine Laude Kitchener. Field Marshal Kitchener left a very vivid impression on the Athenian population and especially on Constantine I., king of the Greeks. Speaking of the British war minister's visit, the Greek monarch said to the Associated Press correspondent: "I am a soldier. Kitchener is a soldier. We speak the same language and we understood one another perfectly from the outset."

One story which Lord Kitchener told in Athens made a particularly deep impression. No public account of the incident has ever been given.

Capture Eight Submarines. "When the men of the great fleet were held about a month ago, north of Scotland," said Lord Kitchener.

DISCUSS MILITARY TRAINING FOR YOUTHS

Washington, Jan. 10.—Universal military service in some form in the United States, possibly the requirement that all men between 18 and 21 be given at least six months' training as a substitute for the volunteer system, was discussed today before the house military committee by Major General Scott, chief of staff of the army.

General Scott told the committee that the United States would need an army of nearly two million men in the event of war. It developed during the hearing that there are more than 4,000,000 men in the country between the ages of 18 and 21, and that 700,000 more reached the age of 18 annually.

Short of a universal military requirement, General Scott thought the administration's continental army plan offered the most workable solution of the nation's military problem. If the plan failed, he said, there was no escape from compulsory service. With military service imposed on men between 18 and 21, as a patriotic duty, with nominal pay, he thought it would cost the nation no more for an adequate force than to maintain its present establishment.