The Bismarck Tribune.

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WHERE THE TRIBUNE CAN BE BOUGHT.

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Devils Lake, N. D.
H. B. Rosenburg, News Agent.
C. J. B. Turner, News Agent.
Minot, N. D.
Mansen Bros.
Dickinson, N. D.
St. Charles Hotel.
Minneapolis, Minn.
Kemp & Cohen, News Agents.
Hotel Dyckman.
Hotel Radisson.
St. Paul, Minn.
Merchants Hotel.
St. Marie, Fifth St., News News Agent.

SCHOOL ELECTION.

Any of the four men running for the school board would have filled the posts acceptably to the tax payers. The selection of George Will and Frank H. Evarts will meet with general approval. Both men enter upon their terms with an emphatic endorsement. Mr. Will and Mr. Evarts are well known in the community and need no introduction through these columns.

Probably the most gratifying feature of the school election was the large vote cast. Too much indifference has been shown at school elections in the past. There is a general awakening in Bismarck in regard to all public questions. Such a general expression of preference for school officials is good for the city's educational system.

INCOMPETENCY UNMASKED.

One of the best assets of Bismarck is an abundance of wholesome water drawn from a river that is fed by mountain streams and free from pollution above Bismarck.

The physicians of Bismarck have yet to trace one case of typhoid to city water. Despite this fact, for personal reasons or for private pique, we care not which, some of them have carried on a systematic agitation which the expose at Monday's meeting of the commission revealed to be without foundation.

We do not include all the physicians in this indictment, for the Tribune numbers among its friends several of the medical fraternity, who refuse to prostitute their high calling to vent personal spleen.

No one is more anxious to safeguard the water supply than the men behind the Bismarck Water Supply company. That is the reason its officials urged that samples be sent to various laboratories noted for their efficiency. The results are in and speak for themselves.

Behind all this has been a conspiracy to injure Bismarck. It comes directly from a section of the state interested in depriving this city of its capital. There is no need of mincing words.

The time has come for everyone to protect the best interests of Bismarck. Dr. Strauss, health commissioner, was abused in medical meetings because he refused to publish the false and malicious reports of the University's bacteriologist. The city commission supported him in this contention. Subsequent developments have vindicated the action of Dr. Strauss and the commissioners.

There is no better water in North Dakota than the Missouri river supply. Towns along its banks that draw their supply from this source are free from typhoid. Compare the typhoid statistics of the Red River valley towns with those supplied by the Missouri river and the superiority of our water supply over the Valley is apparent.

If the University of North Dakota through its local health laboratory, with the assistance of a few disgruntled physicians, want to give aid to the propaganda organized to injure Bismarck, it is time the citizens of Bismarck knew it. The Tribune, since its foundation has stood for the best interests of Bismarck. It will continue to defend every attack against the city, whether aimed from without or within.

Every man with a dollar invested here should be arraigned against the campaign of abuse and vilification directed against Bismarck. Unfortunately, there are a few traitors within the ranks who would sacrifice the city to visit their own wrath.

This is not the spirit of Bismarck, however.

Wilson may be interested in restoring peace in Europe, but his good intentions must not be construed to include the Chicago convention.

PARTY FIRST.

Disastrous, indeed, will be the results, if personal ambition triumphs at the expense of party harmony and solidarity.

There has never been a more critical time in the history of the Republican party than is faced at Chicago today. Seldom before have individual ambitions clashed so severely. No convention was burdened with such a multiplicity of candidates and there has been no period in the party's history when harmony was so essential to success.

A divided party means four more years of Wilson. The Old Guard, who control both the machinery of the convention and probably a majority of the delegates, know this. Will they repeat the disaster of 1912?

The strong demand for Roosevelt cannot be overlooked. It would probably be a mistake to nominate him and thus reward the most spectacular "bolt" in political history. But viewing the controversy from every angle, the Old Guard cannot afford to ignore the Roosevelt faction or suppress it by steam roller methods.

There should be some way out of the political impasse at Chicago. The arts of diplomacy and tact properly applied can bring order, peace and harmony from what appears a badly confused and sadly mixed political situation. If there is any generalship left in the Republican party, now is the time for it to avert disaster.

Practical politicians sense serious handicaps to the candidacies of both Roosevelt and Hughes. It is bearly possible that a deadlock will result which can be broken only by the elimination of both.

The disadvantages of Roosevelt's leadership are due to his dramatic departure from the political fold in 1912 and the organization of a new party. This is an unpardonable sin in politics and the instances are rare where such an offense goes unpunished. The desire for revenge is present in Chicago. Barnes, et al., do not forget the vitriolic attacks of the Colonel. The echo of "robbers," "larceny," and "theft" still ring in the ears of the Old Guard. Some of the sores have been healed. If forgiveness is in the air, the desire to reward Teddy for his 1912 performance is nowhere evident on the surface.

On the other hand, Roosevelt's candidacy has its strong points. He has voiced to millions the mightiest rallying cry for preparedness. His addresses practically made Americanism one of the paramount issues of the 1916 campaign. Patriotism has never been regarded as available for a party plank. Roosevelt, always daring in politics, raises it as an issue and in the parlance of the street, "gets away with it."

Roosevelt's candidacy makes a second potent appeal. Many believe that he is the appointed vessel to carry out a vigorous preparedness program and that his virility is a necessary antidote to four years of "sidestepping."

Hughes' chief weakness lies in the fact that there is a reluctance to draft men from the supreme bench. Another is that his attitude on present day political issues is unknown. All there is before the Chicago convention are a few cryptic messages and his New York speech of 1908. His record as governor of New York gives little or no indication of his attitude on national affairs. So much has transpired since 1908, that politicians feel they do not know with any sureness where Justice Hughes stands.

The chief availability of Hughes is due to the fact that he is casting the biggest shadow over the Roosevelt boom. Those who are anxious to suppress Roosevelt naturally turn to Hughes as the man to relieve the Republican party of the recalcitrant Teddy. Hughes' capacity as an executive is well known. The fact that his attitude on foreign affairs is unknown is more of an asset than a liability. Anti-German tendencies of Roosevelt and Root are so pronounced that political leaders are taking them into serious consideration.

As the political battle opens today, Roosevelt, Hughes and Root are the dominant figures. Whether the lightning will strike one of these no one can tell. Republicans who have the interest of the party at heart desire above everything else that whoever secures the nomination, he will try conclusions with Wilson backed by a united party.

Then victory will be sure.

Admiral Benson says that the American navy "is ready for war at a moment's notice." Fine! If Carranza declares war, we'll give those four Mexican gunboats a run for their money, anyway. And we'll go down with our flags a-flyin' b'gosh.

THE DAY.

For years German naval officers have toasted "The Day." It has been their hope to meet the British in an open sea battle. The British navy is the iron wall of England's home defense. That gone, who can tell the fate of the Empire.

Napoleon in his memorable struggle failed upon the sea. Will William the Second, bow to the naval supremacy of the enemy?

The value of the great battle at this time cannot be overestimated. With a navy still twice the size of Germany's, the recent battle in the North Sea may not have weakened England's actual sea defense, but it was a serious blow to the morale of troops both on land and sea.

Germany tired of waiting for a victory at Verdun has been more than compensated by news of a triumph from the North Sea, the last place along the battle front they expected good tidings.

This is the first great victory of the German navy. Until this fight it was without traditions such as add lustre to the British sea forces. This war is full of incidents of the bravery and skill of German seamanship, but until the North Sea engagement, the efficiency of the German navy as a unit was an unknown factor in military circles.

Although the British navy still commands the sea, that supremacy has been weakened because of what Germany achieved on the North Sea. England, more jealous of her naval reputation than anything else, has been injured where she is most sensitive.

The very heart of the British Empire is the navy.

Every telling blow Germany can deliver there will bring her much nearer ultimate victory than triumphs on land.

Germany has had the first realization of her famous toast:

"The Day."

At Newark, Thursday, Roosevelt made a hot speech for high protective tariff. Just planing off the planks that are to go into that Republican platform.

GUESS AT IT, GENTLE READER.

Who will be nominated at Chicago?

Have you noticed that Ford's delegation from Michigan is inclining openly to Hughes?

That the Pacifist delegation from Nebraska is divided between the two war candidates, Roosevelt and Root?

That the Old Guard chieftain, Penrose, put Roosevelt men on Pennsylvania's delegation?

That Roosevelt, not even a candidate in Illinois, bagged 30 delegates?

That Arizona, most bitter of all the states against capital and "big business," goes into the Root column by common consent?

That Root, pro-American, and Burton, pro-German, are reported in agreement?

Reason is turned topsy-turvy and logic is an outlawed thing when it comes to figuring on the G. O. P. convention doings. But it will be a great show, all right, and worth the price of admission.

And now Carranza is going to get a "sharp rebuke" from Washinglon, which is about the only thing to date he hasn't got and nicely rounds out the program.

At Providence, Mrs. Hattie Oakley gets twenty years for killing a man with poisoned cream puffs. Maybe the court thought that dying full of cream puffs in these times wasn't so awful.

Dr. Arthur Waite, upon being sentenced to execution, thanked the judge, jury and prosecution for his fair trial and commended the wisdom of his conviction. Among the old sayings knocked out is:

"No rogue e'er felt the halter draw
"With good opinion of the law."

Geo. W. Perkins, executive, if not executor, of the Progressive party, advises to "wait and see the temper and atmosphere of the Republican convention," before nominating a Progressive ticket.

Ordinarily, we would be inclined to accuse George of putting the thing illy and too metaphoricaly. Usually, you can't see a temper or an atmosphere, but likely George is right in this instance. The temper and atmosphere of that convention promise to be something that you can see, hear smell and get at with all the other senses.

Now that the department of agriculture has discovered that insects are edible, it can stop worrying about Hessian Fly in the wheat. Any farmer can tell it that corn is more profitable fed to hogs than sold as grain. Why not feed the wheat to the fly and then market the fly.

WITH THE MOVIES

GRAND

There are several novel scenes introduced in "The Green Swamp," the new Ince-Triangle play, which will be shown at the Grand Theatre today. There is a grand masked ball, which shows society people amusing themselves in an unconventional way. Instead of the conventional dress suits and stunning gowns, hundreds of men and women one step and fox trot in costumes of all nations and all times and classes. An element of comedy enters when Margery (Bessie Barriscale) discovers her husband, Dr. Allison (Bruce McRae), in spite of his disguise in an Oreintal costume of robes and baggy trousers and rushes up to him, pouring out her reproaches for his perfidy in dancing twice with the same woman. They both are so excited that they tear off their masks and gesticulate forcibly.

Bruce McRae as Dr. Allison, a Worthy Physician Tortured by His Wife's Suspicions of His Dealings With Women Patients, In the New Triangle-Kay Bee Play, "The Green Swamp."

Another scene full of intensity shows the woman sitting in the waiting room of her husband's office. She writhes with jealousy as she hears a woman's laughter within and finally can contain herself no longer. She suddenly throws open the door to find her husband playing with a child whom he has just treated and the mother laughing with relief and joy at the sight of her child's happiness.

All the suspense that waits on a critical operation is shown in a scene in an operating room. The surgeon is bending over the patient with his scalpel in his hand and performs a delicate incision in the skull to conquer the deadly enemy, lockjaw. Outside the door the young wife of the patient is wrestling with her jealous fears not knowing that her husband's life lies in the balance and that her sudden entry might so disturb the surgeon that his knife might slip and cause a tragedy. Will Margery yield to jealousy and cause disaster to the man who is dearest to her or will she put temptation under her feet? For a moment that is full of human interest and intense suspense this scene can't be surpassed.

BISMARCK

The most powerfully appealing and morally uplifting story of the year is embodied in Daniel Carson Goodman's "Souls in Bondage" in which the Lubin Manufacturing Company present Miss Nance O'Neil and a powerful supporting company.—Conceded by press and public to be one of the greatest emotional actresses of the present generation, Nance O'Neil again proves her right to that title by her acting in this drama of the screen. It is no easy matter to provide suitable material for the proper expression of Miss O'Neil's manifold talents, but in "Souls in Bondage" Dr. Goodman has furnished her with a vital human story which Miss O'Neil declares to be the superior of any feature photoplay in which she has yet appeared. "Souls in Bondage" has a straight line story of tremendous heart interest which will make profound impression on all who see this wonderful picture, and by reason of its great humanity which Miss O'Neil so splendidly emphasizes, the story will be beneficial to all, teaching as it does the great lesson of self sacrifice once taught by the Man of Galilee. The feature can be seen tonight only at the Bismarck Theatre.

ORPHEUM

In offering Bertha Kalich in her first great motion picture drama William Fox feels confident of the unusual merit of the star, an opinion on which agree America's leading critics. Country-wide comment favors this great Jewish artist who by hard work and sheer genius has risen to the foremost among stage folk. Mme. Kalich is appearing in the motion picture drama, "Slander," which has been released to public view. Here are only a few of the good things which the press says about this great artist:

Has Earned Reputation.

"Madame Kalich has earned the reputation of being an earnest and serious artist."—New York Herald.

Perfect Technique.

"Such perfect technique as hers, combined with such emotional abandon, is rare."—New York Morning Telegraph.

Is Greatest Tragedienne.

"Only praise for Kalish, our greatest tragedienne."—Chicago Herald.

She Has "Speaking Eyes."

"Her mobile countenance and speaking eyes and her exotic beauty all contribute to the effect."—Philadelphia Press.

Greatest Pantomimist.

"A role that will be long remembered in the minds of the public as one of the greatest demonstrations of pantomimic art ever recorded on the screen."—Newark Evening Star.

Adds Glory by Screen Work.

"Madame Kalich's acting before the screen adds more glory to her already wonderful reputation as an emotional actress."—San Antonio Light.

Bertha Kalich will be seen at the Orpheum theatre tomorrow in William Fox latest feature, "Slander." Don't miss seeing this wonderful star.

M'ADOO MAY BE DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN

St. Louis, Mo., June 6.—The proposed selection of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo as chairman of the new democratic national committee to succeed Wm. F. McCombs may be met with opposition on the part of certain members of the committee. It was stated, however, tonight that if President Wilson desires the secretary to direct his presidential campaign the national committee will name the secretary of the treasury as chairman when it meets, immediately after the convention.

ATTEMPTS TO GET PROMISES OF AID

Chihuahua City, Mex., June 6.—A Mexican giving his name as Luis Sanche Mena was arrested by military authorities here today on a charge of attempting to obtain promises from other Mexicans to aid Americans in the event of American intervention. Military authorities say Mena confessed and that he is being held for trial by courtmartial. Efforts to obtain further details of the case were futile.

FARGO MAY GET OLD SETTLERS' MUSEUM

Fargo, June 6.—A museum filled with Red river valley relics and objects of historical interest may be located in Fargo as a result of active work being done by H. J. Hagen, secretary of the Red River Valley Old Settlers' association. At the annual meeting of the association, which will be held during the state fair in Fargo, Mr. Hagen will present the proposition to the members and if the present plans are sccessful it is likely that the museum will be established.

Such a collection of old relics, consisting of old Indian tools, farm machinery used by the pioneers, objects of art, ancient household utensils, books and all kinds of old personal belongings, would not only be of great interest to people of Fargo, Moorhead and gate city visitors, but would be an excellent educational feature.

Mr. Hagen, being the prime mover of the project, is greatly interested and is giving a good deal of his attention to the matter. He has plans formed for the establishment of the proposed museum which he believes will meet with the approval of the association in July.

POISON MAY HAVE KILLED PRESIDENT

Chinese Ruler Dies Mysteriously After Several Attempts On Life.

Pekin, China, June 6.—Yuan Shi Kai, president of the Chinese republic, died today.

Premier Chi-Jui immediately advised Li Yuan Hung, the vice president, of his succession to the presidency. Yuan Shi Kai has been ill for several days with stomach trouble.

Only a few days ago, reports from Japan and southern China stated that President Yuan Shi Kai was at death's door as the result of poison from an assassin. These reports were denied at Pekin, but in view of his death, there is strong possibility of the truth of the poisoning report. Quiet prevails in the capital. The death probably solves the heated political crisis.

Succession Popular.

Li Yuan Hung's succession to the presidency meets the demands of the leaders in the southern provinces.

Yuan Shi Kai died while revolutions were gathering in increasing strength. Several attempts were made on his life and a bomb plot was discovered in the imperial palace.

In recent years Yuan Shi Kai had become the most conspicuous personality of the Orient through his efforts to bring his 400,000,000 fellow yellow men into line as citizens of the new Republic of China.

Born in 1859, the son of a district governor in the province of Honan, Yuan Shi Kai aspired to an official position, but the rule was that official life was open only to those who passed in ancient classics. Yuan utterly failed in one of these government tests at which thousands of aspirants are closeted for three days, undergoing examination.

He went into Korea as a secretary with the army, and there rose rapidly through his display of military and diplomatic ability. The famous Grand Chancellor Li Hung Chang recognized in him a man of action and appointed him Chinese resident at Seoul. This was the highest post in the empire, and Yuan held it when he was only 26 years old. When the Japanese drove the Chinese out of Korea, he was one of the few to return to Peking still in the favor of the court.

Reorganized Army.

He rose to great prominence through his effective reorganization of the army, after the war with Japan had shown its weaknesses. It is generally held that he assisted the Empress Dowager in effecting a coup d'etat in 1898 by which she wrested the throne from the Emperor Kuang Shu, and he was popularly accused of betraying the emperor. The dowager appointed him governor of Shantung, where, during the Boxer rebellion, he displayed his astuteness. Invited to join the Boxer sect, he dared not frankly refuse, although he had no sympathy for their fanaticism. He agreed to join the Boxer movement if its leaders would prove to him their contention that those of their sect were immune to foreign bullets. He told them he had one of the foreign guns in his own house and that if the leaders would meet him in his garden the next day he would stand them up against the wall and try the "foreign devils' magic" on them. If the bullets did not hurt, Yuan would become a Boxer. So sublime was the faith of one leader that he submitted to the test, and, according to the story, fell dead a the first riffe bullet, which pierced his heart. Yuan Shi Kai was thus freed from any obligation to join the fanatic movement of the Boxers. As a matter of fact, he was given credit for material assistance to the foreigners during the warfare which the allies waged in China.

Sun Yet Sen, the provisional president of the southern rebels, was forced to retire and Yuan Shi Kai was elected provisional president of the Chinese Republic at Nanking, on Feb. 15, 1912. He took the oath of office at Peking the following month.

SHORT ONES.

It's more dangerous than ever to be a neighbor of John D. Rockefeller since the anarchists have taken to throwing bricks through the windows of Fifth-av homes trying to drive the oil king from cover.

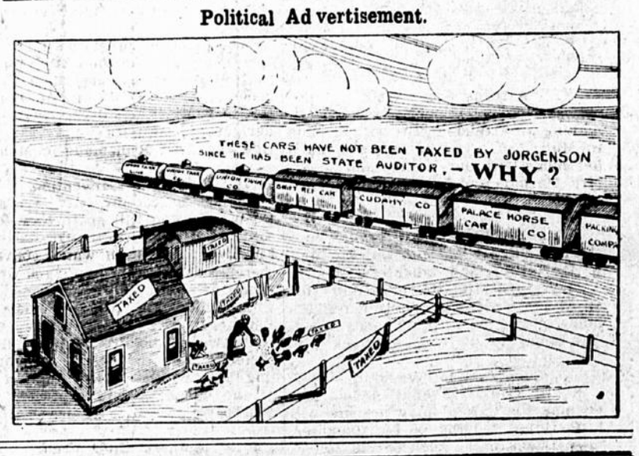
* * *

When reading the casulty lists from the Chicago convention, don't forget that the women's clubs have just closed a bloody campaign at the N. Y. convention.

* * *

Lee Fohl believes his 1916 Fohlies will win the pennant with Klepfer pitching.

Political Advertisement.



Tribune Forecast of First G. O. P. Ballot

How the Delegates Will Line Up in Republican Convention, Based on Instructions, Direct Primary Results, and Latest Available Information on Uninstructed Delegates.

STATES—	No. delegates	Borah	Burton	Brumbaugh	Cummins	Dupont	Fairbanks	Ford	Hadley	Hughes	Knox	La Follette	McCall	Roosevelt	Root	Sherman	Weeks
††Alabama	16	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	4	2	2
Arizona	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..
Arkansas	15	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	4	5	1
California	26	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	6	4	4
Colorado	12	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	2	1	..
Connecticut	14	..	6	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	4
Delaware	6	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
*Florida	8	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2
†Georgia	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	..	..	..
Idaho	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	56	..
Indiana	30	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	26	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4
Kansas	20	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	3	..	..	..	14	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	2	..	..
***Louisiana	13	..	3	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	2
Maine	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	1	..	..	3
Maryland	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	4	..	8
Masachusetts	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	4	..	..	20
Michigan	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	24	..	..	..	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
*Missippi	12	..	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	2
**Misouri	36	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	8	12	..	..	..	..	..	6	4
Montana	8	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	16	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nevada	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
New Hampshire	8	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	11	..	..	..	5	11	..	..
New Jersey	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	..
New Mexico	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	..	..	..	10	45	..	..
New York	87	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	..	4
North Carolina	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..
North Dakota	10	..	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ohio	48	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	2	8
†Oklahoma	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	10	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	56	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	76	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	5
Rhode Island	10	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	2
¶South Carolina	11	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Dakota	10	..	4	..	..	..	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	4	..	2	4
Tennessee	21	..	2	..	..	..	5	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	5	4	4
†Texas	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..
Utah	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	..	3	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	2
*Virginia	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	8	..	..
Washington	14	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Virginia	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	..	..	..	..	..
Wisconsin	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..
Wyoming	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
Alaska	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
**Dist. Columbia	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	985	8	105	20	87	6	86	30	8	116	56	36	12	88	139	95	93
Necessary to choice	493																

* 1 contest. **2 contests. ¶3 contests. †4 contests. ††7 contests. ***12 contests. ‡17 contests.