

BULL MOOSERS EXTEND THE OLIVE BRANCH

THIRTY-SEVEN GET DIPLOMAS FROM H. S.

Bismarck's Second Largest Class Is Graduated at the Auditorium.

PROF. COAD GIVES COMMENCEMENT TALK

Superintendent Root Reviews Accomplishments of Last Six Years.

The second largest class ever graduated from the Bismarck high school received its diplomas last night before an audience of relatives and friends that taxed the Auditorium.

E. J. Taylor, state superintendent of public instruction, presented the sheepskins to the thirty-seven graduates, following an interesting program of music and addresses.

Coad Delivers Address.

James E. Coad, director of the extension department of the University of North Dakota, delivered the graduating address, taking as his title "The Challenge." This is the first time in the last six years that one from the university has given this address.

"What can you do" was the theme of Mr. Coad's address. Every penny invested in books was wasted unless the books could be translated into action, he said. He urged that happiness was not dependent upon circumstances and that discontent was sometimes a good thing. His address was punctuated frequently with terse, apt stories that drove home his points.

Root Gives Valedictory.

C. C. Root, superintendent of schools, who had charge of the exercises, gave a review of the years that he has been in Bismarck.

"This is my valedictory, as well as that of the graduating class," he declared. "Many changes have taken place since I came to Bismarck six years ago."

"Then we had two small grade buildings. There were 134 students in the high school and instruction was given in three or four grade rooms."

Many Improvements.

"Since then a modern high school has been built. People predicted that it would not be filled for ages, still it is little too large now."

"Today 235 students are enrolled. We have, instead of the five or six we then had, twelve teachers who give all of their time to the high school."

"When I came there were nineteen teachers in all, now there are thirty-five."

Will Retain Interest.

"We have added several departments: the ones devoted to commercial work and sciences are worthy of special mention."

Decrease in the 1916 Wheat Crop

Washington, June 8.—Present indications point to a wheat crop of 300,000,000 bushels smaller this year than last year. Department of agriculture forecast today indicated a winter wheat crop of 469,000,000 bushels, 30,000,000 bushels less than forecast from May 1 condition, and a spring wheat crop of 246,000,000 bushels, due to a decrease of 8 percent in the acreage from last year, and to the late wet spring.

Crop conditions of June 1 indicated less production than last year of small grain crops, but they promised to be about the same as the average production for the last five years.

Indications are that the oats crop will be about 300,000,000 smaller than last year.

RUSSIAN TROOPS ARE PRESSING WESTWARD

Recapture Fort Tutsk and Continue Their Advance Against Adversaries.

BEGIN ACTION AGAINST THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIANS

London, June 8.—Having recaptured Lutsk, one of the Russian forts in Volhynia, the Russians are pressing their adversaries westward. In numerous places, not only have the Russians gained the banks of the Styra river, but continued their efforts against their foes.

In the region of Kovel, midway between Lutsk and Brest-Litovsk and in the vicinity of Rovno, southeast of the fortress, the Russians have begun action against the Austro-Hungarians.

Likewise in Galicia there has been no let up in the Russian attacks against the soldiers of the Dual Monarchy, from whom they have captured along the lower Strypa river heavy fortified positions. In the fighting Russians have materially added to their prisoners and their stores of captured guns and war materials.

Germans Are Active.

Considerable activity has been shown by the Germans against the Russians in the northern section of the Russian front, where the German guns have bombarded the lines along the Divina to the lake region south of Dvinsk, and thrown infantry attacks against the Russian positions south of Smorgon.

With the capture of Fort Vaux, northeast of Verdun, the Germans have attempted to advance their lines against the French east and west of the Thiaumont farm, south of Douaumont. The French barrier fire, however, held them back northwest of Verdun, around Hill 304, and in the region of Chateaucourt, the artillery duels are still intense.

The Italians, to the south and southeast of Trent, continue to keep the Austrians from further advances. South and southwest of Arsiere, attacks by the Austrians against Italian positions, were entirely repulsed, according to Rome, while along the Lagarina valley, concentrations of Austrians were dispersed by the Italian batteries.

Northwest of Trent, in the Orter region, the Italians have attacked and captured several points of vantage from the Austrians and further south in the Chiave valley, have repulsed Austrian offensives.

Although it had been believed that the entire ship company of the cruiser Hampshire were lost when that vessel sank, while carrying Lord Kitchener to Russia, 12 men have been landed from the ship. All exports of coal to Greece have been prohibited.

TWO WITNESSES PLACED ON STAND IN ORPET CASE

Attorney Joslyn for State Gives Sensational Opening to the Jury.

SEVEN POINTS OFFERED FOR ORPET'S CONVICTION

Miss Lambert Is Pictured as a Beautiful and Innocent Girl.

Waukegan, Ill., June 8.—The first two witnesses at the trial of Will Orpet, University of Wisconsin student, charged with the murder of Marian Lambert, a former sweetheart, were called today. They were J. B. Ford, a civil engineer, who explained, with the aid of a plat, the territory surrounding the scene of the tragedy, and Walter McGuire, police chief of Lake Forest, who described the finding of the girl's body in the snow, last February. They were called to the stand following the conclusion of the opening statements to the jury made by Attorney Joslyn, who is assisting States Attorney Dady, in which he charged Orpet with the murder of Miss Lambert and said the State would prove the charge with facts in its possession.

Points as Outlined.

The points on which the state will rely in its efforts to convict, as disclosed in Mr. Joslyn's remarks, are:

1. Orpet's waning or vanished affection for Miss Lambert and his belief that her physical condition presented serious trouble for him.

2. That he made elaborate efforts to establish an alibi by missing up his bed to make it appear he had slept there, when as a matter of fact he was on his way to Miss Lambert, and by leaving letters to be mailed after his departure from Madison, Wis.

3. By his contradictory statements and final admission that he saw Miss Lambert die.

4. By the alleged fact that he purchased an empty two-ounce bottle from a drug store at Madison.

5. By the alleged fact, as established in the belief of the state, that the fatal drug used was in solution.

6. By the fact that no container was found near the body, as would have been the case, in the state's possession.

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Bulletin Service for Readers of Daily Tribune

As soon as the balloting begins at Chicago, The Tribune will post bulletins at its office on Fourth street. Indications are that the first ballot will be taken today.

The Tribune has been giving a complete report on both the Progressive and Republican gatherings.

There is nothing too good for our readers.

ANTI-AMERICAN DEMONSTRATION IN CHIHUAHUA

Placards Torn From Walls of the Consulate by Frenzied Mexicans.

DEPARTMENT UNDECIDED WHETHER TO PROTEST

Washington, June 8.—A state department dispatch today describes an anti-American demonstration in Chihuahua City yesterday, in which placards were torn from the walls of the consulate.

The department has not decided whether a protest shall be made to Gen. Carranza. The official report follows the reports told in newspaper dispatches.

Consul Dawson, at Tampico, reported today that he had begun an investigation as directed, of complaints telegraphed by American oil operators to President Wilson. Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, called at the department to discuss conditions in the Gulf of Mexico, in which the British fleet is dependent largely for fuel.

Gen. Gavira Issues Statement.

Gen. Gabriel Gavira, Carranza commander of northern Chihuahua, today issued a statement in Juarez, in which he declared that the recent anti-American riots in Chihuahua City were "entirely an affair of the citizens," and pointed out that the governmental forces are in no way countenancing them.

The demonstrations, which culminated in last night's riots, began Tuesday afternoon, with the newspaper publication of several articles criticizing continued occupation of Mexico soil by the American troops and gathered volume at a mass meeting last night called by Ladonkrota.

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REPUBLICANS SIDE STEP ON SUFFRAGE ISSUE

Indorse Principle, But Declare States Should Settle Controversy Themselves.

WIN POINT, THEN LOSE OUT AGAIN

Wagon Load of Umbrellas, Hairpins and Ribbons on Michigan Boulevard.

Chicago, June 8.—Woman's suffrage ran a curious course today in the Republican convention. First denied a place in the platform, then accepted as a party plank, without reservation, it finally found its resting place in the Republican resolutions as a favored proposition in principle, but with the provision that each state should settle the woman's suffrage question for itself. The plank offered by the newly formed woman's party, which would have pledged the party to the so-called Susan B. Anthony amendment, was rejected. The plank adopted conforms more nearly to requests made in resolutions by the National American Woman's Suffrage Association. As incorporated in the platform, it reads:

Suffrage Plank?

"The Republican party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, and for the people, as a measure of justice to one-half of the adult people of this country, favors the extension of suffrage to women, but recognizes the right of each state to settle this question for itself."

Dizzy Moment.

The pendulum swung first one way and then another, gloom or jubilation reigned in the ranks of the women, who carried their plea to the convention yesterday.

The final decision that five of the subcommittee of the Republican resolutions committee had voted against the recognition of women's suffrage in the platform, and four had favored it, came early in the day. There was a hurried marshaling of the friends of suffrage, and three hours later the resolutions committee as a whole voted 26 to 21 in favor of recognizing the principle of woman's suffrage.

The joy was short-lived, for within half an hour, word came that the roll

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PROGRESSIVES AND REPUBLICANS IN ALL NIGHT PEACE CONFERENCE; ROOSEVELT ONLY ONE MENTIONED

Hughes' Name Not Broached in Early Hours of Meeting; Prospects Seem Bright for an Agreement; Both Conventions Ready to Proceed With Nominations.

TEDDY TALKS BEAR HUNTING WITH REPORTERS AT HIS HOME

BULLETIN—2:45 A. M.

The conference committees of the progressive and republican conventions adjourned at 2:30 A. M. They announced that they would not meet again until after sessions today of the two conventions. The only statement they would make was:

"We report progress."

The conference was harmonious. When the discussion of candidates came up, the only man named by the progressive committee was Colonel Roosevelt, while the republicans suggested various favorite sons, Fairbanks, Hughes, Root, and others.

Oyster Bay, June 8.—Colonel Roosevelt still maintains the position that nothing has developed in the situation at Chicago which requires his presence there and there were no indications tonight that he was making preparations for the trip. The correspondents were received as usual at Sagamore Hill by the Colonel. He entertained them with the story of how he shot the first bear, and also invited them to visit his private den, where he displayed some of his trophies of the hunt.

Chicago, June 8.—This was the situation as it was epitomized by one of the conferees after the republican-progressive conference had been in session a little more than an hour:

"The utmost harmony prevailed in the meeting. Republicans were impressed with the apparent desire of the progressives to reach an agreement. No name except that of Colonel Roosevelt had been mentioned. Progressives, while showing a preference for Colonel Roosevelt, for the nominee, did not say they could not support any other man. The name of Hughes had not been mentioned. Encouraged by the happy opening of the conference, it was said, the conferees may remain in session most of the night or until they had reached some tangible agreement or complete disagreement."

The conference committees appointed by the republican and progressive national conventions to discuss harmony held their first meeting tonight.

What will come of the meeting can only be conjectured. The republican committee is composed of men regarded as opposed to the nomination of Col. Roosevelt, but not opposed to the elimination of Justice Hughes. The progressive conferees are generally regarded as men who will insist on the Colonel's nomination.

New Uncertainty.

The acceptance by both conventions of the peace conference proposal threw the situation into a new uncertainty. Hughes' supporters and many other republican leaders feel it cannot prevent the nomination of Justice Hughes, but the development has had the effect of holding off the expected crystallization upon Justice Hughes in the republican convention.

The progressive convention reassembles tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and the republican convention at 2 o'clock.

Those who were confident that some harmonious action would come of the peace conferences pointed out that the progressives are in the position of having as yet adopted no platform and that there was more than a possibility that if the conferees can reach an agreement, the republicans will meet the situation by taking some of the progressive planks into their own platform.

Some of the progressive leaders professed to have word from outside of the republican convention that this would be done, but not opposed to the nomination of Justice Hughes.

Chairman Harding of the republican convention said tonight that unless he is overruled, he will ask the convention to go straight through with the nomination as soon as the convention convenes tomorrow and that all seconding speeches be made after the nominating speeches have been concluded, and then by arrangement with the chair. About the only thing that can interfere with the program, he said, would be a report from the peace conference committee. According to present plans, there will be no time limit placed on nominating speeches. Seconding speeches will be limited to five minutes each.

The prohibition and woman suffrage supporters promised a stirring discussion in the progressive convention, the former to secure the insertion of

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JACK, THE GIANT-KILLER



BULL MOOSERS DETERMINED TO HAVE ROOSEVELT

Delegates Not Inclined to Delay the Nomination Very Long.

LEADERS HAVE HARD TIME TO CONTROL THEM

M'DONALD HISSIED.

Former Congressman McDonald of Michigan closed a speech by saying that the only message to send to the republicans was, "to tell them to go to hell and tell them to do as they damn pleased." The delegates plainly disapproved by hissing, though there were some cheers.

Chicago, June 8.—The progressive national convention met in two tumultuous sessions today and adjourned tonight until 11:00 a. m. tomorrow. The principal business of the day was the approval of a proposition to confer on peace plans with the republican convention.

The leaders kept control over the delegations more by persuasion and by constant reiteration of Chairman Robbins that a majority would decide any question that arose than by any actual hold they had upon the delegations. There was the same determination to nominate Theodore Roosevelt from the time the first delegation trooped in shortly after 1 o'clock until the last went out, shortly before 9 o'clock tonight.

The leaders made no efforts to conceal their belief that a failure of the conference committee to agree or to find some possible basis for an agreement could result in but one thing:

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