

SITUATION IN MEXICO GROWING MORE SERIOUS DAILY, CAUSES ADMINISTRATION TO SEND TROOPS

1,500 MORE TO PROTECT BORDER; GRINGOS THREATEN

No Immediate Intention of Calling Out More of National Guard.

CONSIDERABLE UNREST IN NORTHERN SECTIONS

Secretary Lansing Drafting Reply to That Carranza Note.

Washington, June 12.—With 1,500 additional regular troops ordered to the Mexican border tonight, and reports of the rapid spread of anti-American feeling continuing to pour in from consuls all over northern Mexico, administration officials made no attempt to disguise their uneasiness. It was admitted officially that there is a growing alarm over what the agitation may produce, and the possibility of an attack on General Pershing's expedition. Part of the increasing apprehension here is due to the renewed raids in the Laredo region. Several reports dealing with the situation have been received. Officials have declined to reveal details.

To Fill Gaps. The new force sent to the border, Secretary Baker said, was to fill in gaps in the guard. It will be composed of ten companies of coast artillery and a battalion of engineers. The secretary said there was no present intention of calling out additional National Guard regiments for border duty. General Mann, commanding at Laredo, reported that a patrol of three cavalrymen was fired on during the night of June 10, near Hachita, and Private W. L. Saunders, Troop K, 12th cavalry, was slightly wounded. Two Mexicans who did the firing, escaped.

Considerable Unrest. A message from Captain Buarrage commanding the battleship Nebraska, at Vera Cruz, said there was considerable unrest in that region, due apparently to the currency situation. The state department, through Special Agent Roberts, at Mexico City, has called attention of the de facto government to the anti-American outbreaks, which for nearly two weeks have been spreading steadily. Many towns have held mass meetings, and protested against the continued presence of American troops in Mexico.

Carranza Men Idle. Reports of consuls telling of the agitation were turned over to the Carranza officials, more as a matter of information than as representations. Instances have been reported where the Carranza troops appear to have stood idly by while the agitators stirred up antagonism against the United States.

Officials have been unable to determine the inspiration behind the outbreak against anti-American feeling, or to estimate the ability of General Carranza to protect American lives or property.

Secretary Lansing is at work on his reply to the Carranza note, demanding withdrawal of American forces.

Bandit in Carranza Uniform. One of the three Mexican bandits killed today in the chase of outlaws who raided the T. A. Coleman ranch, near Laredo last night, wore a Carranza uniform, bearing the insignia of a Carranza lieutenant colonel, according to a message received here tonight. One of the bandits taken prisoner identified the body at Webb's Texas, this afternoon as that of Lieutenant Colonel Villarreal of the Carranza army.

Cenobio Mendez, a Mexican cowboy, who was captured by the bandits in the raid on the Coleman ranch and escaped when the Mexicans were surprised when attempting to burn the bridge on the I. & G. N. railroad, near Webb, said tonight the bandits talked freely of their purpose to burn the bridge and wreck a train, after which they intended killing and robbing the passengers. At Encinal, just east of Laredo, the bandits, according to Mendez, permitted him to write a farewell letter to his wife, the bandits having previously stated their intention of killing him. The letter was given to Villarreal, leading the band, who promised to deliver it to Mendez's wife. This letter was found on the bandit's body.

Deputy Sheriff Dolores of Laredo headed the posse which intercepted the bandits at the bridge, and it was the deputy's shot which killed Villarreal there. Villarreal and his band (Continued on page 4.)

Leaders See T. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay

Oyster Bay, L. I., June 12.—Col. Roosevelt was visited at Sagamore Hill today by James R. Garfield and Wm. Dean Lewis, according to his secretary, John W. McRaf, who returned from Chicago. The colonel had a "full and frank discussion with Mr. Garfield and D. Lewis, as to what he intends to say with regard to the political situation," and "the time he should say it."

Neither visitors would make any settlement after the interview.

ALL-NIGHT CHASE FAILS TO ROUND UP PRISONERS

King and Mulick Escape From Penitentiary and Elude Pursuers.

COWS COME HOME WITHOUT HERDER

Two prisoners escaped from the state penitentiary yesterday afternoon. Although a large force under Deputy Warden Reed was scouring the country for them, neither had been captured at an early hour this morning.

The first man to escape was James J. King, serving five years for grand larceny. He was working in a brick pile when he was discovered missing. No trace was found of him, but the officials believe that he is hiding some where near Bismarck as he did not have time to get away before the deputies were in pursuit.

Mulick, the other prisoner who escaped, had a better chance and may have boarded a freight or in some other way made a get away. He was a trusty and has been herding the prison cows for some time. He went out with them as usual yesterday morning, but last night the cows came home without him. It is not likely, the officials believe, that he even started the cows home; therefore they may have left anytime during the day.

Rewards have been offered for the recapture of each.

Warden Talcott was out of the city. The force in pursuit was in charge of Deputy Warden Reed and was out all night.

COL. LITTLE BACK FROM CONVENTION

Intense Enthusiasm and Sentiment for Harmony Prevailed, Says Delegate.

Col. C. B. Little, delegate to the Chicago National Convention, returned home Sunday evening. Mr. Little was well pleased with the results and predicts a united party behind Charles Evans Hughes.

The North Dakota delegation voted upon two ballots for LaFollette. Before the third one was taken, Walter Houser, LaFollette's manager, released delegates pledged to him. This left each delegate free to follow his preference. The choice was manly for Hughes and members of the delegation are well pleased with the platform.

"Contrary to some press dispatches," said Col. Little, "there was intense enthusiasm. Everywhere a sentiment for harmony was apparent."

PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO WHITE SLAVERY

Fargo, N. D., June 12.—Peter Millipoulos, formerly of Minneapolis and Kansas City, pleaded not guilty in the federal court here tonight to the charge of violating the Mann white slavery act. Millipoulos is accused of bringing Mrs. Emma Zara of Kansas City to St. Paul and thence to Fargo, about three years ago. Since then the couple has been residing in this city, as admitted by themselves when arraigned recently in the Fargo police court under a state statute.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN PROGRESS ON WESTERN FRONTS

Germans Start Strong Offensive Movement Against Russian Lines.

TEUTONS IN FRESH VERDUN ATTACKS

Italians Drive Back the Austrians According to the Rome Reports.

London, June 12.—Heavy fighting is in progress over the western front from the Gulf of Riga to Bukovina, a distance of between 600 and 700 miles. From Riga to the Jasiolda river, the Germans have taken the offensive against the Russians, probably in an effort to divert the attention of the Russians, who are in the second week of their drive against the Austro-Hungarians from the Pripet marshes southward to Bukovina.

Withstand Attacks. On all sectors of the northern line, the Russians have successfully withstood the German onslaughts. In southwestern Russia, in the region of Lutsk, fresh advances against the Austro-Hungarians are reported by the Russian war office, as likewise is the case across the border through eastern Galicia. In the southern part of this region, Russians are nearing Czernowitsh, the capital of Bukovina. Although the Austrians at numerous points are vigorously counter attacking, the only place the Russians have been forced to give ground before them was near Bobulintze, north of Bucacz, in Galicia, where the Austrians were reinforced by German troops. The Russians captured here by the Teutonic allies exceeded 1,300. The total of men taken prisoners by the Russians since their offensive began has grown to more than 114,000.

Northeast of Verdun, Germans have thrown successive attacks against (Continued from Page Two.)

SUPREME COURT SUSTAINS THE LIQUOR INDICTMENT

Washington, June 12.—Holding that Indians are not made citizens of the United States by receipt of allotments of lands, the supreme court today sustained an indictment against Fred Nice, charged with selling liquor at Carter, S. D., to George Corrier, a Sioux Indian, with allotted lands. The defense claimed that the state laws applied to the case.

Hughes Loses No Time in Entering Race

New York, June 12.—Charles E. Hughes re-entered politics today with apparent abundant zest. He reached this city early in the day and established headquarters at an uptown hotel and virtually held open house until nearly midnight. Scores of persons on various missions flocked to his room, mostly men who had known him when he campaigned for governor of New York.

To those who knew the nominee as supreme court justice, there was a marked change in his bearing today. His air of studious reserve apparently has left him with the robe of his office. His eyes sparkled with enjoyment; he had a hearty hand grasp and a smile for every man he met, and was enthusiastic in his welcome of his old friends, who came to see him after an interval of years.

DOUBLE WEDDING AT SALVATION ARMY BARRACKS

Mr. and Mrs. Rogers and Mr. and Mrs. Quick Take Vows Before Large Audience.

DEBATE ON MATRIMONY PRECEDES CEREMONY

No event in the history of the local Salvation Army has created more genuine interest than the double wedding solemnized last evening in the Army barracks, when Cadet Mildred Pope, formerly of Jamestown, but now connected with the local army, and Charles Rogers of the city, and Warren R. Quick of Jamestown and Agnes Geppert of Bismarck were united in marriage.

Adjutant Eliza Simmons of Jamestown, one of the Salvation Army workers in the United States, performed the ceremonies. The Salvation Army service was used, and although it differs from the formal service of other denominations it was most impressive.

Adj. Simmons Heads Party. The bridal parties entered the barracks, headed by Adjutant Simmons. She was followed by the ring-bearers, Raymond Welch and Marie Graham, the latter the small daughter of English and Mrs. Graham. They carried baskets of sweet peas. Next in line came the flower girls, Maret Agie, Ruth Albritton, Eva Graham, Hilda Balcher, Marian Longmire and Fern La Coin. Then came the bridal couple. (Continued on Page Three)

BRADGON IS HARBORING THE MISSING GIRLS

Testimony to Prove This Statement Introduced in Celebrated Trial.

BRADGON'S ATTORNEYS ARE ALSO IMPLICATED

Mrs. Doney Claims Defendant Assured Her Reward to Keep Girls Hidden.

Minneapolis, June 12.—Sworn testimony that Joseph W. Bradgon, who is on trial in Hennepin county for alleged offense against young girls, and his attorneys knew of the whereabouts of three girl witnesses for the state against Bradgon, who escaped Thursday night from a home in St. Paul, and that they assisted in harboring the fugitives, was a sensation in the trial today.

Affidavits accusing Bradgon and his counsel of helping to shelter the girls were filed by Mrs. Della Toney, a sister of Marguerite Lockwood, one of the fugitives, and by J. P. Knippenberg, in whose apartment the three girls were found last Saturday. In her affidavit, Mrs. Toney said that on Thursday night her sister called her by telephone and told her of the escape and asked for help. She said she telephoned to Bradgon and was assured she would be rewarded, if she kept the girls hidden. She told of taking the girls to Knippenberg's flat and talking over with him the possibility of obtaining a reward for their return.

Mrs. Doney declared the decision to disclose the girls' whereabouts came after a telephone conversation between Knippenberg and James Robertson, of Bradgon's counsel.

FED. GOVERNMENT TO TRY INDIANS

Washington, June 12.—The jurisdiction of the federal government to try offenses of Indians involving immortality committed on Indian reservations, was denied today by the supreme court.

The court, through Justice Vandevanter, held congress had left the personal and domestic relations of Indians to be dealt with under the laws and customs of the respective tribes. The decision dismissed an appeal from the action of the South Dakota federal court, in quashing an indictment against a Pine Ridge reservation Indian.

DEMOCRATIC LEADER CLAMORS FOR A STRONGER MAN TO REPLACE MARSHALL AS VICE PRESIDENT

Chairman on Resolutions



PAYS TRIBUTE TO G. O. P. NOMINEE; CRITICIZES CHOICE

Scores Republicans for Naming Former Supreme Court Justice.

INDICATES NATURE OF PARTY'S OPPOSITION

St. Louis, Mo., June 12.—Senator Stone, who is to be chairman of the resolutions committee of the democratic convention, issued a statement today, calling the republican party "a remarkable fulfillment" with one-half the legislation it demanded already enacted and the other half now being worked out by the democratic party. Senator Stone said that he considered Mr. Hughes a man of ability and character, but looked upon his nomination, while he was on the bench, as full of menace and danger.

States His Objection. "My objection to the nomination of Mr. Hughes," was the senator's statement, "lies in the fact that I regard it as bad in every way, even vicious for a great political party, had pressed and on its uppers, to invade the supreme court of the United States, and take down from that bench one of its justices to make him a party candidate for a political office to meet and serve a party exigency. The experiment is full of menace and danger. Hereafter it is more than probable that men appointed to the supreme court will begin to regard that office, not as the honorable and final goal of their ambitions, but as a stepping stone to what they will, as Mr. Hughes does, regard a political ad- (Continued on Page Two)

IMPORTANT WITNESS IN ORPET CASE

Chum of Marian Lambert Takes the Stand in Thrilling Trial.

Waukegan, Ill., June 12.—The most important witness in the Orpet case, unless the defendant testifies, took the stand today. She was Josephine Davis, chum of Marian Lambert, the school girl for whose alleged murder Will H. Orpet is on trial here. Miss Davis, still a school girl, talked simply, directly and with studied precision. Miss Davis had been regarded as the state's witness, but it developed that she had been living with friends in Chicago for the past six weeks and had not seen Mr. Dady of the prosecution for the past six weeks. The testimony given by Miss Davis today differed in some instances from that given before the grand jury, but she asserted that in the time which has passed since the first examination, she remembers some things in greater detail. Miss Davis testified of seeing Miss Lambert shortly before she went to Helm's woods. She said her friend appeared to have something on her mind. E. O. Orpet, father of the defendant, concluded his testimony in the forenoon. Dr. E. R. Lacount testified to making an autopsy on the body of Miss Lambert. "There was nothing to indicate that she ever was enceinte," said the doctor. The court room was crowded with spectators, largely women.

MORGANTHAU WANTS SECRETARY BAKER TO BE W. WILSON'S MATE

Chairman McCombs Declares That Slate Will Go Through as Arranged.

CALLS THE OPPOSITION TO INCUMBENT ABSURD

Bryan Fails to Show His Hand as Delegates Begin to Gather.

St. Louis, June 12.—Anti-convention discussion centered today on moves and suggestions to defeat plans for the renomination of Vice President Marshall and put a new man on the ticket with President Wilson. As the number of delegates to the Democratic convention grew, boomlets for various favorite sons appeared on the surface to rise and fall with the tide of talk.

To Defeat Marshall. A move to defeat Vice President Marshall took well defined form and substance when Henry Morgenthau, who recently gave up his post as ambassador to Turkey, that he might engage in the work of re-electing President Wilson, announced that a "stronger man" than Marshall should be named, and brought forward, the name of Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, to run with President Wilson.

News that Mr. Morgenthau was booming Secretary Baker created something more than wild discussion for it was pointed out that Mr. Morgenthau had been close to the administration. Mr. Morgenthau hastened, however, to make it clear that he was making the Baker nomination on his own initiative, with the desire of naming the strongest possible candidate for the office.

National Chairman McCombs said tonight that he had received a telegram from Jacob Schiffman, the New York banker, asking that a stronger candidate than Mr. Marshall be named. Talk that Secretary Baker's name would be presented as a candidate for vice president caused a rush of delegates to the national committee and other party leaders to know if there had been any change in plans to renome Marshall.

No Hitch Says McCombs. "There will be no hitch in the plan to renome the present Democratic ticket," said National Chairman McCombs tonight. National Committee-man Mack of New York also said the talk to upset the nomination of Mr. Marshall was "silly and absurd." Booms for new candidates for vice president, the last one to come to notice being Judge J. A. Jackson of Winfield, Kan. The delegation from Kansas is to arrive tomorrow.

A. Mitchell Palmer, national committeeman from Pennsylvania, came in today with part of the delegates from that state, and promptly declared all the delegates to be for Mr. Marshall. Palmer said he made the announcement to kill off "the little boomlets."

Bryan to Be Good? Wm. J. Bryan does not expect to precipitate any fight on the party platform. That was the information brought here tonight by a close friend of the former secretary of state, who admitted that Mr. Bryan might not, after all, go before the delegates from that state, and that he would not make any effort to obtain a proxy that would seat him on the convention floor. Mr. Bryan is expected here late tonight, or tomorrow, when Senator Ollie James, President Wilson's choice for permanent chairman, Secretary Baker and other notable political leaders, are due to arrive.

Senator Stone, who is to be chairman of the committee on resolutions, issued a statement this afternoon in which he criticized the nomination of Justice Hughes by the Republican party as in every way "bad and vicious." His announcement was taken to mean that the Democratic party would probably make a party issue against Justice Hushes on the ground that his nomination to the presidency was made while he was on the supreme court bench. Other leaders were not inclined to make this an issue, recalling that the party drafted Alton B. Parker when he was chief justice of the New York court of appeals.

BAKER TO BE WILSON'S SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE Washington, June 12.—Secretary Baker left for St. Louis tonight as a personal representative of President Wilson at the Democratic convention. He had frequent conferences at the White House, and took with him the president's draft of a platform with (Continued on Page Two)

THE DEMOCRATIC ONE-RING CIRCUS!



OPENING UP THE BIG TENT!