

BIG BATTLE NOW RAGING IN ROUMANIA

PROF. WANNER MISSING SINCE EARLY THURSDAY

Searching Parties Fail to Find Brother of Board of Control Secretary.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE CAUSES STIR

Only Partially Dressed When He Left Residence Before Others Were Up.

Jamestown, N. D., Sept. 8.—Theodore Wanner, former head of the department of physics and chemistry of Fargo college and brother of Ernest G. Wanner, secretary of the state board of control, has been missing since early Thursday morning.

No clue has been unearthed as to his whereabouts. Mayor Flint, police and special officers of the railway, Ernest Wanner, James Buchanan, prominent North Dakota farmer and uncle of Mrs. Fred Wanner, sister-in-law, at whose home he was staying, and many other friends have formed a searching party which is dragging the James river and searching in the timbers.

Mysterious Disappearance. His disappearance is one of the most mysterious ever brought to the attention of North Dakota police officials. No one has been found who saw him after he left the residence. The town and the surrounding country has been scoured for some person who might have seen the missing man, but without success. This leaves the searchers without any idea as to which way he left or where he went.

Got up Early. Mr. Wanner got up about 5 o'clock Thursday morning, before any of the others at the residence were up. He did not say a word to anyone and was only partially dressed. The others, however, thought nothing of it, thinking that he had gone out for an early morning stroll and would return for breakfast.

No alarm was felt when he didn't come back for the morning meal. He had been talking about going to Pinegreen on the early train to supervise some work on his mother's farm.

Family Alarmed. When no word was heard from him towards evening the family began to feel concern and ascertained that he had not gone to the farm. The police were notified. Mr. Wanner of Bismarck was telephoned and the search began.

Ernest Wanner arrived from the Capital City at noon. He joined the searching party at once.

To Visit Mother. Prof. Wanner came to Jamestown Wednesday to visit his mother, who recently arrived from California and who he had not seen for a year. He was to teach at the Wahpeton School of Science this year.

As far as any of the family knew he was in good health. About six months ago he had an operation performed at Madison on one of his eyes, but this seemed to relieve his trouble.

CAMERA MAGNATE TAKEN ILL ON HUNTING TRIP

Rigand, N. D., Sept. 8.—George Eastman, famous kodak manufacturer, is ill in his private car here. His condition is regarded as critical, the ailment being the same that caused the death recently of James Hill an abdominal abscess. Mr. Eastman underwent an operation in his private car. Mr. Eastman, accompanied by a noted surgeon, and other friends, arrived here three days ago to hunt, but he was taken ill on arrival. Today he is slightly better and tomorrow he will be ready to travel and will return to Rochester.

EXTENSION OF BRITISH MAIL CENSORSHIP

Washington, Sept. 8.—Extension of the British mail censorship, from its original purpose of destroying all trade to or from Germany, to the field of providing data for Great Britain's fight for commercial supremacy is seen, in additions made by David Lloyd George, the war secretary, before parliament, just received in full in this country.

HAMMER NAILS INTO MONSTER WOODEN STATUE TO HONOR GERMANY'S NEW CHIEF OF STAFF



German soldiers and enthusiasts are honoring Gen. von Hindenburg, who has been made chief of staff of the German army, by hammering nails into a gigantic wooden statue of him in Berlin. For permission to hammer nails into the statue admirers contribute to the Red Cross fund.

Wheat Supply Will Fall Below the Amount Needed For Home Consumption

Washington, Sept. 8.—Heavy damage to the country's cereal crops during August caused a loss of many millions of bushels in prospective production, cutting down the outlook for wheat to below the amount required for home consumption.

The department of agriculture's monthly forecast, issued today, estimates the wheat crop at 611,000,000 bushels, or 9,000,000 bushels less than is calculated to be necessary for domestic use. A carry-over of approximately 160,000,000 bushels of old wheat from last year's record breaking crop will make up the deficiency and leave something like 100,000,000 bushels available to supply the heavy demands of foreign nations for wheat.

Spring wheat, parched by hot and dry weather, showed a loss of 42,000,000 bushels since the August forecast of production, while corn estimates were 67,000,000 bushels smaller than forecast a month ago. A preliminary estimate of the winter wheat crop places the production at 455,000,000 bushels, and that of spring wheat at 156,000,000 bushels. The prospective spring wheat crop is the smallest in 22 years and 200,000,000 bushels less than harvested last year. The total wheat crop is placed at 611,000,000 bushels, which is 400,000,000 bushels less than last year's record breaking crop of 1,012,000,000 bushels. The combined winter wheat and spring wheat crop is the smallest since 1900 and the acre yield the lowest in 23 years.

Hay production is forecast at 86,200,000 tons, which is 1,600,000 tons more than forecast, at 84,600,000 tons, which is more than last year's record crop.

JAMES GRAY ANSWERS CALL

Well Known Minneapolis Journalist Dies in Washington, D. C.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—James Gray, former mayor of Minneapolis, and Washington correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal, died in Washington late today, according to advices received in Minneapolis. He was 54 years old. Mr. Gray had been in Washington since January 1914.

Mr. Gray was a well known figure in Minnesota politics and at one time was the Democratic candidate for governor. Born in Falkirk, Scotland, in 1862, Mr. Gray came to America in 1886.

Mr. Gray entered newspaper work with the Minneapolis Tribune. When the Minneapolis Times was started in 1889, Mr. Gray became its night editor. Later, he became city editor and managing editor.

In 1899 and 1900 he was elected and served as mayor of Minneapolis. After his retirement he resumed newspaper work as associate editor of the Minneapolis Journal.

He is survived by a widow and four children.

CONDITION OF BISHOP SELLS MUCH IMPROVED

Rochester, Minn., Sept. 8.—Bishop Thomas Sells of Kansas City, Mo., who underwent an abdominal operation at a local hospital yesterday morning, was reported as "doing well" late today.

FEDERAL RATE BOARD SUPREME SAYS DECISION

South Dakota Loses Fight to Regulate the Express Rates.

TRIED TO PREVENT TARIFF INCREASES

United States Court Denies State Commission Authority to Act.

Cedar Rapids, Sept. 8.—A decision which, in the opinion of prominent attorneys, may, in effect, establish the authority of the interstate commerce commission to overrule the rates set by the states for intra-state business, was handed down here today in the federal district court, in the so-called South Dakota rate case.

Overrules Petition. The decision overrules the petition of South Dakota shippers for an injunction to restrain express companies doing business in the state from increasing their tariffs to conform with the uniform rates fixed by the interstate commerce commission.

The interstate commerce commission also was made a defendant in the judgment. Judge W. I. Smith of the United States district court of appeals and Judge Martin J. Wade of the Iowa federal district court signed the decision. Judge Henry T. Heed of the federal district court, Northern District of Iowa, dissented.

Arguments for the defense, which were approved by the majority of the court held that the question to be decided was whether the interstate commerce commission was superior in power to the general assembly of the state in regulation of a corporation engaged in interstate business, for business which originates and terminates wholly within the state, whose laws were called in question by the rates fixed by the interstate commerce commission.

ENGLAND TO REMAIN FIRM

Not Likely to Change in Any Respect Her Blacklist Policy.

London, Sept. 8.—"It is not likely that Great Britain will change her black list policy at the request of the United States," said Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war trade, in discussing the possible effect of recent American retaliatory legislation. To the Associated Press, Lord Robert stated that a reply to the blacklist protest made by the United States would be expected soon.

Lord Robert, however, declined to enter into the details of the contents of the reply beyond the statement that the principle embodied in British legislation forbidding trading with an enemy country is unlikely to be surrendered in any measure.

The minister of war trade professed himself to be puzzled by the proposition in the revenue bill passed by congress at Washington, dealing with the prohibition of imports, as such orders, he said, were adopted strictly in an effort to conserve tonnage and were applied accordingly.

PLAN FOR NEW \$50,000 HOSPITAL

Dunn Center, Sept. 8.—The Dunn County Hospital association, with Dunn Center as headquarters, has been planned and papers for incorporation are being drawn up as the next step toward the locating of a \$50,000 hospital in Dunn Center.

The plans of this association involve the erection of a strictly modern hospital at Dunn Center next spring and in the meantime a temporary frame structure, electric lighted and steam heated, will be built to handle the business.

1,000 LICENSES ISSUED. Over 1,000 hunting licenses have been issued at the county auditor's office. The number reached 1,007 late yesterday afternoon. Many more are expected to be issued before the close of the season.

AUSTRIANS ARE FORCED BACK BY HEAVY ATTACKS

Terrific Struggle Is Now Taking Place on Front From Black Sea to Danube.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE THEIR OFFENSIVE

Heavy Bombardments Mark the Fighting on the Somme Front in France.

London, Sept. 8.—Roumania, which entered the European war less than two weeks ago, is the scene of a great battle between Russo-Roumanian forces and armies of the central powers. The southern part of Dobruja, or eastern Roumania, has become a fighting ground, and the opposing armies are engaged from the Black Sea to the Danube, along a front of about 70 miles.

The Bulgarian and Turkish troops, advancing along the Black sea coast, have occupied Baltik and two other seaports, Sofia reports, and the fortress of Dobrich, or Bazardjik, 50 miles southeast of Bucharest, has been taken by a combined Bulgar-German force. The armies of the central powers have not yet crossed the Danube, all reports agree.

The Roumanians continue their offensive in eastern Transylvania and have also occupied the important village of Orsova, on the Danube, above the Iron Gates. Advancing from Scig Szereada, in Transylvania, north of Kraszstadt, the Roumanians are driving westward and Vienna admits the withdrawal of Austrian forces before attacks against Harghita.

Russians Cross Dvina. The Russians on the northern end of their line near Riga have commenced a new undertaking, and have crossed the Dvina, north of Dvinsk. Repeated efforts by the Germans to defeat them, Petrograd declares, have been unsuccessful.

In eastern Galicia, the Austro-Germans are fighting desperately to hold back the Russians advancing on Havelz, southeast of Lemberg. Petrograd says the Austro-German forces have fallen back to the western bank of the Gnila Lipa, while Vienna asserts the troops of the central powers are holding their own in the heavy fighting.

Russian attacks against German positions on the Zlota Lipa, southeast of Brzezany, failed with heavy losses, Berlin reports.

Bombardments Near Somme. On the Somme front, in France, the violent bombardment continues along almost the entire line. The only infantry engagements have taken place south of the river. The French report a further advance for their troops in the village of Vermandovillers. In the Berny-en-Santerre and Chaules sectors, where the fighting was particularly vicious, both the Germans and the French claim successes for their armies in the repulse of attacks.

There has been no infantry action on the front in Greek-Macedonia, but the artillery duels have continued along the Struma and in the region of Lake Doiran.

RUMORS OF BORDER FIGHTING UNFOUNDED

El Paso, Sept. 8.—Numerous rumors were current along the border today that United States troops had engaged several hundred Villa bandits 60 miles south of El Valle, Chihuahua last Tuesday.

The rumors were attributed to an American newsboy who arrived from the American field headquarters. Military authorities here and in Columbus, N. M., and Mexican authorities in Juarez brand the rumors as canards.

SEVERAL KILLED IN HEAD-ON COLLISION

Jackson, Mich., Sept. 8.—Several persons are reported killed, and many injured, in a head-on collision between interurban cars on the Michigan United railway at Rives Junction, ten miles north of this city, late this afternoon. Ambulances, physicians, and traction officials left on a special train for the scene of the wreck.

According to officials of the railway company, the motorman of the north bound car forgot his order.

APPROPRIATIONS OF CONGRESS GREATEST IN NATION'S HISTORY TOTAL OVER BILLION AND HALF

Will Spend Nearly \$800,000,000 Upon National Defense in Three Years; Extreme Legislation Characterizes Sixty-Fourth Session.

TARIFF COMMISSION IS A LEGISLATIVE FEATURE

Washington, Sept. 8.—Adjournment of the first session of the 64th Congress at ten o'clock this morning without a hitch in the plans of the senate and house leaders was quickly followed by a general exodus of members hastening homeward.

While the closing saw the administration's legislative program mainly completed, some things wait to be continued at the winter session, notably the remainder of the president's program of railroad legislation, which was partially enacted to prevent the threatened strike.

CLOSING HOURS QUIET

In a formal statement, President Wilson, speaking of the work of Congress, gave notice that the remainder of the railroad program would be pressed at the winter session.

The Immigration bill, the Corrupt Practices bill, and the bill to permit combinations of American exporters to meet competition abroad, went over.

The closing hours of Congress were remarkably quiet.

The first session of the Sixty-fourth congress which adjourned today was concerned chiefly with national defense.

When the gavel fell congress had directed reorganization and re-equipment of the army and navy for defense of the country at the unprecedented cost of \$655,000,000 with authorizations that will increase the total in three years to nearly \$800,000,000. With all other expenditures, appropriations were brought to the grand total of \$1,637,583,682, the greatest aggregate in the country's history and exceeding that for the last fiscal year by more than half a billion dollars.

Expenditures, necessitated by preparedness and the calling into action of military forces to meet the Mexican emergency demanded revenue legislation in the closing days of the session. Congress responded by doubling the normal tax on incomes, creating an inheritance tax, munitions tax and miscellaneous excise taxes to raise \$205,000,000 and by directing sale of \$130,000,000 Panama Canal bonds.

Tariff Commission. Congress established a tariff commission; a government shipping board to rehabilitate the American merchant marine; a workmen's compensation commission to administer a new uniform compensation law; a farm loan banking system; a child labor law; enlarged the system of self-government in the Philippines and enacted many other important laws which had been contemplated by the administration.

The session was disturbed throughout by frequently recurring threats of foreign complications from the European war and imminence at one time of a diplomatic break with Germany; interference with American mails and commerce, invasion of American soil and killing of Americans by Mexican bandits, and danger of actual war with Mexico.

Later in the session trouble arose in the senate over the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, to succeed the late Justice Lamar as a member of the supreme court. Weeks of investigation and deliberation by the judiciary committee ended in confirmation of Mr. Brandeis by a large majority.

Eight Hour Day? In the week before adjournment congress was occupied with legislation which prevented a threatened nationwide railroad strike. President Wilson, after futile negotiations with officials of the railroads and railroad brotherhoods, submitted the controversy to congress, recommending legislation to avert the strike and to prevent such emergencies from arising in the future.

After a week of consideration during which the president visited the capitol daily conferring with administration leaders, a bill was passed to establish an eight-hour day as a basis for pay of railroad workers the present rate of pay for ten hours work not to be reduced and the men to receive pro-rata pay for work in excess of eight hours, pending an investigation by a special commission into the effect of the eight-hour day on railroad revenues.

Important Bills. Most important legislative enactments of the session, exclusive of laws (Continued on Page Three).

NO CHANGE IN CONDITION OF HUNTER SHOT

Temperature of J. P. Spies Rises, But He Is Doing as Well as Expected.

DOCTORS WILL NOT PREDICT THE OUTCOME

J. P. Spies, 213 First street, who was shot Thursday while hunting by a farmer near McKenzie, is resting as easily as could be expected the doctors declare, at the St. Alexis hospital.

His temperature yesterday was high and he was nervous. Dr. M. W. Roan declares that no prediction can be given as to the outcome of the case.

Durant Arraigned. F. J. Durant, accused of the shooting, was arraigned yesterday before Judge Dolan. Bonds were set at \$5,000. They have not yet been procured. He is charged with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill.

The preliminary hearing was set for next Thursday, conditional upon the ability of Mr. Spies to appear. His case will probably be set for the December term of the district court.

Get More Evidence. Mr. Durant is well known. He lives on a 500-acre farm north of McKenzie. F. H. Register is his attorney. State's Attorney Berndt has charge of the prosecution. Mr. Berndt and Deputy Sheriff Welch were out all day yesterday securing additional evidence.

NEW BANKING HOUSE FOR NEW LEIPZIG

New Leipzig, Sept. 8.—The business world of New Leipzig is to receive an addition to the number of growing and prosperous institutions already located here and a new impetus in the field of activity.

It is now an assured fact that in the very near future a new bank will be organized and established here to take care of the growing needs of the city and community. This institution will be known as The Farmers State Bank with a capital of \$15,000.

The men who are responsible for this institution and its organization are well known in this community and the mere mention of their names is an assurance of the undertaking. They are Messrs. Adolph Frasch, Bernhard Farsch, Alex Eberhardt and M. C. Rausch, all of whom live in the city with the exception of Mr. Adolph Frasch, residing at Menno, South Dakota and is connected with a banking institution at that place.