

# TENTATIVE STRIKE ORDER IS SENT OUT

## ROUMANIA CASTS HER LOT WITH ENTENTE ALLIES; DECLARES WAR ON AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

### GERMANY NOW AT WAR WITH ROUMANIANS

Kaiser Simultaneously Declares Hostilities on New Entrants in Great Struggle.

800,000 MEN WILL BE ADDED TO ALLIES

King Ferdinand's Troops Already Seeking Entry Into Transylvania Plains.

London, Aug. 28.—Roumania has thrown in her lot with the Entente Allies, by declaring war on Austria-Hungary and almost simultaneously Germany has announced that she is at war with Roumania.

Already the troops of King Ferdinand are seeking entry into the plains of Transylvania, through the eastern Carpathians, toward Kronstadt, the chief city in Transylvania, and in the direction of Hermannstadt, evidently in an endeavor to press northward through Transylvania toward Bukovina and Galicia borders, and to take in the rear the Austro-Germans trying to hold back the Russians from entering the Plains of Hungary.

Nothing has come through to indicate what preparations have been made by the Bulgarians to offset a probable attack by the Roumanians along the Danube front, or possible attempts by the Russians at invasion by means of the Danube and through Dobruja, or by the Black Sea. It is estimated that Roumania will be able to throw nearly 800,000 men into the field.

Little Important Fighting. Except in the Macedonian sector, little important fighting is reported from the front. Along the line where the Teutonic Allies are in contact with the Serbians, British and French, Berlin and Paris report additional gains for their respective forces. Berlin records the capture of heights south of Zbrosko by the Bulgarians, and the repulse of Serbian counter attacks on Mount Seganska, where, Paris says, the Serbs have made considerable progress near Vetrinike, and have repulsed with heavy losses Bulgarian attacks on the roads from Banica to Ostrovo. Paris admits, however, Bulgarian occupation of positions abandoned by the Greeks west of Kavala, on the Aegean.

French Make Progress. Artillery engagements and operations again have characterized the fighting in France and Belgium. The French report further progress west of Delville wood and near the Monarque farm, in the Somme region, while London reports the shelling of British positions, especially between Pozieres and the Thiepval wood, and reciprocal bombardment at other points. A German attack near Fleury failed.

From the Riga region to the Carpathian passes there have been isolated engagements at various points between the Russians and the Austro-Germans, but no notable successes. Hard fighting is in progress between the Russians and Turks in the Lake Van region and north of Bitlis. In the latter region the Turks have been driven back by a Russian counter attack, losing men and guns.

Aside from bombardments by the Austrians along the Isonzo front, the situation in the Austro-Italian theatre remains unchanged.

### ITALY DECLARED WAR ON GERMANY

Rome, Aug. 27.—Italy today declared war on Germany. It was announced officially here this evening.

### JOINT COMMISSION TO MEET NEXT WEEK

Washington, Aug. 28.—The American-Mexican joint commission to seek a solution of border difficulties will meet at Portsmouth, N. H., probably Wednesday or Thursday next week. The day will be set by the commissioners themselves at a preliminary conference to be held in New York Monday.

## Man Strength of All Nations in Great War

The man-strength of the various nations now participating in the great European struggle is shown by the following figures:

Germany	7,800,000
Austria-Hungary	5,000,000
Turkey	1,600,000
Bulgaria	400,000
Total	14,800,000
France	4,800,000
Russia	13,200,000
England	4,500,000
Canada-Australia	750,000
Italy	3,500,000
Belgium	250,000
Serbia	250,000
Montenegro	50,000
Japan	1,000,000
Portugal	250,000
Roumania	580,000
Total	29,140,000

## WHEAT VALUES TUMBLE DUE TO WAR SITUATION

Price of Wheat Drops 11 1/4c When European Struggle Widens Abruptly.

### THREATENED STRIKE ADDS TO EXCITEMENT

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Abrupt widening of the European war zone today sent wheat values tumbling almost as if the market had no bottom. The extreme fall in prices was eleven and one-fourth cents, an amount virtually a parallel to the extraordinary rise witnessed two years ago on the day that hostilities began. Transactions today as then were on a huge scale, measured only in millions of bushels.

It was the view that the end of the war had perhaps been greatly hastened which, in the main, brought about today's big drop in quotations. Even the most conservative traders seriously discussed the chance that by a speedy opening of the Dardanelles vast stores of Russian grain would soon reach western Europe as a result of Roumania having at last joined forces with the Anglo-French allies.

Roumania's declaration of war was generally coupled with the prospect that Italy was about to participate actively with the new recruit in a fresh effort to force the Dardanelles. Word late in the session that actual fighting already had commenced on the Roumanian frontier, set the wheat pit here nearly frantic and was followed by a wild close at the lowest prices of the day, \$1.40 1/4 to \$1.40 3/4 for September, and \$1.43 1/4 to \$1.44 3/4 for December as against Saturday's finish of respectively \$1.51 1/4 and \$1.53 1/4 to \$1.54.

Throughout the day, and especially during the late dealings, the increased chances of a general railway strike in the United States added to the excitement of wheat traders, and formed a perceptible factor in bringing about the collapse of the market.

### JOSEPH WINSLOW RESIGNS RICHARDSON TAKES PLACE

Joseph Winslow, city bacteriologist, last evening filed his resignation with the city commission to take effect September 1. D. E. Richardson has been appointed by the director of the University Health laboratory to have charge of the state laboratory here. Upon motion of Commissioner Bertsch it was accepted. It is likely that the city commission will name him to succeed Mr. Winslow as milk inspector.

The university authorities give Mr. Richardson a fine recommendation.

H. H. STEELE TO CITIES. H. H. Steele, member of the state tax commission, is in Minneapolis, where he went to attend the funeral of H. E. Peck, of Kenmare.

## LOW FIGURES GIVEN CITY ON PAVING

Lowest Bids From Ford Co., Haggart Construction, and Hanlon & Okes.

### LITTLE OPPOSITION HAS MATERIALIZED

Contract Will Be Let by Commission September 11 After Thorough Investigation.

DON'T SIGN PETITIONS. The Citizens' Paving Committee last evening issued the following request to the property owners of Bismarck:

"This committee believes it to be the best interest of property owners that the selection of paving material be deferred until this committee in conjunction with the City Commission Paving Committee can investigate the merits of the various kinds of paving materials. Therefore, we suggest that should property owners be asked to sign petitions for paving materials that they do not do so without conferring with some of the members of this committee.

Signed: "E. A. HUGHES, "C. L. YOUNG, "C. B. LITTLE, "P. C. REMINGTON, "W. H. WEBB, JR. "HENRY TATLEY, "W. E. LAHR, "Citizens' Paving Committee."

Exceptionally low bids on paving were received last evening by the city commission and September 11 was set as the time for the awarding of the contracts. The members of the city commission are going to give the property owners plenty of time to canvass the situation, and to understand costs and materials. It is hoped that 15 or more blocks in the business district can be completed before snow falls, but no work in the residence district can be started before spring. All bids call for the completion of the proposed paving Nov. 1, 1917. The business district, it was hoped, could be completed by Nov. 1 of this year, but this is not believed to be feasible now.

Little Opposition. Serious opposition to the paving failed to materialize last evening. The situation had been some time in the air, but the bids were called for, both by the Commercial club special committee, the city commission and the citizens' committee. The time for formal protest expired August 20, but last evening a few more than 100 property owners, practically all of them in the residence district, filed formal protests.

They were represented by R. N. Stevens, who addressed the commission and asked that the opening of bids be deferred until those protesting were given a formal hearing. He opposed the project on the score of expense, quoting figures, however, that were not borne out when the bids were tabulated. Costs quoted in each instance were excessive.

Majority Want Paving. Mayor Lucas informed him that the property owners would have plenty of time to enter a protest and that they would be thoroughly advised of each step taken by the commission. The commission has before them petitions from more than 51 per cent asking for paving.

The bids opened last evening must lay over five days. Then the property owners have a stated time to express their preference for materials and the commission adopts the selection of the majority.

It has been suggested by the citizens' committee that property owners do not sign any of the various petitions that probably will be circulated without consulting with the committee. Several members of the city commission and representatives from the citizens' committee will leave today to make a special study of pavements in Fargo, Minn., Duluth, Minn., St. Paul and Chicago. Those who probably will make the trip are: Commissioner Battey, chairman of the city paving committee; Commissioners Kirk and Bertsch, City Engineer Atkinson and E. A. Hughes, chairman of the citizens' paving committee.

Don't Sign Petitions. In view of the fact that this investigation into the merits of the various paving is made, the citizens' committee feels that it would not be a wise policy for the property owners to sign paving petitions circulated by the promoters of the various paving material companies. When a report has been made by this committee of the merits of the various pavements, (Continued on Page Three)

## SAYS NORWAY AND SWEDEN WANT TO KEEP OUT OF WAR

H. M. Hendrickson of Simcoe, N. D., Tells Attitude of People of Those Countries.

### LITTLE EMIGRATION IS EXPECTED FROM NORWAY

Times Are Hard in Old Country, Due to Increase in Cost of Living.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 28.—That Norway is determined to keep out of the European war, come what may, and that Sweden is trying hard to keep out of the conflict, but that she is more likely to be drawn into it than Norway, is the message brought by H. M. Hendrickson of Simcoe, N. D., who reached St. Paul today on his way home, after spending most of the summer in the old country.

Mr. Hendrickson, who is prominent in the North Dakota Society of Equity, called at the offices of the Equity Exchange. "There will be very little emigration from Norway to this country during the next few years, but as many Finns as can get here will come. They slip across into Norway and Sweden, and there take passage for this country. They do not like Russian rule and it seems to be the universal ambition to escape to this country.

"The reason for the slacking up of Norwegian emigration is that the war powers of that country are rapidly being developed, and in consequence manufacturing has increased enormously, giving profitable employment to the people. It was formerly the ambition of every young Norwegian to come to the United States. Now they are all anxious to aid in the development of their own country. "Times are hard over there just now, in spite of the industrial development, for the cost of living has more than doubled, and wages have not been increased proportionately, but the people are looking for easier living conditions after the close of the war."

## COLLEGE STUDENTS TO BE RELEASED

Governor Hanna Receives Letter From H. P. McCaine, Adjutant General.

Governor Hanna yesterday received a letter from H. P. McCaine, adjutant general of the war department, stating conditions under which students can be mustered out to complete their studies. The letter follows: "In response to your letter of the 16th instant relative to the discharge of students serving in the national guard, I beg leave to advise you as follows:

"If the number of men asking for discharge and the effect upon the units of which they are members will permit it, department commanders will be authorized to discharge, after September 1, 1916, individual members of the national guard mustered into the service of the United States who can show a bona fide intention of entering or returning to colleges or schools at the beginning of the fall term in 1916. Therefore, if any soldier desires his discharge for the purpose indicated, he should make application for such discharge military channels.

## STREET COMMISSIONER AT FARGO IS DEAD

Fargo, N. D., Aug. 28.—August Johnson, street commissioner of Fargo for fourteen years, died tonight from injuries received late today while working around a concrete mixing machine. Johnson was caught under a descending hooper and horribly crushed. He survived five hours, never regaining consciousness.

## WANTS WOMEN TO BECOME LAWYERS



Miss Hale of Atlanta is fighting for a law in Georgia to give women the right to practice law in the state. She will be Georgia's first woman lawyer.

## MORE GUARDSMEN ARE SENT TO THE MEXICAN BORDER

12,000 Men From Ohio, Kentucky and Vermont Are Ordered to the Frontier.

### ORDER MUST BE OBEYED AT ONCE

Washington, Aug. 28.—Some 12,000 men of Ohio, Vermont and Kentucky national guard regiments, still held in state mobilization camps, were directed by the war department today to proceed to the Mexican border. The department revoked suspension of an order for their movement issued two weeks ago. They will go forward as fast as transportation can be supplied.

There remains approximately 13,000 guardsmen scattered throughout many states who are not affected by today's order. They also were under orders for the border two weeks ago, but the suspension so far has not been revoked for them.

The original order sending southward all troops called into the federal service was issued by the war department in order that the divisional units along the international line might be filled up and also that those regiments which were not ready to go in the first rush might share in the training as soon as they could be fully equipped. When the railroad strike became apparent, General Funston suggested that the whole movement be held up, as the supply difficulty, in case of a rail tie-up, would be complicated by the addition of 25,000 men to his command.

The department has not decided that the strike condition may remain unchanged for some time.

## IS RECOVERING FROM INJURIES

Mrs. F. A. Wald, Who Was Hurt by Auto Saturday, Is Getting Along Nicely.

Mrs. F. A. Wald of New England, who was badly injured Saturday when an automobile struck her, is recovering nicely in the St. Alexis hospital. Mrs. Wald, with her husband and his mother, were returning from a trip to Emmons county and while waiting for the ferry at the Missouri river alighted from the car and had gone down to the water's edge. The car brakes loosened and started down the hill striking Mrs. Wald and knocking her unconscious. She remained in that condition until Sunday night. Mr. Wald and mother escaped injury. The car ran into the river lodging in the sand. It was recovered.

## ONLY SIX AT 'MASS' MEETING

From New Rockford Capital: Six citizens of Carrington attended the big mass meeting held in that city in the interests of capital removal Thursday night.

## R. R. EMPLOYEES ISSUE ORDER FOR WALKOUT TO TAKE EFFECT LABOR DAY

Wilson Decides Definitely to Go Before Congress to Recommend Legislation to Avert Strike.

## BROTHERHOOD HEADS REFUSE TO WITHDRAW STRIKE ORDER

Leaders of Brotherhoods Issue Orders to Railroad Men; Actions From Sept. 4 On, Are Outlined to Them.

Washington, Aug. 28.—President Wilson tonight definitely decided to go before congress tomorrow or Wednesday to recommend legislation to avert the threatened nation-wide railroad strike or to stop it before congress can act. He worked until late tonight on his message, in which he will tell members of the senate and house the negotiations to date, and lay before them a definite legislative program.

The president reached this decision after conferences at the White House with the committee of eight railroad presidents and the four brotherhood leaders, on a new proposal for settlement of differences suggested by the executives and after a prolonged discussion of the situation at the capitol, with the democratic steering committee of the senate.

The proposition of the railroad executives was that an investigation of all issues be conducted by a commission to be named by the president, an investigation to last for a period of three or four months, no action to be taken by either side in the meantime, and at the conclusion of the inquiry, the situation to be what it is now, the employees having the choice of either arbitration or striking. The brotherhood heads promised a reply tomorrow morning, and there was every indication that it would be unfavorable.

## MAN HELD IN MINNEAPOLIS IS A BAD ACTOR

Man Alleged to Be Connected With Auto Theft Syndicate Wanted on Five Charges.

### SAID TO BE AN OLD OFFENDER

Minneapolis, Aug. 28.—John Miller, who is being held by local authorities, pending an investigation of his alleged connection with an automobile theft syndicate, is wanted in Chicago on five charges of theft, according to a deputy sheriff who returned from Chicago today.

John Bourke, of the Chicago Detective department, is expected to come here Thursday, in an effort to identify the three men arrested at St. Bonifus, Minn., following a pistol battle with deputy sheriffs. The men are charged with bringing cars stolen in Chicago to points in Minnesota.

## BANDITS SAID TO HAVE GOT AWAY WITH \$3,000 CASH

Detroit, Aug. 28.—Search is being continued for bandits who are alleged to have held up and robbed a collector of the Standard Oil company of \$3,000. Mr. Isabell, who was held up, was bound and gagged behind a clump of bushes on a road near Dearborn, a suburb of Detroit, and claimed he had been dragged there by the bandits, who had driven his machine across the path of Isabell's car, forcing him to come to a stop. Isabell told the sheriff that as he came to a stop a pistol was pointed at him and being unarmed he was compelled to surrender a small bag containing about \$3,000 collected from various gasoline distributing stations outside the Detroit limits.

BISHOP BREWER OF HELENA SUCCEDES Helena, Mont., Aug. 28.—Bishop H. L. Brewer, of the Montana diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, died here tonight, aged 77.

## Urges Withdrawal of Strike Orders.

When the railroad brotherhood heads went to the White House tonight, the president not only laid before them the plan of the executives but strongly urged the withdrawal of a tentative strike order sent out yesterday, subject to release, calling for a walkout of the 400,000 brotherhood members at 7 a. m., Labor Day, September 4. This request was flatly refused, the leaders saying only the committee of 640, which left Washington yesterday, had power to recall the order.

Copies of the strike order were brought to the president's attention after they had gotten into the possession of the railroad presidents. It had been known that members of the committee of 640 carried home with them a tentative order, but no one outside the brotherhood council had suspected a date had been set, and the president is said to have been greatly perturbed by the information. After the refusal to withdraw the order, he communicated with the railroad presidents, who held a meeting that lasted until late in the night.

President is Still Hopeful. In spite of the apparent final failure of his efforts to bring the two sides together, the president was represented tonight as being still hopeful of averting a strike.

The Legislative Program. The legislative program prepared for congress includes the following measures:

An eight-hour day law for railroad employees, so framed as to give the railroads time to prepare for it; and

A law patterned after the Canadian industrial disputes act, providing for an investigation of industrial disputes on railroads by a commission, and prohibiting strikes or lockouts pending the outcome of the investigation. In addition to these measures, there are under consideration a resolution to increase the revenues of the railroads in case the expenses are increased, and a law creating authority for the operation of the railroads under the federal government in event of a strike. The plan tonight was to have the first two measures introduced as amendments to the bill, which already has passed the house, increasing the Interstate commission from seven to nine members.

Although on the surface, a nationwide railroad strike was nearer tonight than it has ever been, confidence was expressed in official quarters that the plan under contemplation would have the effect of preventing the walk-out.

Final arrangements for the appearance of the president before congress was not completed tonight, but he discussed the question fully with the Democratic steering committee of the senate and they agreed with him that he should address a joint session. The time of his appearance depends (Continued on Page Two)